

## Lab 2

### Java Swing Basics and Event Handling

1. Write a Java Swing program to illustrate the concept of `MouseListener`, `MouseWheelListener`, `WindowListener` and `KeyListener`.

Question.java

```
import java.awt.*;
import java.awt.event.*;
import javax.swing.*;

public class Question1 {
    public static class MouseKeyListener extends JFrame implements MouseListener {
        public MouseKeyListener() {
            this.setTitle("Mouse Event Listener");
            this.setSize(500, 500);
            this.addMouseListener(this);
            this.setDefaultCloseOperation(JFrame.EXIT_ON_CLOSE);
            this.setVisible(true);
        }

        @Override
        public void mouseClicked(MouseEvent e) {
            System.out.println("Mouse clicked");
        }

        @Override
        public void mousePressed(MouseEvent e) {
            System.out.println("Mouse pressed");
        }

        @Override
        public void mouseReleased(MouseEvent e) {
```

```

        System.out.println("Mouse released");
    }

    @Override
    public void mouseEntered(MouseEvent e) {
        System.out.println("Mouse entered");
    }

    @Override
    public void mouseExited(MouseEvent e) {
        System.out.println("Mouse exited");
    }
}

public static class WindowKeyListener extends JFrame implements WindowListener
{
    public WindowKeyListener() {
        this.setTitle("Window Event Listener");
        this.setSize(500, 500);
        this.addWindowListener(this);
        this.setDefaultCloseOperation(JFrame.EXIT_ON_CLOSE);
        this.setVisible(true);
    }

    @Override
    public void windowOpened(WindowEvent e) {
        System.out.println("Window opened");
    }

    @Override
    public void windowClosing(WindowEvent e) {
        System.out.println("Window is closing");
    }
}

```

```
@Override

public void windowClosed(WindowEvent e) {

    System.out.println("Window closed");

}

@Override

public void windowIconified(WindowEvent e) {

    System.out.println("Window iconified");

}

@Override

public void windowDeiconified(WindowEvent e) {

    System.out.println("Window deiconified");

}


@Override

public void windowActivated(WindowEvent e) {

    System.out.println("Window activated");

}

@Override

public void windowDeactivated(WindowEvent e) {

    System.out.println("Window deactivated");

}

}

public static class KeyEventListener extends JFrame implements KeyListener {

    public KeyEventListener() {

        this.setTitle("Key Event Listener");

        this.setSize(500, 500);

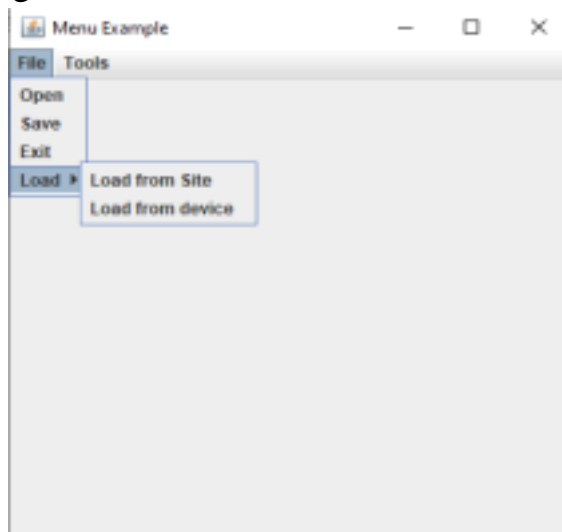
        this.addKeyListener(this);

    }

}
```

```
        this.setDefaultCloseOperation(JFrame.EXIT_ON_CLOSE);
        this.setVisible(true);
    }
    @Override
    public void keyTyped(KeyEvent e) {
        System.out.println("Key typed");
    }
    @Override
    public void keyPressed(KeyEvent e) {
        System.out.println("Key pressed");
    }
    @Override
    public void keyReleased(KeyEvent e) {
        System.out.println("Key released");
    }
}
public static void main(String[] args) {
    new MouseKeyListener();
    new WindowKeyListener();
    new KeyEventListener();
}
}
```

2. Create a frame having menu as below.



Also give a message to user using JOptionPane of which menu-item user has clicked.

### Question2.java

```
import java.awt.*;
import javax.swing.*;

public class Question2 {
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        JFrame jf = new JFrame("Menu Example ");
        jf.setSize(500, 500);
        jf.setDefaultCloseOperation(JFrame.EXIT_ON_CLOSE);
        jf.setLayout(null);
        JMenuBar m = new JMenuBar();
        m.setBounds(0, 0, 500, 20);
        JMenu m1 = new JMenu("file");
        JMenu m2 = new JMenu("tools");

        JMenuItem jm1 = new JMenuItem("open");
        JMenuItem jm2 = new JMenuItem("save");
        JMenuItem jm3 = new JMenuItem("exit");
        JMenu jm4 = new JMenu("load");
        JMenuItem jm11 = new JMenuItem("load from site");
        JMenuItem jm12 = new JMenuItem("load from device");
        m1.add(jm1);
        m1.add(jm2);
```

```

        m1.add(jm3);
        m1.add(jm4);
        jm4.add(jm11);
        jm4.add(jm12);
        m.add(m1);
        m.add(m2);
        jf.add(m);

        jf.setResizable(false);
        jf.setVisible(true);

        // next way of handling simple actions using lamda expression
        jm1.addActionListener(e -> JOptionPane.showMessageDialog(jf, "You clicked
'Open'"));
        jm2.addActionListener(e -> JOptionPane.showMessageDialog(jf, "You clicked
'Save'"));
        jm3.addActionListener(e -> {
            JOptionPane.showMessageDialog(jf, "You clicked 'Exit'");
            System.exit(0);
        });
        jm11.addActionListener(e -> JOptionPane.showMessageDialog(jf, "You clicked
'Load from Site'"));
        jm12.addActionListener(e -> JOptionPane.showMessageDialog(jf, "You clicked
'Load from Device'"));

    }
}

```

3. Write a Java Program to create a window where user can draw anything by dragging mouse on it.

### Question3.java

```

import java.awt.Color;
import java.awt.Graphics;
import java.awt.event.*;
import java.awt.event.MouseEvent;
import javax.swing.*;

public class Question3 extends MouseMotionAdapter{
    JFrame f;
    public Question3(){
        f= new JFrame("Draw Anything by Dragging Mouse");
        f.setSize(1000, 1000);
        f.setLayout(null);
    }
}

```

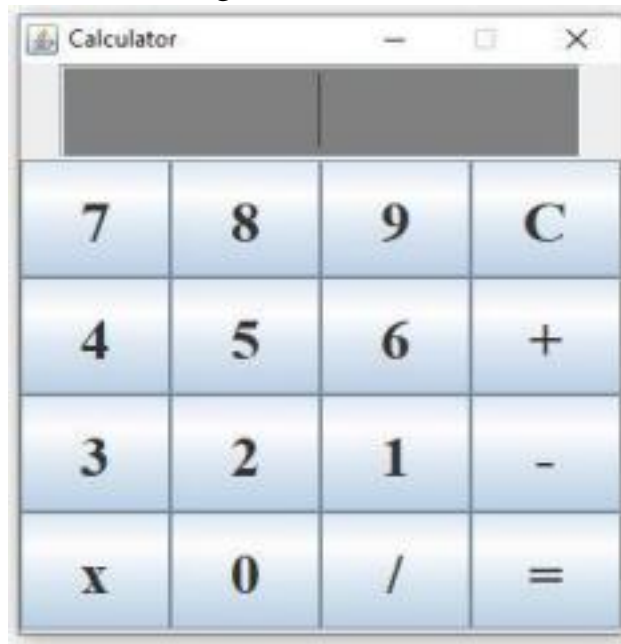
```

f.setDefaultCloseOperation(JFrame.EXIT_ON_CLOSE);
f.addMouseMotionListener(this);
f.setVisible(true);
}

@Override
public void mouseDragged(MouseEvent e){
    Graphics g=f.getGraphics();
    g.setColor(Color.red);
    g.fillOval(e.getX(),e.getY(),20,20);
}
public static void main(String[] args) {
    new Question3();
}
}

```

4. Write a Java program in Java to generate a frame as below:



Application above should perform appropriate actions as per the button click.

Question4.java

```

import java.awt.*;
import javax.swing.*;
public class Question4 {
    public static void main (String[]args){
        JButton[] buttons;

```

```

JFrame j = new JFrame("Calculator");
j.setLayout(null);
JPanel p = new JPanel();
p.setBounds(0, 0, 550, 80);
JTextArea area = new JTextArea();
area.setBounds(0, 0, 550, 100);
j.add(area);
JPanel jp1 = new JPanel();
jp1.setBounds(0, 100, 550, 420);
String[] button = {"7", "8", "9", "C", "4", "5", "6", "+", "3", "2", "1", "*", "0",
"%", "/", "="};
    buttons = new JButton[button.length];
    for (int i = 0; i < button.length; i++) {
        buttons[i] = new JButton(button[i]);
        jp1.add(buttons[i]);
    }

jp1.setLayout(new GridLayout(4, 4));
j.add(jp1);

j.setSize(550, 550);
j.setDefaultCloseOperation(JFrame.EXIT_ON_CLOSE);
j.setVisible(true);

}

}

```

## Discussion and Conclusion:

In this lab, we learn about java swing and event handler. we create a simple application and handle them with different event listener like `MouseListener`, `MouseWheelListener`, `WindowListener` and `KeyListener`. Create a simple `MenuBar`, `menubar` contains `menu` and `menuItem` and simple calculator and handle each button.