

## ASSIGNMENT 6 – Lab6

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```
# A1.Generate 100 random numbers between 101 and
200. Count the frequency of numbers in the
different ranges
# [101-125, 126-150, 151-175, 176-200]

import random

range_101_125 = 0
range_126_150 = 0
range_151_175 = 0
range_176_200 = 0

for _ in range(100):
    random_number = random.randint(101, 200)

    if 101 <= random_number <= 125:
        range_101_125 += 1
    elif 126 <= random_number <= 150:
        range_126_150 += 1
    elif 151 <= random_number <= 175:
        range_151_175 += 1
    elif 176 <= random_number <= 200:
        range_176_200 += 1

print("Frequency in [101-125]:", range_101_125)
print("Frequency in [126-150]:", range_126_150)
print("Frequency in [151-175]:", range_151_175)
print("Frequency in [176-200]:", range_176_200)
```

# A2. Write a function to generate a random alphanumeric string with 6 characters. There must be one uppercase, one lower case, one digit in the string and all string should start with an uppercase letter.  
# Call the function 100 times and check how many time a digit is available at second position.

```
import random
import string

def random_str():
    upper = random.choice(string.ascii_uppercase)
    lower = random.choice(string.ascii_lowercase)
    digit = random.choice(string.digits)
    chars = string.ascii_letters + string.digits

    remaining = ''.join(random.choice(chars) for _ in
range(3))

    str = upper + lower + digit + remaining

    str_list = list(str)
    random.shuffle(str_list)
    return ''.join(str_list)

count_digits = 0
for _ in range(100):
    random_string = random_str()
    if random_string[1].isdigit():
        count_digits = count_digits+1

print(count_digits)
```

# 3. Write a program to reverse a List(without using reverse function)

```
def reverse(lst):  
    rev_lst = []  
    for n in lst:  
        rev_lst.insert(0, n)  
    return rev_lst  
  
print(reverse([1,2,3,4,5]))
```

# 4. Write a program to sort the alphabets in a string(without using sort function)

```
def sort(str):  
    chars = list(str)  
    n = len(chars)  
    for i in range(n-1):  
        for j in range(n-1-i):  
            if chars[j] > chars[j+1]:  
                # swap  
                chars[j], chars[j+1] = chars[j+1],  
chars[j]  
    sorted_str = ''.join(chars)  
    return sorted_str  
  
print(sort("ARGHAMALLICK"))
```

# 5.A) Using function, write a program to input n numbers into a list and arrange the numbers in descending order using Bubble sort technique.

# 5.B) Accept another number(P) to search the sorted list using linear search algorithm. If the search element is present in the list then print "Search successful else print "Search unsuccessful".

# 6. Using question No. 5(A): Accept another number(P) to search the sorted list using binary search algorithm. If the search element is present in the list then print "Search successful" else print "Search unsuccessful".

```
def bubble_sort_descending(lst):
    n = len(lst)
    for i in range(n-1):
        for j in range(n-1-i):
            if lst[j] < lst[j+1]:
                lst[j], lst[j+1] = lst[j+1], lst[j]
    return lst
```

```
def linear_search(lst, p):
    for n in lst:
        if n == p:
            print("Search Successful")
            return
    print("Search Unsuccessful")
```

```
def binary_search(sorted_lst, p):
    first = 0
    last = len(sorted_lst)-1
    while first <= last:
        mid = (first+last) // 2
        if sorted_lst[mid] == p:
            print("Search Successful")
```

```

        return
    elif sorted_lst[mid] < p:
        last = mid-1
    else:
        first = mid+1
print("Search Unsuccessful")

def main():
    lst = []
    n = int(input("Enter the number of elements: "))
    for _ in range(n):
        lst.append(int(input("Enter number: ")))

    sorted_lst = bubble_sort_descending(lst)
    print("Sorted in Descending Order:", sorted_lst)

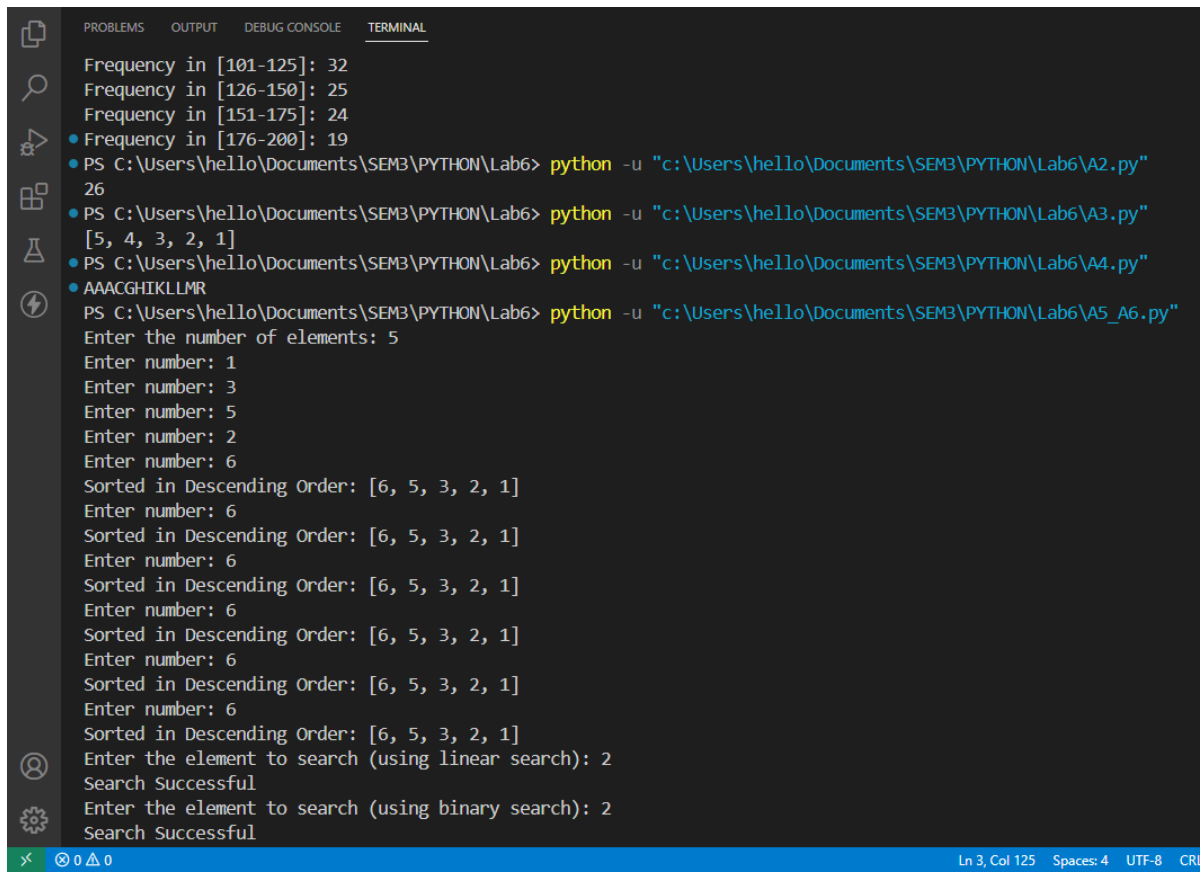
    p = int(input("Enter the element to search (using
linear search): "))
    linear_search(lst, p)

    p = int(input("Enter the element to search (using
binary search): "))
    binary_search(sorted_lst, p)

if __name__ == "__main__":
    main()

```

## OUTPUT



```
Frequency in [101-125]: 32
Frequency in [126-150]: 25
Frequency in [151-175]: 24
• Frequency in [176-200]: 19
• PS C:\Users\hello\Documents\SEM3\PYTHON\Lab6> python -u "c:\Users\hello\Documents\SEM3\PYTHON\Lab6\A2.py"
26
• PS C:\Users\hello\Documents\SEM3\PYTHON\Lab6> python -u "c:\Users\hello\Documents\SEM3\PYTHON\Lab6\A3.py"
[5, 4, 3, 2, 1]
• PS C:\Users\hello\Documents\SEM3\PYTHON\Lab6> python -u "c:\Users\hello\Documents\SEM3\PYTHON\Lab6\A4.py"
AAACGHIKLLMR
• PS C:\Users\hello\Documents\SEM3\PYTHON\Lab6> python -u "c:\Users\hello\Documents\SEM3\PYTHON\Lab6\A5_A6.py"
Enter the number of elements: 5
Enter number: 1
Enter number: 3
Enter number: 5
Enter number: 2
Enter number: 6
Sorted in Descending Order: [6, 5, 3, 2, 1]
Enter number: 6
Sorted in Descending Order: [6, 5, 3, 2, 1]
Enter number: 6
Sorted in Descending Order: [6, 5, 3, 2, 1]
Enter number: 6
Sorted in Descending Order: [6, 5, 3, 2, 1]
Enter number: 6
Sorted in Descending Order: [6, 5, 3, 2, 1]
Enter number: 6
Sorted in Descending Order: [6, 5, 3, 2, 1]
Enter the element to search (using linear search): 2
Search Successful
Enter the element to search (using binary search): 2
Search Successful
```

Ln 3, Col 125 Spaces: 4 UTF-8 CR