



# Adam, NN, ReLu, Xavier and Dropout

Lecture 10

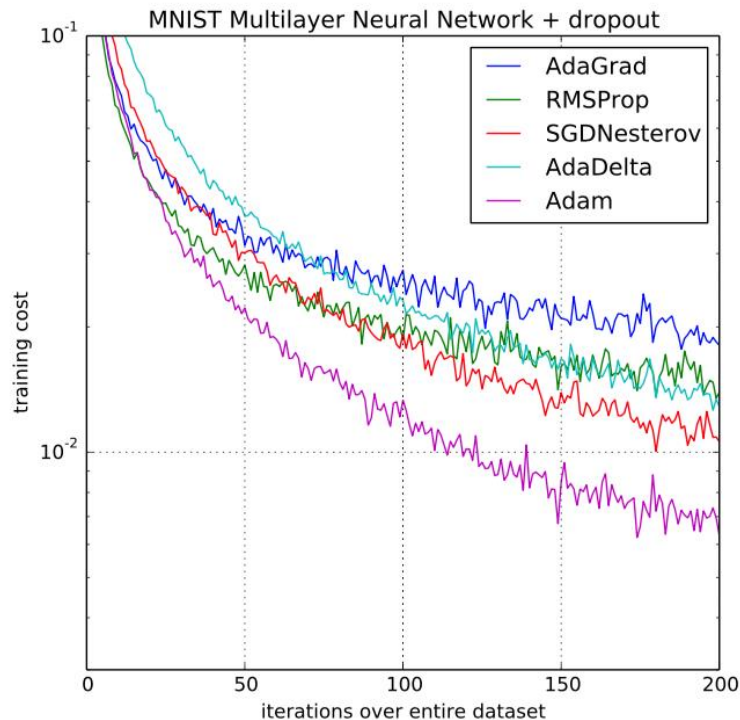
# Optimizers

# Optimizers

```
train = tf.train.GradientDescentOptimizer(learning_rate=0.1).minimize(cost)
```

- `tf.train.AdadeltaOptimizer`
- `tf.train.AdagradOptimizer`
- `tf.train.AdagradDAOptimizer`
- `tf.train.MomentumOptimizer`
- `tf.train.AdamOptimizer`
- `tf.train.FtrlOptimizer`
- `tf.train.ProximalGradientDescentOptimizer`
- `tf.train.ProximalAdagradOptimizer`
- `tf.train.RMSPropOptimizer`

# ADAM: a method for stochastic optimization [Kingma et al. 2015]



# Use Adam Optimizer

```
# define cost/loss & optimizer  
cost = tf.reduce_mean(tf.nn.softmax_cross_entropy_with_logits(  
                                                                logits=hypothesis, labels=Y))  
optimizer = tf.train.AdamOptimizer(learning_rate=learning_rate).minimize(cost)
```

# Sigmoid classifier for MNIST

## Classifier for MNIST

```
import tensorflow as tf
import random
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
from tensorflow.examples.tutorials.mnist import input_data
tf.set_random_seed(777) # reproducibility

mnist = input_data.read_data_sets("MNIST_data/", one_hot=True)
# Check out https://www.tensorflow.org/get_started/mnist/beginners for
# more information about the mnist dataset

# parameters
learning_rate = 0.001
training_epochs = 15
batch_size = 100

# input place holders
X = tf.placeholder(tf.float32, [None, 784])
Y = tf.placeholder(tf.float32, [None, 10])

# weights & bias for nn layers
W = tf.Variable(tf.random_normal([784, 10]))
b = tf.Variable(tf.random_normal([10]))

hypothesis = tf.matmul(X, W) + b

# define cost/loss & optimizer
cost = tf.reduce_mean(tf.nn.softmax_cross_entropy_with_logits(logits=hypothesis, labels=Y))
optimizer = tf.train.AdamOptimizer(learning_rate=learning_rate).minimize(cost)
```

## Classifier for MNIST

```
# initialize
sess = tf.Session()
sess.run(tf.global_variables_initializer())

# train my model
for epoch in range(training_epochs):
    avg_cost = 0
    total_batch = int(mnist.train.num_examples / batch_size)

    for i in range(total_batch):
        batch_xs, batch_ys = mnist.train.next_batch(batch_size)
        feed_dict = {X: batch_xs, Y: batch_ys}
        c, _ = sess.run([cost, optimizer], feed_dict=feed_dict)
        avg_cost += c / total_batch

    print('Epoch:', '%04d' % (epoch + 1), 'cost =', '{:.9f}'.format(avg_cost))

print('Learning Finished!')

# Test model and check accuracy
correct_prediction = tf.equal(tf.argmax(hypothesis, 1), tf.argmax(Y, 1))
accuracy = tf.reduce_mean(tf.cast(correct_prediction, tf.float32))
print('Accuracy:', sess.run(accuracy, feed_dict={X: mnist.test.images, Y: mnist.test.labels}))

# Get one and predict
r = random.randint(0, mnist.test.num_examples - 1)
print("Label: ", sess.run(tf.argmax(mnist.test.labels[r:r + 1], 1)))
print("Prediction: ", sess.run(tf.argmax(hypothesis, 1), feed_dict={X: mnist.test.images[r:r + 1]}))
plt.imshow(mnist.test.images[r:r + 1].reshape(28, 28), cmap='Greys', interpolation='nearest')
plt.show()
```

## Classifier for MNIST

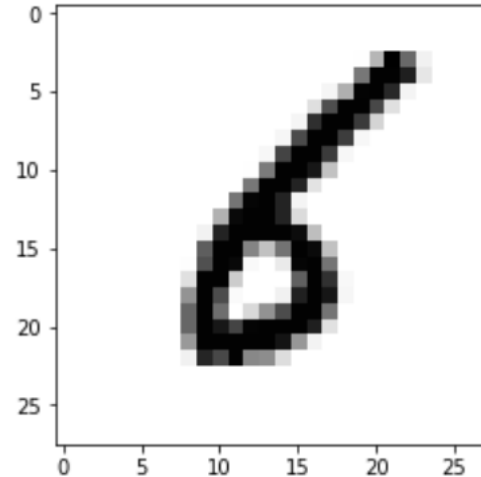
Extracting MNIST\_data/train-images-idx3-ubyte.gz  
Extracting MNIST\_data/train-labels-idx1-ubyte.gz  
Extracting MNIST\_data/t10k-images-idx3-ubyte.gz  
Extracting MNIST\_data/t10k-labels-idx1-ubyte.gz

Epoch: 0001 cost = 5.896178008  
Epoch: 0002 cost = 1.807531157  
Epoch: 0003 cost = 1.197546624  
Epoch: 0004 cost = 0.953373779  
Epoch: 0005 cost = 0.813679163  
Epoch: 0006 cost = 0.720912020  
Epoch: 0007 cost = 0.652785487  
Epoch: 0008 cost = 0.600560204  
Epoch: 0009 cost = 0.559620006  
Epoch: 0010 cost = 0.526828700  
Epoch: 0011 cost = 0.499622431  
Epoch: 0012 cost = 0.476536487  
Epoch: 0013 cost = 0.457392101  
Epoch: 0014 cost = 0.440410323  
Epoch: 0015 cost = 0.425807556  
Learning Finished!

Accuracy: 0.8951

Label: [6]

Prediction: [6]



# Softmax classifier for MNIST

```
import tensorflow as tf
import random
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
tf.set_random_seed(777) # for reproducibility
```

```
from tensorflow.examples.tutorials.mnist import input_data
# Check out https://www.tensorflow.org/get\_started/mnist/beginners for
# more information about the mnist dataset
mnist = input_data.read_data_sets("MNIST_data", one_hot=True)
```

```
nb_classes = 10
```

```
# MNIST data image of shape 28 * 28 = 784
X = tf.placeholder(tf.float32, [None, 784])
# 0 - 9 digits recognition = 10 classes
Y = tf.placeholder(tf.float32, [None, nb_classes])
```

```
W = tf.Variable(tf.random_normal([784, nb_classes]))
b = tf.Variable(tf.random_normal([nb_classes]))
```

```
# Hypothesis (using softmax)
hypothesis = tf.nn.softmax(tf.matmul(X, W) + b)
```

```
cost = tf.reduce_mean(-tf.reduce_sum(Y * tf.log(hypothesis), axis=1))
optimizer = tf.train.GradientDescentOptimizer(learning_rate=0.1).minimize(cost)
```

```
# Test model
is_correct = tf.equal(tf.argmax(hypothesis, 1), tf.argmax(Y, 1))
# Calculate accuracy
accuracy = tf.reduce_mean(tf.cast(is_correct, tf.float32))
```

```
# parameters
training_epochs = 15
batch_size = 100
print("train data 라인 수? ", mnist.train.num_examples)
print("test data 라인 수? ", mnist.test.num_examples)
```

ex10\_2.ipynb

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```
with tf.Session() as sess:
```

```
    # Initialize TensorFlow variables
    sess.run(tf.global_variables_initializer())
```

```
    # Training cycle
```

```
    for epoch in range(training_epochs):
        avg_cost = 0
        total_batch = int(mnist.train.num_examples / batch_size)
```

```
        for i in range(total_batch):
            batch_xs, batch_ys = mnist.train.next_batch(batch_size)
            c, _ = sess.run([cost, optimizer], feed_dict={
                X: batch_xs, Y: batch_ys})
            avg_cost += c / total_batch
```

```
        print('Epoch:', '%04d' % (epoch + 1),
              'cost =', '{:.9f}'.format(avg_cost))
```

```
    print("Learning finished")
```

```
    # Test the model using test sets
```

```
    print("Accuracy: ", accuracy.eval(session=sess,
        feed_dict={X: mnist.test.images, Y: mnist.test.labels}))
```

```
    # Get one and predict
```

```
    r = random.randint(0, mnist.test.num_examples - 1)
    print("Label: ", sess.run(tf.argmax(mnist.test.labels[r:r+1], 1)))
    print("Prediction: ", sess.run(tf.argmax(hypothesis, 1),
        feed_dict={X: mnist.test.images[r:r+1]}))
```

```
    plt.imshow(mnist.test.images[r:r+1].reshape(28, 28), cmap='Greys',
        interpolation='nearest')
    plt.show()
```

## Softmax classifier for MNIST

## Softmax classifier for MNIST

```
Extracting MNIST_data/train-images-idx3-ubyte.gz
Extracting MNIST_data/train-labels-idx1-ubyte.gz
Extracting MNIST_data/t10k-images-idx3-ubyte.gz
Extracting MNIST_data/t10k-labels-idx1-ubyte.gz
```

train data 라인 수? 55000

test data 라인 수? 10000

Epoch: 0001 cost = 2.894389681

Epoch: 0002 cost = 1.080790195

Epoch: 0003 cost = 0.865806108

Epoch: 0004 cost = 0.760368443

Epoch: 0005 cost = 0.693575929

Epoch: 0006 cost = 0.646156849

Epoch: 0007 cost = 0.609966863

Epoch: 0008 cost = 0.580936535

Epoch: 0009 cost = 0.556751010

Epoch: 0010 cost = 0.536568020

Epoch: 0011 cost = 0.518954003

Epoch: 0012 cost = 0.503147648

Epoch: 0013 cost = 0.489707803

Epoch: 0014 cost = 0.477875153

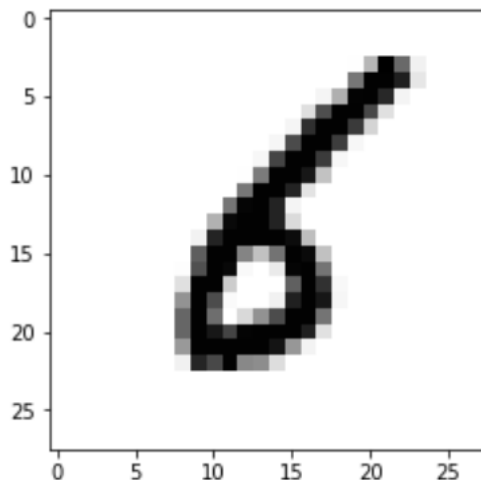
Epoch: 0015 cost = 0.466704109

Learning finished

Accuracy: 0.891

Label: [6]

Prediction: [6]



# NN for MNIST

# NN for MNIST (ReLU)

```
import tensorflow as tf
import random
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
from tensorflow.examples.tutorials.mnist import input_data
tf.set_random_seed(777) # reproducibility
mnist = input_data.read_data_sets("MNIST_data/", one_hot=True)
```

*# parameters*

```
learning_rate = 0.001
training_epochs = 15
batch_size = 100
```

*# input place holders*

```
X = tf.placeholder(tf.float32, [None, 784])
Y = tf.placeholder(tf.float32, [None, 10])
```

*# weights & bias for nn layers (3단으로 구성)*

```
W1 = tf.Variable(tf.random_normal([784, 256]))
b1 = tf.Variable(tf.random_normal([256]))
L1 = tf.nn.relu(tf.matmul(X, W1) + b1)
```

```
W2 = tf.Variable(tf.random_normal([256, 256]))
b2 = tf.Variable(tf.random_normal([256]))
L2 = tf.nn.relu(tf.matmul(L1, W2) + b2)
```

```
W3 = tf.Variable(tf.random_normal([256, 10]))
b3 = tf.Variable(tf.random_normal([10]))
hypothesis = tf.nn.softmax(tf.matmul(L2, W3) + b3)
```

*# define cost/loss & optimizer*

```
cost = tf.reduce_mean(tf.nn.softmax_cross_entropy_with_logits(logits=hypothesis, labels=Y))
optimizer = tf.train.AdamOptimizer(learning_rate=learning_rate).minimize(cost)
```

## NN for MNIST (ReLU)

```
# initialize
sess = tf.Session()
sess.run(tf.global_variables_initializer())

# train my model
for epoch in range(training_epochs):
    avg_cost = 0
    total_batch = int(mnist.train.num_examples / batch_size)

    for i in range(total_batch):
        batch_xs, batch_ys = mnist.train.next_batch(batch_size)
        feed_dict = {X: batch_xs, Y: batch_ys}
        c, _ = sess.run([cost, optimizer], feed_dict=feed_dict)
        avg_cost += c / total_batch
    print('Epoch:', '%04d' % (epoch + 1), 'cost =', '{:.9f}'.format(avg_cost))
print('Learning Finished!')

# Test model and check accuracy
correct_prediction = tf.equal(tf.argmax(hypothesis, 1), tf.argmax(Y, 1))
accuracy = tf.reduce_mean(tf.cast(correct_prediction, tf.float32))
print('Accuracy:', sess.run(accuracy, feed_dict={X: mnist.test.images, Y: mnist.test.labels}))

# Get one and predict
r = random.randint(0, mnist.test.num_examples - 1)
print("Label: ", sess.run(tf.argmax(mnist.test.labels[r:r + 1], 1)))
print("Prediction: ", sess.run(tf.argmax(hypothesis, 1), feed_dict={X: mnist.test.images[r:r + 1]}))

plt.imshow(mnist.test.images[r:r + 1].reshape(28, 28), cmap='Greys', interpolation='nearest')
plt.show()
```

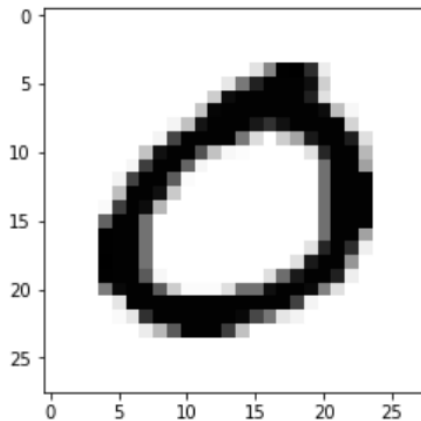
## NN for MNIST (ReLU)

### Softmax classifier for MNIST

Learning Finished!  
Accuracy: 0.891  
Label: [6]  
Prediction: [6]



```
Extracting MNIST_data/train-images-idx3-ubyte.gz
Extracting MNIST_data/train-labels-idx1-ubyte.gz
Extracting MNIST_data/t10k-images-idx3-ubyte.gz
Extracting MNIST_data/t10k-labels-idx1-ubyte.gz
Epoch: 0001 cost = 157.733483412
Epoch: 0002 cost = 39.615378581
Epoch: 0003 cost = 24.751927294
Epoch: 0004 cost = 17.287412878
Epoch: 0005 cost = 12.414808827
Epoch: 0006 cost = 9.144174436
Epoch: 0007 cost = 6.906447330
Epoch: 0008 cost = 5.139310880
Epoch: 0009 cost = 3.913037534
Epoch: 0010 cost = 2.887293900
Epoch: 0011 cost = 2.229416456
Epoch: 0012 cost = 1.662174887
Epoch: 0013 cost = 1.319727440
Epoch: 0014 cost = 0.981397172
Epoch: 0015 cost = 0.756970026
Learning Finished!
Accuracy: 0.9409
Label: [0]
Prediction: [0]
```



# Xavier for MNIST

```
import tensorflow as tf
import random
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
from tensorflow.examples.tutorials.mnist import input_data
tf.set_random_seed(777) # reproducibility
tf.reset_default_graph() # 여러 번 실행할 경우, 주피터 노트북 환경에서는 리셋이 필요함
mnist = input_data.read_data_sets("MNIST_data/", one_hot=True)
# parameters
learning_rate = 0.001
training_epochs = 15
batch_size = 100
# input place holders
X = tf.placeholder(tf.float32, [None, 784])
Y = tf.placeholder(tf.float32, [None, 10])
```

```
# weights & bias for nn layers
# http://stackoverflow.com/questions/33640581/how-to-do-xavier-initialization-on-tensorflow
W1 = tf.get_variable("W1", shape=[784, 256], initializer=tf.contrib.layers.xavier_initializer())
b1 = tf.Variable(tf.random_normal([256]))
L1 = tf.nn.relu(tf.matmul(X, W1) + b1)

W2 = tf.get_variable("W2", shape=[256, 256], initializer=tf.contrib.layers.xavier_initializer())
b2 = tf.Variable(tf.random_normal([256]))
L2 = tf.nn.relu(tf.matmul(L1, W2) + b2)

W3 = tf.get_variable("W3", shape=[256, 10], initializer=tf.contrib.layers.xavier_initializer())
b3 = tf.Variable(tf.random_normal([10]))
hypothesis = tf.nn.softmax(tf.matmul(L2, W3) + b3)
```

```
# define cost/loss & optimizer
cost = tf.reduce_mean(tf.nn.softmax_cross_entropy_with_logits(logits=hypothesis, labels=Y))
optimizer = tf.train.AdamOptimizer(learning_rate=learning_rate).minimize(cost)
```

## Xavier for MNIST

## Xavier for MNIST

```
# initialize
sess = tf.Session()
sess.run(tf.global_variables_initializer())

# train my model
for epoch in range(training_epochs):
    avg_cost = 0
    total_batch = int(mnist.train.num_examples / batch_size)

    for i in range(total_batch):
        batch_xs, batch_ys = mnist.train.next_batch(batch_size)
        feed_dict = {X: batch_xs, Y: batch_ys}
        c, _ = sess.run([cost, optimizer], feed_dict=feed_dict)
        avg_cost += c / total_batch
    print('Epoch:', '%04d' % (epoch + 1), 'cost =', '{:.9f}'.format(avg_cost))
print('Learning Finished!')

# Test model and check accuracy
correct_prediction = tf.equal(tf.argmax(hypothesis, 1), tf.argmax(Y, 1))
accuracy = tf.reduce_mean(tf.cast(correct_prediction, tf.float32))
print('Accuracy (Xavier) :', sess.run(accuracy, feed_dict={X: mnist.test.images, Y: mnist.test.labels}))

# Get one and predict
r = random.randint(0, mnist.test.num_examples - 1)
print("Label: ", sess.run(tf.argmax(mnist.test.labels[r:r + 1], 1)))
print("Prediction: ", sess.run(tf.argmax(hypothesis, 1), feed_dict={X: mnist.test.images[r:r + 1]}))

plt.imshow(mnist.test.images[r:r + 1].reshape(28, 28), cmap='Greys', interpolation='nearest')
plt.show()
```

# Softmax classifier for MNIST

ex10\_4.ipynb

(Notes)

Learning Finished!  
 Accuracy: 0.891  
 Label: [6]  
 Prediction: [6]

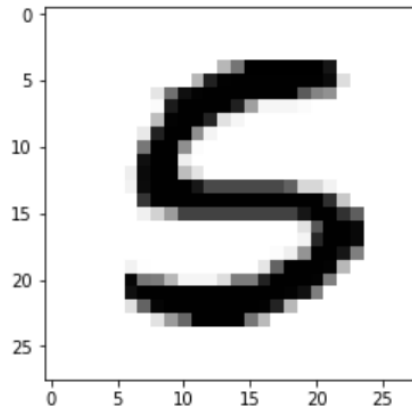
## NN for MNIST(ReLU)

Epoch: 0001 cost = 157.733483412  
 Epoch: 0002 cost = 39.615378581  
 Epoch: 0003 cost = 24.751927294  
 Epoch: 0004 cost = 17.287412878  
 Epoch: 0005 cost = 12.414808827  
 Epoch: 0006 cost = 9.144174436  
 Epoch: 0007 cost = 6.906447330  
 Epoch: 0008 cost = 5.139310880  
 Epoch: 0009 cost = 3.913037534  
 Epoch: 0010 cost = 2.887293900  
 Epoch: 0011 cost = 2.229416456  
 Epoch: 0012 cost = 1.662174887  
 Epoch: 0013 cost = 1.319727440  
 Epoch: 0014 cost = 0.981397172  
 Epoch: 0015 cost = 0.756970026  
 Learning Finished!  
 Accuracy: 0.9409  
 Label: [0]  
 Prediction: [0]



Extracting MNIST\_data/train-images-idx3-ubyte.gz  
 Extracting MNIST\_data/train-labels-idx1-ubyte.gz  
 Extracting MNIST\_data/t10k-images-idx3-ubyte.gz  
 Extracting MNIST\_data/t10k-labels-idx1-ubyte.gz  
 Epoch: 0001 cost = 0.288715202  
 Epoch: 0002 cost = 0.108830303  
 Epoch: 0003 cost = 0.070484336  
 Epoch: 0004 cost = 0.050766690  
 Epoch: 0005 cost = 0.037596774  
 Epoch: 0006 cost = 0.028400295  
 Epoch: 0007 cost = 0.025659041  
 Epoch: 0008 cost = 0.017986738  
 Epoch: 0009 cost = 0.015344570  
 Epoch: 0010 cost = 0.016166556  
 Epoch: 0011 cost = 0.013296543  
 Epoch: 0012 cost = 0.008216371  
 Epoch: 0013 cost = 0.012122193  
 Epoch: 0014 cost = 0.009940228  
 Epoch: 0015 cost = 0.009169801  
 Learning Finished!  
 Accuracy (Xavier) : 0.9803  
 Label: [5]  
 Prediction: [5]

## Xavier for MNIST



# Deep NN for MNIST

## Deep NN for MNIST

```
import tensorflow as tf
import random
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt

from tensorflow.examples.tutorials.mnist import input_data

tf.set_random_seed(777) # reproducibility
tf.reset_default_graph() # 여러 번 실행할 경우, 주피터 노트북 환경에서는 리셋이 필요함

mnist = input_data.read_data_sets("MNIST_data/", one_hot=True)
# Check out https://www.tensorflow.org/get_started/mnist/beginners for
# more information about the mnist dataset

# parameters
learning_rate = 0.001
training_epochs = 15
batch_size = 100

# input place holders
X = tf.placeholder(tf.float32, [None, 784])
Y = tf.placeholder(tf.float32, [None, 10])
```

## Deep NN for MNIST

```

# weights & bias for nn layers (5단으로 구성)
# http://stackoverflow.com/questions/33640581/how-to-do-xavier-initialization-on-tensorflow
W1 = tf.get_variable("W1", shape=[784, 512], initializer=tf.contrib.layers.xavier_initializer())
b1 = tf.Variable(tf.random_normal([512]))
L1 = tf.nn.relu(tf.matmul(X, W1) + b1)

W2 = tf.get_variable("W2", shape=[512, 512], initializer=tf.contrib.layers.xavier_initializer())
b2 = tf.Variable(tf.random_normal([512]))
L2 = tf.nn.relu(tf.matmul(L1, W2) + b2)

W3 = tf.get_variable("W3", shape=[512, 512], initializer=tf.contrib.layers.xavier_initializer())
b3 = tf.Variable(tf.random_normal([512]))
L3 = tf.nn.relu(tf.matmul(L2, W3) + b3)

W4 = tf.get_variable("W4", shape=[512, 512], initializer=tf.contrib.layers.xavier_initializer())
b4 = tf.Variable(tf.random_normal([512]))
L4 = tf.nn.relu(tf.matmul(L3, W4) + b4)

W5 = tf.get_variable("W5", shape=[512, 10], initializer=tf.contrib.layers.xavier_initializer())
b5 = tf.Variable(tf.random_normal([10]))
hypothesis = tf.nn.softmax(tf.matmul(L4, W5) + b5)

# define cost/loss & optimizer
cost = tf.reduce_mean(tf.nn.softmax_cross_entropy_with_logits(logits=hypothesis, labels=Y))
optimizer = tf.train.AdamOptimizer(learning_rate=learning_rate).minimize(cost)

```

## Deep NN for MNIST

```

# initialize
sess = tf.Session()
sess.run(tf.global_variables_initializer())

# train my model
for epoch in range(training_epochs):
    avg_cost = 0
    total_batch = int(mnist.train.num_examples / batch_size)

    for i in range(total_batch):
        batch_xs, batch_ys = mnist.train.next_batch(batch_size)
        feed_dict = {X: batch_xs, Y: batch_ys}
        c, _ = sess.run([cost, optimizer], feed_dict=feed_dict)
        avg_cost += c / total_batch
    print('Epoch:', '%04d' % (epoch + 1), 'cost =', '{:.9f}'.format(avg_cost))
print('Learning Finished!')

# Test model and check accuracy
correct_prediction = tf.equal(tf.argmax(hypothesis, 1), tf.argmax(Y, 1))
accuracy = tf.reduce_mean(tf.cast(correct_prediction, tf.float32))
print('Accuracy:', sess.run(accuracy, feed_dict={X: mnist.test.images, Y: mnist.test.labels}))

# Get one and predict
r = random.randint(0, mnist.test.num_examples - 1)
print("Label: ", sess.run(tf.argmax(mnist.test.labels[r:r + 1], 1)))
print("Prediction: ", sess.run(tf.argmax(hypothesis, 1), feed_dict={X: mnist.test.images[r:r + 1]}))

plt.imshow(mnist.test.images[r:r + 1].reshape(28, 28), cmap='Greys', interpolation='nearest')
plt.show()

```

## Softmax classifier for MNIST

Learning Finished!  
Accuracy: 0.891  
Label: [6]  
Prediction: [6]

## NN for MNIST(ReLU)

Learning Finished!  
Accuracy: 0.9409  
Label: [0]  
Prediction: [0]

## Xavier for MNIST

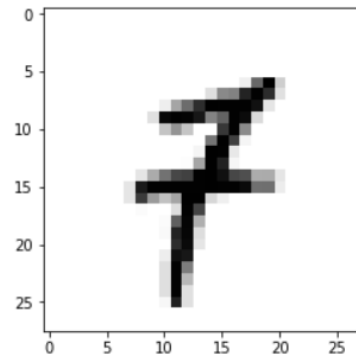
Learning Finished!  
Accuracy (Xavier) : 0.9803  
Label: [5]  
Prediction: [5]



```
Extracting MNIST_data/train-images-idx3-ubyte.gz
Extracting MNIST_data/train-labels-idx1-ubyte.gz
Extracting MNIST_data/t10k-images-idx3-ubyte.gz
Extracting MNIST_data/t10k-labels-idx1-ubyte.gz
Epoch: 0001 cost = 0.293043509
Epoch: 0002 cost = 0.101662572
Epoch: 0003 cost = 0.069667759
Epoch: 0004 cost = 0.051410287
Epoch: 0005 cost = 0.041484293
Epoch: 0006 cost = 0.035476658
Epoch: 0007 cost = 0.030571641
Epoch: 0008 cost = 0.025109763
Epoch: 0009 cost = 0.023301485
Epoch: 0010 cost = 0.020631982
Epoch: 0011 cost = 0.020126167
Epoch: 0012 cost = 0.016526681
Epoch: 0013 cost = 0.017930981
Epoch: 0014 cost = 0.014518772
Epoch: 0015 cost = 0.013578182
Learning Finished!
Accuracy (Deep NN) : 0.9746
Label: [7]
Prediction: [7]
```



## Deep NN for MNIST



Over fitting ??  
→ Dropout 필요..

# Dropout for MNIST

## Dropout for MNIST

```
import tensorflow as tf
import random
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
from tensorflow.examples.tutorials.mnist import input_data
tf.set_random_seed(777) # reproducibility
tf.reset_default_graph() # 여러 번 실행할 경우, 주피터 노트북 환경에서는 리셋이 필요함

mnist = input_data.read_data_sets("MNIST_data/", one_hot=True)
# Check out https://www.tensorflow.org/get\_started/mnist/beginners for
# more information about the mnist dataset

# parameters
learning_rate = 0.001
training_epochs = 15
batch_size = 100
total_batch = int(mnist.train.num_examples / batch_size)

# input place holders
X = tf.placeholder(tf.float32, [None, 784])
Y = tf.placeholder(tf.float32, [None, 10])

# dropout (keep_prob) rate 0.7 on training, but should be 1 for testing
keep_prob = tf.placeholder(tf.float32)
```

*# weights & bias for nn layers*

*# <http://stackoverflow.com/questions/33640581/how-to-do-xavier-initialization-on-tensorflow>*

W1 = tf.get\_variable("W1", shape=[784, 512], **initializer=tf.contrib.layers.xavier\_initializer()**)

b1 = tf.Variable(tf.random\_normal([512]))

**L1 = tf.nn.relu**(tf.matmul(X, W1) + b1)

L1 = **tf.nn.dropout**(L1, **keep\_prob=keep\_prob**)

Dropout for MNIST

W2 = tf.get\_variable("W2", shape=[512, 512], **initializer=tf.contrib.layers.xavier\_initializer()**)

b2 = tf.Variable(tf.random\_normal([512]))

**L2 = tf.nn.relu**(tf.matmul(L1, W2) + b2)

L2 = **tf.nn.dropout**(L2, **keep\_prob=keep\_prob**)

W3 = tf.get\_variable("W3", shape=[512, 512], **initializer=tf.contrib.layers.xavier\_initializer()**)

b3 = tf.Variable(tf.random\_normal([512]))

**L3 = tf.nn.relu**(tf.matmul(L2, W3) + b3)

L3 = **tf.nn.dropout**(L3, **keep\_prob=keep\_prob**)

W4 = tf.get\_variable("W4", shape=[512, 512], **initializer=tf.contrib.layers.xavier\_initializer()**)

b4 = tf.Variable(tf.random\_normal([512]))

**L4 = tf.nn.relu**(tf.matmul(L3, W4) + b4)

L4 = **tf.nn.dropout**(L4, **keep\_prob=keep\_prob**)

W5 = tf.get\_variable("W5", shape=[512, 10], **initializer=tf.contrib.layers.xavier\_initializer()**)

b5 = tf.Variable(tf.random\_normal([10]))

**hypothesis = tf.nn.softmax**(tf.matmul(L4, W5) + b5)

*# define cost/loss & optimizer*

cost = tf.reduce\_mean(tf.nn.softmax\_cross\_entropy\_with\_logits(logits=hypothesis, labels=Y))

optimizer = **tf.train.AdamOptimizer**(learning\_rate=learning\_rate).minimize(cost)

## Dropout for MNIST

```

# initialize
sess = tf.Session()
sess.run(tf.global_variables_initializer())

# train my model
for epoch in range(training_epochs):
    avg_cost = 0

    for i in range(total_batch):
        batch_xs, batch_ys = mnist.train.next_batch(batch_size)
        feed_dict = {X: batch_xs, Y: batch_ys, keep_prob: 0.7} # training data에서 유지할 비율을 입력
        c, _ = sess.run([cost, optimizer], feed_dict=feed_dict)
        avg_cost += c / total_batch
    print('Epoch:', '%04d' % (epoch + 1), 'cost =', '{:.9f}'.format(avg_cost))
print('Learning Finished!')

# Test model and check accuracy
correct_prediction = tf.equal(tf.argmax(hypothesis, 1), tf.argmax(Y, 1))
accuracy = tf.reduce_mean(tf.cast(correct_prediction, tf.float32))
print('Accuracy (Dropout):', sess.run(accuracy, feed_dict={X: mnist.test.images, Y: mnist.test.labels, keep_prob: 1}))
# test : test data에서 100% 사용해야 함

# Get one and predict
r = random.randint(0, mnist.test.num_examples - 1)
print("Label: ", sess.run(tf.argmax(mnist.test.labels[r:r + 1], 1)))
print("Prediction: ", sess.run(tf.argmax(hypothesis, 1), feed_dict={X: mnist.test.images[r:r + 1], keep_prob: 1}))
# test : test data에서 100% 사용해야 함

plt.imshow(mnist.test.images[r:r + 1].reshape(28, 28), cmap='Greys', interpolation='nearest')
plt.show()

```

## Softmax classifier for MNIST

Learning Finished!  
Accuracy: 0.891  
Label: [6]  
Prediction: [6]

ex10\_6.ipynb

(Notes)

## NN for MNIST(ReLU)

Learning Finished!  
Accuracy: 0.9409  
Label: [0]  
Prediction: [0]



## Xavier for MNIST

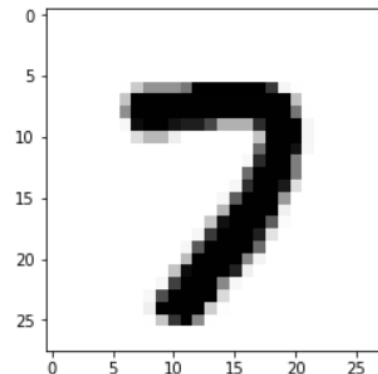
Learning Finished!  
Accuracy (Xavier) : 0.9803  
Label: [5]  
Prediction: [5]

## Deep NN for MNIST

Learning Finished!  
Accuracy (Deep NN) : 0.9746  
Label: [7]  
Prediction: [7]

Extracting MNIST\_data/train-images-idx3-ubyte.gz  
Extracting MNIST\_data/train-labels-idx1-ubyte.gz  
Extracting MNIST\_data/t10k-images-idx3-ubyte.gz  
Extracting MNIST\_data/t10k-labels-idx1-ubyte.gz  
Epoch: 0001 cost = 0.456952580  
Epoch: 0002 cost = 0.169334593  
Epoch: 0003 cost = 0.130340332  
Epoch: 0004 cost = 0.108162031  
Epoch: 0005 cost = 0.092491395  
Epoch: 0006 cost = 0.083232253  
Epoch: 0007 cost = 0.073448378  
Epoch: 0008 cost = 0.067860136  
Epoch: 0009 cost = 0.065150652  
Epoch: 0010 cost = 0.057729495  
Epoch: 0011 cost = 0.056347424  
Epoch: 0012 cost = 0.054186034  
Epoch: 0013 cost = 0.048335011  
Epoch: 0014 cost = 0.051020966  
Epoch: 0015 cost = 0.044033949  
Learning Finished!  
Accuracy (Dropout): 0.9835  
Label: [7]  
Prediction: [7]

## Dropout for MNIST



# Summary

- Softmax
- Neural Nets
- Xavier initialization
- Deep Neural Nets with Dropout
- Adam and other optimizers