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# Assignment 7 Big Data Analytics and Visualization Lab 7: Apache Spark Assignment

**Aim:** To perform data processing tasks in Apache Spark using Databricks, including reading files into RDDs, applying transformations like map and filter, and using actions like reduce for data manipulation and aggregation.

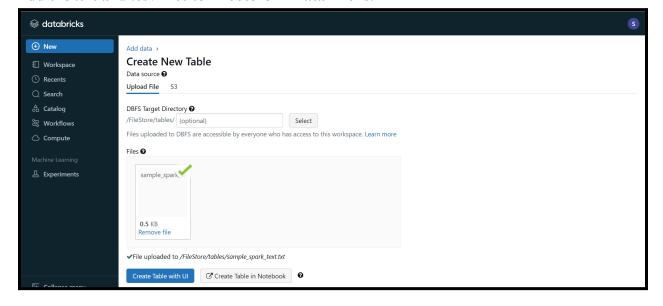
# Theory:

Apache Spark is a powerful distributed computing system that allows for processing large datasets across clusters. It supports a range of transformations and actions on Resilient Distributed Datasets (RDDs), enabling efficient data processing. Databricks provides a collaborative environment with cloud infrastructure, making it an ideal platform for performing big data operations with Spark.

Resilient Distributed Datasets (RDDs) are Spark's core abstraction, providing fault-tolerant, parallel data structures that allow operations on large data sets. RDDs support two main types of operations:

- 1. Transformations (e.g., map, filter): These create new RDDs from existing ones, enabling data transformation without modifying the original dataset.
- 2. Actions (e.g., reduce, collect): These trigger computation and return results.

# **Steps:**Add the .txt and .csv files to FileStore in DataBricks.

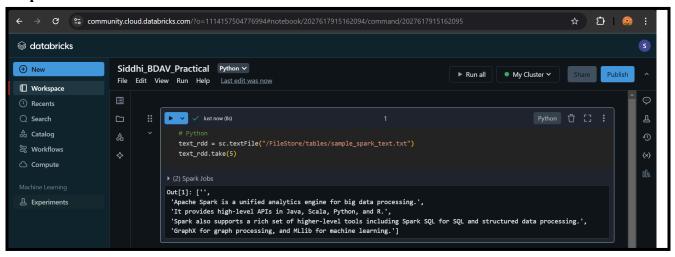


1. Read the .txt file into RDD

#### Code:

text\_rdd = sc.textFile("/FileStore/tables/sample\_spark\_text.txt")
text\_rdd.take(5)

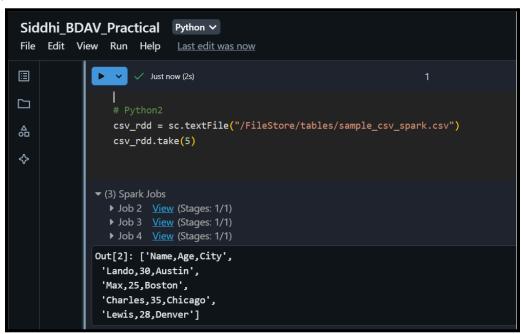
# **Output:**



# 2. Read CSV file into RDD

#### Code:

csv\_rdd = sc.textFile("/FileStore/tables/sample\_csv\_spark.csv")
csv\_rdd.take(5)



3. Display a limited number of record

# Code:

csv rdd.take(10) # Display first 10 records

# **Output:**



4. Convert data into uppercase using the map function

#### Code:

uppercase\_rdd = csv\_rdd.map(lambda line: line.upper())
uppercase\_rdd.take(5)



5. Display data Start with A using the filter function

# Code:

filtered\_rdd = csv\_rdd.filter(lambda line: line.startswith("A")) filtered\_rdd.take(5)

# **Output:**



6. Skip header from CSV file

#### Code:

header = csv\_rdd.first() data\_rdd = csv\_rdd.filter(lambda line: line != header) data\_rdd.take(5)



# 7. Read multiple CSV files into RDD

#### Code:

multi\_csv\_rdd = sc.textFile("/FileStore/tables/\*.csv") multi\_csv\_rdd.take(5)

# **Output:**



8. Reduce a list – Calculate min, max, and total of elements

#### Code:

```
num_rdd = sc.parallelize([4, 5, 8, 6, 10, 2])
min_val = num_rdd.reduce(lambda a, b: a if a < b else b)
max_val = num_rdd.reduce(lambda a, b: a if a > b else b)
sum_val = num_rdd.reduce(lambda a, b: a + b)

print("Min:", min_val)
print("Max:", max_val)
print("Total:", sum_val)
```



9. Reduce function on Tuple RDD(String,Int)

#### Code:

```
tuple_rdd = sc.parallelize([("apple", 10), ("banana", 20), ("apple", 30)]) reduced_rdd = tuple_rdd.reduceByKey(lambda a, b: a + b) reduced_rdd.collect()
```

# **Output:**

```
File Edit View Run all My Cluster Share

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Total: 35

Total: 35

Python C3:

tuple_rdd = sc.parallelize([("apple", 10), ("banana", 20), ("apple", 30)])
reduced_rdd = tuple_rdd.reduceByKey(lambda a, b: a + b)
reduced_rdd.collect()

**(1) Spark Jobs**

Out[14]: [('apple', 40), ('banana', 20)]
```

10. implement word count in Apache spark using a map and reduce

#### Code:

```
word_rdd = text_rdd.flatMap(lambda line: line.split(" "))
word_count = word_rdd.map(lambda word: (word, 1)).reduceByKey(lambda a, b: a + b)
word_count.collect()
```

