

Steps

1. Create VPC

a. AWS Console -> Go to VPC service -> Your VPCs -> Create VPC (Resources to create : VPC Only, Name tag: VPC-A, IPv4 CIDR block: Select IPv4 CIDR manual input (10.100.0.0/16) , Tenancy : Default -> Create VPC

2. Create Internet Gateway

- a. Internet Gateways -> Create internet gateway (Name tag: VPC-A-IGW) -> Create internet gateway
- b. Select Internet gateway -> Actions -> Attach to VPC -> Select your VPC (VPC-A) -> Attach Internet Gateway

3. Create Subnet

- a. Subnets -> Create subnet
- b. Select VPC ID: VPC-A
- C. Subnet 1 of 1 -> Subnet Name: VPC-A-Public, AZ: Select AZ 1, IPv4 CIDR block : 10.100.0.0/24) -> Create Subnet
- d. Select Subnet -> Actions -> Edit Subnet Settings > Modify Auto-Assign IP Settings-> Enable -> Save

1. Create Route table

- a. Route Tables -> Create Route Table (Name: VPC-A-Public-RT, select VPC: VPC-A) -> Create route table
- b. Select Route table -> Routes -> Edit routes -> Add another route (Destination: 0.0.0.0/0, Target: Internet gateway -> igw-xxxxx) -> Save changes

5. Associate route table with the subnet

a. Select Route table -> Subnet Associations -> Edit subnet associations -> Check the VPC-A-Public subnet -> Save associations

Steps

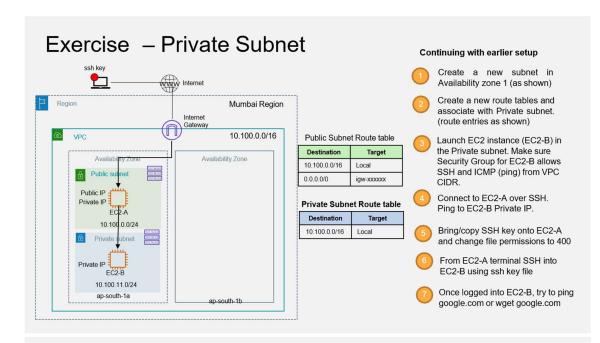
- 6. Launch EC2 instance in newly created Public Subnet
 - a. Go to EC2 Service -> EC2 Dashboard -> Launch Instances
 - b. Name: EC2-A
 - c. Select Application and OS Images (Amazon Machine Image): Amazon Linux (default)
 d. Select instance type: t2.micro (default)

 - e. Select key pair: Your key-pair that you had created earlier in pre-requisites

 f. Network settings -> Edit -> Select your VPC (VPC-A) and your public subnet
 - g. Make sure Auto-Assign Public IP is enabled h. Firewall -> Create security group

 - A. Name: EC2-A-SG
 b. Inbound Security group rule: Add rule (Type-> SSH, port Range-> 22, source type -> My IP
 Configure Storage -> 8GiB, gp3 (default)

 - j. Launch Instance
- 7. Connect to EC2 instance with *Public IP* from your workstation using Putty or terminal with user ec2-user



Steps

- 1. Create Private subnet

 - Subnets -> Create subnet, Select VPC ID: VPC-A
 Subnet 1 of 1 -> Subnet Name: VPC-A-Private, AZ: Select AZ 1, IPv4 CIDR: 10.100.11.0/24) -> Create Subnet
- 2. Create a Route table for Private subnet
 - a. Route Tables -> Create Route Table (Name: VPC-A-Private-RT, select VPC: VPC-A) -> Create route table
 - b. Select Route table -> Subnet Associations -> Edit subnet associations -> Check the VPC-A-Private subnet -> Save associations
- 3. Launch EC2-B instance in the Private Subnet
 - a. Go to EC2 Service -> EC2 Dashboard -> Launch Instances
 - b. Name: EC2-B
 - C. Select AMI: Amazon Linux (default)
 - d. Select instance type: t2.micro (default)
 - e. Select key pair : Your key-pair that you had created earlier
 - Network settings -> Edit -> Select your VPC (VPC-A) and Private subnet (VPC-B-Private)
 - g. Firewall -> Create security group
 - a. Security Group Name: EC2-B-SG
 - b. Inbound Security group rule: Add rule for SSH (port 22) for source type (Custom) Source as 10.100.0.0/16
 - C. Add security group rule
 - d. Inbound Security group rule: Add rule for ICMP IPv4 for source as 10.100.0.0/16 (Type: All ICMP –IPV4, Source type- Custom as 10.100.0.0/16
 - h. Configure Storage -> 8GiB, gp3 (default)
 - Launch Instance and wait for the instance to be in running state

Steps

- 4. From EC2-A instance, ping to EC2-B private IP using command: \$ping 10.100.11.x
- 5. Create a key.pem on EC2-A using any editor. Paste .pem file content and save the file. Change file permissions to 400 using command: \$chmod 400 key.pem
- 6. SSH to EC2-B using command:
- \$ssh –i key.pem <u>ec2-user@10.100.11.x</u>
- 7. Try to access the internet using following commands:

\$ping google.com

\$wget https://google.com