<u>Data Exploration & Visualisation</u> <u>Coral Bleaching</u>

Student Name: Ajay Ganapathy

Student Id: 29822270

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1. Exploratory data analysis and visualisation for different types of coral bleaching

Data Exploration and visualisation starts with Data Wrangling as the first step.

Referring to the notion of how raw data is processed to form meaningful information, Data Wrangling refers to how you play with the raw data i.e. cleaning the data, reformatting the data, analyzing bad data, handling them with possible logical predictions, thereby achieving clean datasets.

Data Visualisation is basically creating a visual representation of the cleaned data in form of charts/graphs to present it to the business users. Visual representations are much easier to understand than textual representations.

2. Data Wrangling

Consider the example of coral bleaching data. This dataset is an Excel file which contains raw data about different kinds of corals, the different sites where coral bleaches and the bleaching percentage of different corals over the period of 8 years (2010-2017) at those sites. This dataset has 10 rows and 43 columns in total (including the headers and values). This dataset is loaded into Tableau Public in which the raw data is transformed into a suitable structure and visualized in form of different charts/graphs to achieve correct inferences. Below is a sample screenshot of initial Excel dataset.

						soft o	orals							sea
name	longitude	latitude	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010	2017	2016	2015	2014
site01	143.515	-11.843	83.870%	80.210%	75.340%	74.990%	57.700%	56.430%	55.430%	56.290%	47.320%	47.120%	46.870%	41.340%
site02	147.898	18.937	21.230%	19.230%	17.210%	15.780%	14.800%				56.320%	54.320%	50.210%	48.500%
site03	144.081	-10.321	75.340%	60.230%	37.210%	26.890%	25.890%				75.230%	50.210%	32.450%	10.450%
site04	150.444	-20.414	12.450%	11.780%	11.340%	10.980%	10.890%	10.670%	10.230%	10.010%	77.890%	65.230%	30.780%	27.670%
site05	143.786	-13.107	94.230%	91.230%	76.230%	60.230%	30.230%	28.450%	29.130%	14.450%	48.340%	46.230%	42.230%	40.120%
site06	146.589	-17.981									86.450%	75.640%	60.750%	58.340%
site07	145.043	-14.383	67.890%	60.780%	58.760%	56.450%	55.120%	40.120%	39.980%	40.340%				
site08	145.715	-16.091	65.230%	63.210%	60.120%	60.030%	58.890%				48.230%	45.320%	40.890%	39.840%
1														

2.1. Incorrect Data

This dataset contains some incorrect data which are handled as follows:

1. Since, not all the sites have data for entire period, and not all corals are found at each site, there are few **missing or blank values**. These missing values are ignored since Tableau automatically detects them and replaces it with Null values which can later be excluded while visualizing it in different forms.

2. The latitude of site 2 is 18.397 in the initial dataset. If we carefully see the data of latitude and longitude, all the longitude values are positive. All the latitude values are negative except for site 2.

longitude	latitude		
143.515	-11.843		
147.898	18.937		
144.081	-10.321		
150.444	-20.414		
143.786	-13.107		
146.589	-17.981		
145.043	-14.383		
145.715	-16.091		
	143.515 147.898 144.081 150.444 143.786 146.589 145.043		

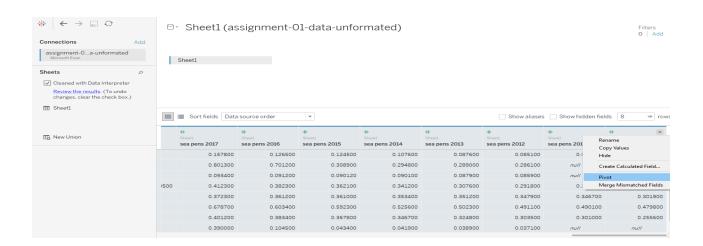
So, it can be predicted that it is an incorrect data (also considered as an outlier). This incorrect data is handled by manually replacing it with -18.397.

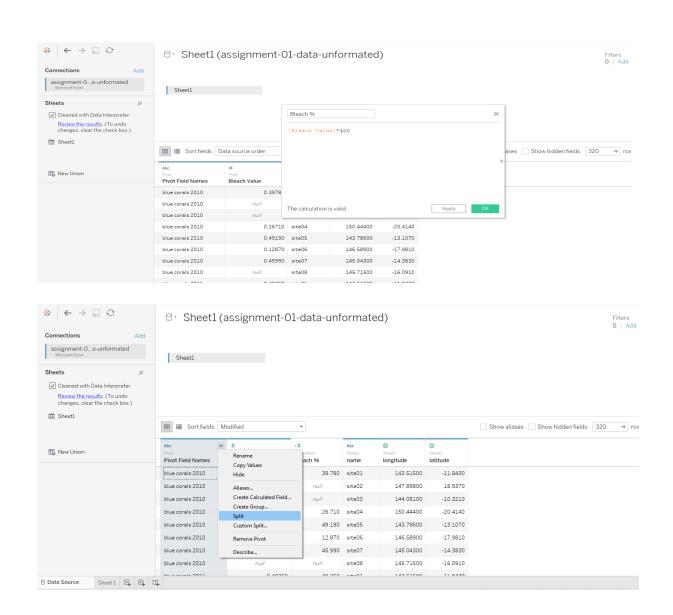
3. There are two **bleaching % values which are either too high or too low**. One at site 8 which is 148.800 % for hard corals in the year 2014 and other at site 7 which is 0.470% for blue corals in the year 2013.

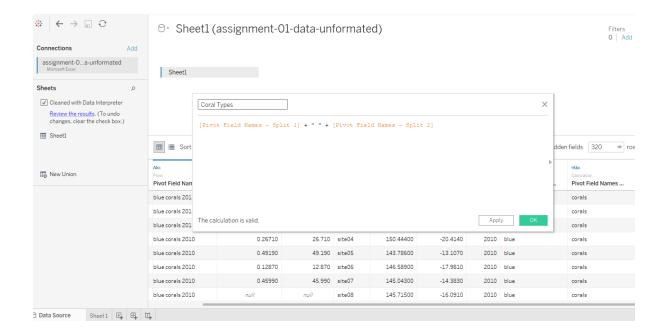
	hard co	orals	blue co	•	
2015	2014	2013	2014	2013	2012
40.990%	40.780%	39.980%	58.980%	51.980%	50.370%
25.320%	24.890%	24.770%	17.790%	17.370%	
18.340%	18.440%	17.650%			
32.800%	23.430%	17.230%	29.120%	28.760%	27.870%
			50.120%	50.020%	49.870%
			16.450%	15.970%	13.950%
18.230%	16.890%	15.450%	47.320%	0.470%	45.670%
14.560%	148.800%	13.840%	40.780%	39.930%	

If we carefully see the bleaching % of its previous and the next immediate years, we can predict that this is a data entry error (also, considered as outliers since they deviate from its previous and next values). This is handled by shifting the decimal places by one to the left/right to make it a correct value. So, the new values are 14.88% and 47.00%.

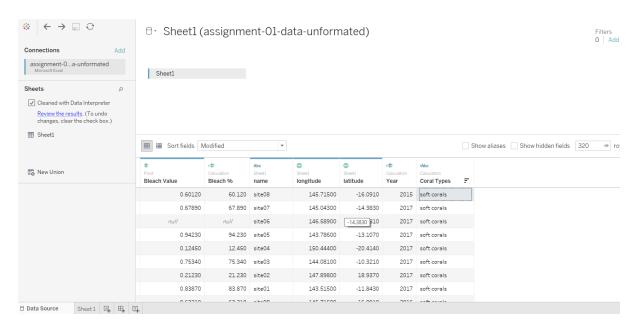
These incorrect data are cleaned manually and the dataset is loaded into Tableau Public. In Tableau, the dataset is transposed and modified into a proper structure which is then used for visualisation. Below are some sample screenshots of the data transformation.







The below screenshot depicts the final cleaned dataset which is then used for visualizing the coral bleaching information in different charts/graphs.

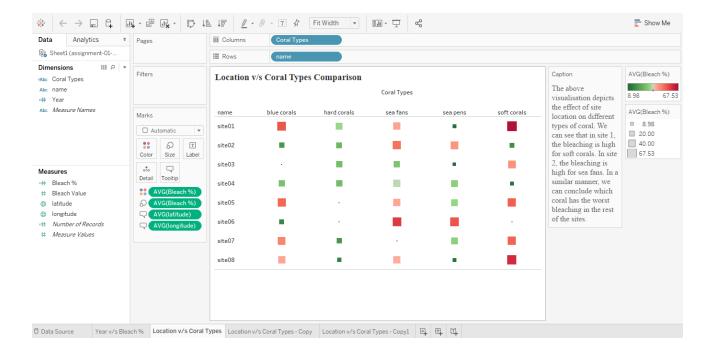


3. Data Visualisation

In the coral bleaching example, the final cleaned dataset is then visualized in Tableau Public. Cleaned data can be visualized in several forms such as bar charts, horizontal bar charts, stacked bar charts, area chart, pie chart, etc.



The above visualisation depicts a stacked bar chart which shows the average bleaching percentage for different kinds of corals over the period 2010 to 2017. It can be seen that for all the types of corals such as hard, soft, blue, sea fans, sea pens, the bleaching is worst in the year 2017 with the highest bleaching percentage values.



The above visualisation depicts the effect of site location on different kinds of corals. It can be seen that in site 1, 3, 5, 7, and 8 the bleaching is worst for soft corals. In site 2, 4 and 6 the bleaching is worst for sea fans.