

Homework 1

Due Date: March 22, 2018

Problem 1. Consider a data set in which each data point t_n is associated with a weighting factor $r_n > 0$, so that the sum-of-squares error function becomes

$$E_D(\mathbf{w}) = \frac{1}{2} \sum_{n=1}^N r_n \{t_n - \mathbf{w}^T \phi(\mathbf{x}_n)\}^2.$$

where $\phi(\mathbf{x}_n)$ is basis function. Find an expression for the solution \mathbf{w}^* that minimizes this error function.

Problem 2. Assume we are given data $\{(\mathbf{x}_1, y_1), \dots, (\mathbf{x}_n, y_n)\}$ where \mathbf{x}_i is a p -dimension vector and a parameter $t > 0$. We denote by X the (n, p) matrix of row vectors $\mathbf{x}_1, \mathbf{x}_2, \dots, \mathbf{x}_n$ and $\mathbf{y} = (y_1, \dots, y_n)^T$. The ridge regression estimator is defined as:

$$\hat{\beta}_{ridge} = \operatorname{argmin}_{\beta} \|y - X\beta\|^2 \text{ s.t. } \|\beta\|^2 \leq t.$$

(a) Show that there exists a unique λ such that this formulation is equivalent to

$$\hat{\beta}_{ridge} = \operatorname{argmin}_{\beta} \|y - X\beta\|^2 + \lambda \|\beta\|^2$$

(b) Give the explicit form of the solution. Does it always exist?

Problem 3. Show that maximization of the class separation criterion given by:

$$m_2 - m_1 \propto \mathbf{w}^T (\mathbf{m}_2 - \mathbf{m}_1)$$

with respect to \mathbf{w} , using a Lagrange multiplier to enforce the constraint $\mathbf{w}^T \mathbf{w} = 1$, leads to the result that

$$\mathbf{w} \propto (\mathbf{m}_2 - \mathbf{m}_1)$$