PRACTICAL- 01

mysql> select * from salesman;

+			+
salesman_id	'	, ,	comission
5001 5002 5003 5005 5006	James Hoog Nail Knite Lauson Hen Pit Alex Mc Lyon Paul Adam	New York Paris London	0.15 0.13 0.12 0.11 0.14 0.13

6 rows in set (0.00 sec)

mysql> select * from customer;

3001 Brad Guzan London NULL NULL 3002 Nick Rimando New York 100 5001 3003 Jozy Altidor Moscow 200 5007 3004 Fabian Johnson Paris 300 5006 3005 Graham Zusi California 200 5002		customer_id	customer_name	city	grade	salesman_id
3007 Brad Davis New York 200 5001 3008 Julian Green London 300 5002 3009 Geoff Cameron Berlin 100 NULL	+ 	3002 3003 3004 3005 3007 3008	Nick Rimando Jozy Altidor Fabian Johnson Graham Zusi Brad Davis Julian Green	New York Moscow Paris California New York London	100 200 300 200 200 300	5001 5007 5006 5002 5001 5002

mysql> select * from orders;

ord_no	purch_amt	+ ord_date 	 customer_id	+ salesman_id
70001	150.5	2012-10-05	3005	5002
70002	65.26	2012-10-05	3002	5001
70003	2480.4	2012-10-10	3009	NULL
70004	110.5	2012-08-17	3009	NULL
70005	2400.6	2012-07-27	3007	5001
70007	948.5	2012-09-10	3005	5002
70008	5760	2012-09-10	3002	5001
70009	270.65	2012-09-10	3001	NULL
70010	1983.43	2012-10-10	3004	5006
70011	75.29	2012-08-17	3003	5007
70012	250.45	2012-06-27	3008	5002
+	·	+		+

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1. Display name and commission for all the salesmen.

2. Retrieve salesman id of all salesmen from orders table without any repeats.

3. Display names and city of salesman, who belongs to the city of Paris.

4. Display all the information for those customers with a grade of 200.

```
| customer_id | customer_where grade=200;
| customer_id | customer_name | city | grade | salesman_id |
| 3803 | Jozy Altidor | Moscow | 200 | 5807 |
| 3805 | Graham Zusi | California | 200 | 5802 |
| 3807 | Brad Davis | New York | 200 | 5801 |
```

5. Display the order number, order date and the purchase amount for order(s) which will be delivered by the salesman with ID 5001

```
mysql> select ord_no,ord_date,purch_amt from orders where salesman_id=5001;;

| ord_no | ord_date | purch_amt |
| 70002 | 2012-10-05 | 65.26 |
| 70005 | 2012-07-27 | 2400.6 |
| 70008 | 2012-09-10 | 5760 |
| 3 rows in set (0.01 sec)
```

6. Display all the customers, who are either belongs to the city New York or not had a grade above 100.

```
mysql> select * from customer where city='New York' or not grade >100;;

| customer_id | customer_name | city | grade | salesman_id |
| 3002 | Nick Rimando | New York | 100 | 5001 |
| 3007 | Brad Davis | New York | 200 | 5001 |
| 3009 | Geoff Cameron | Berlin | 100 | NULL |
```

7. Find those salesmen with all information who gets the commission within a range of 0.12 and 0.14.

8. Find all those customers with all information whose names are ending with the letter 'n'.

```
mysql> select * from customer where customer_name like '%n';;

| customer_id | customer_name | city | grade | salesman_id |
| 3001 | Brad Guzan | London | NULL | NULL |
| 3004 | Fabian Johnson | Paris | 300 | 5006 |
| 3008 | Julian Green | London | 300 | 5002 |
| 3009 | Geoff Cameron | Berlin | 100 | NULL |

4 rows in set (0.01 sec)
```

9. Find those salesmen with all information whose name containing the 1st character is 'N' and the 4th character is 'l' and rests may be any character.

10. Find that customer with all information who does not get any grade except NULL.

11. Find the total purchase amount of all orders.

12. Find the number of salesman currently listing for all of their customers.

13. Find the highest grade for each of the cities of the customers.

14. Find the highest purchase amount ordered by each customer with their ID and highest purchase amount.

15. Find the highest purchase amount ordered by each customer on a particular date with their ID, order date and highest purchase amount.

```
mysql> select customer_id,ord_date,max(purch_amt) from orders group by customer_id,ord_date;
| customer_id | ord_date | max(purch_amt) |
                                      150.5
         3885 | 2812-18-85 |
                 2012-10-10
          3009
                                         2480.4
          1000
                 2012-08-17
2012-07-27
                                         110.5
2488.6
                                          948.5
          3865 | 2812-89-18
          1002
                2012-09-10
2012-09-10
                                           5760
                                         270.65
          3001
          3884 | 2812-10-10
                                        1983.43
          3883 | 2812-08-17
3888 | 2812-86-27
                                         75.29
250.45
```

16. Find the highest purchase amount on a date '2012-08-17' for each salesman with their ID.

17. Find the highest purchase amount with their customer ID and order date, for only those customers who have the highest purchase amount in a day is more than 2000.

```
#ysql> select customer_id,ord_date,mux(purch_amt) from orders group by customer_id,ord_date having max(purch_amt)>2000;;

| customer_id | ord_date | max(purch_amt) |
| 3003 | 2012-10-10 | 2400.4 |
| 3007 | 2012-07-27 | 2400.6 |
| 3007 | 2012-09-10 | 5700 |
| rmms in set (0.00 sec)
```

18. Write a SQL statement that counts all orders for a date August 17th, 2012.

```
mysql> select count(*) from orders where ord_date='2012-08-17';;

+-----+
| count(*) |

+-----+
| 2 |

+-----+
1 row in set (0.00 sec)
```