











Ćwiczenia na przymiotniki zakończone na -ed / -ing

Ćwiczenie 1: Dopasuj słowa do definicji

◆ **Instrukcja:** Przeczytaj definicje poniżej i dopasuj do nich odpowiednie słowa z ramki. **Nie używaj tłumacza!** Spróbuj zrozumieć ich znaczenie na podstawie kontekstu.

Słowa:

 ancient |  disappointing |  delayed |  extremely |  definitely |  miraculous
 relic |  locked |  unique |  underwhelming

Definicje:

- 1 Very, very old; from a time long ago → _____
 - 2 Causing sadness because it was worse than expected → _____
 - 3 Happening later than planned or expected → _____
 - 4 To a very high degree; very much → _____
 - 5 Certainly; 100% sure → _____
 - 6 Something so incredible that it seems supernatural → _____
 - 7 An object from the past, often with historical or religious importance → _____
 - 8 Closed so that no one can open it → _____
 - 9 One of a kind; special, different from everything else → _____
 - 10 Not as good or impressive as expected → _____
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Ćwiczenie 2: Wybierz poprawne słowo (-ed vs -ing)

◆ **Instrukcja:** Wybierz właściwy przymiotnik, aby poprawnie uzupełnić zdanie.

- 1 Martin was (**bored** / boring) after watching this film.
 - 2 The journey was really (**exhausted** / exhausting).
 - 3 She felt (**disappointed** / disappointing) when she saw the hotel.
 - 4 The book was so (**interested** / interesting) that I couldn't put it down.
 - 5 I am always (**excited** / exciting) before a holiday.
 - 6 The speech was really (**inspired** / inspiring) and made me think.
 - 7 We were all (**shocked** / shocking) by the news.
 - 8 His joke was not funny, it was just (**embarrassed** / embarrassing).
 - 9 The film was so (**frustrated** / frustrating) that I had to turn it off.
 - 10 She looked (**relaxed** / relaxing) after her vacation.
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Ćwiczenie 3: Uzupełnij tekst odpowiednim słowem (-ed / -ing)

◆ **Instrukcja:** Wybierz poprawne słowo z ramki i uzupełnij luki. Pamiętaj, że **-ed** opisuje emocje ludzi, a **-ing** opisuje rzeczy i sytuacje.

Słowa do wyboru:

excited | exciting | bored | boring | tired | tiring | frustrated | frustrating | relaxed | relaxing | shocked | shocking

A Disappointing Trip

Last weekend, I went on a trip to the mountains. At first, I was really (1) _____ because I love nature and hiking. The journey, however, was quite (2) _____ because we had to take three different buses to get there.

When we finally arrived, I was a bit (3) _____ because the place looked very different from the pictures. The weather was terrible, and the campsite was half-empty, which made the whole experience quite (4) _____.

The first night, I couldn't sleep well because of the noisy neighbors, and I felt completely (5) _____ the next morning. Still, I was determined to enjoy the trip. We went on a long hike, which was extremely (6) _____, but the views from the top were really (7) _____.

On the third day, something (8) _____ happened. A storm started, and we got stuck in a small cabin with some strangers. At first, it was a bit (9) _____, but then we all started talking and sharing food. The evening turned out to be really (10) _____, and I felt truly (11) _____ by the end of the trip.

Although some parts of the journey were quite (12) _____, it was definitely an unforgettable experience!

📌 **Dodatkowe wyzwania dla ucznia:**

- 💡 Poproś Wojciecha, żeby przeczytał tekst na głos i podkreślił różnicę w wymowie.
 - 💡 Po wykonaniu ćwiczeń niech spróbuje **wytłumaczyć, dlaczego wybrał dane słowo**.
 - 💡 Możecie wspólnie wymyślić **alternatywne zdania** lub **zmienić historię na pozytywną!**
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🚀 **Gotowe!** Ten zestaw ćwiczeń łączy **odkrywanie znaczenia słów, wybór poprawnych form oraz praktykę w kontekście**. Co myślisz? 😊