## Day 4: Kubernetes

# Create a directory 'e-commerce' and its required folders and files

Create a products.csv file and app.py

```
student@mcacl-6:-/docker-python-app/ d ...
student@mcacl-6:-/docker-python-app/ d ...
student@mcacl-6:-/s to docker-python-app ed ...
student@mcacl-6:-/s to docker-python-app e-commerce
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```

Install the pandas library:

```
student@mcacc1-6:~/e-commerce/backend$ sudo apt update
sudo apt install python3-pandas
[sudo] password for student:
```

Ensure that the CSV file is read and correctly parsed into **JSON format**.

#### To verify the available port numbers

#### Create requirements.txt file

The requirements.txt file is used in Python projects to list all the dependencies (packages) that the application needs to run.

```
student@mcaccl-6:-/e-commerce/backend$ nano requirements.txt
student@mcaccl-6:-/e-commerce/backend$ cat requirements.txt
flask
pandas
```

#### Create docker-compose.yml file

docker-compose.yml is a YAML configuration file used to define and run multi-container Docker applications.

```
student@mcaccl-6:~/e-commerce/backend$ nano docker-compose.yml
student@mcaccl-6:~/e-commerce/backend$ cat docker-compose.yml
version: '3.8'

services:
    web:
    build:
    ports:
        - "7000:7000"
volumes:
        - .:/app
    restart: always
```

### **Build Docker image**

Sudo docker build -t backend:latest

#### Run the docker:

sudo docker run -d -p 7000:7000 backend:latest sudo docker logs <Generated number>

```
student@mcaccl-6:-/e-commerce/backend$ sudo docker run -d -p 7000:7000 backend:latest
93eb#7b7c8#222#395la1726f5f12913ldf0730aa00dcd8b8dd12310f1bc4a

* Serving Flask app 'app'
* Debug mode: off
WARNING: This is a development server. Do not use it in a production deployment. Use a production WSGI server instead.

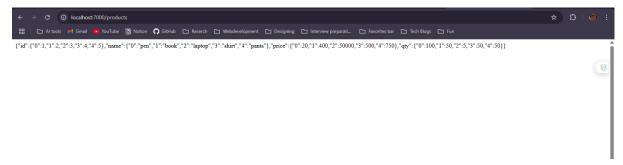
* Running on all addresses (0.0.0)

* Running on http://127.0.0.1:7000

* Running on http://127.0.0.1:7000

Press CTRL+C to quit
```

Run the application in the 7000/products



The JSON data is displayed at our port: 7000/products.

#### Create a container in frontend

Create index.html file and Dockerfile

#### Build the image using the command:

sudo docker build -t frontend:latest.

```
student@mcaccl=6:~/e-commerce/frontend$ sudo docker build -t frontend:latest .

[sudo] password for student:
DEPRECATED: The legacy builder is deprecated and will be removed in a future release.
Install the buildx component to build images with Buildkit:
https://docs.docker.com/go/buildx/

Sending build context to Docker daemon 3.584kB

Step 1/2: FRON nginx:alpine
alpine: Pulling from library/nginx
[Bi25217Webs: Pull complete
ccc3es364Q2: Pull complete
g812583C4G81: Pull complete
g812583C4G83: Pull complete
g812583C4G83: Pull complete
ab32663734G3: Pull complete
d5276G72658G1: Pull complete
g679ccG88G41: Pull complete
g679ccG8G41: Pul
```

## Kubernetes Deployment YAML Files

Create backend-deployment.yaml file and frontend-deployment.yaml in a folder k8s

These files define how our application should be deployed in the cluster.

#### Create service.yaml file

It exposes our application within or outside the cluster.

```
student@mcaccl-6:~/e-commerce/k8s$ nano service.yaml
student@mcaccl-6:~/e-commerce/k8s$ cat service.yaml
apiVersion: v1
kind: Service
metadata:
    name: backend-service
spec:
    selector:
    app: backend
ports:
    - protocol: TCP
    port: 7000
    type: ClusterIP

apiVersion: v1
kind: Service
metadata:
    name: Frontend-service
spec:
    selector:
    app: protocol: TCP
    port: 7000
    type: ClusterIP
```

#### Create configmap.yaml file

Stores configuration data as key-value pairs.

```
student@ncaccl-6:-/e-commerce/k8s$ nano configmap.yaml
student@ncaccl-6:-/e-commerce/k8s$ cat configmap.yaml
apiVersion: v1
kind: ConfigMap
metadata:
    name: backend-config
data:
DATABASE_FILE: "/backend/products.csv"
```

#### Install minikube

Minikube is a tool that allows you to run a Kubernetes cluster locally on our machine. It is designed for developers who want to test and experiment with Kubernetes without needing a full-scale cloud-based cluster.

#### Install kubectl

kubect1 is the command-line tool used to interact with a Kubernetes cluster. It allows you to deploy applications, inspect and manage cluster resources, and troubleshoot issues.

Grant permission for kubectl

#### chmod +x kubectl

Move to kubectl to root

```
student@mcaccl-6:~/e-commerce/k8s$ sudo mv kubectl/usr/local/bin/
mv: missing destination file operand after 'kubectl/usr/local/bin/'
Try 'mv --help' for more information.
student@mcaccl-6:~/e-commerce/k8s$ sudo mv kubectl /usr/local/bin/
student@mcaccl-6:~/e-commerce/k8s$
```

#### Check the minikube and kubectl installed properly

```
student@mcaccl=6;-$ kubectl version
Client Version: v1.32.3
Kustomize Version: v3.5.0
Error from server (Forbidden): <html><head><meta http-equiv='refresh' content='1;url=/login?from=%2Fversion%3Ftimeout%3D32s'/><script id='redirect' data-redirect-url='/login?
from=%2Fversion%3Ftimeout%3D32s' src='/static/dad96ebf/scripts/redirect.js'></script></head><body> style='background-color:white; color:white;'>
Authentication required
<!--
-->
</hocky></html>
student@mcaccl=6;-$ minikube version
minikube version: v1.35.0
commit: dd5d32@e41b5451cdf3c@1891bc4e13d189586ed-dirty
```

#### Start minicube: minikube start

```
student@mcaccl-6:~$ minikube start

minikube v1.35.0 on Ubuntu 24.04 (amd64)

Using the docker driver based on existing profile

Starting "minikube" primary control-plane node in "minikube" cluster

Pulling base image v0.9.46 ...

Updating the running docker "minikube" container ...

Preparing Kubernetes v1.32.0 on Docker 27.4.1 ...

Verifying Rubernetes components...

Using image gcr.1o/k8s-minikube/storage-provisioner:v5

Enabled addons: storage-provisioner, default-storageclass

Done! kubectl is now configured to use "minikube" cluster and "default" namespace by default
```

#### Verify minikube is running

```
student@mcaccl-6:~$ kubectl get nodes

NAME STATUS ROLES AGE VERSION
minikube Ready control-plane 119s v1.32.0
```

#### Load the image to the minikube

#### **Befor loading images**

**Perform this commend:** eval \$(minikube docker-env)

minikube image load frontend:latest

minikube image load backend:latest

#### Check the images are loaded

```
student@mcaccl-6:~/kubernetes/backend$ docker images | grep backend
backend
student@mcaccl-6:~/kubernetes/backend$ cd../frontend/
student@mcaccl-6:~/kubernetes/backend$ cd../frontend/
student@mcaccl-6:~/kubernetes/frontend$ docker images | grep frontend
frontend
lates ef6cz7374482 24 hours ago 47.9MB
```

Commands are used to deploy your application components (backend and frontend), expose them through a service, and provide them with the necessary configuration via a ConfigMap.

```
deployment.apps/backend created
student@mcaccl-6:~/kubernetes/k8s$ kubectl apply -f backend-deployment.yaml
deployment.apps/backend created
student@mcaccl-6:~/kubernetes/k8s$ kubectl apply -f k8s/frontend-deployment.yaml
error: the path "k8s/frontend-deployment.yam" does not exist
student@mcaccl-6:~/kubernetes/k8s$ kubectl apply -f frontend-deployment.yaml
deployment.apps/frontend created
student@mcaccl-6:~/kubernetes/k8s$ kubectl apply -f k8s/service.yaml
error: the path "k8s/service.yam" does not exist
student@mcaccl-6:~/kubernetes/k8s$ kubectl apply -f service.yaml
service/frontend-service created
service/frontend-service created
service/frontend-service created
student@mcaccl-6:~/kubernetes/k8s$ kubectl apply -f configmap.yaml
configmap/backend-config created
student@mcaccl-6:~/kubernetes/k8s$ kubectl apply -f configmap.yaml
configmap/backend-config created
```

These commands are used to list and inspect the running resources in your Kubernetes cluster:

#### kubectl get pods

#### kubectl get svc

```
        student@mcaccl-6:=/kubernetes/k8s$ kubectl get pods

        NAME
        READY
        STATUS
        RESTARTS
        AGE

        backend-dfddd5579-x22xp
        1/1
        Running
        9
        3m4s

        frontend-6cfd7c46-dsj9c
        1/1
        Running
        0
        3m1s

        student@mcaccl-6:=/kubernetes/k8s$ kubectl get svc
        NAME
        TYPE
        CluSterIP
        EXTERNAL-IP
        PORT(S)
        AGE

        backend-service
        ClusterIP
        10:104.89.56
        <none>
        5000/TCP
        3m12s

        frontend-service
        NodePort
        10:105.136.172
        <none>
        3000:30520/TCP
        3m12s

        kubernetes
        ClusterIP
        10.96.0.1
        <none>
        443/TCP
        3h53m
```

#### To test Frontend

#### To Test backend

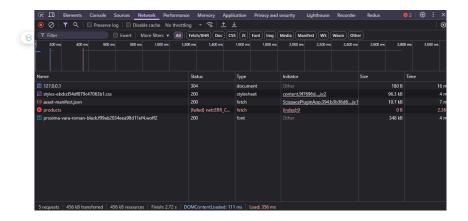
```
student@mcaccl=6:=/kubernetes/kBs$ kubectl run test-pod --image=alpine --restart=Never -it -- sh

If you don't see a command prompt, try pressing enter.

/ # kubectl get pod test-pod
sh: kubectl: not found
/ # kubectl exec -it test-pod -- sh
sh: kubectl: not found
/ # apk add curl
/ # apk add curl
/ # apk add curl
/ # cdn. alpinelinux.org/alpine/v3.21/main/x86_64/APKINDEX.tar.gz
/ # ctch https://dl-cdn.alpinelinux.org/alpine/v3.21/main/x86_64/APKINDEX.tar.gz
/ (1/9) Installing brotil-libs (1.1.0-r2)
/ (2/9) Installing cares (1.34.3-r2)
/ (3/9) Installing cares (1.34.3-r2)
/ (3/9) Installing libunistring (1.2-r0)
/ (3/9) Installing libunistring (1.2-r0)
/ (3/9) Installing injettp2-libs (1.64.0-r0)
/ (5/9) Installing injettp2-libs (1.64.0-r0)
/ (6/9) Installing libuniste (0.21.5-r2)
/ (7/9) Installing libunistring (1.2-r1)
/ (9/9) Installing libunistring (1.2-r1)
/ (9/9) Installing libunistring (1.2-r2)
/ (7/9) Installing libunistring (1.2-r3)
/ (7/9) Installing libun
```

#### Welcome to Our Store

Loading..



Note: We expect this kind of output because we are running this frontend on localhost.

## — COMPLETED —