K.E.G. Card Cipher

(Kolor Encryption Gate)

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Abstract. KEG is a playing card cipher designed for use with ordinary playing cards. It's motions resemble a rotor machine but play resembles a card game. It was designed to be resistant to modern attacks both by human and machine. It's key length and strength is 52 factorial (52!). Keg's key stream is designed to be non-periodic.

Design:

KEG is a non-linear stream cipher that fits in the palm of your hand. The discard of cards and pick up upon encountering the gate color provides non-linearity to what would seem like an ordinary rotor machine construction. KEG was designed to be easy to use and easy to remember for users who want strong encryption for A-Z messages.

KEG's output resembles an ideal cipher and in testing is not distinguishable from a truly random A-Z sequence.

Specification:

State = 52 cards
Key Length = 52 cards
Gate Color = color of the first card in the keyed deck

KEG is a hand held rotor machine that feels like a card game. It consists of an encryption deck pile and discard pile.

Operational setup:

Start by creating a lookup dictionary that converts a card into it's assigned number. Such a lookup dictionary should look like this:

AC 2C 3C 4C 5C 6C 7C 8C 9C 10C JC QC KC AS 2S 3S 4S 5S 6S 7S 8S 9S 10S JS QS KS 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 A B C D E F G H I J K L M N O P Q R S T U V W X Y Z

AH 2H 3H 4H 5H 6H 7H 8H 9H 10H JH QH KH AD 2D 3D 4D 5D 6D 7D 8D 9D 10D JD QD KD 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25

Card values are used for modular addition of plaintext letters.

Stepping values

AC 2C 3C 4C 5C 6C 7C 8C 9C 10C JC QC KC AS 2S 3S 4S 5S 6S 7S 8S 9S 10S JS QS KS 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25

AH 2H 3H 4H 5H 6H 7H 8H 9H 10H JH QH KH AD 2D 3D 4D 5D 6D 7D 8D 9D 10D JD QD KD 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 40 41 42 43 44 45 46 47 48 49 50 51

Encryption Pile Stepping:

Before any encryption of plain text is done, the encryption pile is stepped.

The stepping card is always the second card in the encryption pile.

- 1. The stepping card's value is looked up in the key and the color is noted.
- 2. If the color of the card matches the gate color then the discard pile is picked up and placed at the rear of the encryption pile. (Last card face down should be the first card meeting the last card in the encryption pile.)
- 3. Discard the stepping card to the discard pile facing down.
- 4. Step the encryption pile by removing the first card and placing it at the rear.

Finally, step the encryption pile by the noted stepping card's value (0-51). This means repeating step #4 by the value of the stepping card.

Encryption:

Step the encryption deck by using the Encryption Pile Stepping instructions.

Encryption of the first letter in the plaintext is performed by modular addition of the letter (0-25) with the card value of the first card in the encryption pile.

Decryption:

Step the encryption deck by using the Encryption Pile Stepping instructions.

Decryption of the first letter in the ciphertext is performed by modular subtraction of the letter (0-25) with the card value of the first card in the encryption pile.

Test Vector:

Key: 0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 33, 34, 35, 36, 37, 38, 39, 40, 41, 42, 43, 44, 45, 46, 47, 48, 49, 50, 51

Example message: LETUSPLAYKEGTOGETHER Example cipher text: ONONIANLXQHEYCNUGIAA

Statistical Analysis:

kmstats26 was used in generating the following statistical information. No statistical bias was discovered and no repeating sequence of the keystream was detected.

Results from 1 million A's encrypted by a single key:

T 7 1			D 1 1 11
Value	Occurrences		Probability
0	38324	0.038324	0.996424
1	38599	0.038599	1.003574
2	38474	0.038474	1.000324
3	38338	0.038338	0.996788
4	38569	0.038569	1.002794
5	38609	0.038609	1.003834
6	38451	0.038451	0.999726
7	38670	0.038670	1.005420
8	38131	0.038131	0.991406
9	38462	0.038462	1.000012
10	38430	0.038430	0.999180
11	38328	0.038328	0.996528
12	38788	0.038788	1.008488
13	38267	0.038267	0.994942
14	38432	0.038432	0.999232
15	38425	0.038425	0.999050
16	38329	0.038329	0.996554
17	38809	0.038809	1.009034
18	38698	0.038698	1.006148
19	38470	0.038470	1.000220
20	38275	0.038275	0.995150
21	38531	0.038531	1.001806
22	38230	0.038230	0.993980
23	38549	0.038549	1.002274
24	38327	0.038327	0.996502
25	38485	0.038485	1.000610
Entror	x 4 700426		

Entropy 4.700426

Average 12.498564

IC 25.999836

Serial Correlation 0.000059

Chi-Squared Distribution 24.946409

Results from 1 billion A's encrypted by a single key:

Value	Occurrences	Fractions F	Probability	
0	38450685	0.038451	0.999718	
1	38458409	0.038458	0.999919	
2	38457594	0.038458	0.999897	
3	38456978	0.038457	0.999881	
4	38453772	0.038454	0.999798	
5	38468577	0.038469	1.000183	
6	38466932	0.038467	1.000140	
7	38470261	0.038470	1.000227	
8	38465292	0.038465	1.000098	
9	38450095	0.038450	0.999702	
10	38460335	0.038460	0.999969	
11	38460718	0.038461	0.999979	
12	38477047	0.038477	1.000403	
13	38461882	0.038462	1.000009	
14	38462045	0.038462	1.000013	
15	38459673	0.038460	0.999951	
16	38464065	0.038464	1.000066	
17	38452468	0.038452	0.999764	
18	38462209	0.038462	1.000017	
19	38470300	0.038470	1.000228	
20	38456837	0.038457	0.999878	
21	38460562	0.038461	0.999975	
22	38461043	0.038461	0.999987	
23	38465182	0.038465	1.000095	
24	38452935	0.038453	0.999776	
25	38474104	0.038474	1.000327	
Entropy 4.700440				
Average 12.500279				

Average 12.500279 IC 25.999998

Serial Correlation 0.000000 Chi-Squared Distribution 25.000149