

Exercises 1

1. (filtered (co)limits)

A category I is called filtered if it satisfies the conditions below.

- (i) I is non-empty,
- (ii) for any i and j in I , there exists $k \in I$ and morphisms $i \rightarrow k, j \rightarrow k$,
- (iii) for any parallel morphisms $f, g : i \rightrightarrows j$, there exists a morphism $h : j \rightarrow k$ such that $h \circ f = h \circ g$.

A functor from the filtered category I to C is called a filtered system of C , and the colimit of a filtered system is called the filtered colimit.

- (a) Let $M(i) = M_i$ be a filtered system of $R\text{Mod}$ (or Set) indexed by I . Show that $\text{colim}_I M_i \cong \sqcup M_i / \sim$, where $M_i \ni x \sim y \in M_j$ if there exists $k \in I, s : i \rightarrow k$ and $t : j \rightarrow k$ with $M(s)(x) = M(t)(y)$. (Also check \sim that is indeed an equivalence relation).
 - (b) Let I be a filtered category and let J be a finite category. Given a functor $F : I \times J \rightarrow R\text{Mod}$, show that $\text{colim}_I \lim_J F(i, j) \cong \lim_J \text{colim}_I F(i, j)$.
2. (a) Show that every poset (P, \leq) can be turned into a category. Figure out what the objects and morphisms are.
- (b) Let \mathcal{N}_{\leq} be the category defined by the poset (\mathbb{N}, \leq) and let p be a prime number. Consider the following two functors:
 $I_p : \mathcal{N}_{\leq} \rightarrow \text{Ab}$ where $I_p(n) = \mathbb{Z}/p^n\mathbb{Z}$ and

$$I_p(n \leq m) : x \in \mathbb{Z}/p^n\mathbb{Z} \mapsto p^{m-n}x \in \mathbb{Z}/p^m\mathbb{Z};$$

$$R_p : \mathcal{N}_{\leq}^{\text{op}} \rightarrow \text{Ab} \text{ where } R_p(n) = \mathbb{Z}/p^n\mathbb{Z} \text{ and}$$

$$R_p(n \leq m) : x \in \mathbb{Z}/p^m\mathbb{Z} \mapsto x \pmod{p^n} \in \mathbb{Z}/p^n\mathbb{Z}.$$

Check that these two functors are well-defined.

- (c) Show that $\text{colim}_{\mathcal{N}_{\leq}} I_p(n) \cong \mathbb{Z}[1/p]/\mathbb{Z}$ where $\mathbb{Z}[1/p]$ is the localization of \mathbb{Z} at the multiplicative system $\{p^n | n \in \mathbb{N}\}$.
- (d) Let $\lim_{\mathcal{N}_{\leq}} R_p(n) := \mathbb{Z}_p$, the ring of p -adic integers. Show that

$$\text{Hom}_{\text{Ab}}(\mathbb{Z}[1/p]/\mathbb{Z}, \mathbb{Z}[1/p]/\mathbb{Z}) \cong \mathbb{Z}_p.$$

- (e) Let \mathcal{N}_{\div} be the category defined by the poset $(\mathbb{N}, |)$ (i.e. the poset of divisibility). We can similarly define functors $I : \mathcal{N}_{\div} \rightarrow \mathbf{Ab}$ and $R_p : \mathcal{N}_{\div}^{\text{op}} \rightarrow \mathbf{Ab}$ where $I(n) = R(n) = \mathbb{Z}/n\mathbb{Z}$, etc. Show that $\text{colim}_{\mathcal{N}_{\div}} I(n) \cong \mathbb{Q}/\mathbb{Z}$ and

$$\lim_{\mathcal{N}_{\div}} R(n) := \hat{\mathbb{Z}} \cong \prod_p \mathbb{Z}_p \cong \text{Hom}_{\mathbf{Ab}}(\mathbb{Q}/\mathbb{Z}, \mathbb{Q}/\mathbb{Z}).$$

3. (Yoneda lemma)

- (a) Let C be a category, and let $\mathbf{PSh}(C) = \text{Fun}(C^{\text{op}}, \mathbf{Set})$. Check that we can define a functor $y : C \rightarrow \mathbf{PSh}(C)$, $X \mapsto \text{Hom}(-, X)$.
- (b) For $A \in \mathbf{PSh}(C)$ and $X \in C$, show that there is a bijection $\text{Hom}_{\mathbf{PSh}(C)}(y(X), A) \cong A(X)$.
- (c) Show that y is fully faithful.

4. (the category $R\text{Mod}$)

- (a) Show that $- \otimes_R M$ is the left adjoint of $\text{Hom}(M, -)$, use this to conclude that $- \otimes_R M$ commutes with all colimits.
- (b) Let S be a multiplicative system, define the filtered system $R_s \cong R$, $\forall s \in S$ and $a_{s,st} = t \cdot : R_s \rightarrow R_{st}$ given by multiplying t . Show that

$$\text{colim}_S R_s \cong \{(r, s) \in R \times S\} / \{(r, s) \sim (r', s'), \text{ iff } \exists t \in S, \text{ s.t. } trs' = tr's \in R\}$$

and $\text{colim}_S R_s \cong S^{-1}R$. Use this to show $S^{-1}R$ is flat in $R\text{Mod}$

- (c) Show that the filtered colimit of flat modules is again flat. In particular, the filtered colimits of finite free modules are flat. (In fact, the converse is also true.)
- (d) Show that $\mathbb{Z}/n\mathbb{Z}$ is not flat.

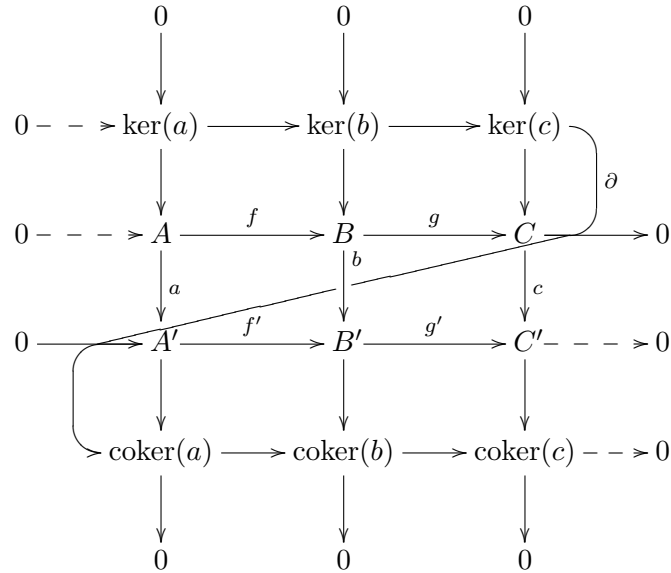
5. (Compact object)

- (a) Let A_i be a system indexed by I in a category C and let $X \in C$, construct the natural morphism $d : \text{colim}_I y(A_i) \rightarrow y(\text{colim}_I A_i)$, in particular,

$$d(X) : \text{colim}_I \text{Hom}_C(X, A_i) \rightarrow \text{Hom}_C(X, \text{colim}_I A_i)$$

- (b) Let C be the category of topological space \mathbf{Top} , and let $I = \mathcal{N}_{\leq}$ where $A_n = (-n, n) \subset \mathbb{R}$. Show that $d(X)$ is a bijection if X is compact. What if X is not compact?
- (c) Let C be the $R\text{Mod}$ and let A_i be a filtered system. Show that $d(M)$ are bijections for all filtered systems, iff M is finitely presented (i.e. there is a short exact sequence $R^n \rightarrow R^m \rightarrow M \rightarrow 0$ with n, m finite). (Such M is also called a compact object.)

6. (Snake lemma) Let



be a commuting diagram in $R\text{Mod}$ such that the middle two rows are exact sequences. Then prove that there is a long exact sequence of kernels and cokernels of the form

$$0 \dashrightarrow \ker(a) \rightarrow \ker(b) \rightarrow \ker(c) \xrightarrow{\partial} \text{coker}(a) \rightarrow \text{coker}(b) \rightarrow \text{coker}(c) \dashrightarrow 0.$$

¹find also the exercises on <https://github.com/iamcxds/AG-exercise>