

MySQL ON DELETE CASCADE

Summary: in this tutorial, you will learn how to use MySQL ON DELETE CASCADE referential action for a foreign key to delete data from multiple related tables.

In the previous tutorial, you learned how to delete data from multiple related tables using a single

DELETE (https://www.mysqltutorial.org/mysql-delete-statement.aspx) statement. However, MySQL provides a

more effective way called ON DELETE CASCADE referential action for a foreign key

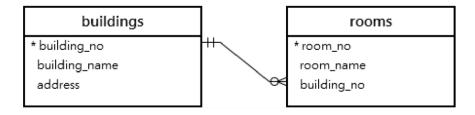
(https://www.mysqltutorial.org/mysql-foreign-key/) that allows you to delete data from child tables automatically when you delete the data from the parent table.

MySQL ON DELETE CASCADE example

Let's take a look at an example of using MySQL ON DELETE CASCADE .

Suppose that we have two tables: buildings and rooms . In this database model, each building has one or many rooms. However, each room belongs to one only one building. A room would not exist without a building.

The relationship between the buildings and rooms tables is one-to-many (1:N) as illustrated in the following database diagram:



When you delete a row from the buildings table, you also want to delete all rows in the rooms table that references to the row in the buildings table. For example, when you delete a row with building no. 2 in the buildings table as the following query:

```
DELETE FROM buildings
WHERE building_no = 2;
```

You also want the rows in the rooms table that refers to building number 2 will be also removed.

The following are steps that demonstrate how the ON DELETE CASCADE referential action works.

Step 1. Create the buildings table:

```
CREATE TABLE buildings (

building_no INT PRIMARY KEY AUTO_INCREMENT,

building_name VARCHAR(255) NOT NULL,

address VARCHAR(255) NOT NULL

);
```

Step 2. Create the rooms table:

```
CREATE TABLE rooms (
    room_no INT PRIMARY KEY AUTO_INCREMENT,
    room_name VARCHAR(255) NOT NULL,
    building_no INT NOT NULL,
    FOREIGN KEY (building_no)
        REFERENCES buildings (building_no)
        ON DELETE CASCADE
);
```

Notice that the ON DELETE CASCADE clause at the end of the foreign key constraint (https://www.mysqltutorial.org/mysql-foreign-key/) definition.

Step 3. Insert rows (https://www.mysqltutorial.org/mysql-insert-multiple-rows/) into the buildings table:

Step 4. Query data from the buildings table:

```
SELECT * FROM buildings;
```

We have two rows in the buildings table.

Step 5. Insert rows (https://www.mysqltutorial.org/mysql-insert-multiple-rows/) into the rooms table:

```
INSERT INTO rooms(room_name,building_no)

VALUES('Amazon',1),
     ('War Room',1),
     ('Office of CEO',1),
     ('Marketing',2),
     ('Showroom',2);
```

Step 6. Query data from the rooms table:

```
SELECT * FROM rooms;
```

We have three rooms that belong to building no 1 and two rooms that belong to the building no 2.

Step 7. Delete (https://www.mysqltutorial.org/mysql-delete-statement.aspx) the building with building no. 2:

```
DELETE FROM buildings
WHERE building_no = 2;
```

Step 8. Query data from rooms table:

```
SELECT * FROM rooms;
```

As you can see, all the rows that reference to building_no 2 were automatically deleted.

Notice that ON DELETE CASCADE works only with tables with the storage engines (https://www.mysqltutorial.org/understand-mysql-table-types-innodb-myisam.aspx) that support foreign keys e.g., InnoDB.

Some table types do not support foreign keys such as MyISAM so you should choose appropriate storage engines for the tables that you plan to use the MySQL ON DELETE CASCADE referential action.

Tips to find tables affected by MySQL ON DELETE CASCADE action

Sometimes, it is useful to know which table is affected by the ON DELETE CASCADE referential action when you delete data from a table. You can query this data from the referential_constraints in the information_schema database as follows:

```
USE information_schema;

SELECT
    table_name
FROM
    referential_constraints
WHERE
    constraint_schema = 'database_name'
        AND referenced_table_name = 'parent_table'
        AND delete_rule = 'CASCADE'
```

For example, to find tables that associated with the buildings table with the CASCADE deletion rule in the classic database, you use the following query:

```
USE information_schema;

SELECT
   table_name
```

```
referential_constraints

WHERE

    constraint_schema = 'classicmodels'

    AND referenced_table_name = 'buildings'

AND delete_rule = 'CASCADE'
```

In this tutorial, you have learned how to use the MySQL ON DELETE CASCADE referential action for a foreign key to delete data automatically from the child tables when you delete data from the parent table.