```
//Creating Database named 'graph'
create database graph;
create table node(
       x int,
       y int,
       PRIMARY KEY CLUSTERED
       (
               х,
               y
       )
                                                       //Creating table To store tuples
);
insert into node values(5,5);
insert into node values(15,5);
insert into node values(5, 3);
insert into node values(11, 3);
                                                       // 1(a) . Insert Tuples into node
                                                       // 1(b) . SQL query that return all the nodes
select * from node;
                                                       // 1(c) . SQL statement that return all nodes whose x
select * from node where x=y;
                                                       and y co-ordinates are same
create table graphedges (
       px int,
       py int,
       cx int,
       cy int,
       weight int DEFAULT 1,
       PRIMARY KEY CLUSTERED
       (
               px,
               ру,
               cx,
               cy
       ),
       foreign key (px, py) REFERENCES node(x, y)
       on delete cascade,
       foreign key (cx, cy) REFERENCES node(x, y)
       on delete cascade
                                                       //Relational schema to store edges between the nodes
);
insert into graphedges values(5,5,15,5,10);
insert into graphedges values(5,5,5,3,2);
insert into graphedges values(5,5,11,3,3);
insert into graphedges values(11,3,5,3,6);
insert into graphedges values(15,5,5,3,7);
                                                       // 2 (a) . Inserting tuples maintaining constraints of 3
```

```
update graphedges set weight = 10  
where (px = 5 and py = 5 and cx = 15 and cy = 5);  
// 2 (b) . Update an edge  
SELECT * FROM graphedges;  
// 2 (c) . Show all the edges  
DELETE FROM nodes  
WHERE x=15 and y =5;  
// Checking node delete maintaining constraints of 3
```