import pandas as pd In [2]: import numpy as np import matplotlib.pyplot as plt %matplotlib inline data = pd.read\_csv("C:/Users/Admin-PC/Downlads/pima-data.csv") In [3]: data.shape In [6]: Out[6]: (768, 10) data.describe() Out[7]: num\_preg glucose\_conc diastolic\_bp thickness insulin bmi diab\_pred skin age count 768.000000 768.000000 768.000000 768.000000 768.000000 768.000000 768.000000 768.000000 768.000000 3.845052 120.894531 20.536458 79.799479 31.992578 0.471876 33.240885 0.809136 69.105469 mean 3.369578 31.972618 19.355807 15.952218 115.244002 7.884160 0.331329 11.760232 0.628517 std 0.000000 0.000000 0.000000 0.000000 0.000000 0.000000 0.078000 21.000000 0.000000 min 1.000000 0.000000 0.000000 27.300000 0.243750 24.000000 25% 99.000000 62.000000 0.000000 30.500000 **50%** 3.000000 117.000000 72.000000 23.000000 32.000000 0.372500 29.000000 0.906200 6.000000 140.250000 80.000000 32.000000 127.250000 36.600000 0.626250 41.000000 1.260800 **75%** 122.000000 99.000000 846.000000 67.100000 2.420000 81.000000 17.000000 199.000000 3.900600 max data.head(10) In [5]: num\_preg glucose\_conc diastolic\_bp thickness insulin bmi diab\_pred age Out[5]: skin diabetes 0 6 148 72 35 0 33.6 0.627 50 1.3790 True 85 31 1.1426 66 29 0 26.6 0.351 False 8 2 183 64 0 0 23.3 0.672 32 0.0000 True 3 1 89 66 23 94 28.1 21 0.9062 0.167 False 0 137 40 4 35 168 43.1 2.288 33 1.3790 True 5 5 116 74 0 0 25.6 0.201 30 0.0000 False 6 3 78 50 32 26 1.2608 88 31.0 0.248 True 7 10 0 115 0 29 0.0000 0 35.3 0.134 False 2 70 8 197 45 543 30.5 53 1.7730 0.158 True 9 8 125 96 0 0.0 0.232 54 0.0000 True data.isnull().values.any() In [8]: Out[8]: False import seaborn as sns In [9]: import matplotlib.pyplot as plt #get correlations of each features in dataset corrmat = data.corr() top\_corr\_features = corrmat.index plt.figure(figsize=(20,20)) #plot heat map g=sns.heatmap(data[top\_corr\_features].corr(),annot=True,cmap="RdYlGn") 0.13 -0.082 -0.074 0.018 -0.034 0.54 -0.082 0.22 num\_preg 0.13 0.057 0.33 0.22 0.26 0.057 0.47 glucose\_conc - 0.8 1 0.21 0.089 0.28 0.041 0.24 0.21 0.065 diastolic\_bp thickness -0.082 0.057 0.21 0.44 0.39 0.18 -0.11 1 0.075 - 0.6 -0.074 0.089 -0.042 0.33 0.44 0.2 0.19 0.44 insulin - 0.4 0.018 0.22 0.28 0.39 0.2 0.036 0.39 0.29 bmi diab\_pred -0.0340.041 0.19 0.034 0.18 0.17 0.18 - 0.2 -0.11 0.036 0.034 -0.11 0.24 0.54 0.26 0.24 -0.042 -0.082 0.057 0.21 0.44 0.39 0.18 -0.11 <del>Sk</del>in - 0.0 0.17 0.24 0.22 0.47 0.29 diabetes bmi skin num\_preg diastolic bp thickness insulin diab\_pred age diabetes glucose\_conc In [10]: data.corr() num\_preg glucose\_conc diastolic\_bp thickness skin diabetes Out[10]: insulin bmi diab\_pred age 1.000000 0.129459 0.141282 -0.081672 -0.073535 0.017683 -0.033523 0.544341 -0.081672 0.221898 num\_preg 0.331357 0.221071 0.129459 1.000000 0.152590 0.057328 0.137337 0.263514 0.057328 0.466581 glucose\_conc 0.041265 0.239528 diastolic\_bp 0.141282 0.152590 1.000000 0.207371 0.207371 0.065068 -0.081672 0.057328 0.207371 1.000000 0.436783 0.392573 0.183928 -0.113970 1.000000 0.074752 thickness -0.042163 -0.073535 0.331357 0.088933 0.436783 1.000000 0.197859 0.185071 0.436783 0.130548 insulin 0.017683 0.197859 1.000000 0.036242 0.392573 0.292695 0.221071 0.281805 0.392573 0.140647 bmi -0.033523 0.137337 0.041265 0.183928 0.185071 0.140647 1.000000 0.033561 0.183928 0.173844 diab\_pred 0.544341 0.263514 0.239528 -0.113970 -0.042163 0.036242 0.033561 1.000000 -0.113970 0.238356 -0.081672 0.057328 0.207371 1.000000 0.436783 0.392573 0.183928 -0.113970 1.000000 0.074752 skin 0.221898 0.466581 0.074752 0.130548 0.292695 0.173844 0.238356 0.074752 1.000000 diabetes 0.065068 diabetes\_map = {True: 1, False: 0} In [11]: data['diabetes'] = data['diabetes'].map(diabetes\_map) In [14]: data.head(10) Out[14]: num\_preg glucose\_conc diastolic\_bp thickness insulin bmi diab\_pred age skin diabetes 0 6 148 72 35 0 33.6 0.627 50 1.3790 85 66 29 0 26.6 0.351 31 1.1426 0 2 8 183 64 0 0 23.3 0.672 32 0.0000 1 3 89 66 23 94 28.1 0.167 21 0.9062 0 4 137 40 35 168 43.1 2.288 33 1.3790 5 5 116 74 0 0 25.6 0.201 30 0.0000 0 50 6 3 26 1.2608 78 32 88 31.0 0.248 7 10 115 0 0 0 35.3 0.134 29 0.0000 8 2 197 70 45 543 30.5 53 1.7730 0.158 9 8 125 96 0.0 0.232 54 0.0000 diabetes\_true\_count = len(data.loc[data['diabetes'] == True]) In [15]: diabetes\_false\_count = len(data.loc[data['diabetes'] == False]) (diabetes\_true\_count, diabetes\_false\_count) In [16]: Out[16]: (268, 500) from sklearn.model selection import train test split In [17]: feature\_columns = ['num\_preg', 'glucose\_conc', 'diastolic\_bp', 'insulin', 'bmi', 'diab\_pred', 'age', 'skin'] predicted\_class = ['diabetes'] X = data[feature\_columns].values In [18]: y = data[predicted\_class].values X\_train, X\_test, y\_train, y\_test = train\_test\_split(X, y, test\_size = 0.30, random\_state=10) print("total number of rows : {0}".format(len(data))) In [19]: print("number of rows missing glucose\_conc: {0}".format(len(data.loc[data['glucose\_conc'] == 0]))) print("number of rows missing diastolic\_bp: {0}".format(len(data.loc[data['diastolic\_bp'] == 0]))) print("number of rows missing insulin: {0}".format(len(data.loc[data['insulin'] == 0]))) print("number of rows missing bmi: {0}".format(len(data.loc[data['bmi'] == 0]))) print("number of rows missing diab\_pred: {0}".format(len(data.loc[data['diab\_pred'] == 0]))) print("number of rows missing age: {0}".format(len(data.loc[data['age'] == 0]))) print("number of rows missing skin: {0}".format(len(data.loc[data['skin'] == 0]))) total number of rows : 768 number of rows missing glucose\_conc: 5 number of rows missing glucose\_conc: 5 number of rows missing diastolic\_bp: 35 number of rows missing insulin: 374 number of rows missing bmi: 11 number of rows missing diab\_pred: 0 number of rows missing age: 0 number of rows missing skin: 227 In [ ]: from sklearn.ensemble import RandomForestClassifier In [20]: random\_forest\_model = RandomForestClassifier(random\_state=10) random forest model.fit(X train, y train.ravel()) RandomForestClassifier(random\_state=10) Out[20]: predict\_train\_data = random\_forest\_model.predict(X\_test) In [21]: from sklearn import metrics print("Accuracy = {0:.3f}".format(metrics.accuracy\_score(y\_test, predict\_train\_data))) Accuracy = 0.749