

Lecture 05

# Logistic (regression) classification

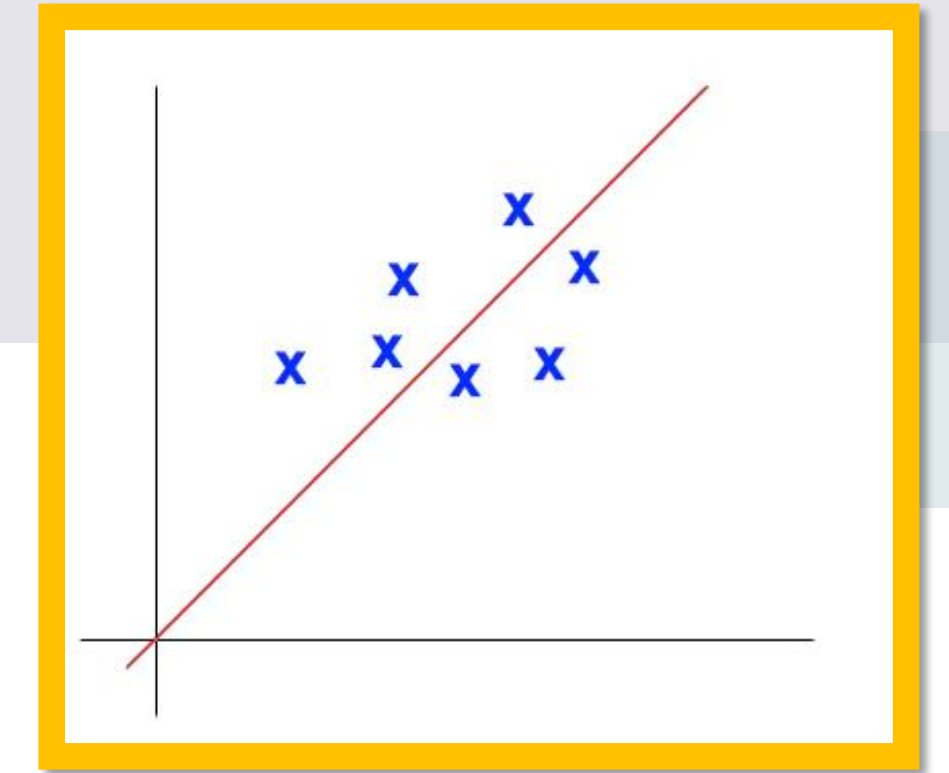
# Regression

x1 (hours)	x2 (attendance)	y (score)
10	5	90
9	5	80
3	2	50
2	4	60
11	1	40

- **H**ypothesis :
- **C**ost function :
- **G**radient descent :

# Regression

x1 (hours)	x2 (attendance)	y (score)
10	5	90
9	5	80
3	2	50
2	4	60
11	1	40



- **H**ypothesis :  $H(X) = WX$

- **C**ost function :  $cost(W) = \frac{1}{m} \sum (\underline{WX} - \underline{y})^2$

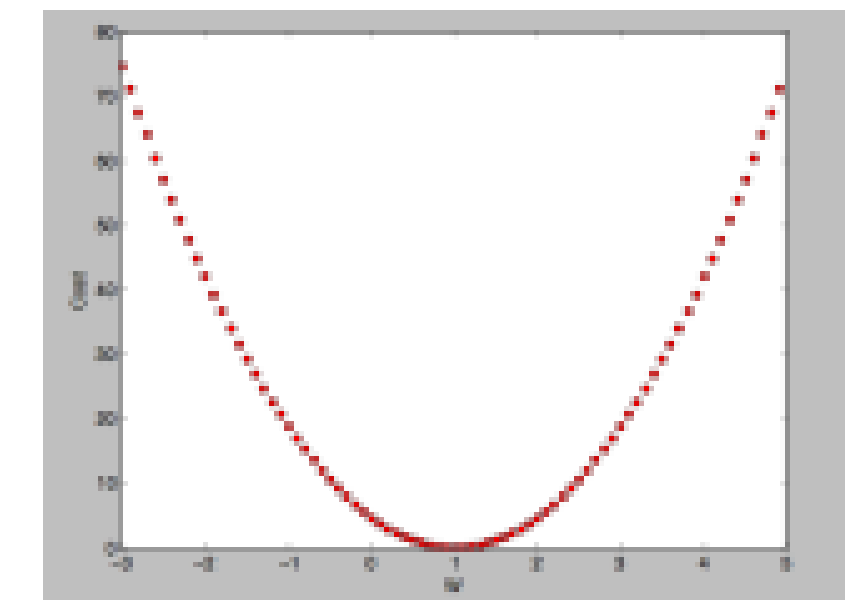


- **G**radient descent :

$$W := W - \alpha \frac{\partial}{\partial W} cost(W)$$

cost function 을 미분 → Gradient

Step size  
(learning rate)



# Classification

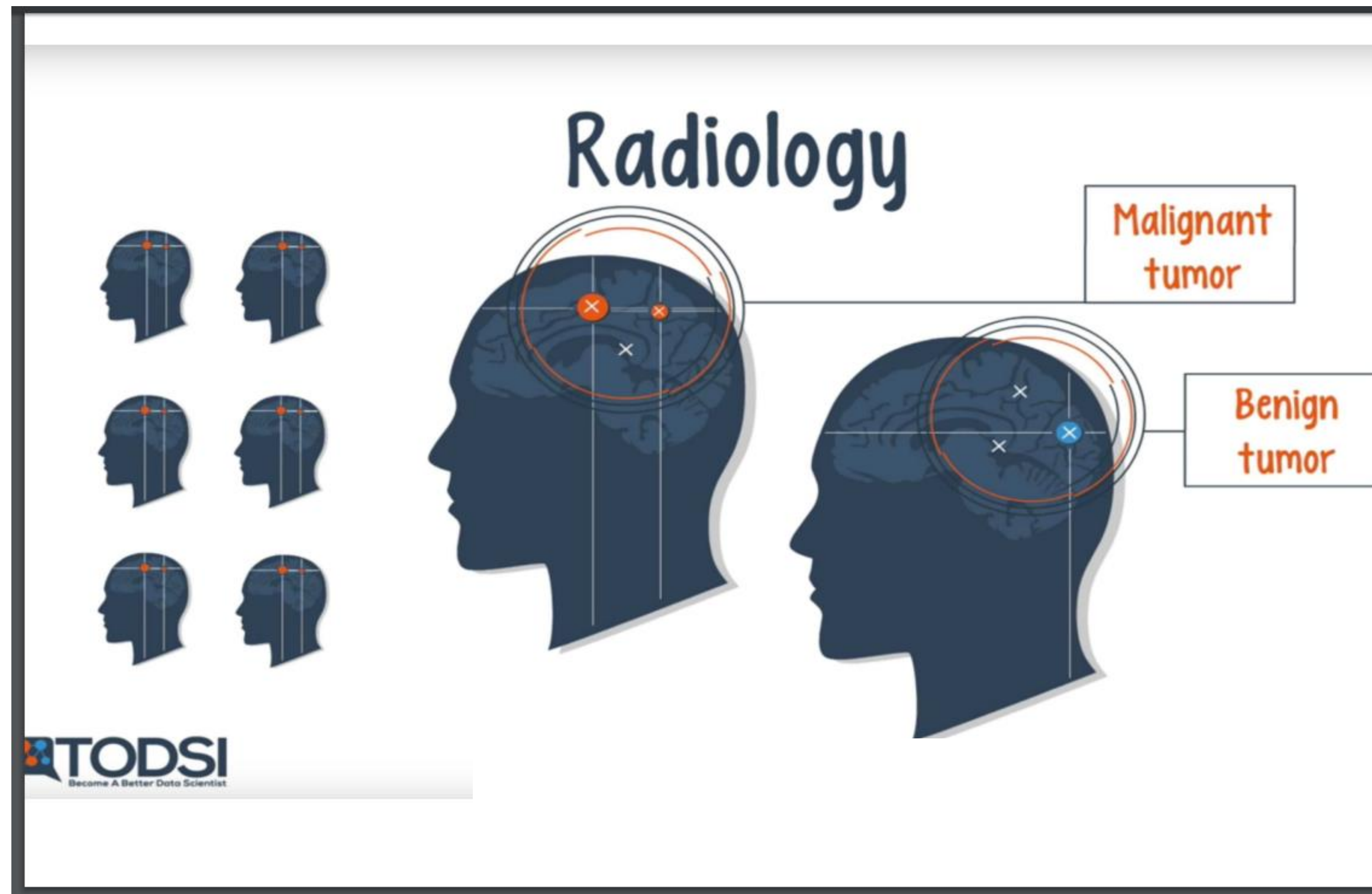
- **Spam Detection:** Spam or Ham
- **Facebook feed:** show or hide
- **Credit Card Fraudulent Transaction detection :** legitimate or fraud

# 0, 1 encoding

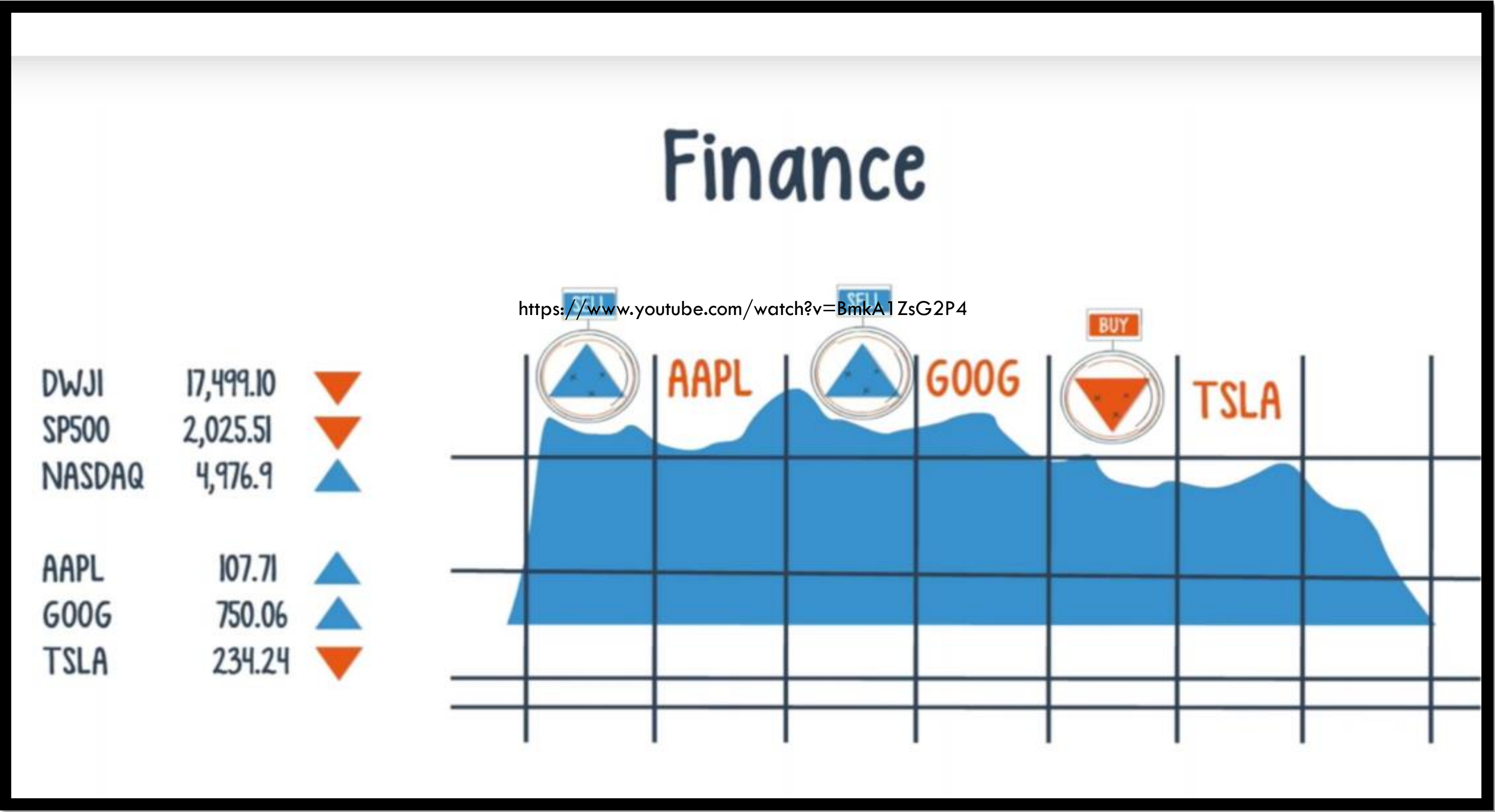
- **Spam Detection:** Spam (1) or Ham (0)
- **Facebook feed:** show (1) or hide (0)
- **Credit Card Fraudulent Transaction detection :** legitimate (0) or fraud (1)

# Radiology

<https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=BmkA1ZsG2P4>

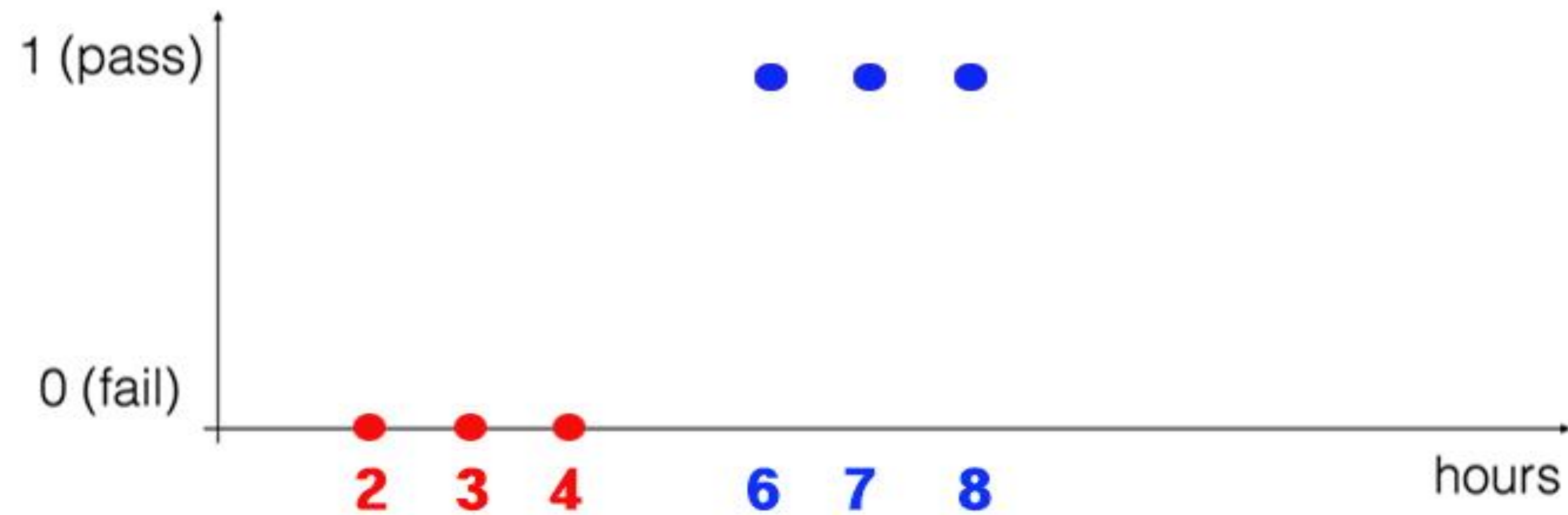


# Finance



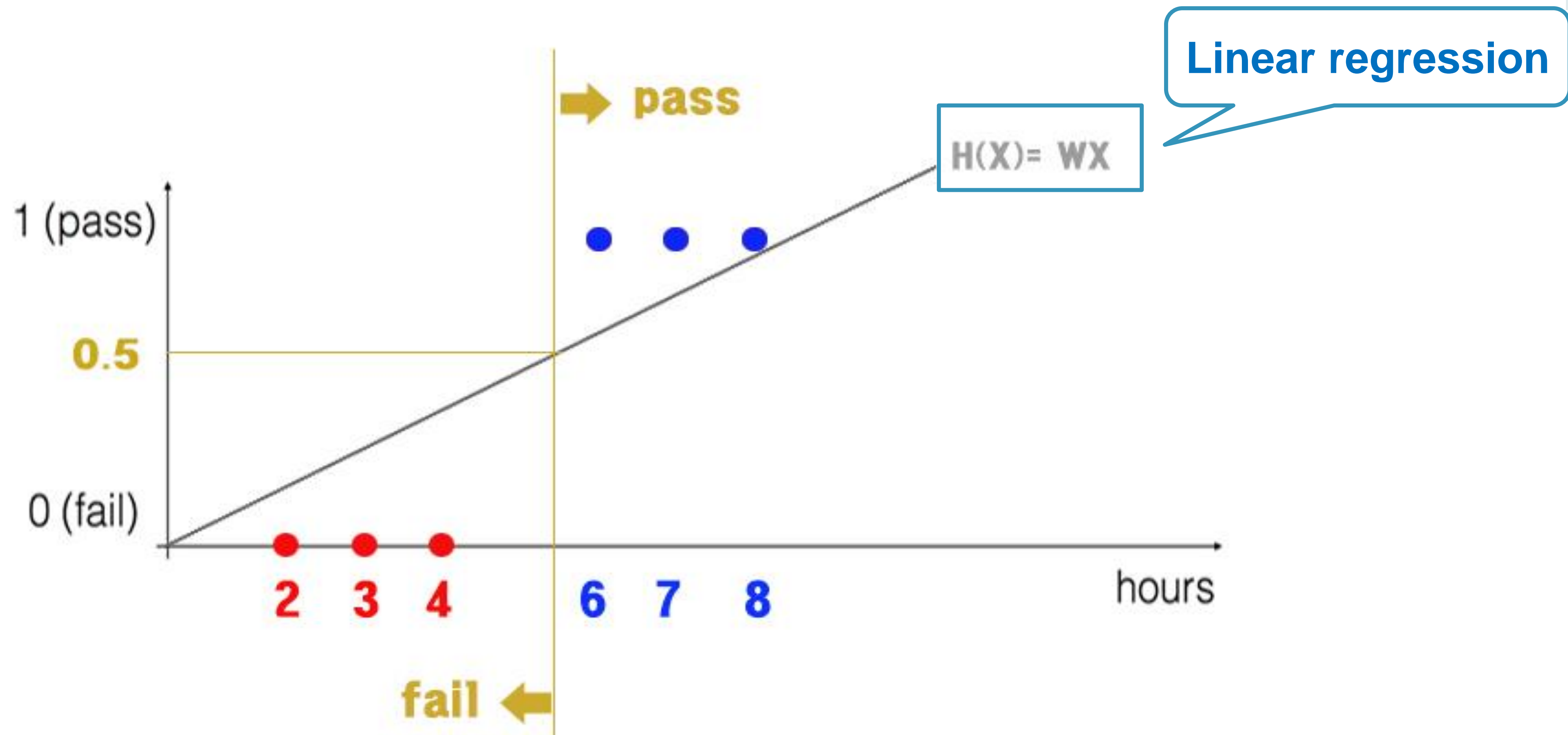


# Pass(1)/Fail(0) based on study hours

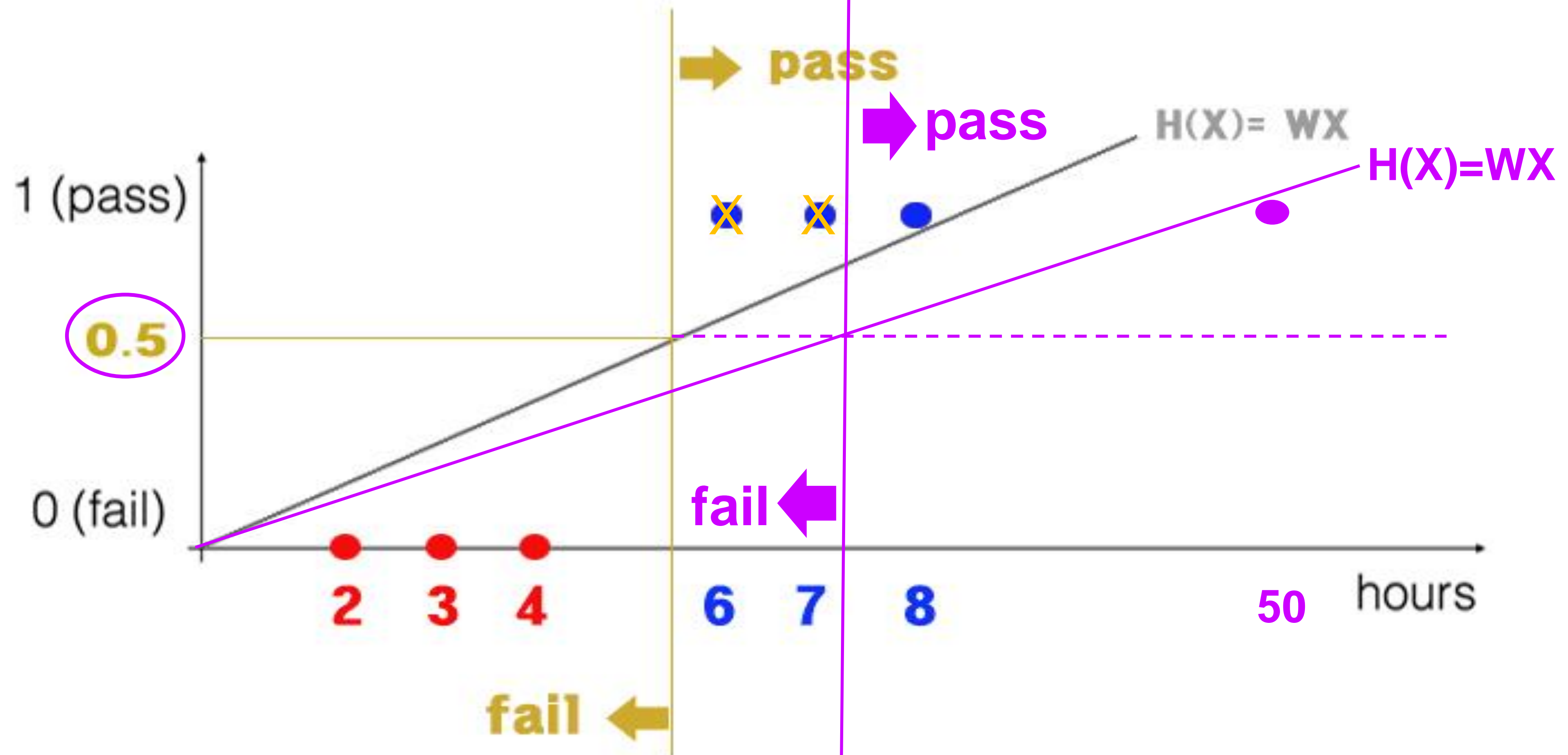




# Linear Regression?



# Linear Regression?



# Linear regression

- We know **Y** is **0** or **1**

$$H(x) = Wx + b$$

$$X = [0.1, 1.2, 1.5, 1.9], W=0.5, b = 0$$

$$0 < H(x) < 1$$

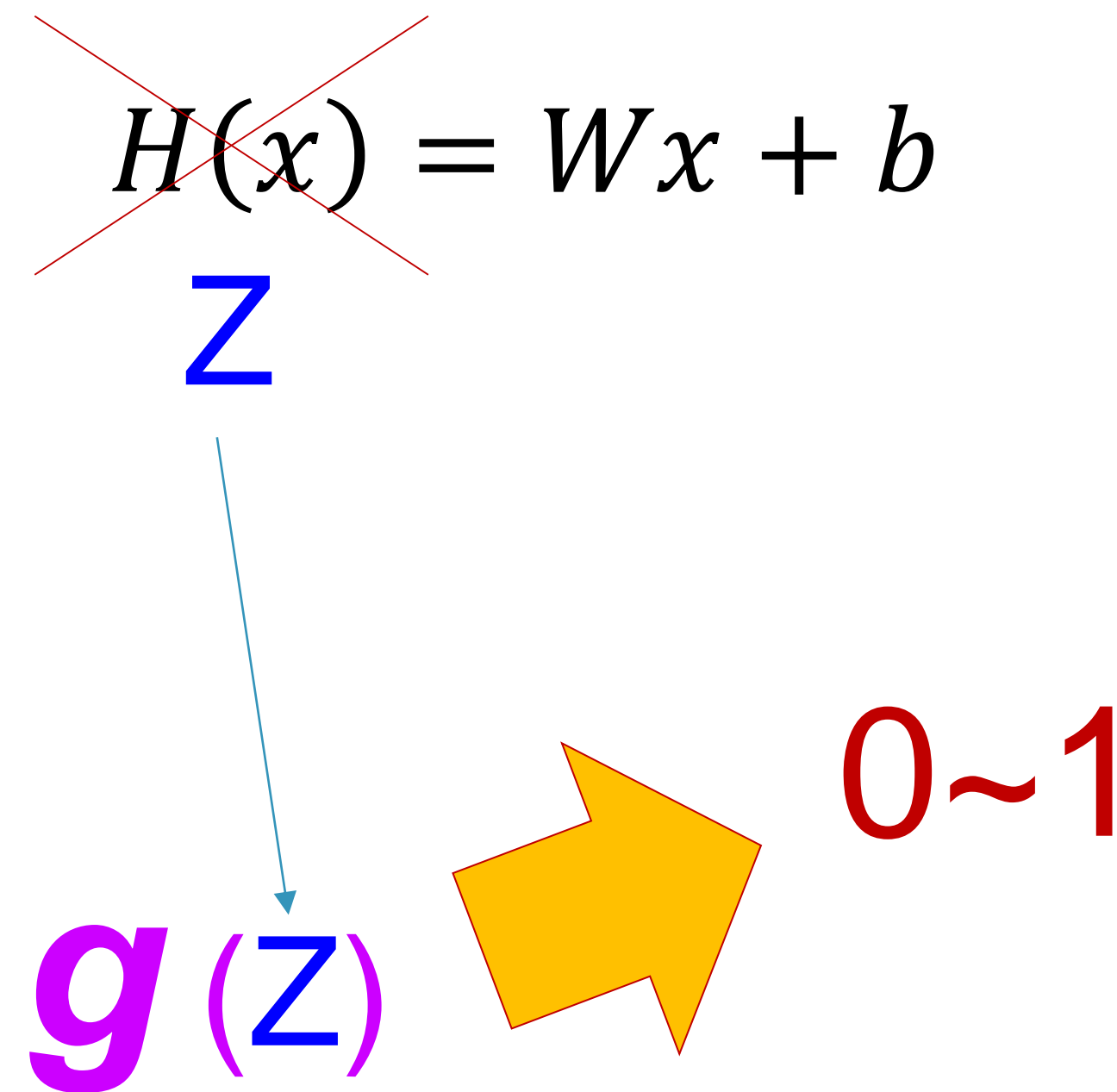
- **Hypothesis** can give values **large than 1** or **less than 0**

$$X = [100], W=0.5, b = 0$$

$$H(x) = 50$$

$$H(x) > 1$$

# Logistic Hypothesis



$z$  can give values **large than 1** or **less than 0**

# Sigmoid

$$g(z) = \frac{1}{(1 + e^{-z})}$$

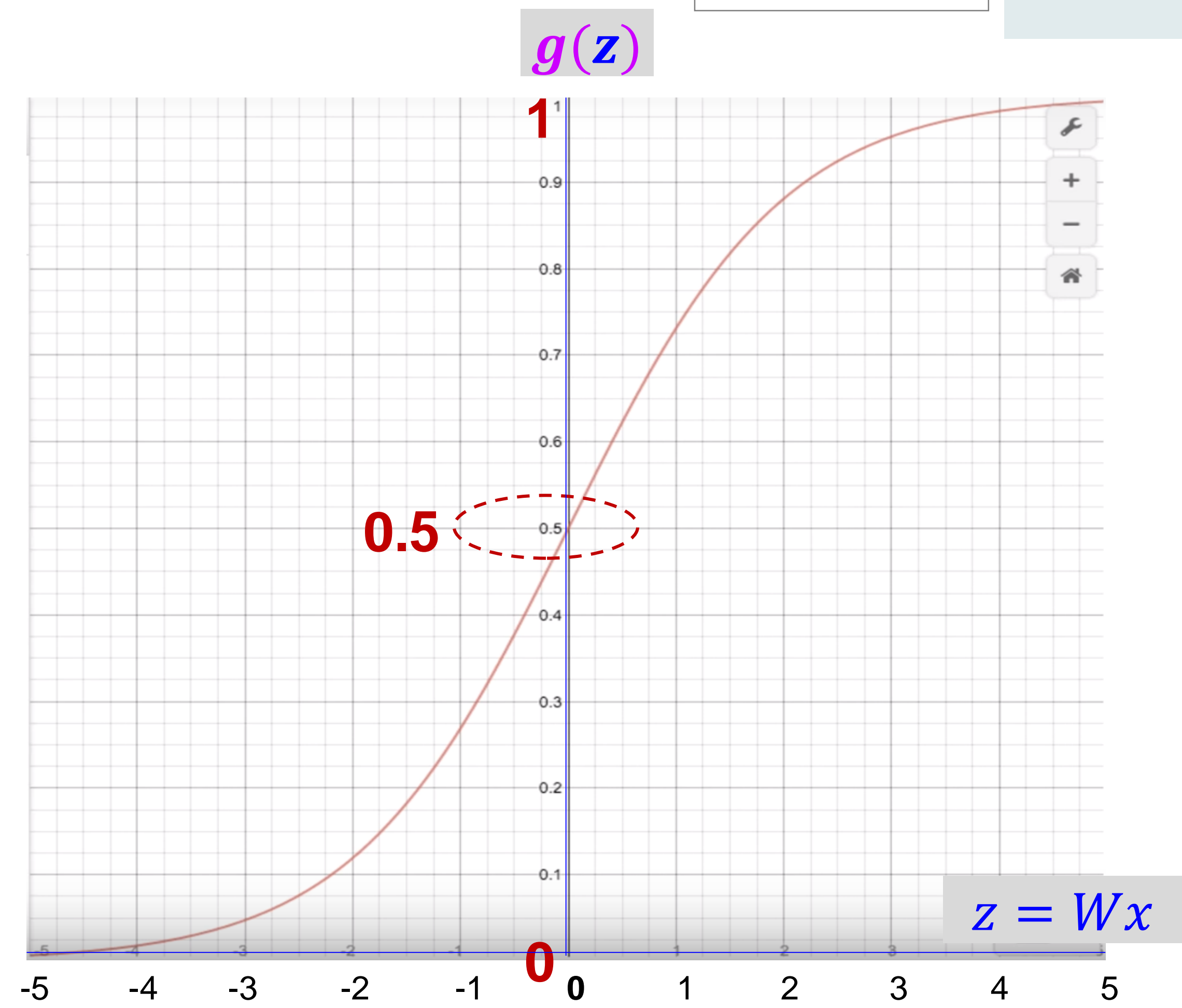
$$g(z) = \frac{1}{(1 + e^{-z})}$$

~~$H(x) = Wx$~~   
 $z = Wx$   
 $H(x) = g(z)$

- logistic function or Sigmoid function

**Sigmoid** : Curved in two directions, like the letter “S”

+							-
z	-z	exp(-z)	g(z)	g(z)	exp(-z)	-z	z
				0.5	1	0	0
1	-1	0.36788	0.73106	0.26894	2.71828	1	-1
2	-2	0.13534	0.88080	0.11920	7.38906	2	-2
3	-3	0.04979	0.95257	0.04743	20.08554	3	-3
4	-4	0.01832	0.98201	0.01799	54.59815	4	-4
5	-5	0.00674	0.99331	0.00669	148.41316	5	-5





# Python (math.exp)

```
import math
z_plus=[]
for i in range (1,21) : # 리스트에 1~20 저장
    z_plus.append(i)
print("z_plus", z_plus)

z_minus=[]
for j in range (-1,-21,-1) : # 리스트에 -1 ~ -20 저장
    z_minus.append(j)
print("z_minus", z_minus)
```

```
exp_plus=[]
exp_minus=[]
for k in range (0,20) : # k는 0~19 (20) 번 반복
    exp_plus.append(math.exp(z_plus[k]))
    exp_minus.append(math.exp(z_minus[k]))
print("\n1~20까지 exp 함수 출력 결과 ")
print(exp_plus)
print("\n-1 ~ -20까지 exp 함수 출력 결과 ")
print(exp_minus)
```

```
g_plus=[]
g_minus=[]

for z in range (0,20) : #0~20 인덱스
    g_plus.append(1/(1+exp_plus[z]))
    g_minus.append(1/(1+exp_minus[z]))
```

```
print("\n1~20까지 g(z) 함수 출력 결과 ")
print(g_plus)
print("\n-1 ~ -20까지 g(z) 함수 출력 결과 ")
print(g_minus)
print("\n")
```

```
for z in range (0,20) : #0~20 인덱스
    print ('z : ',-(z_minus[z]), '-z : ',z_minus[z] , '\texp :', exp_minus[z] , '\tg(z) :', g_minus[z] , )
    print ('z : ',-(z_plus[z]), '-z : ',z_plus[z] , '\texp :', exp_plus[z] , '\tg(z) :', g_plus[z] , )
    print ("="*50)
```

# Python (math.exp)

z\_plus [1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20]  
z\_minus [-1, -2, -3, -4, -5, -6, -7, -8, -9, -10, -11, -12, -13, -14, -15, -16, -17, -18, -19, -20]

1~20까지 exp 함수 출력 결과

[2.718281828459045, 7.38905609893065, 20.085536923187668, 54.598150033144236, 148.4131591025766, 403.4287934927351, 1096.6331584284585, 2980.9579870417283, 8103.083927575384, 22026.465794806718, 59874.14171519782, 162754.79141900392, 442413.3920089205, 1202604.2841647768, 3269017.3724721107, 8886110.520507872, 24154952.7535753, 65659969.13733051, 178482300.96318725, 485165195.4097903]

-1 ~ -20까지 exp 함수 출력 결과

[0.36787944117144233, 0.1353352832366127, 0.049787068367863944, 0.01831563888873418, 0.006737946999085467, 0.0024787521766663585, 0.0009118819655545162, 0.00033546262790251185, 0.00012340980408667956, 4.5399929762484854e-05, 1.670170079024566e-05, 6.14421235332821e-06, 2.2603294069810542e-06, 8.315287191035679e-07, 3.059023205018258e-07, 1.1253517471925912e-07, 4.139937718785167e-08, 1.522997974471263e-08, 5.602796437537268e-09, 2.061153622438558e-09]

1~20까지 g(z) 함수 출력 결과

[0.2689414213699951, 0.11920292202211755, 0.04742587317756678, 0.01798620996209156, 0.0066928509242848554, 0.0024726231566347743, 0.0009110511944006454, 0.0003353501304664781, 0.00012339457598623172, 4.5397868702434395e-05, 1.670142184809518e-05, 6.144174602214718e-06, 2.2603242979035746e-06, 8.315280276641321e-07, 3.059022269256247e-07, 1.12535162055095e-07, 4.1399375473943306e-08, 1.522997951276035e-08, 5.602796406145941e-09, 2.0611536181902037e-09]

-1 ~ -20까지 g(z) 함수 출력 결과

[0.7310585786300049, 0.8807970779778823, 0.9525741268224334, 0.9820137900379085, 0.9933071490757153, 0.9975273768433653, 0.9990889488055994, 0.9996646498695336, 0.9998766054240137, 0.9999546021312976, 0.999983298578152, 0.9999938558253978, 0.999997739675702, 0.9999991684719722, 0.999999694097773, 0.9999998874648379, 0.9999999586006244, 0.9999999847700205, 0.9999999943972036, 0.9999999979388463]





# Python (math.exp)

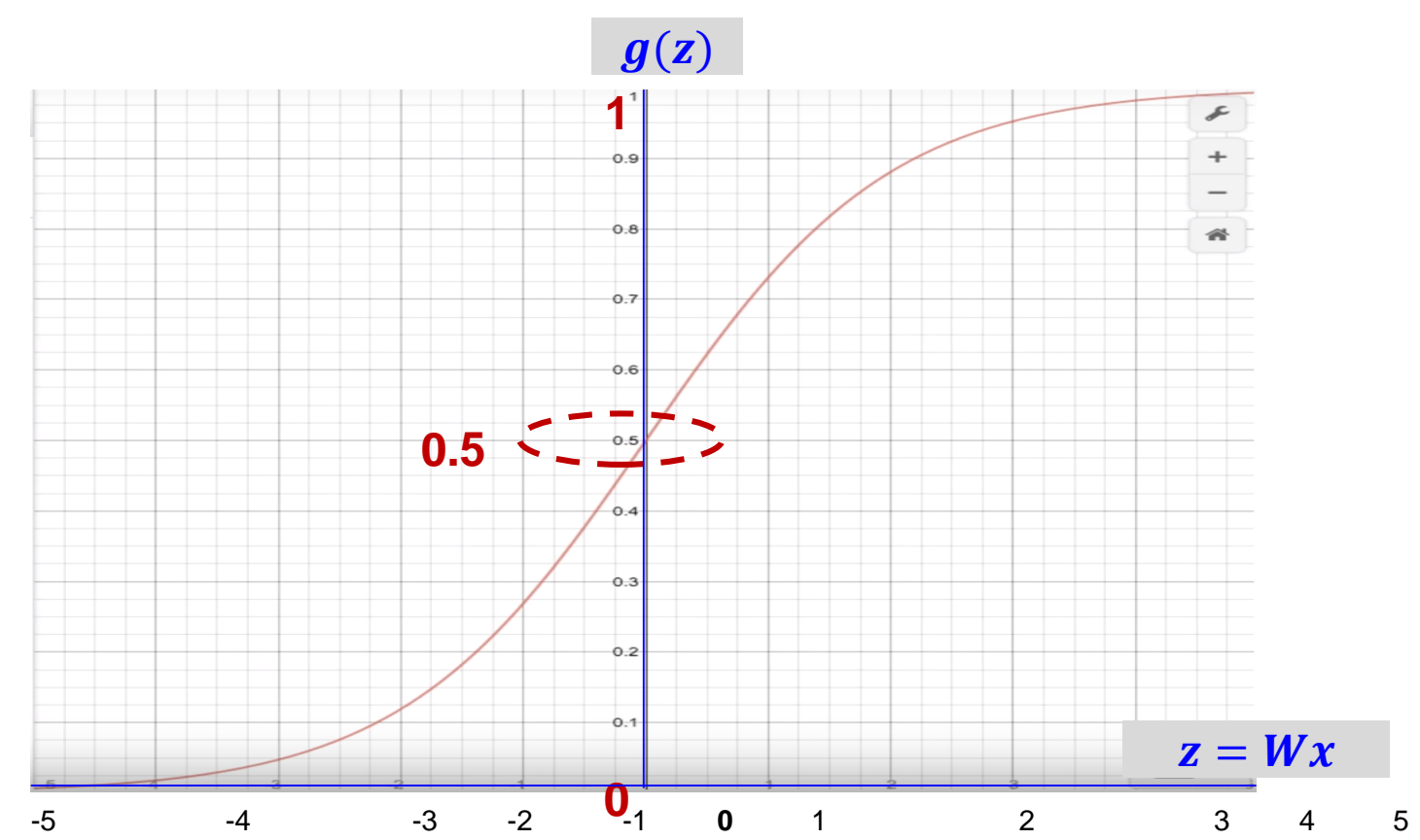
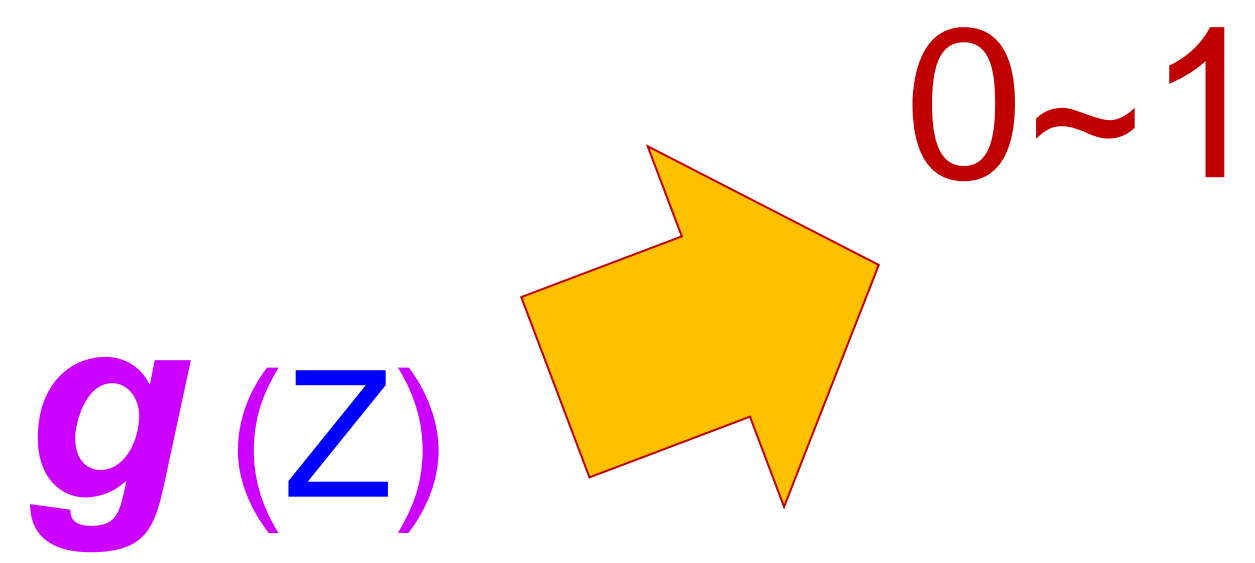
```
z : 1 -z : -1      exp : 0.36787944117144233      g(z) : 0.7310585786300049
z : -1 -z : 1      exp : 2.718281828459045      g(z) : 0.2689414213699951
=====
z : 2 -z : -2      exp : 0.1353352832366127      g(z) : 0.8807970779778823
z : -2 -z : 2      exp : 7.38905609893065      g(z) : 0.11920292202211755
=====
z : 3 -z : -3      exp : 0.049787068367863944      g(z) : 0.9525741268224334
z : -3 -z : 3      exp : 20.085536923187668      g(z) : 0.04742587317756678
=====
z : 4 -z : -4      exp : 0.01831563888873418      g(z) : 0.9820137900379085
z : -4 -z : 4      exp : 54.598150033144236      g(z) : 0.01798620996209156
=====
z : 5 -z : -5      exp : 0.006737946999085467      g(z) : 0.9933071490757153
z : -5 -z : 5      exp : 148.4131591025766      g(z) : 0.0066928509242848554
=====
z : 6 -z : -6      exp : 0.0024787521766663585      g(z) : 0.9975273768433653
z : -6 -z : 6      exp : 403.4287934927351      g(z) : 0.0024726231566347743
=====
z : 7 -z : -7      exp : 0.0009118819655545162      g(z) : 0.9990889488055994
z : -7 -z : 7      exp : 1096.6331584284585      g(z) : 0.0009110511944006454
=====
z : 8 -z : -8      exp : 0.00033546262790251185      g(z) : 0.9996646498695336
z : -8 -z : 8      exp : 2980.9579870417283      g(z) : 0.0003353501304664781
=====
z : 9 -z : -9      exp : 0.00012340980408667956      g(z) : 0.9998766054240137
z : -9 -z : 9      exp : 8103.083927575384      g(z) : 0.00012339457598623172
=====
z : 10 -z : -10     exp : 4.5399929762484854e-05      g(z) : 0.9999546021312976
z : -10 -z : 10     exp : 22026.465794806718      g(z) : 4.5397868702434395e-05
=====
```

```
z : 11 -z : -11     exp : 1.670170079024566e-05      g(z) : 0.999983298578152
z : -11 -z : 11     exp : 59874.14171519782      g(z) : 1.670142184809518e-05
=====
z : 12 -z : -12     exp : 6.14421235332821e-06      g(z) : 0.9999938558253978
z : -12 -z : 12     exp : 162754.79141900392      g(z) : 6.144174602214718e-06
=====
z : 13 -z : -13     exp : 2.2603294069810542e-06      g(z) : 0.999997739675702
z : -13 -z : 13     exp : 442413.3920089205      g(z) : 2.2603242979035746e-06
=====
z : 14 -z : -14     exp : 8.315287191035679e-07      g(z) : 0.9999991684719722
z : -14 -z : 14     exp : 1202604.2841647768      g(z) : 8.315280276641321e-07
=====
z : 15 -z : -15     exp : 3.059023205018258e-07      g(z) : 0.999999694097773
z : -15 -z : 15     exp : 3269017.3724721107      g(z) : 3.059022269256247e-07
=====
z : 16 -z : -16     exp : 1.1253517471925912e-07      g(z) : 0.9999998874648379
z : -16 -z : 16     exp : 8886110.520507872      g(z) : 1.12535162055095e-07
=====
z : 17 -z : -17     exp : 4.139937718785167e-08      g(z) : 0.9999999586006244
z : -17 -z : 17     exp : 24154952.7535753      g(z) : 4.1399375473943306e-08
=====
z : 18 -z : -18     exp : 1.522997974471263e-08      g(z) : 0.9999999847700205
z : -18 -z : 18     exp : 65659969.13733051      g(z) : 1.522997951276035e-08
=====
z : 19 -z : -19     exp : 5.602796437537268e-09      g(z) : 0.9999999943972036
z : -19 -z : 19     exp : 178482300.96318725      g(z) : 5.602796406145941e-09
=====
z : 20 -z : -20     exp : 2.061153622438558e-09      g(z) : 0.9999999979388463
z : -20 -z : 20     exp : 485165195.4097903      g(z) : 2.0611536181902037e-09
=====
```

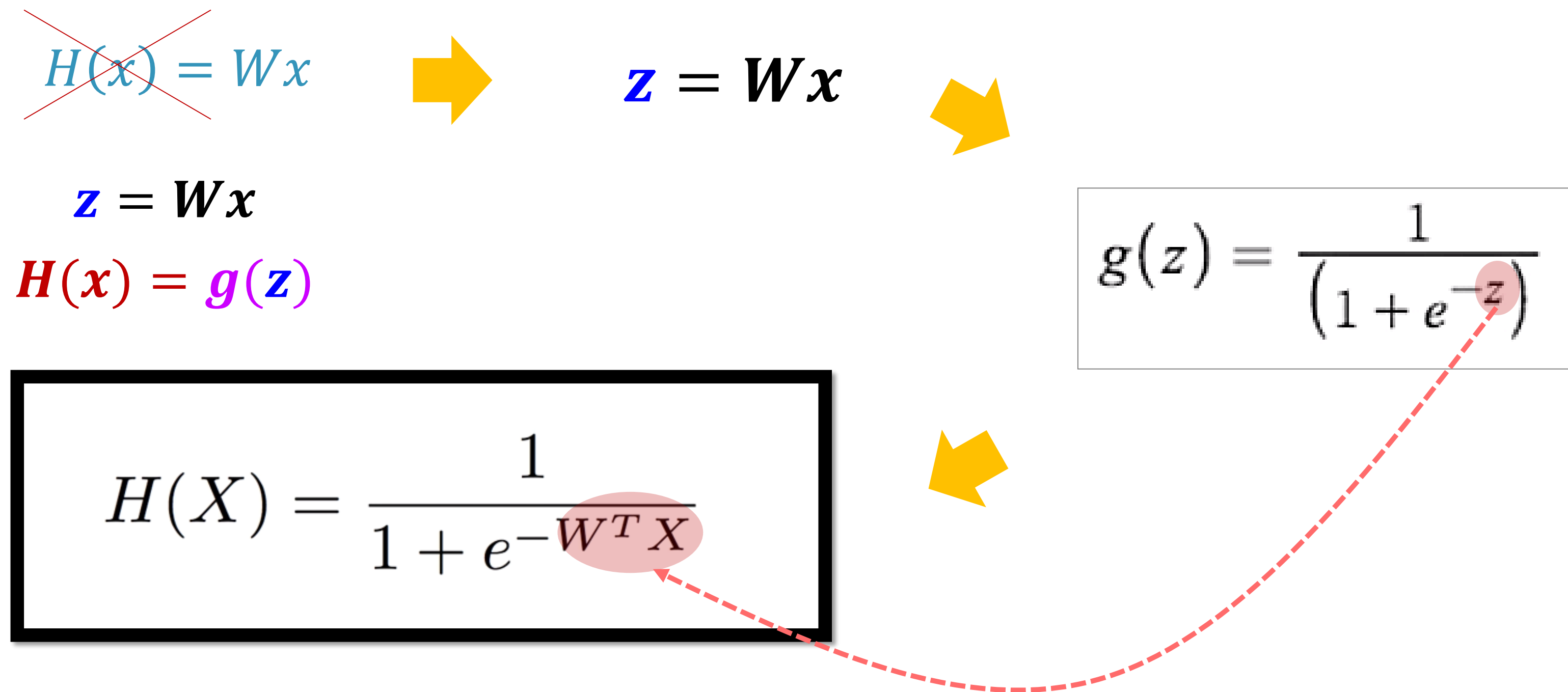


# Sigmoid

+								-
z	-z	exp	g(z)	g(z)	exp	-z	z	
				0.5	1	0	0	
1	-1	0.36788	0.73106	0.26894	2.72	1	-1	
2	-2	0.13534	0.88080	0.11920	7.39	2	-2	
3	-3	0.04979	0.95257	0.04743	20.09	3	-3	
4	-4	0.01832	0.98201	0.01799	54.60	4	-4	
5	-5	0.00674	0.99331	0.00669	148.41	5	-5	
6	-6	0.00248	0.99753	0.00247	403.43	6	-6	
7	-7	0.00091	0.99909	0.00091	1096.63	7	-7	
8	-8	0.00034	0.99966	0.00034	2980.96	8	-8	
9	-9	0.00012	0.99988	0.00012	8103.08	9	-9	
10	-10	0.00005	0.99995	0.00005	22026.47	10	-10	
11	-11	0.00002	0.99998	0.00002	59874.14	11	-11	
12	-12	0.00001	0.99999	0.00001	162754.79	12	-12	
13	-13	0.00000	1.00000	0.00000	442413.39	13	-13	
14	-14	0.00000	1.00000	0.00000	1202604.28	14	-14	
15	-15	0.00000	1.00000	0.00000	3269017.37	15	-15	
16	-16	0.00000	1.00000	0.00000	8886110.52	16	-16	
17	-17	0.00000	1.00000	0.00000	24154952.75	17	-17	
18	-18	0.00000	1.00000	0.00000	65659969.14	18	-18	
19	-19	0.00000	1.00000	0.00000	178482300.96	19	-19	
20	-20	0.00000	1.00000	0.00000	485165195.41	20	-20	
21	-21	0.00000	1.00000	0.00000	1318815734.48	21	-21	
22	-22	0.00000	1.00000	0.00000	3584912846.13	22	-22	
23	-23	0.00000	1.00000	0.00000	9744803446.25	23	-23	
24	-24	0.00000	1.00000	0.00000	26489122129.84	24	-24	
25	-25	0.00000	1.00000	0.00000	72004899337.39	25	-25	

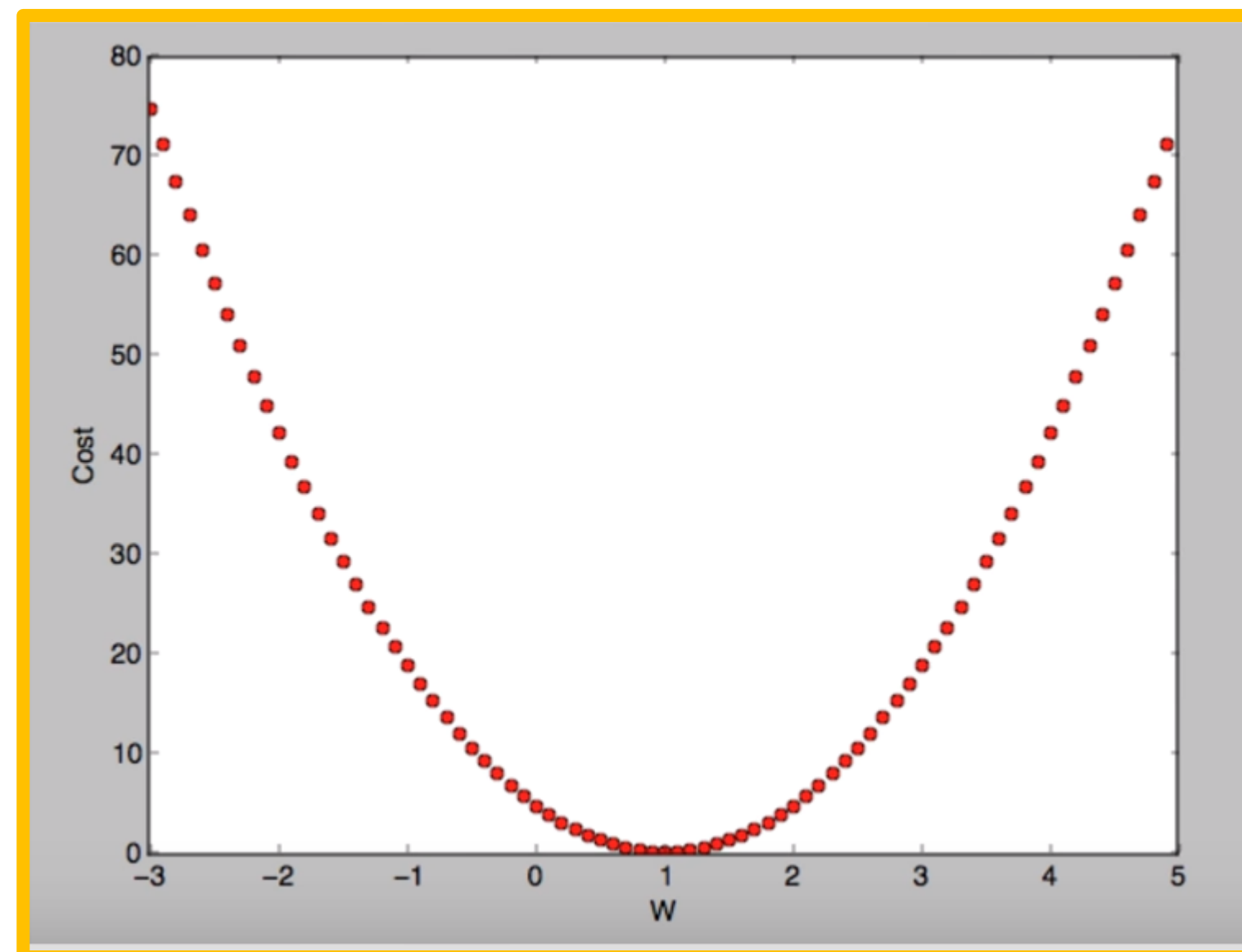


# Logistic Classification Hypothesis



# Cost

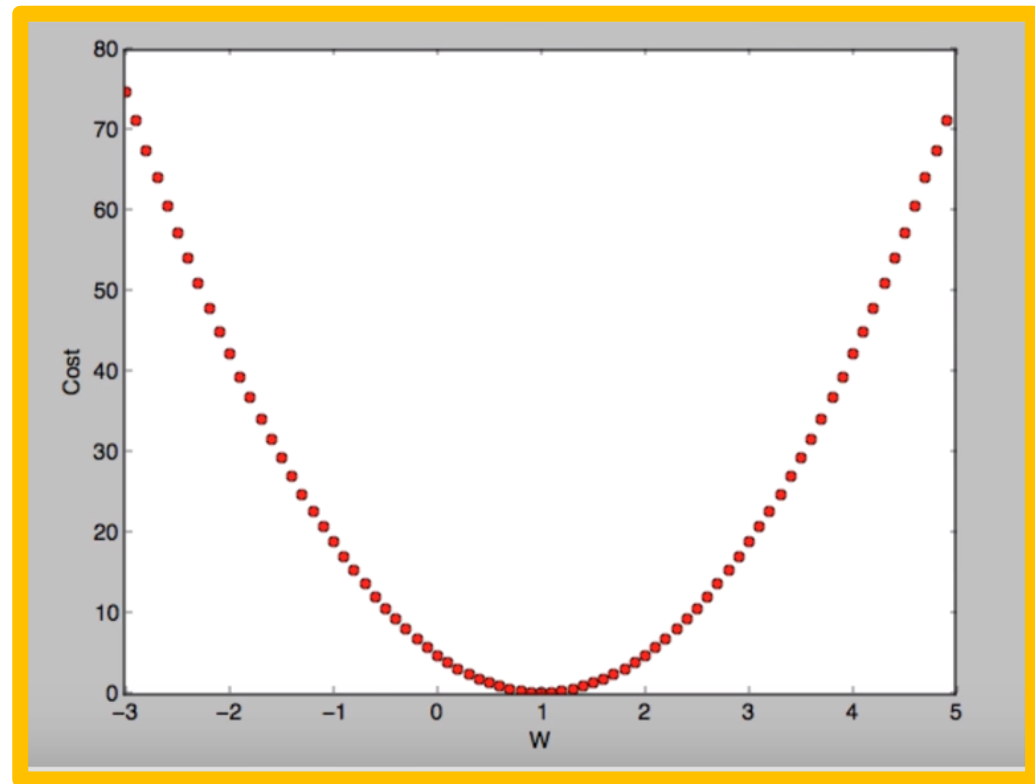
$$\text{cost}(W, b) = \frac{1}{m} \sum_{i=1}^m (H(x^{(i)}) - y^{(i)})^2 \quad \text{when } H(x) = Wx + b$$



# Cost function

$$\text{cost}(W, b) = \frac{1}{m} \sum_{i=1}^m (H(x^{(i)}) - y^{(i)})^2$$

$$H(x) = Wx + b$$

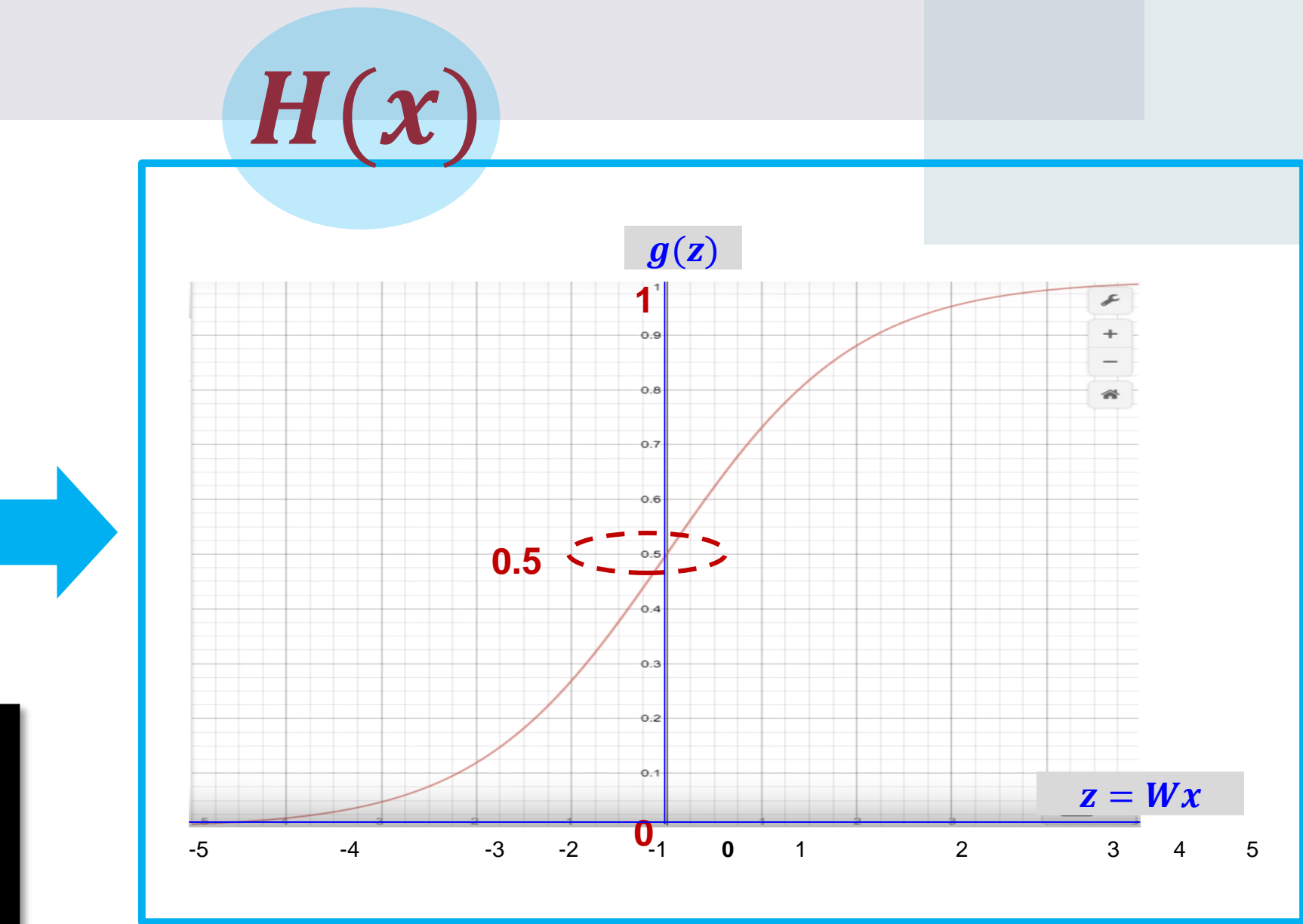


$$g(z) = \frac{1}{1 + e^{-z}}$$

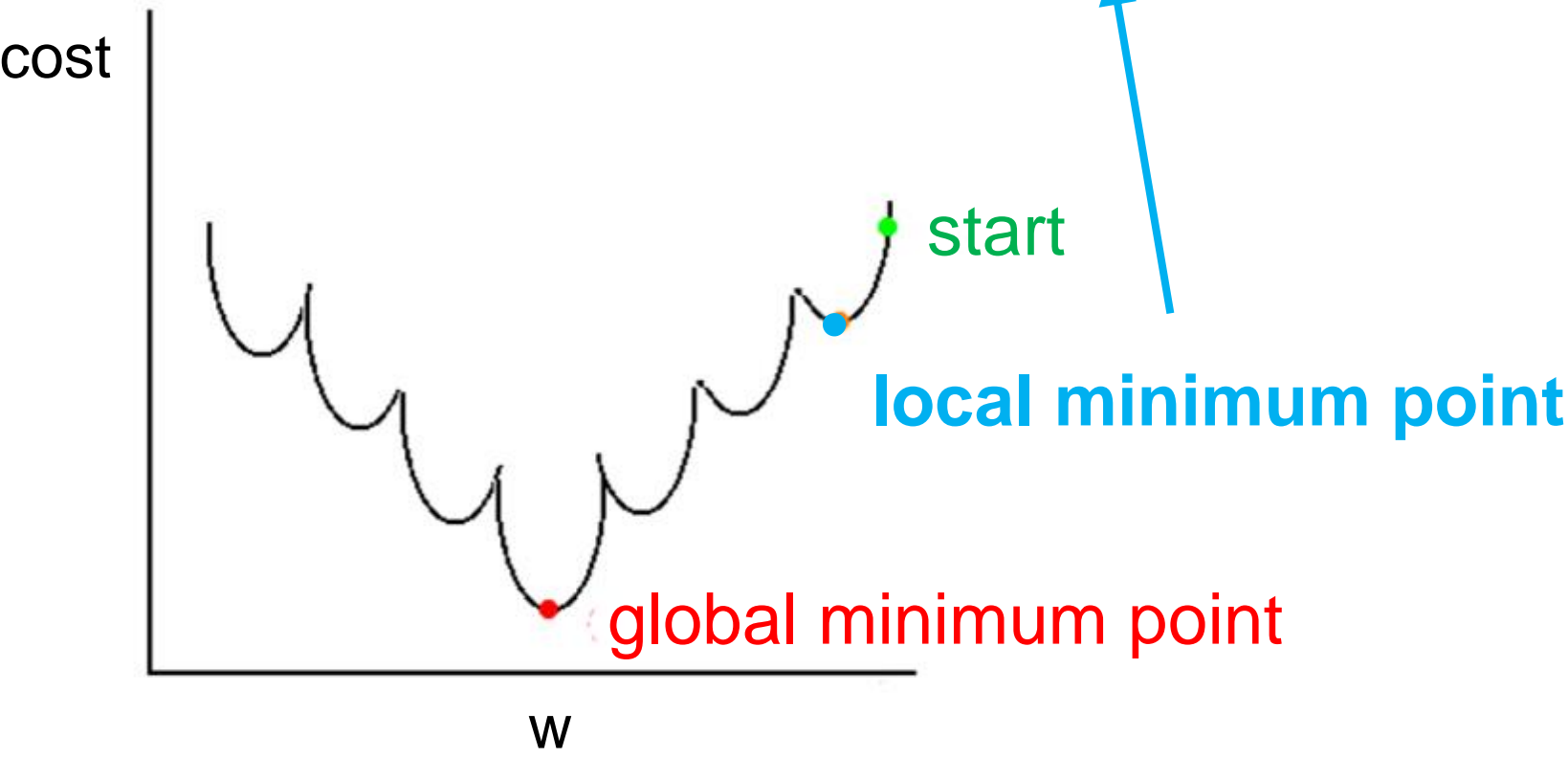
$Wx$

$$H(x) = \frac{1}{1 + e^{-W^T X}}$$

Gradient  
decent  
algorithm



sigmoid ?

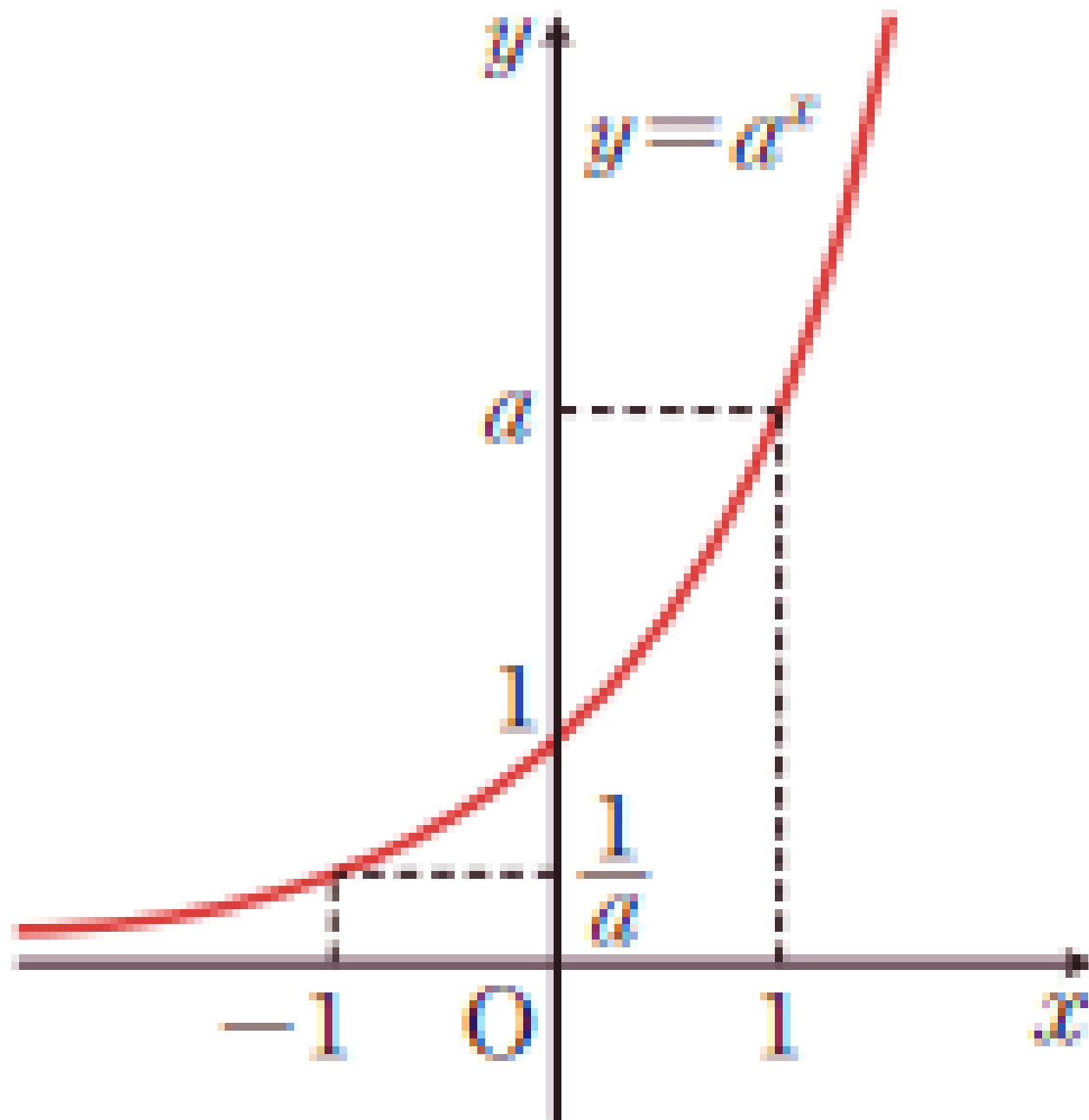


# Exponential function vs. Log function

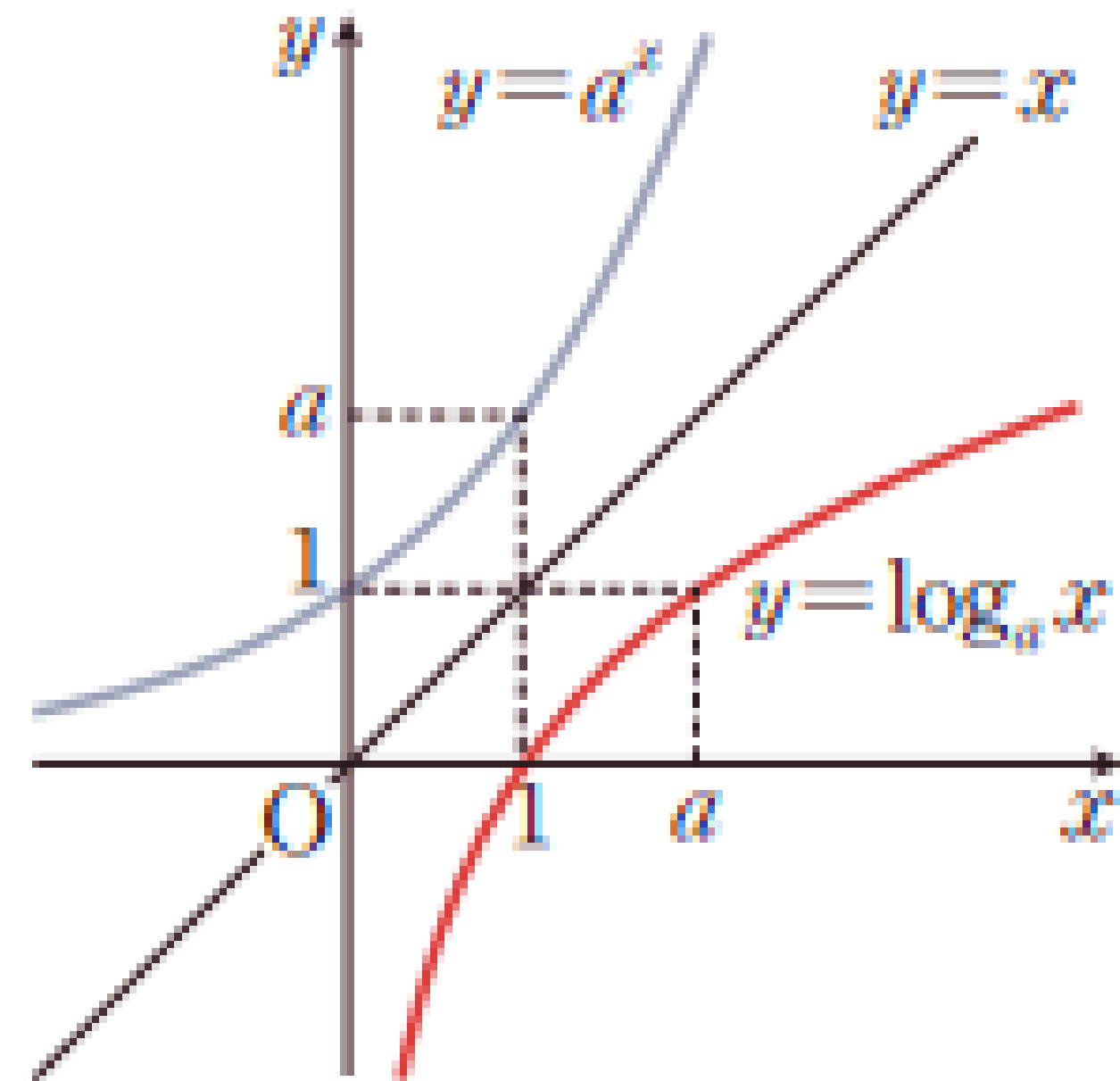
일반적으로 지수함수  $y=a^x$  ( $a>0, a\neq 1$ )의 그래프는  $a$ 의 값에 따라 다음과 같다.

일반적으로 로그함수  $y=\log_a x$  ( $a>0, a\neq 1$ )는 지수함수  $y=a^x$ 의 역함수이므로 이들의 그래프는 직선  $y=x$ 에 대하여 대칭이다.

$a>1$



$a>1$





# New cost function for logistic classification

~~$$cost(W, b) = \frac{1}{m} \sum_{i=1}^m (H(x^{(i)}) - y^{(i)})^2$$~~

$$H(X) = \frac{1}{1 + e^{-W^T X}}$$

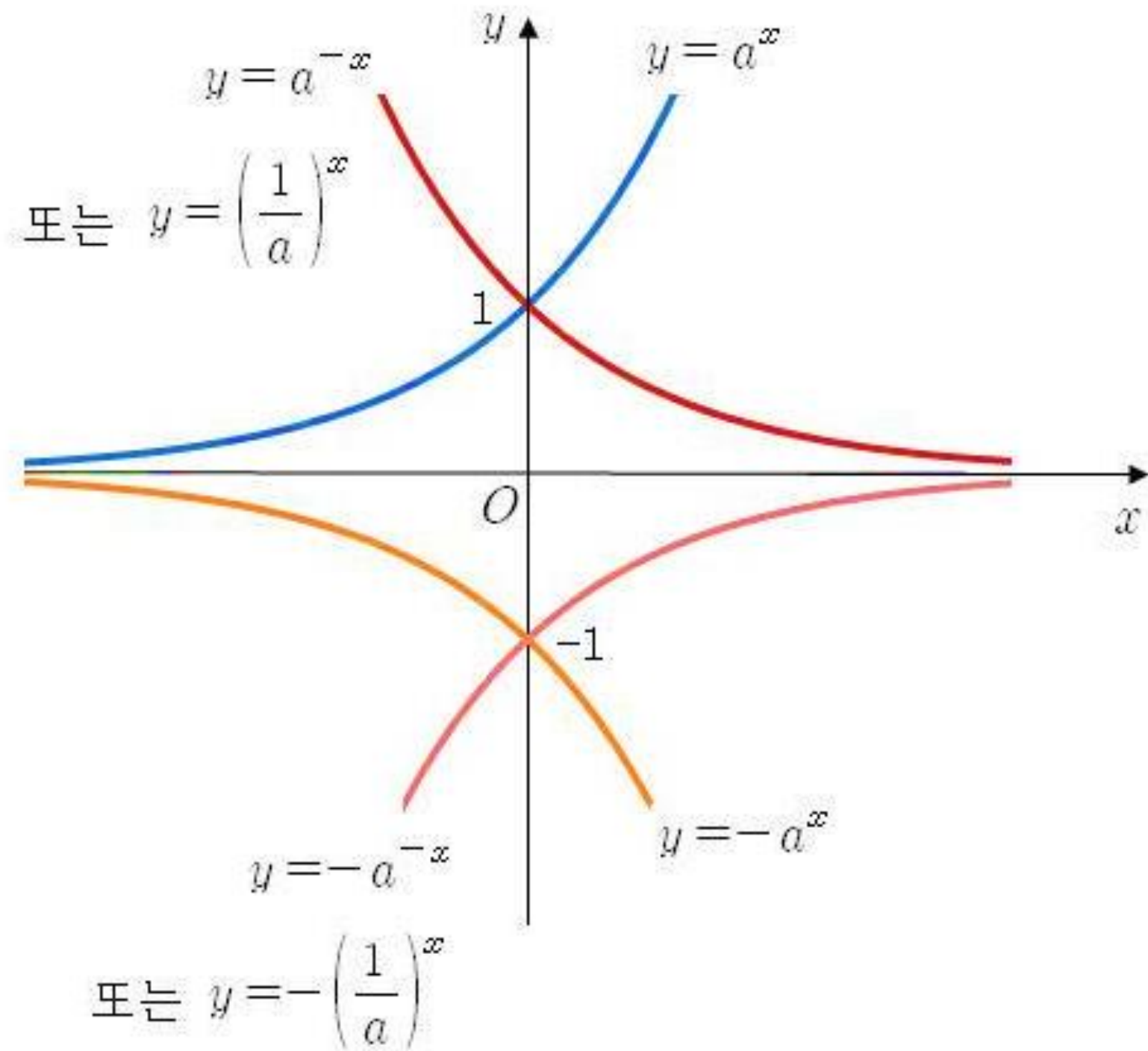
$$cost(W) = \frac{1}{m} \sum c(H(x), y)$$

$$c(H(x), y) = \begin{cases} -\log(H(x)) & \leftarrow y = 1 \\ -\log(1 - H(x)) & \leftarrow y = 0 \end{cases}$$

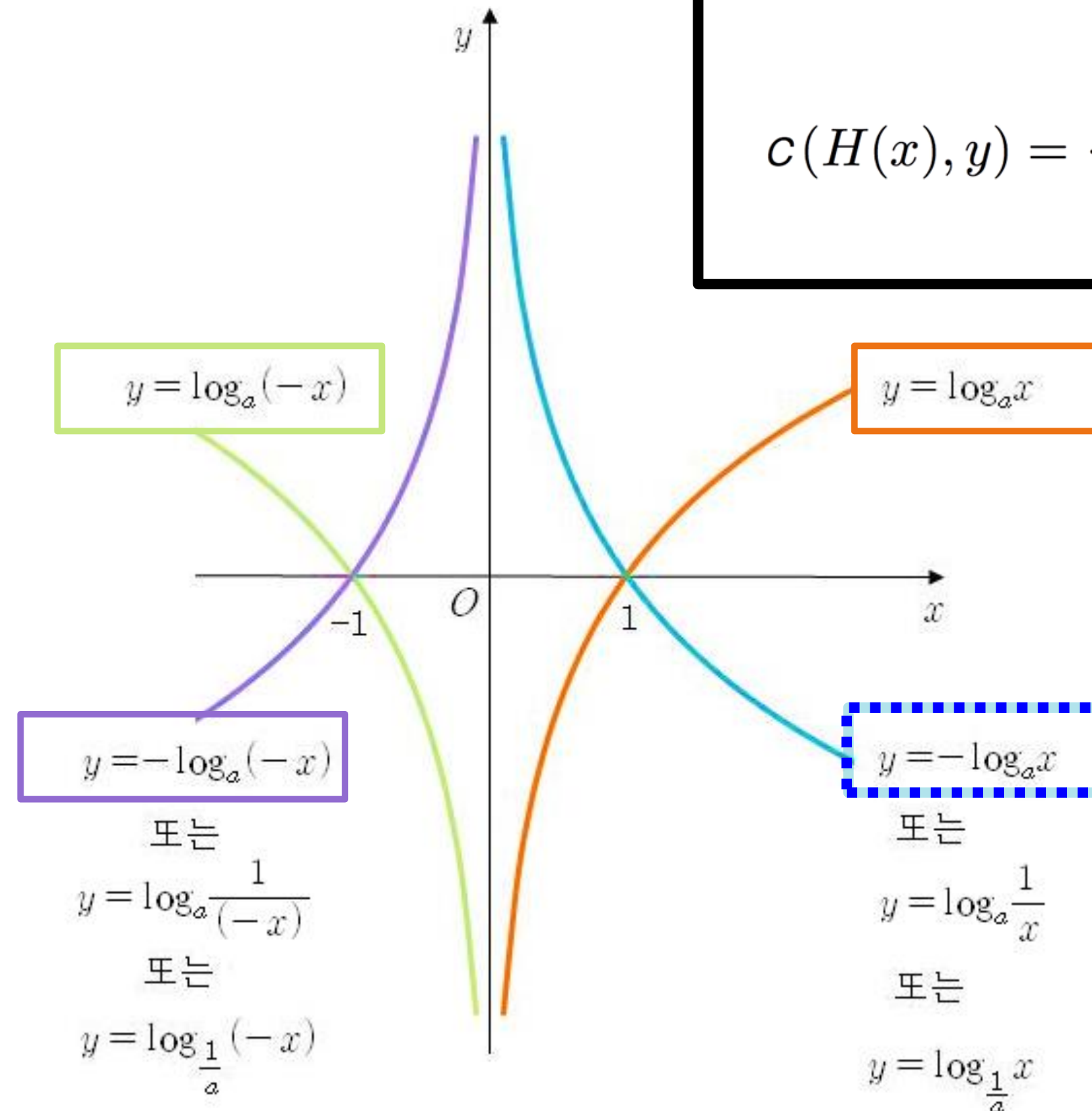


# New cost function for logistic classification

## ▶ 지수함수



## ▶ 로그함수



$$\text{cost}(W) = \frac{1}{m} \sum c(H(x), y)$$

$$c(H(x), y) = \begin{cases} -\log(H(x)) & : y = 1 \\ -\log(1 - H(x)) & : y = 0 \end{cases}$$

# Understanding cost function

2

$$\text{cost}(W) = \frac{1}{m} \sum c(H(x), y)$$

$$c(H(x), y) = \begin{cases} -\log(H(x)) & : y = 1 \\ -\log(1 - H(x)) & : y = 0 \end{cases}$$

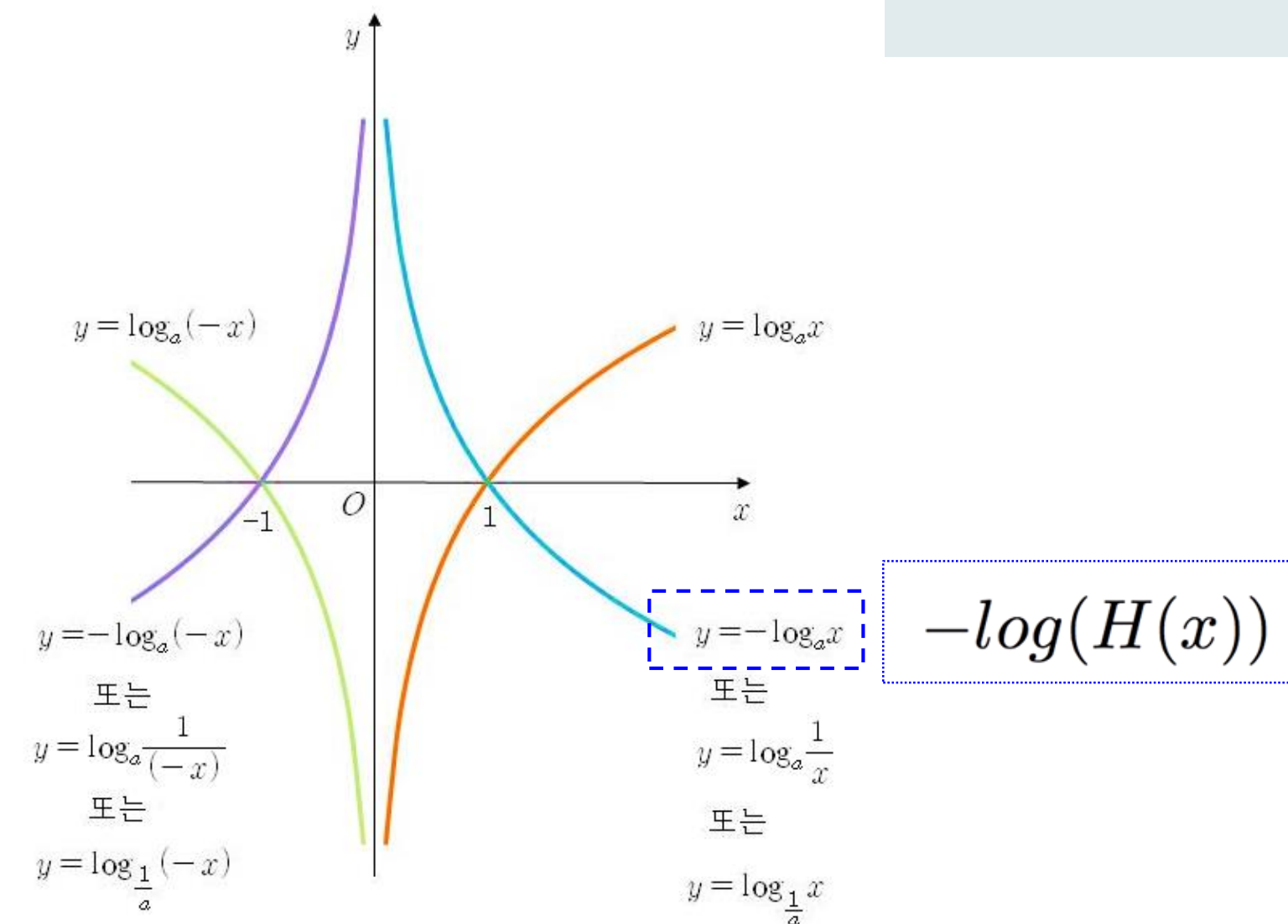
1

$$g(z) = \frac{1}{(1 + e^{-z})}$$

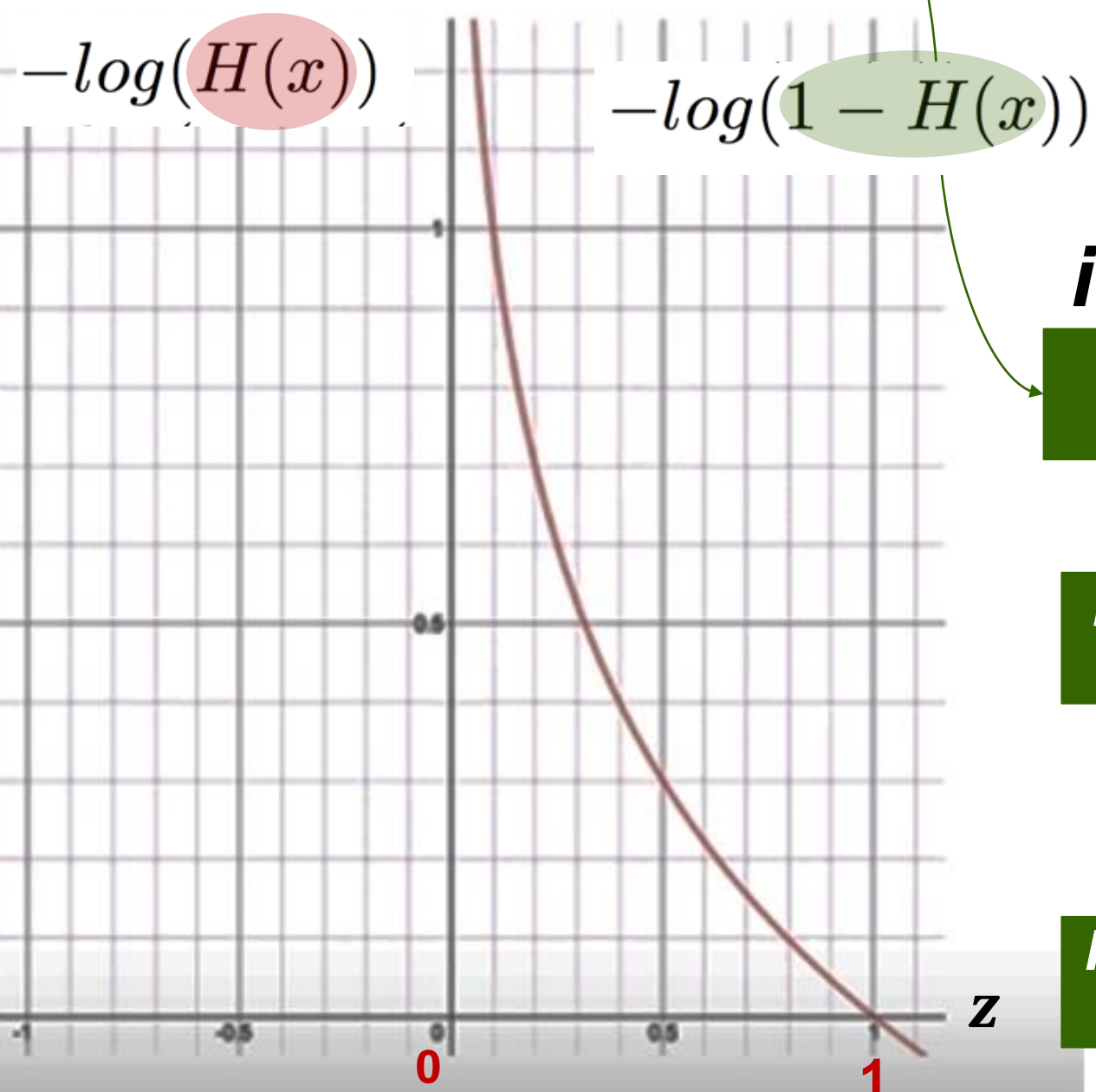
$$z = Wx$$

$$H(x) = g(z)$$

$$H(x) = 1 \text{ or } 0$$



cost



if

**y=1**

**H(x)=1**

$$-\log(H(x)) = -\log(1) = 0$$

**H(x) = 1**  
**cost = 0**

**H(x)=0**

$$-\log(H(x)) = -\log(0) = \infty$$

**H(x) = 0**  
**cost = ∞**

if

**y=0**

**H(x)=1**

$$-\log(1-H(x)) = -\log(1-1) = -\log(0) = \infty$$

**H(x) = 1**  
**cost = ∞**

**H(x)=0**

$$-\log(1-H(x)) = -\log(1-0) = -\log(1) = 0$$

**H(x) = 0**  
**cost = 0**

# Cost function

$$\text{cost}(W) = \frac{1}{m} \sum c(H(x), y)$$

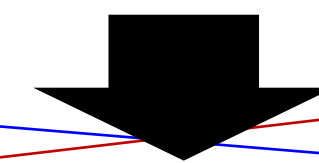
if  $y=0$

$$C = -1 * \log(1 - H(x))$$

if  $y=1$

$$C = -\log(H(x))$$

$$C(H(x), y) = \begin{cases} -\log(H(x)) & : y = 1 \\ -\log(1 - H(x)) & : y = 0 \end{cases}$$



$$C(H(x), y) = -y \log(H(x)) - (1 - y) \log(1 - H(x))$$

$y=0$  이면 생략 가능

$y=1$  이면 생략 가능



# Minimize cost - Gradient decent algorithm

$$cost(W) = -\frac{1}{m} \sum y \log(H(x)) + (1 - y) \log(1 - H(x))$$

$$W := W - \alpha \frac{\partial}{\partial W} cost(W)$$

$$cost(W) = \frac{1}{m} \sum c(H(x), y)$$

$$c(H(x), y) = \begin{cases} -\log(H(x)) & : y = 1 \\ -\log(1 - H(x)) & : y = 0 \end{cases}$$

$$c(H(x), y) = -y \log(H(x)) - (1 - y) \log(1 - H(x))$$

# Gradient decent algorithm

$$cost(W) = -\frac{1}{m} \sum y \log(H(x)) + (1 - y) \log(1 - H(x))$$

$$\underline{W := W - \alpha \frac{\partial}{\partial W} cost(W)}$$

```
# cost function
cost = tf.reduce_mean(-tf.reduce_sum(Y*tf.log(hypothesis) + (1-Y)*tf.log(1-hypothesis)))

# Minimize
a = tf.Variable(0.1) # Learning rate, alpha
optimizer = tf.train.GradientDescentOptimizer(a)
train = optimizer.minimize(cost)
```