

Skeleton Key for RNAseq analysis

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See README.md for more detailed instructions of how to use script

Run the `render()` function below and everything will be run with report at end.

```
library(rmarkdown)
render("skeletonDE.Rmd", "pdf_document", output_file = paste(sample1,"_",sample2,"_", "DE.pdf", sep=""))
```

Analysis (Aucutal start)

libraries

```
library(edgeR)
library(yaml)
```

Read in YAML guide

This reads in the information in the `de.yml` file which has the two names of the samples you are interested in comparing.

```
yamls <- yaml.load_file("de.yml")
```

This part assigns your YMAL to a object in R. This will be used throughout the script to specify which sample types you are comparing.

```
sample1 <- yamls$sample1
sample2 <- yamls$sample2

sample1
```

```
## [1] "wtaother"
```

```
sample2
```

```
## [1] "wtcother"
```

Read in Data

Read in raw count data per gene.

```
counts <- read.delim("../requisiteData/sam2countsResults.tsv",row.names=1)

#check the file
head(counts)
colnames(counts)
#need to convert NA to 0 counts
counts[is.na(counts)] <- 0
```

Subset DE expirement

Start by subsetting the particular treatments which are being compared. This might need to be modified depending on the naming of your samples. In my case each sample is named by sample and rep number, so the script is identifying any sample with the sample name given in the de.yml file.

```
colnames(counts)
```

```
## [1] "tf2ambr1"      "tf2ambr3"      "tf2ambr4"      "tf2ambr6"
## [5] "tf2aothier1"   "tf2aothier2"   "tf2aothier4"   "tf2aothier7"
## [9] "tf2bmbr2"      "tf2bmbr5"      "tf2bmbr6"      "tf2bother1"
## [13] "tf2bother3"    "tf2bother4"    "tf2bother6"    "tf2cmbr1.4"
## [17] "tf2cmbr3"      "tf2cmbr6"      "tf2cmbr7"      "tf2cother2"
## [21] "tf2cother5"    "tf2cother6"    "tf2cother7"    "wtambr2"
## [25] "wtambr4"       "wtambr5"       "wtaothier1"    "wtaothier5"
## [29] "wtaothier6"    "wtaothier7"    "wtaothier8"    "wtbmbr2"
## [33] "wtbmbr3"       "wtbmbr6"       "wtbmbr8"       "wtbother1.4"
## [37] "wtbother3"     "wtbother5"     "wtbother8"     "wtcmbr10"
## [41] "wtcmbr1.4.6"   "wtcmbr2"       "wtcmbr3"       "wtcmbr7"
## [45] "wtcmbr9"       "wtcother1.3.4" "wtcother2"     "wtcother6"
```

```
counts1 <- counts[,grep(sample1, colnames(counts), value = TRUE)]
count1Len <- length(colnames(counts1)) #used in to specify library group in next step.

counts2 <- counts[,grep(sample2, colnames(counts), value = TRUE)]
count2Len <- length(colnames(counts2)) #used to specify library group in next step.

counts <- cbind(counts1, counts2)

head(counts)
```

```
##          wtaothier1 wtaothier5 wtaothier6 wtaothier7 wtaothier8
## Solyc00g005040.2.1          1          1          1          0          2
## Solyc00g005050.2.1         17         16          9          2          3
## Solyc00g005060.1.1          0          0          0          0          2
## Solyc00g005070.1.1          8          6          5          5          6
## Solyc00g005080.1.1         18         37          6         10          7
## Solyc00g005150.1.1          2          5          0          0          2
##          wtcother1.3.4 wtcother2 wtcother6
## Solyc00g005040.2.1          0          0         12
## Solyc00g005050.2.1          2          6         37
## Solyc00g005060.1.1         13          0          0
## Solyc00g005070.1.1        169          6         24
## Solyc00g005080.1.1         11         26         35
## Solyc00g005150.1.1          2          1          5
```

Add column specifying library Group

Make a vector called group that will be used to make a new column named group to identify library region type.

```
group <- c(rep(sample1, count1Len), rep(sample2, count2Len))
d <- DGEList(counts=counts,group=group)
```

Check to see if the group column matches your sample name and they are appropriate.

```
d$samples
```

```
##              group lib.size norm.factors
## wtaother1      wtaother   929017         1
## wtaother5      wtaother  1555921         1
## wtaother6      wtaother   498294         1
## wtaother7      wtaother   479003         1
## wtaother8      wtaother   510148         1
## wtcother1.3.4  wtcother   197345         1
## wtcother2      wtcother   319043         1
## wtcother6      wtcother  1525172         1
```

Differential expression using edgeR

Make sure there is full understanding of each edgeR command being used. The manual is amazing so read it *before* running the DE analysis below [edgeR manual](#). There are many options and they must be set to be appropriate for your analysis.

```
cpm.d <- cpm(d) #counts per mutant
d <- d[rowSums(cpm.d>5)>=3,] #This might be a line to adjust. It is removing genes with low counts.
d <- estimateCommonDisp(d,verbose=T)
```

```
## Disp = 0.287 , BCV = 0.5358
```

```
d <- calcNormFactors(d)
d <- estimateCommonDisp(d)
```

```
DEtest <- exactTest(d,pair=c(sample1,sample2))
head(DEtest$table)
```

```
##              logFC logCPM   PValue
## Solyc00g005050.2.1  0.76915  4.057 2.788e-01
## Solyc00g005070.1.1  5.38653  7.065 1.184e-16
## Solyc00g005080.1.1  1.60087  5.056 8.115e-03
## Solyc00g005160.1.1  1.70235  3.295 3.466e-02
## Solyc00g005440.1.1  0.28819  4.802 7.631e-01
## Solyc00g005840.2.1 -0.03526  4.886 9.759e-01
```

```
results <- topTags(DEtest, n=Inf)
head(results)
```

```
## Comparison of groups: wtcother-wtaother
##           logFC logCPM   PValue    FDR
## Solyc01g022780.1.1 8.302  8.536 1.702e-29 2.668e-25
## Solyc10g050260.1.1 7.476 10.450 7.060e-29 5.535e-25
## Solyc07g039270.2.1 7.552  9.782 1.321e-28 6.906e-25
## Solyc10g036800.1.1 7.390  9.791 3.543e-28 1.389e-24
## Solyc10g052420.1.1 7.406  9.823 4.887e-28 1.532e-24
## Solyc11g020560.1.1 7.162 11.675 6.253e-28 1.634e-24
```

```
dim(results$table)
```

```
## [1] 15678      4
```

```
sum(results$table$FDR<.05) # How many are DE genes?
```

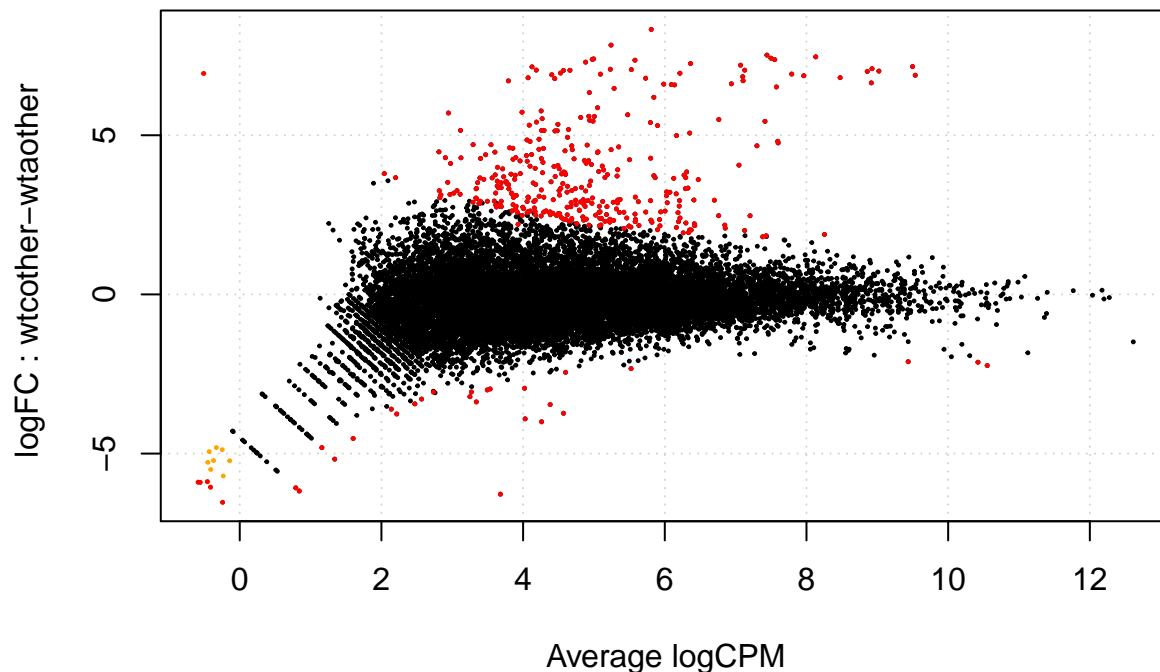
```
## [1] 378
```

```
summary(decideTestsDGE(DEtest,p.value=.05))
```

```
##      [,1]
## -1      31
##  0    15300
##  1      347
```

```
sig.genes <- rownames(results$table[results$table$FDR<0.05,]) # outputs just significant gene names
```

```
plotSmeared(d,de.tags=sig.genes)
```



Subset all the genes with a significant FDR score less than .05.

```
results.sig <- subset(results$table, results$table$FDR < 0.05)
```

```
dim(results.sig)
```

What are the genes that are misexpressed? For this we need to add some annotation.

Essentially we are merging two annotations files to 1.) only sig genes 2.) all genes

```
annotation1<- read.delim("../requisiteData/ITAG2.3_all_Arabidopsis_ITAG_annotations.tsv", header=FALSE)
colnames(annotation1) <- c("ITAG", "SGN_annotation")
annotation2<- read.delim ("../requisiteData/ITAG2.3_all_Arabidopsis_annotated.tsv")
annotation <- merge(annotation1,annotation2, by = "ITAG")
head(annotation)
```

```
##          ITAG
## 1 Solyc00g005000.2.1
## 2 Solyc00g005040.2.1
## 3 Solyc00g005050.2.1
## 4 Solyc00g005080.1.1
## 5 Solyc00g005900.1.1
## 6 Solyc00g006490.2.1
##
## 1          Aspartic proteinase nepenthesin I (AHRD V1 ***-
## 2          Potassium channel (AHRD V1 ***- DOEM91_9ROSI
## 3
## 4
## 5 Oxygen-evolving enhancer protein 1, chloroplastic (AHRD V1 ***- PSBO_SOLTU); contains Interpro dom
## 6 Serine/threonine-protein phosphatase 6 regulatory subunit 3 (AHRD V1 ***- SAPS3_HUMAN); contain
##      AGI symbol
## 1 AT3G20015    <NA>
## 2 AT5G46240    KAT1
## 3 AT5G11680    <NA>
## 4 ATCG01280    YCF2.2
## 5 AT5G66570    MSP-1
## 6 AT1G07990    <NA>
##
## 1
## 2
## 3
## 4
## 5
## 6 SIT4 phosphatase-associated family protein; similar to SIT4 phosphatase-associated family protein
## X..identity alignment.length e.value bit.score percent.query.align
## 1      63.76          447 7e-148      520      89.94
## 2      66.02          103 2e-37      150      85.71
## 3      76.96          204 1e-88      322      98.98
## 4      91.25           80 2e-38      153      79.80
## 5      69.62           79 4e-26      112      78.79
## 6      61.92          856 0e+00      979      99.77
```

```
#Making the only significant gene table
```

```
results.sig$ITAG <- rownames(results.sig) #change row.names to ITAG for merging
```

```
results.sig.annotated <- merge(results.sig,annotation,by = "ITAG", all.x=TRUE) #This is merging only si
```

```
#Making all table
```

```
results$table$ITAG <- rownames(results$table)  
results.all.annotated <- merge(results$table, annotation,by = "ITAG")
```

Write table with results.

```
write.table(results.all.annotated, file=paste(sample1,"_",sample2,"_", "DE_all.txt",sep=""),sep="\t",row  
write.table(results.sig.annotated, file=paste(sample1,"_",sample2,"_", "DE_sig.txt",sep=""),sep="\t",row
```

Now run the script below for a full knitr report of what was run and leave this report in the folder that the analysis was done with output files.