Latihan3_123190158

ladhty

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1. Mengurutkan data populasi dan menampilkan data terkecil dari populasi

```
library(dslabs)
data(murders)
pop <- (murders$population)
sort(pop)</pre>
```

```
##
   [1]
         563626 601723 625741
                                  672591
                                          710231
                                                   814180
                                                           897934
                                                                   989415
##
  [9] 1052567 1316470 1328361 1360301 1567582 1826341 1852994 2059179
## [17] 2700551 2763885 2853118 2915918 2967297 3046355 3574097 3751351
## [25]
       3831074 4339367 4533372 4625364 4779736 5029196 5303925 5686986
## [33] 5773552 5988927 6346105 6392017 6483802 6547629 6724540 8001024
## [41] 8791894 9535483 9883640 9920000 11536504 12702379 12830632 19378102
## [49] 19687653 25145561 37253956
```

```
min(murders[["population"]])
```

```
## [1] 563626
```

2. Menampilkan indeks data terkecil dari populasi

```
x <- (min(murders$population))
order(x)</pre>
```

```
## [1] 1
```

3. Menggunakan fungsi which.min untuk menampilkan indeks data terkecil dari populasi

```
i_min <- which.min(murders$population)
i_min
```

```
## [1] 51
```

4. Menmapilkan nama negara yang memiliki populasi terkecil

```
i_min <- which.min(murders$population)
murders$state[i_min]</pre>
```

```
## [1] "Wyoming"
```

5. Menggunakan fungsi rank untuk menentukan peringkat populasi dan menyimpannya pada objek "ranks"

```
ranks <- (murders$population)
rank(ranks)
```

```
## [1] 29 5 36 20 51 30 23 7 2 49 44 12 13 47 37 22 19 26 27 11 33 38 43 31 21
## [26] 34 8 14 17 10 41 16 48 42 4 45 24 25 46 9 28 6 35 50 18 3 40 39 15 32
## [51] 1
```

lalu membuat data frame baru "my_df" yang berisi nama negara dan peringkat populasinya

```
rank <- (rank(ranks))
state <- (murders$state)
my_df <- data.frame(negara = state, peringkat = rank)</pre>
```

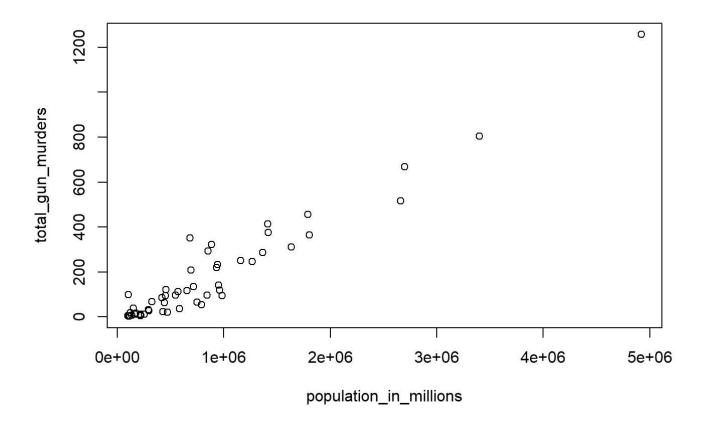
6. Membuat objek "ind" untuk mengurutkan my df dengan menggunakan fungsi order

```
ind <- order(my_df$peringkat)
my_df$negara[ind]</pre>
```

```
## [1] "Wyoming"
                                "District of Columbia" "Vermont"
## [4] "North Dakota"
                                "Alaska"
                                                        "South Dakota"
                                "Montana"
                                                        "Rhode Island"
## [7] "Delaware"
## [10] "New Hampshire"
                                "Maine"
                                                        "Hawaii"
## [13] "Idaho"
                                "Nebraska"
                                                        "West Virginia"
                                "Nevada"
## [16] "New Mexico"
                                                        "Utah"
                                "Arkansas"
## [19] "Kansas"
                                                        "Mississippi"
                                "Connecticut"
## [22] "Iowa"
                                                        "Oklahoma"
## [25] "Oregon"
                                "Kentucky"
                                                        "Louisiana"
## [28] "South Carolina"
                                "Alabama"
                                                        "Colorado"
## [31] "Minnesota"
                                "Wisconsin"
                                                        "Maryland"
## [34] "Missouri"
                                "Tennessee"
                                                        "Arizona"
## [37] "Indiana"
                                "Massachusetts"
                                                        "Washington"
## [40] "Virginia"
                                "New Jersey"
                                                        "North Carolina"
                                                        "Ohio"
## [43] "Michigan"
                                "Georgia"
                                "Illinois"
## [46] "Pennsylvania"
                                                        "New York"
## [49] "Florida"
                                "Texas"
                                                        "California"
```

7. Membuat plot dalam skala log10

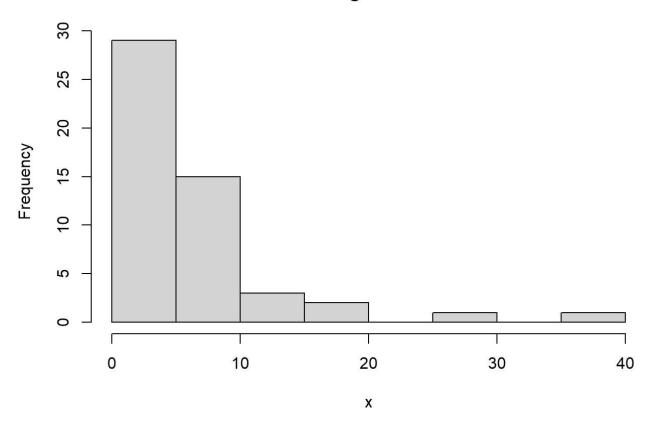
```
population_in_millions <- murders$population/log10(murders$population)
total_gun_murders <- murders$total
plot(population_in_millions, total_gun_murders )</pre>
```



8. Membuat histogram dari populasi negara bagian

```
x <- (murders$population/10^6)
hist(x)</pre>
```

Histogram of x



9. Menghasilkan boxplot dari populasi negara berdasarkan wilayahnya

```
murders$population <- with(murders, total / population * 100000)
boxplot(population~region, data = murders)</pre>
```

