










 **SELECT \* FROM users**  Enter a SQL expression to filter results (use Ctrl+Space)

 Grid  Text  Record		123 id 	ABC name 	 created_at 	 updated_at 
	1	1	Alex	2019-09-29 22:50:47	2019-09-29 22:50:47
	2	2	Fedor	2019-09-29 22:50:47	2019-09-29 22:50:47
	3	3	Petr	2019-09-29 22:50:47	2019-09-29 22:50:47
	4	4	Stepan	2019-09-29 22:50:47	2019-09-29 22:50:47
	5	5	Andrey	2019-09-29 22:50:47	2019-09-29 22:50:47

```

);
/* заполним таблицу данными с датами формата "DD.MM.YYYY hh:mm" */
INSERT INTO users (name, created_at, updated_at) VALUES
  ('Alex', '29.09.2019 11:12', '29.09.2019 11:12'),
  ('Fedor', '28.03.2016 23:22', '28.03.2016 23:22'),
  ('Petr', '27.05.2018 12:50', '27.05.2018 12:50'),
  ('Stepan', '22.07.2017 17:33', '22.07.2017 17:33'),
  ('Andrey', '15.05.2015 07:11', '15.05.2015 07:11');

```

users Statistics

SELECT id, name, DATE\_FORMAT(STR\_1, %Y-%m-%d %H:%i:%s) Enter a SQL expression to filter results (use C

	123 id	ABC name	created_at	updated_at
1	1	Alex	2019-09-29 11:12:00	2019-09-29 11:12:00
2	2	Fedor	2016-03-28 23:22:00	2016-03-28 23:22:00
3	3	Petr	2018-05-27 12:50:00	2018-05-27 12:50:00
4	4	Stepan	2017-07-22 17:33:00	2017-07-22 17:33:00
5	5	Andrey	2015-05-15 07:11:00	2015-05-15 07:11:00

storehouses\_products ✕

Statistics

```
SELECT * FROM storehouses_products ORI
```

Grid

Text

	123 id ↑↓	123 value ↑↓
1	6	1
2	4	30
3	5	500
4	2	2,500
5	1	0
6	3	0

```
INSERT INTO users (name, birthday_at) VALUES  
('Gennady', 'August 5 1990'),  
('Natalya', 'Novmeber 12 1984 '),  
('Alexander', 'May 20 1985'),  
('Sergey', 'September 14 1988'),  
('Ivan', 'May 12 1998'),  
('Maria', 'August 29 1992');
```

```
SELECT name, birthday_at  
FROM users  
WHERE birthday_at LIKE '%August%' OR birthday_at LIKE '%MAY%';
```

users Statistics

SELECT name, birthday\_at FROM users Enter a SQL expression to filter results

	ABC name	ABC birthday_at
1	Gennady	August 5 1990
2	Alexander	May 20 1985
3	Ivan	May 12 1998
4	Maria	August 29 1992

## Задание 5 (часть 1)



```
(NULL, 'Hard disks'),  
(NULL, 'RAM');  
SELECT * FROM catalogs WHERE id IN (5, 1, 2) ORDER BY id = 5 DESC, id ASC;
```

catalogs Statistics



SELECT \* FROM catalogs WHERE id IN ( | Enter a SQL expression to filter results (use Ctrl+Space)

	123 id	ABC name
1	5	RAM
2	1	Processors
3	2	Motherboards

```
/* считаем сколько лет каждому пользователю */  
UPDATE users SET age = FLOOR((TO_DAYS(NOW()) - TO_DAYS(birthday_at)) / 365.25);  
/* выведем на экран возраст каждого пользователя */  
SELECT name, age FROM users;  
/* средний возраст пользователей */  
SELECT ROUND(AVG(age)) as average_age FROM users;
```

users  Result - 2  Statistics

**SELECT name, age FROM users**  *Enter a SQL expression to filter results (use Ctrl+Space)*

	 name	 age
1	Gennady	28
2	Natalya	34
3	Alexander	34
4	Sergey	31
5	Ivan	21
6	Maria	27

/\* средний возраст пользователей \*/ Задание 1 (часть 2)

```
SELECT ROUND(AVG(age)) as average_age FROM users;
```

users




Result - 2 ✕



Statistics


SELECT ROUND(AVG(age)) as average\_age |  Enter a SQL express

	123 average_age 
1	29

```
( Maria , 1992-01-29 ),  
/* считаем кол-во дней, по которым дни рождения, объединяя в группы по этим дням*/  
SELECT  
  COUNT(*) AS total,  
  /*YEAR(NOW()) - текущий год, DATE_FORMAT(birthday_at,'-m-%d') - дата д.р. без года  
  /*concat - слияние текущего года и даты д.р., дальше узнаем DAYNAME текущего года дл  
  DAYNAME(concat(YEAR(NOW()),DATE_FORMAT(birthday_at,'-m-%d'))) AS day_of_week  
FROM  
  users  
GROUP BY day_of_week;
```

Result  Statistics

```
SELECT COUNT(*) AS total, DAYNAME(  Enter a SQL expression to filter results (use Ctrl+Space)
```

	123 total 	abc day_of_week 
1	1	Monday
2	2	Saturday
3	2	Thursday
4	1	Tuesday



/\* Задание 3 (по теме "Агрегация данных")

\* Подсчитайте произведение чисел в столбце таблицы.

\*/

**DROP DATABASE IF EXISTS** homework;**CREATE DATABASE** homework;**use** homework;**DROP TABLE IF EXISTS** users;**CREATE TABLE** users (id **SERIAL PRIMARY KEY**,value **INT**

) ;

**INSERT INTO** users (value) **VALUES** (1), (2), (3), (4), (5);

/\* для решения воспользуемся свойствами логарифма:\*/

/\*  $\ln(1*2*3*4*5) = \ln(1)+\ln(2)+\ln(3)+\ln(4)+\ln(5)$  \*//\*  $\exp(\ln(1*2*3*4*5)) = \exp(\ln(1)+\ln(2)+\ln(3)+\ln(4)+\ln(5)) = 1*2*3*4*5$  \*/**SELECT ROUND(exp(sum(ln(value)))) as result from** users;|

Result Statistics

SELECT ROUND(exp(sum(ln(value)))) as | Enter a SQL expression to filter results (use Ctrl+Space)

Grid	
	123 result
1	120