

AV Preservation & Validation VVorkflows

Presented by Morgan Oscar Morel







What Is The Point of This Workshop?

- To discuss what AV Preservation is in a digital environment
- Give a brief overview of tools that can be helpful
- Provide some hands-on training with av preservation tools



BAVC Community-Based Preservation Training

- Remote preservation education program. Free for participants
- Provides hands on training with tape playback and monitoring equipment
- Email me for more info about participating!





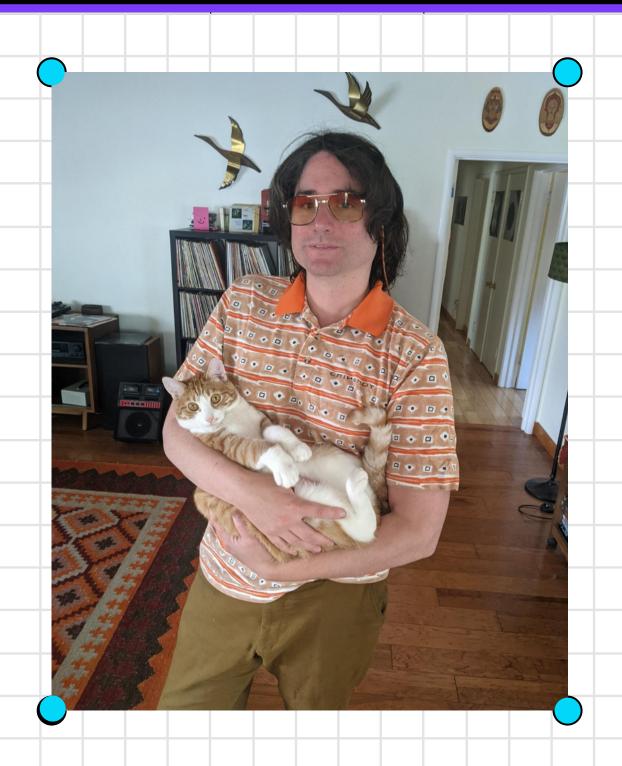






Morgan Oscar Morel

- Director of Preservation at BAVC Media
- Located in Oakland, CA
- 10 years of experience working in AV Preservation labs and working with open source tools to preserve AV materials





- Topics
 - AV Preservation Formats
 - FFV1 Validation
 - Station Qualification
- Tools
 - MediaInfo
 - MediaConch
 - FFmpeg
 - QCTools
 - SoX

What will be covered

Prepping for the Exercises

Go to the github repo and clone it

```
https://github.com/iamdamosuzuki/AV-Pres-Validation-Workflows/
or
```

https://bit.ly/3ykkn@Y





What does Preservation Mean for AV?

Video tape must be reformatted!

Born digital video can be at risk of becoming unsupported if not reformatted

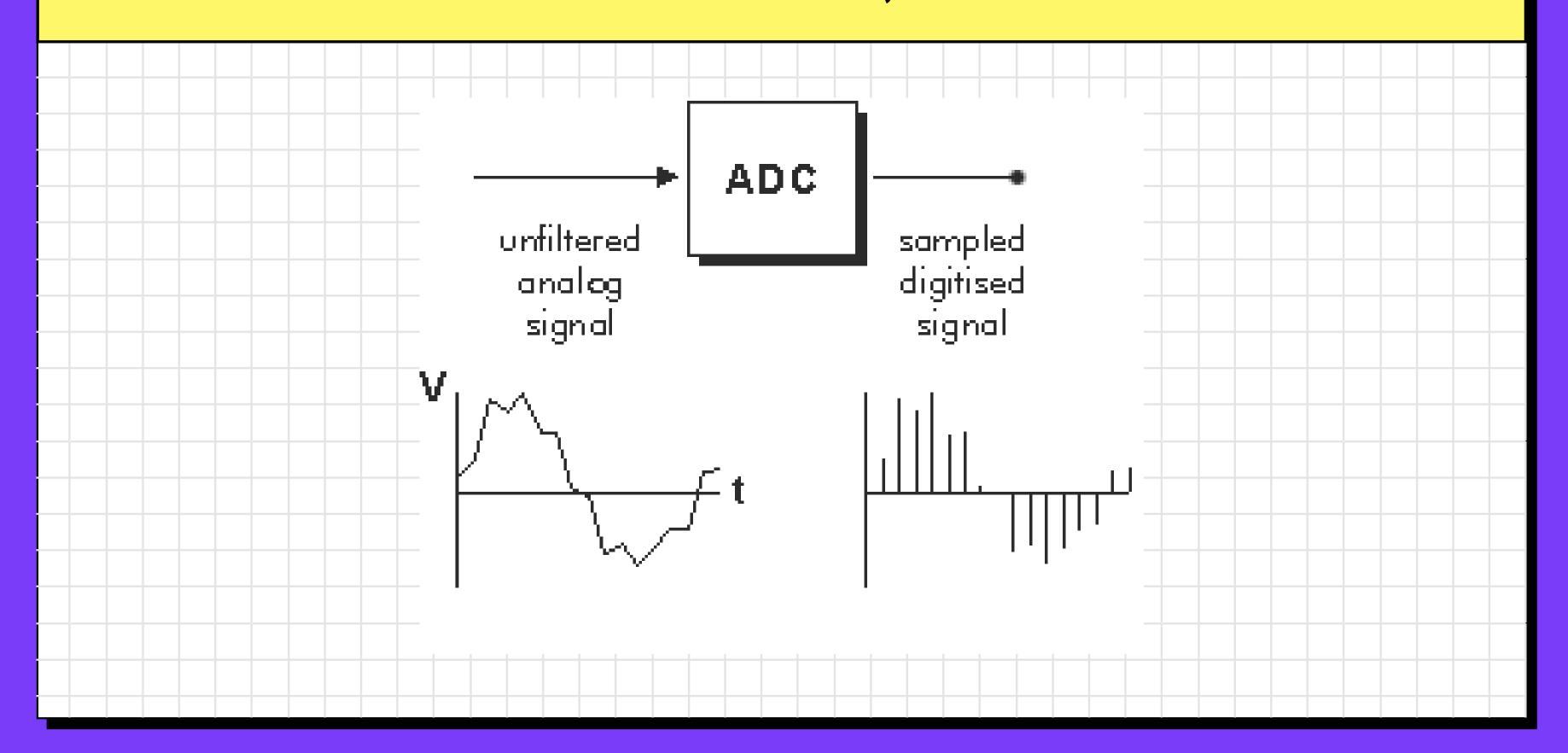
Standard Digital Preservation techniques are need, plus extra work to deal with AV complexities



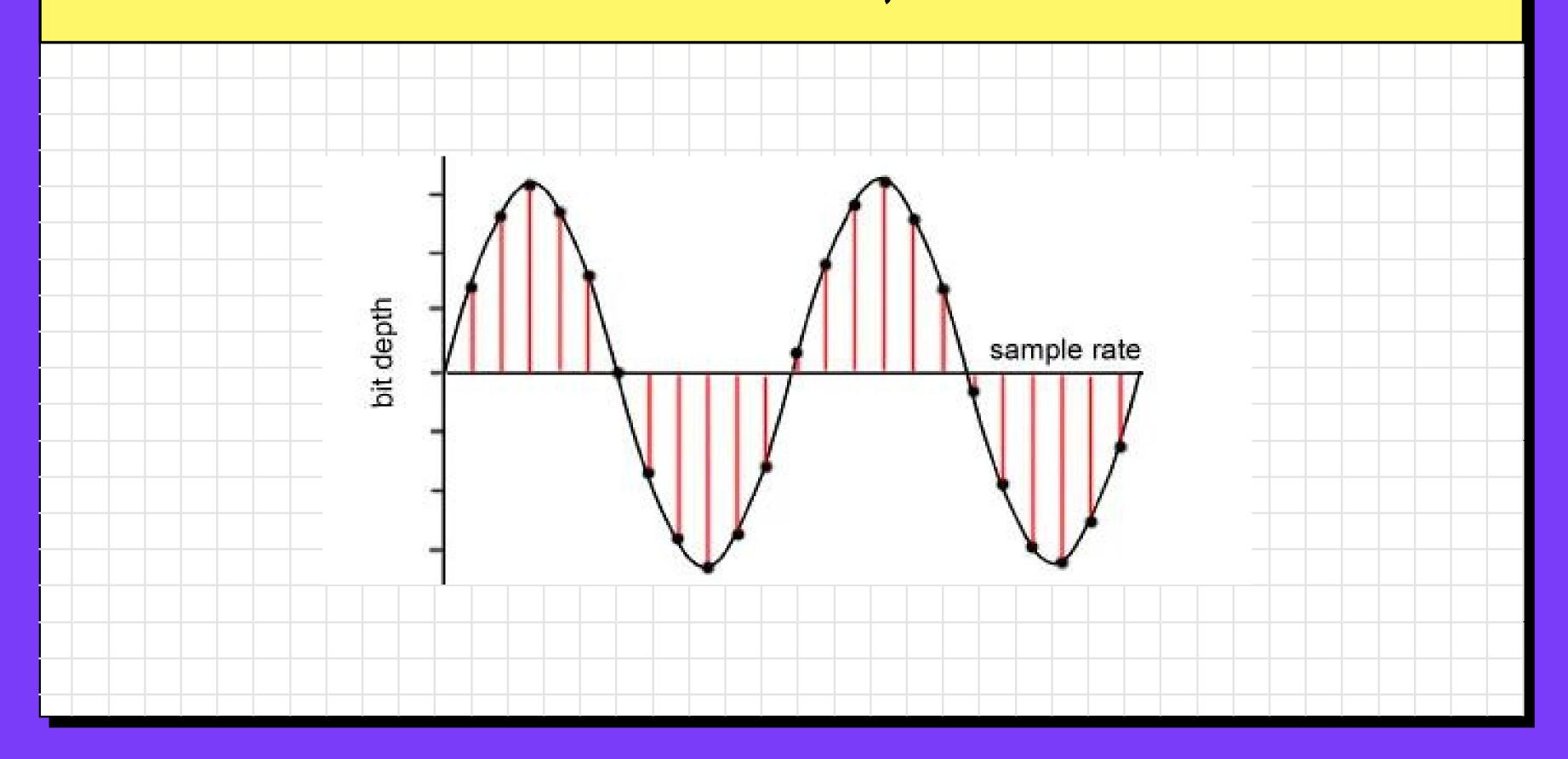
What Preservation Formats need to be able to do

- Store AV stream information and auxiliary data without loss
- Retain original organization of stream information
- Maintain fixity
- Retain functionality for playback and transcoding over long periods of time

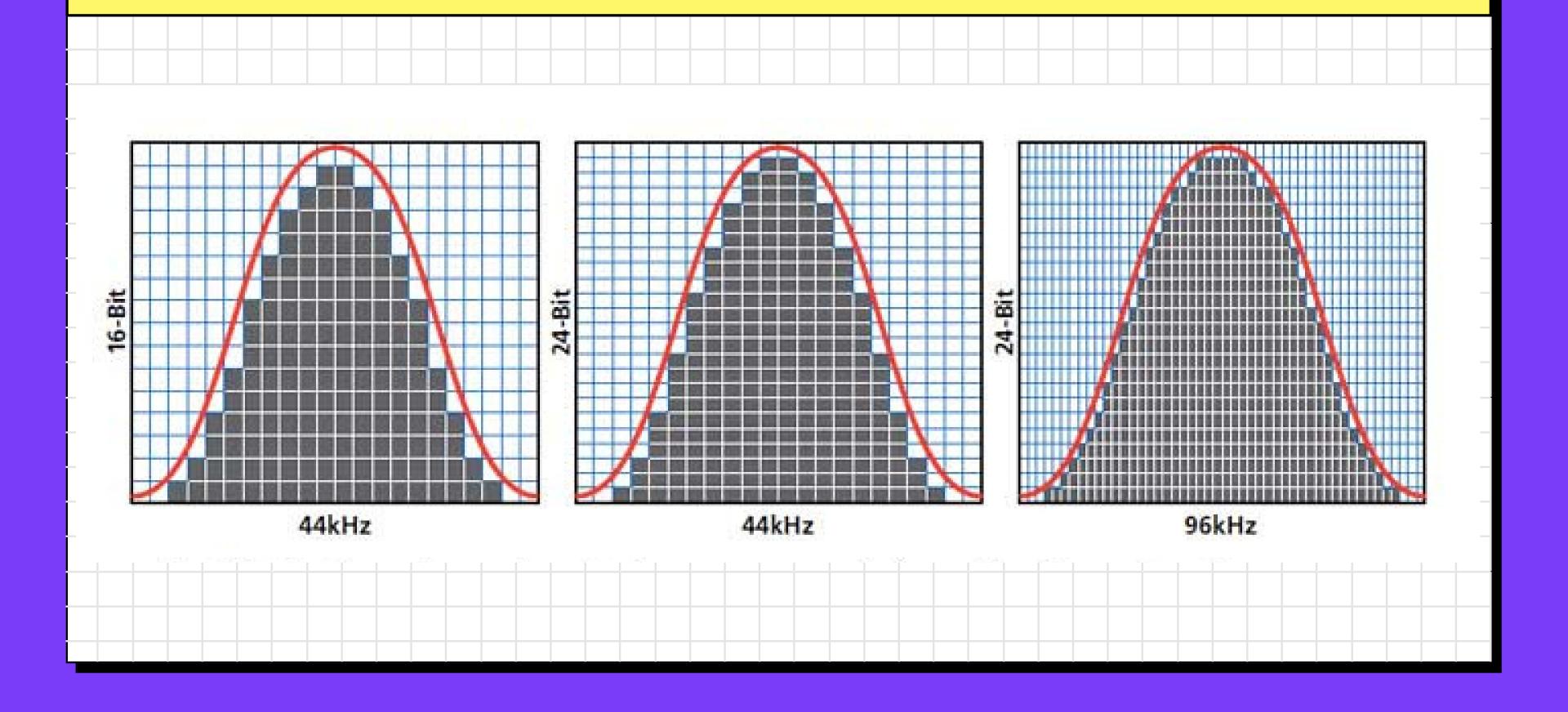
Storing Data Digitally: Conversion



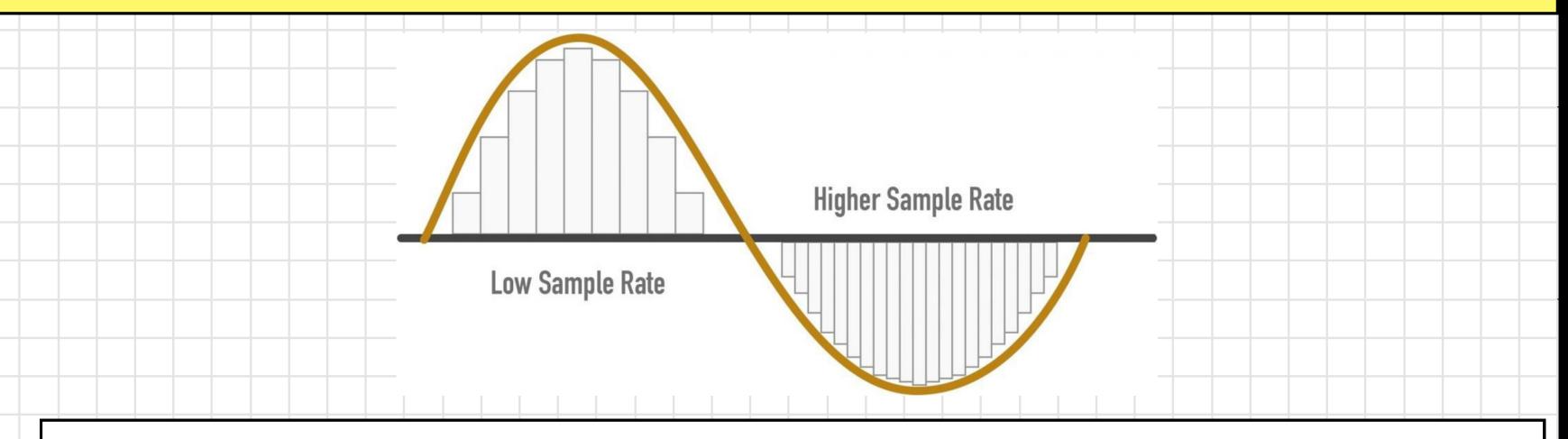
Storing Data Digitally: Conversion



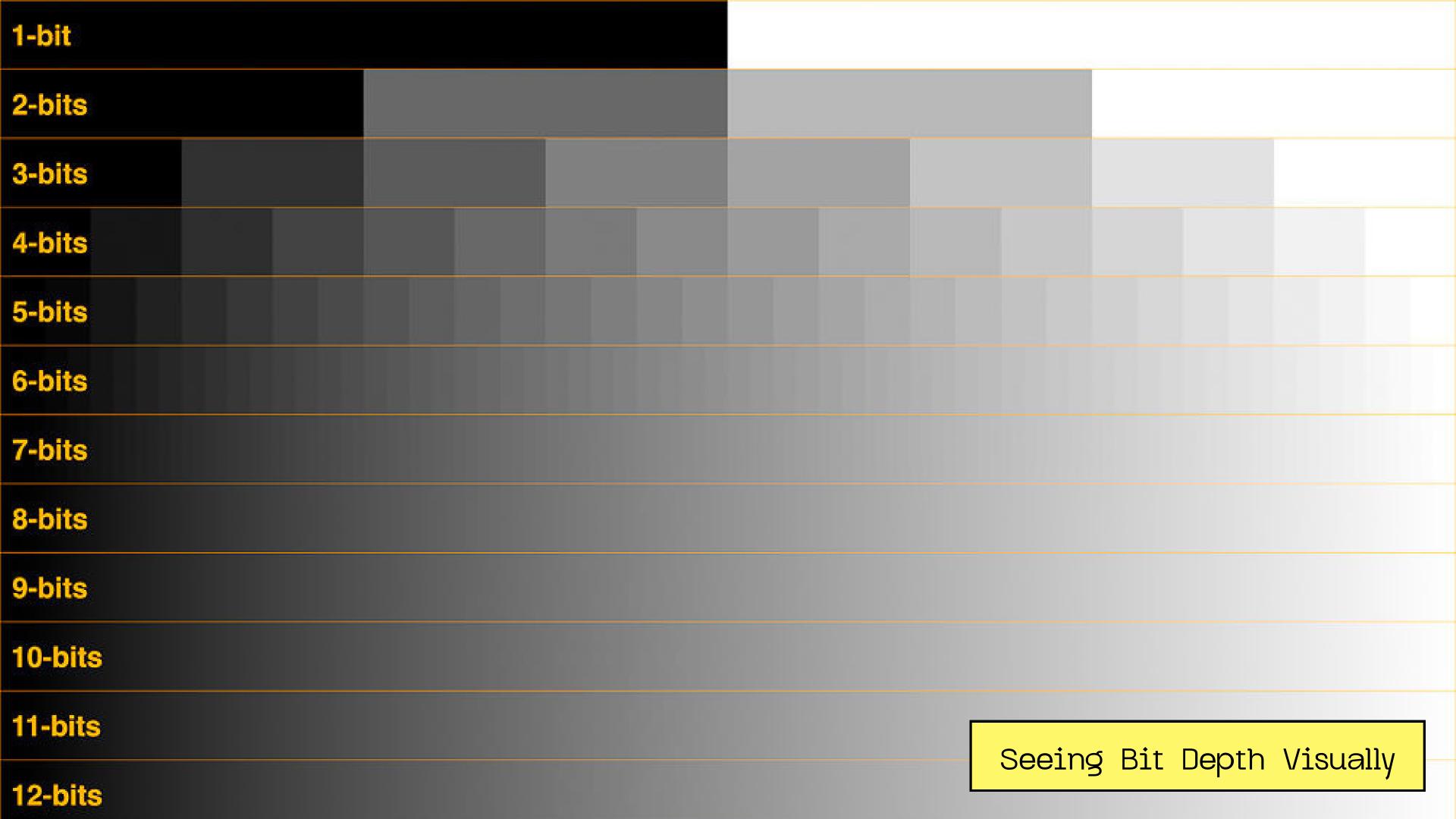
Storing Data Digitally: Conversion



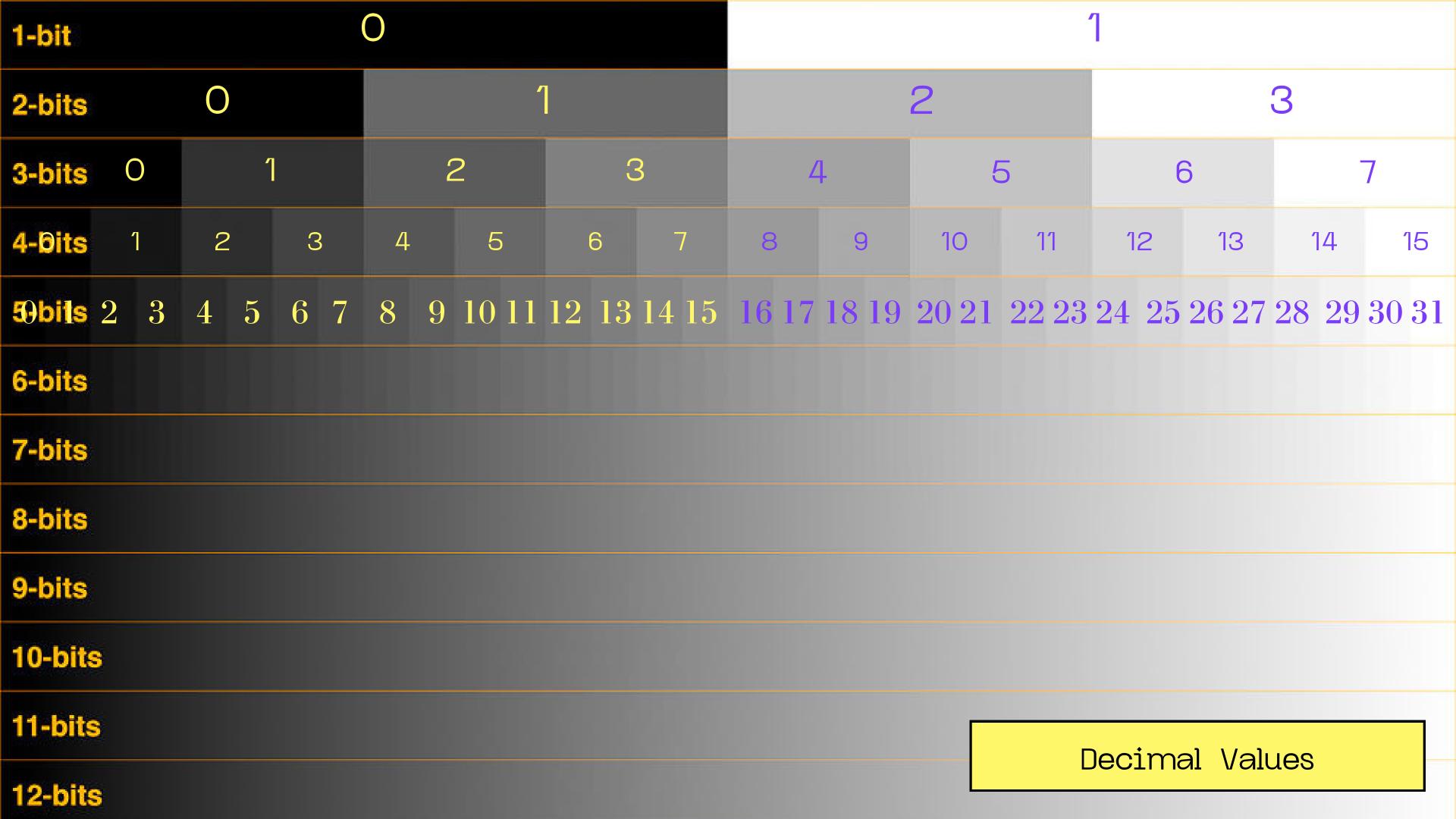
Sampling Rates



- The higher the sampling rate the higher frequency that can be properly represented by the digital file.
- The highest frequency that can be represented is HALF the sample rate. This is known as the nyquist frequency
- Human hearing caps out at around 20kHz. Need to sample at least 40kKz to capture the upper limits of human hearing

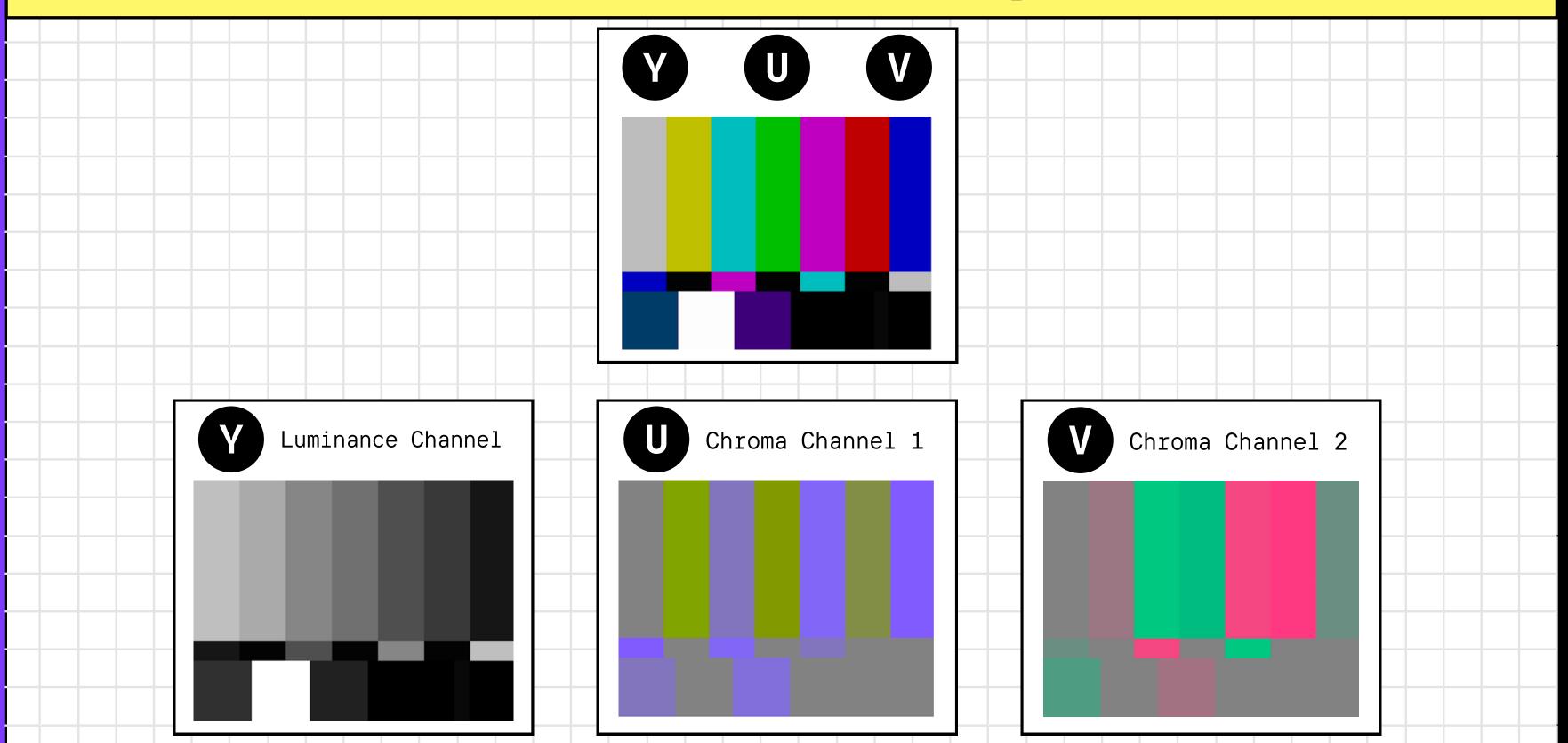






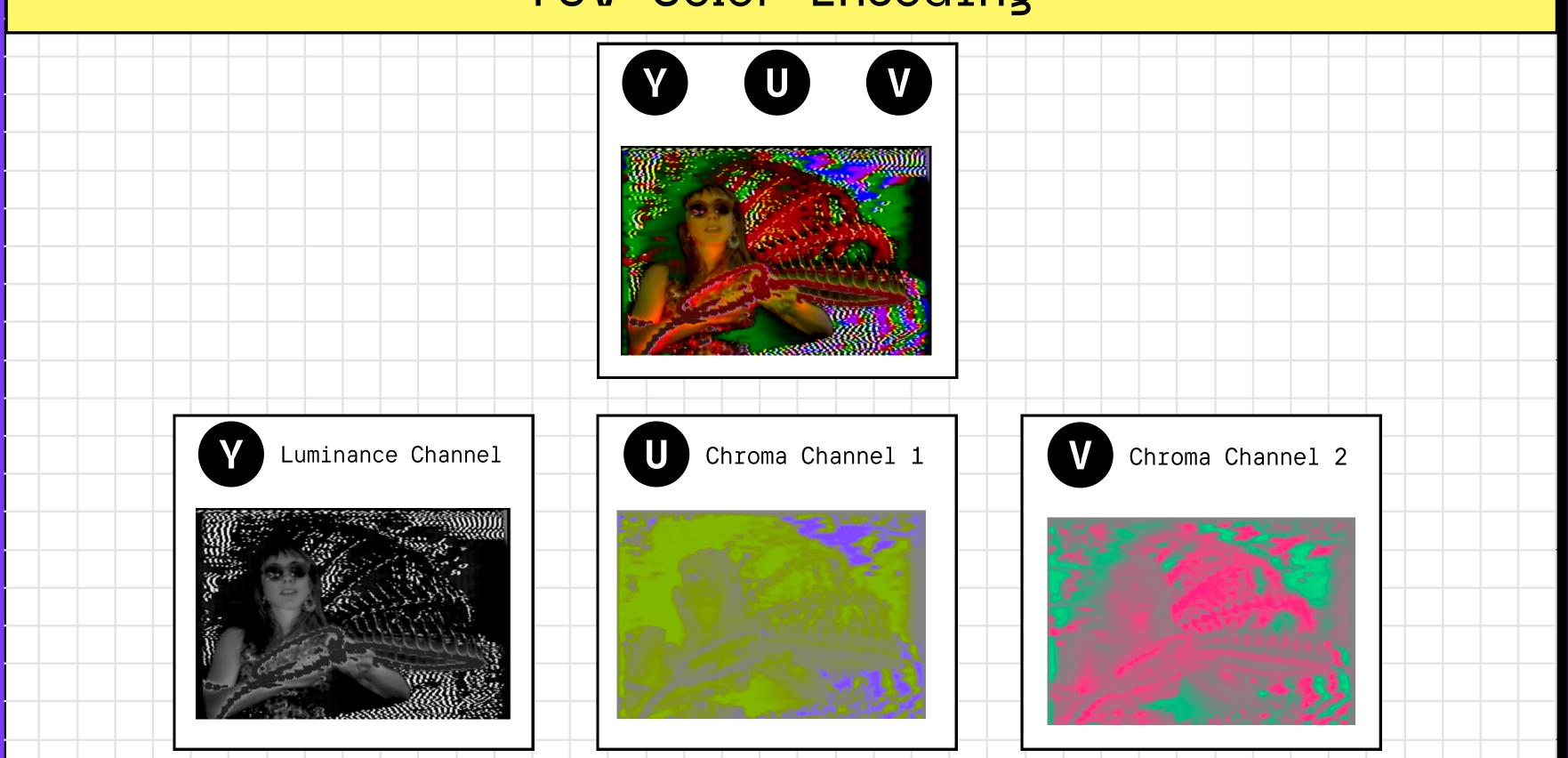








YUV Color Encoding

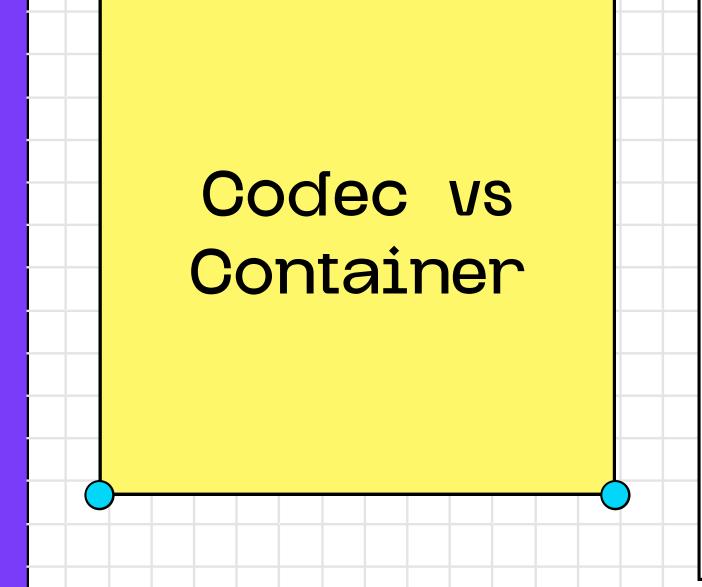


10-Bit Video Data Scope

	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	A	4	4	4	4	4
	8	1	2	3	4	\$	6	2	8	3	2	1	2	200	4	5	5	5 7	5	59	6	1	2	63	4
24	9 GIBB	816D 8188 8245	BIA9	STAS	0192	0192	BIBE	018E	BTU3	0183	8138	8198	0184	0184	0196	0196	919B	019B	019D	G19D	BTUU				801
25	GIGIBB	8197 8188 8248	01CS	01CS	81.82	81.82	BIAE	BLAE	019B	919B	0183	0183	0196	0196	01C6	01.C6	81.C2	01CS	918C	018C	GI7E		HANDE HERSE	8117 9186 9385	A STATE OF THE PARTY OF THE PAR
25	BLBC	8175 8180 8238	BICE	0100	BICA	BICA	01 BE	01BE	B103	BLAS	0197	0197	0198	0198	Ø1 BC	OIBC	Ø1 B9	01B9	01A5	01A5	019C	B19C	BLEC	BLBC	815
25	2 51173	81.68 81.63 8244	BLEA	BIEA	91.86	91 B6	01C2	01C2	81DF	01 DF	91B4	B1B4	91 BA	01 BA	Ø1.C8	01C8	Ø1.C9	Ø1.C9	01B2	91B2	0190	0190	BIAC	SINC	BILC
25	3 01E3	819F 81E3 9236	01D8	01D8	Ø1 C2	81 C2	01D2	01D2	8288	6268	SIDS	01 D3	Ø1 B9	Ø1 B9	01 D5	Ø1 D5	01E5	01E5	01B4	91B4	0190	8190	01B6		(100) (100) (100)
25	4 SIEB	015E 015E 0237	BIF3	01F3	9297	0207	01F4	01F4	SIBE	BIBE	8108	01D0	01E5	01E5	Ø1.D1	Ø1 D1	Ø1.C8	01C8	01DF	01DF	020D	020D	BLEA		R
25				OLEL	01D2 01FB 0231	BIFB	0290	8288	GIEF	GLEF	GIED	GIED	Ø1 D9	Ø1 D9	BLCA	B1CA	01 C8	01C8	OI CE	BICE	0200	8288	019F		¥
25	6			8113	9197 9197 9290	91.D7	01.D5	01.D5	01E6	01E6	BICC	91.CC	01B4	01B4	Ø1CE	01CE	OIDB	OIDB	91.C2	01C2	01AD	OLAD	01 F1		U.U. (021 (40)
25	7			ULUE	81A7 81A7 82BF	0107	01FB	GIFB	6219	9219	BLOE	GIAE	0186	0186	OI CA	BICA	01E7	G1E7	GIBC	GIBC	8918	BLAS	BID?	81.07	100
25	8 OLCE	02CD 01CE 0216	01F9	01F9	01 EE	Ø1 EE	01DF	01 DF	01E5	81E5	9299	8380	BICC	81.CC	019D	B19D	8184	81B4	BILL	GIEL	G1FB	GIFB	SICE	DICE	01000
25	9 01F9	02FB 01F9 0202	OIEC	BIEC	01D0	01 DØ	01B8	OT BS	01 E1	BIET				经工程级	BLA7	BLA7	BIRC	SIBC	GIED	GIED	01F3	01F3	81C9		67.8
26	3 01 D5	02DC 01D5 0207	01EF	91EF	GIFD	Ø1FD	0203	0203	0200	经基金额					OIFB	WIFT		0300	STEB	GIES	01 C0	01C0	01D7	022A 01D7 024D	922
	0000	0000	0000	CORP	aaan	6515	0010	2224	21.52					27.0	0100		12.1	F1 10 10 10	25 E 27 IA	A 1 EVE	22.45		25 to 25 to	2022	200

10-Bit Video Data Scope

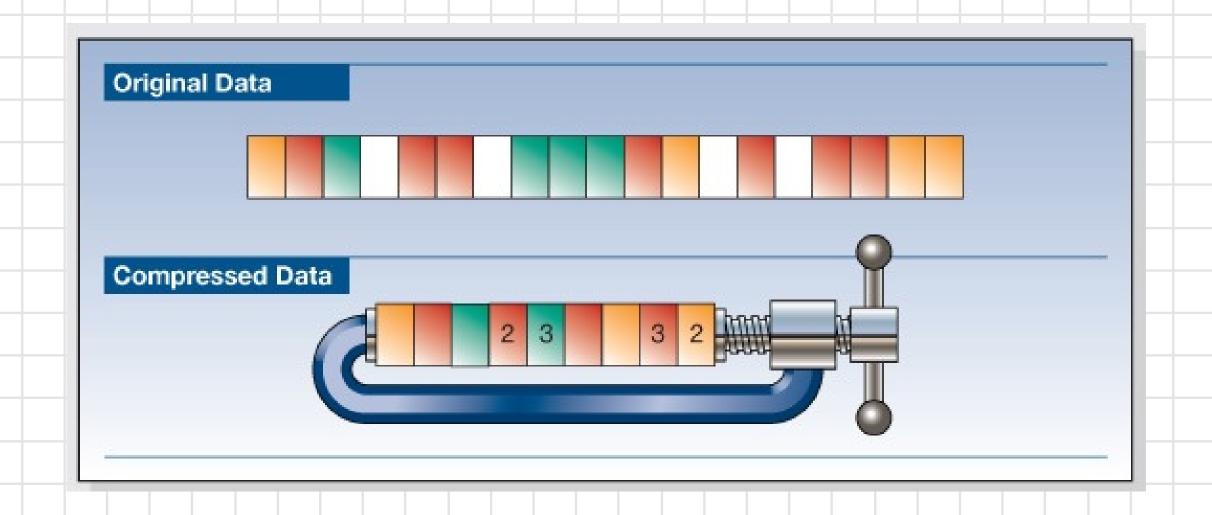
020D	020D	0188 01BA 020E		
0200	0200	Ø196 Ø19F Ø21C		
	Ø1AD	01F1		



- Codec: Defines what the 1's and 0's mean. The actual av "essence"
 - o PCM, FLAC, MP3, AAC
 - V210, FFV1, H.264, ProRes, J2K, DV25
- Container: Holds one or more streams, contains metadata about the organization and presentation of the av info
 - WAV, OGG, MOV, AVI, MKV, MXF, MP4

What is Compression

The processes of modifying, encoding or converting a set of binary bits in order to make it smaller



Compression and Preservation

- Preservation often uses
 Uncompressed Files to ensure no data is lost, but these files are huge
- Compression can save space, and increase accessibility

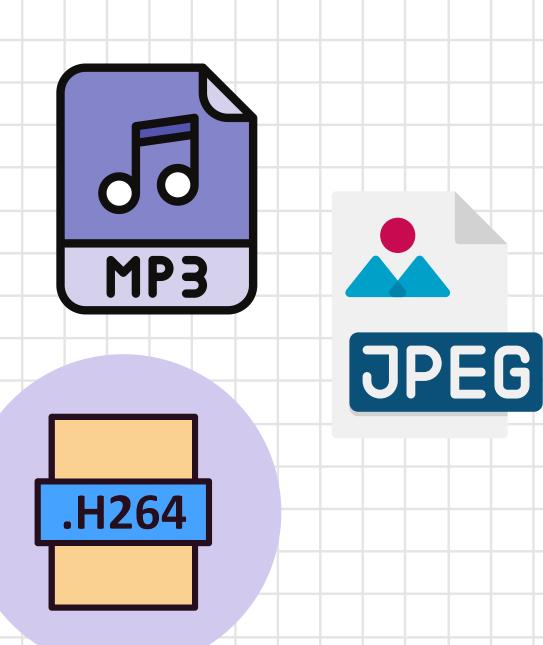


- Some data is lost during compression and cannot be recovered
- Common for "access files"
- Lossless
 - No data is lost during compression
 - All original data can be recovered

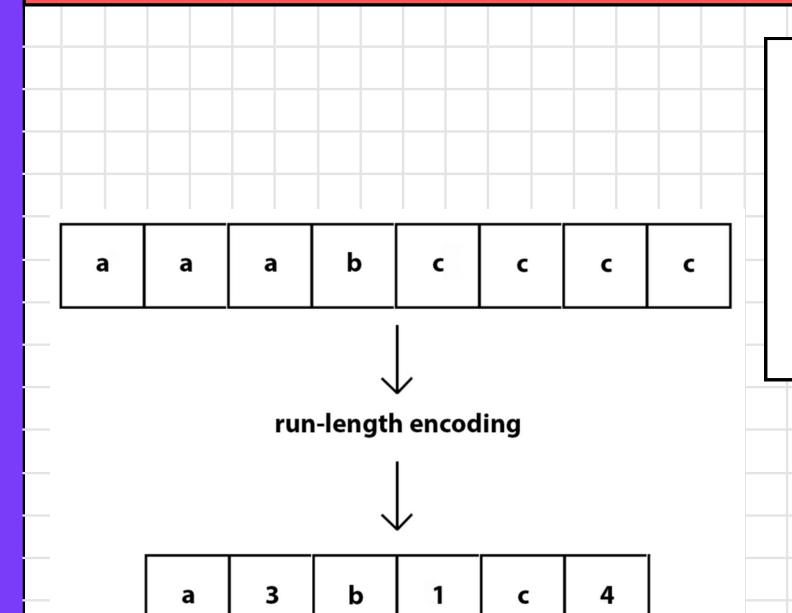


Lossy Compression

- Lossy does NOT mean low quality
- Data is removed to make the file smaller.
- Perceptual encoding: Removes information that the human ear and eye cannot actually hear or see
- Throwing Away information to lead to better accessibility!



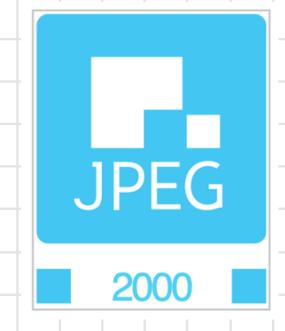
Lossless Compression

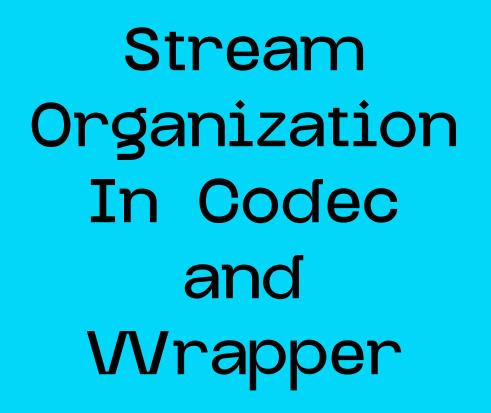


- All compressed data can be retreived
- It's not magic, it's math!
- Simple Example: Run Length Encoding (RLE)

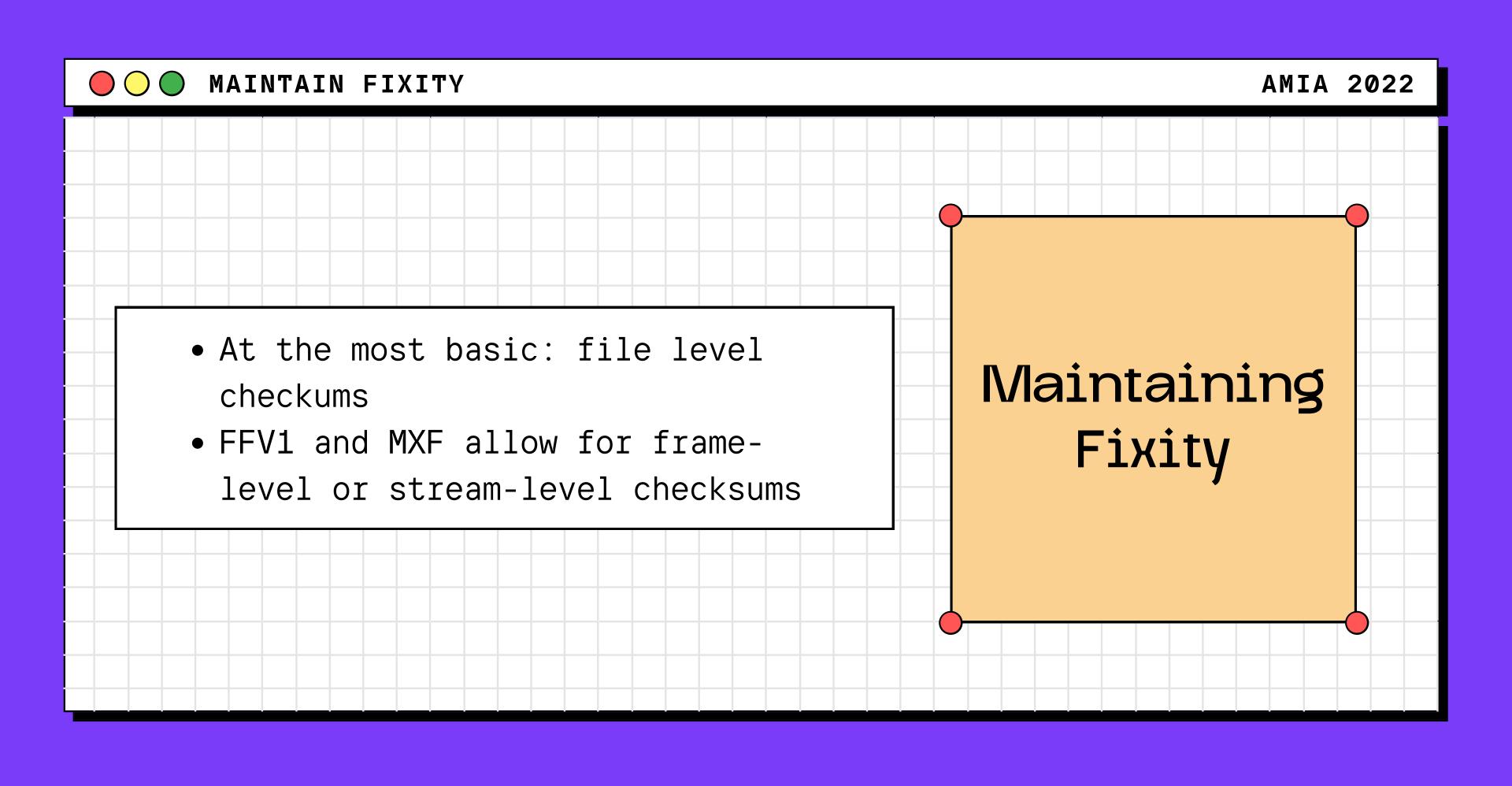








- Scan type: Interlacing
- Proper number of audio channels
- Timecode, continuous or not
- Extra information in VBI and VANC



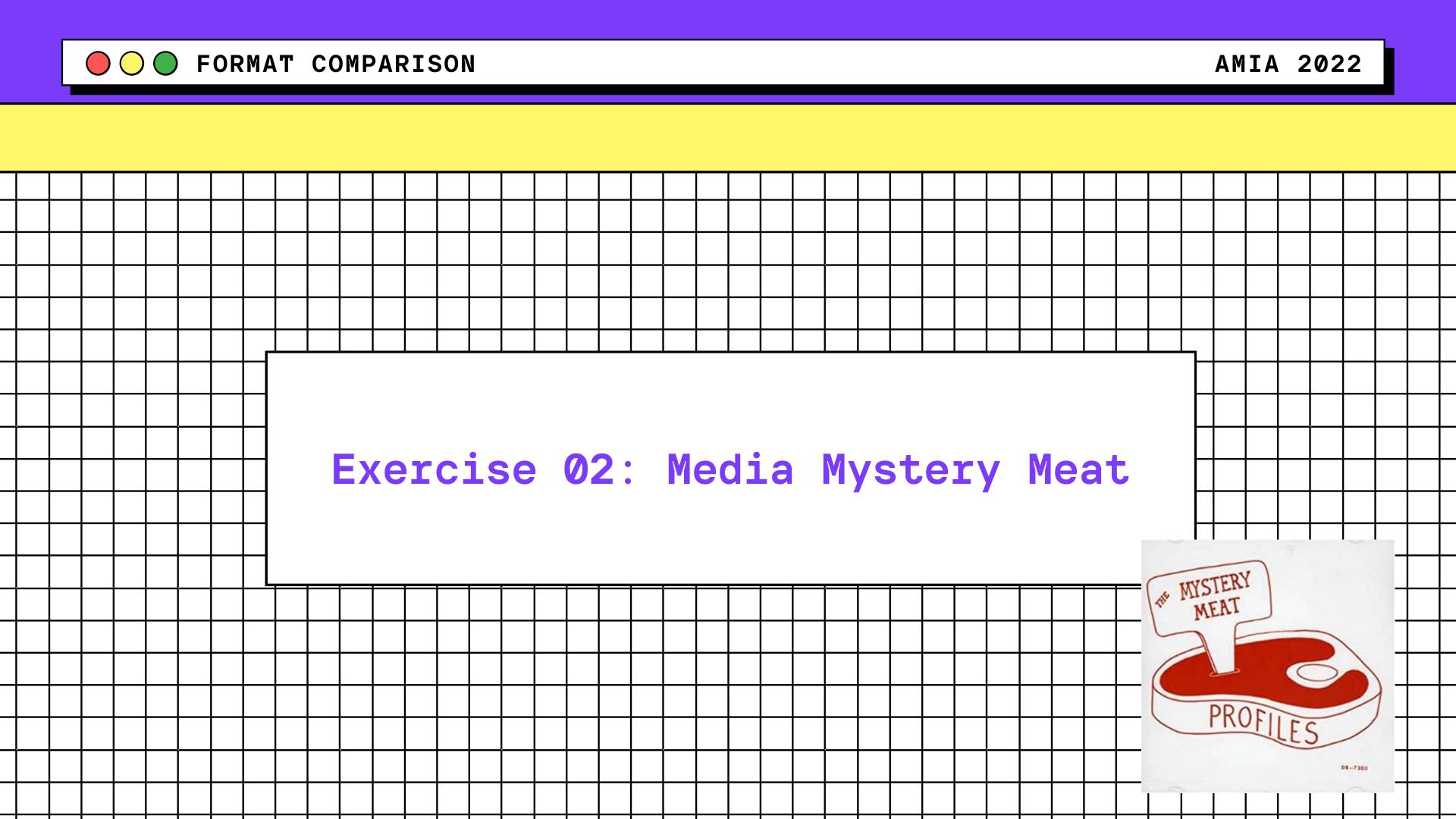


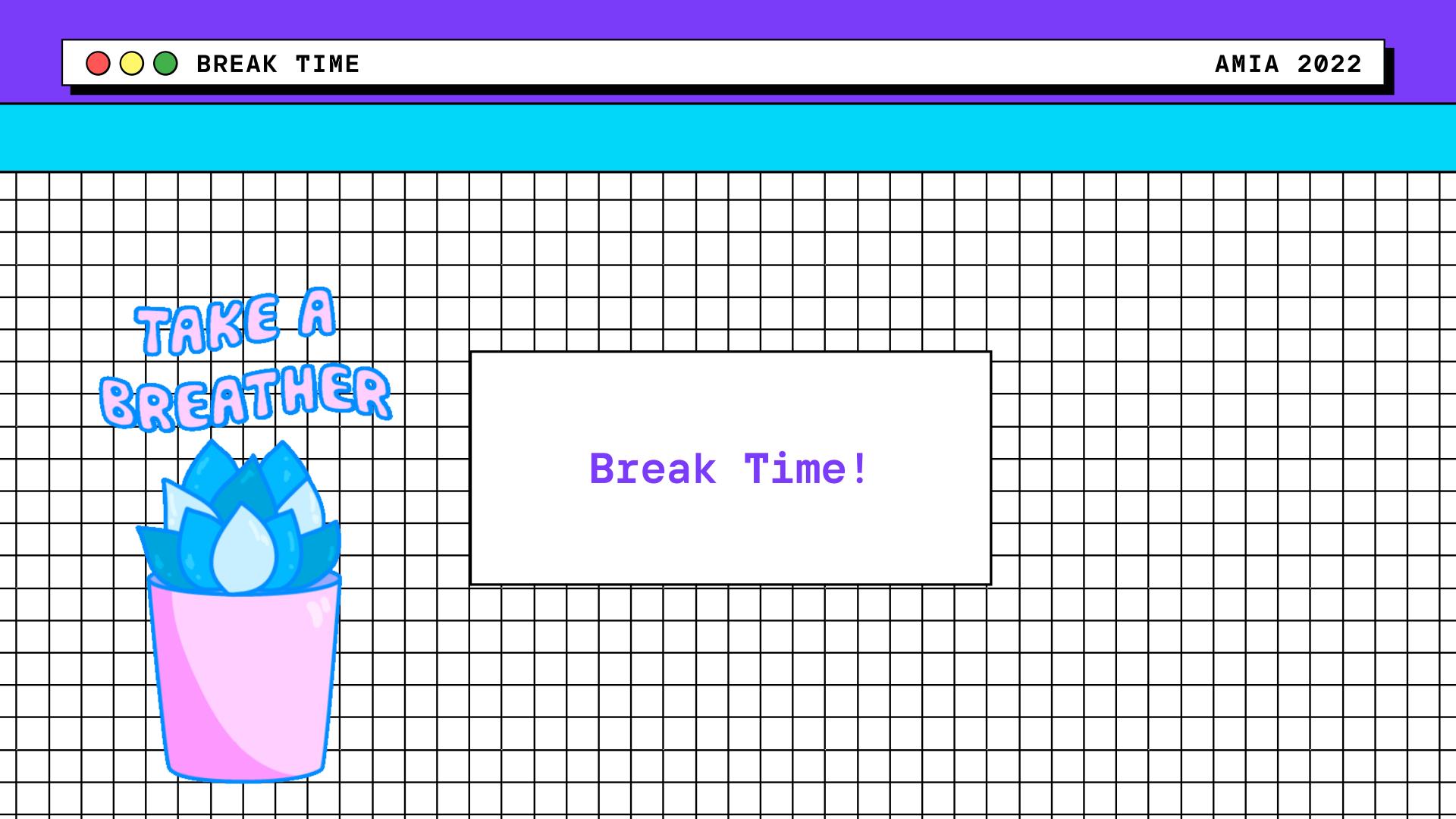


- Open Source presents a possible advantage here
- MKV is flexible enough as a wrapper to include a player inside the file!
- LoC primarily uses J2K/MXF but is not accepting FFV1/MKV files
- IU digitized over 300k hours of video content to FFV1/MKV

Video Preservation Format Comparison

Encoding / Wrapper	Bit Depth	Compression	Flexible Streams	Frame-Level Checksum	Open Source	Broad Technical Support	Conclusion	
H.264 / MP4	Depends, but often 8 Bit	Lossy	Medium	No	No	Yes	1.5 / 6	
DV25 / DV	8 Bit	Lossy	No	No	No	No	0/5	
ProRes / MOV	10 Bit	Lossy	Medium	No	No	Yes	2.5 / 6	
UYVY / MOV	8 Bit	None	Medium	No	No	Medium	2/ 6	
V210 / MOV	10 Bit	None	Medium	No	No	Yes	3.5 / 6	
J2K / MXF	10 Bit	Lossless	Yes	Yes	No	No	4/6	
FFV1 / MKV	10 Bit	Lossless	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	5/6	





VVhat is FFV1 MKV?

• FFV1 -> Codec

- Open Source
- Lossless
- Intra-Frame
- Developed by FFmpegCommunity

• MXF -> Container

- Flexible and open source format
- Broad support of av codecs
- Highly configurable streams with stream-level checksums

FFV1 contains the **Video information** ONLY

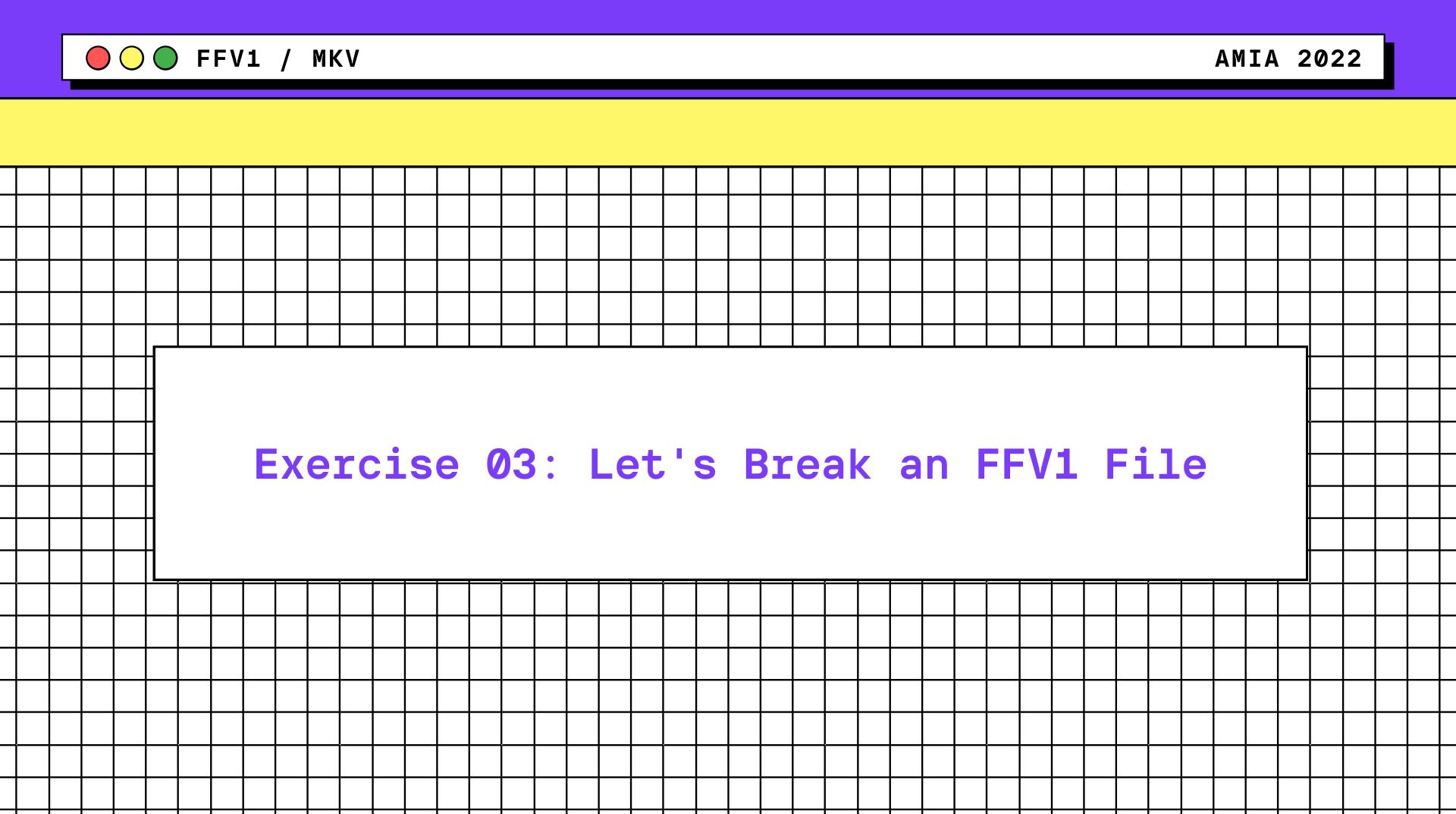
MKV is the container which holds the video, audio, subtitles, timecode, and any other ancilliary data

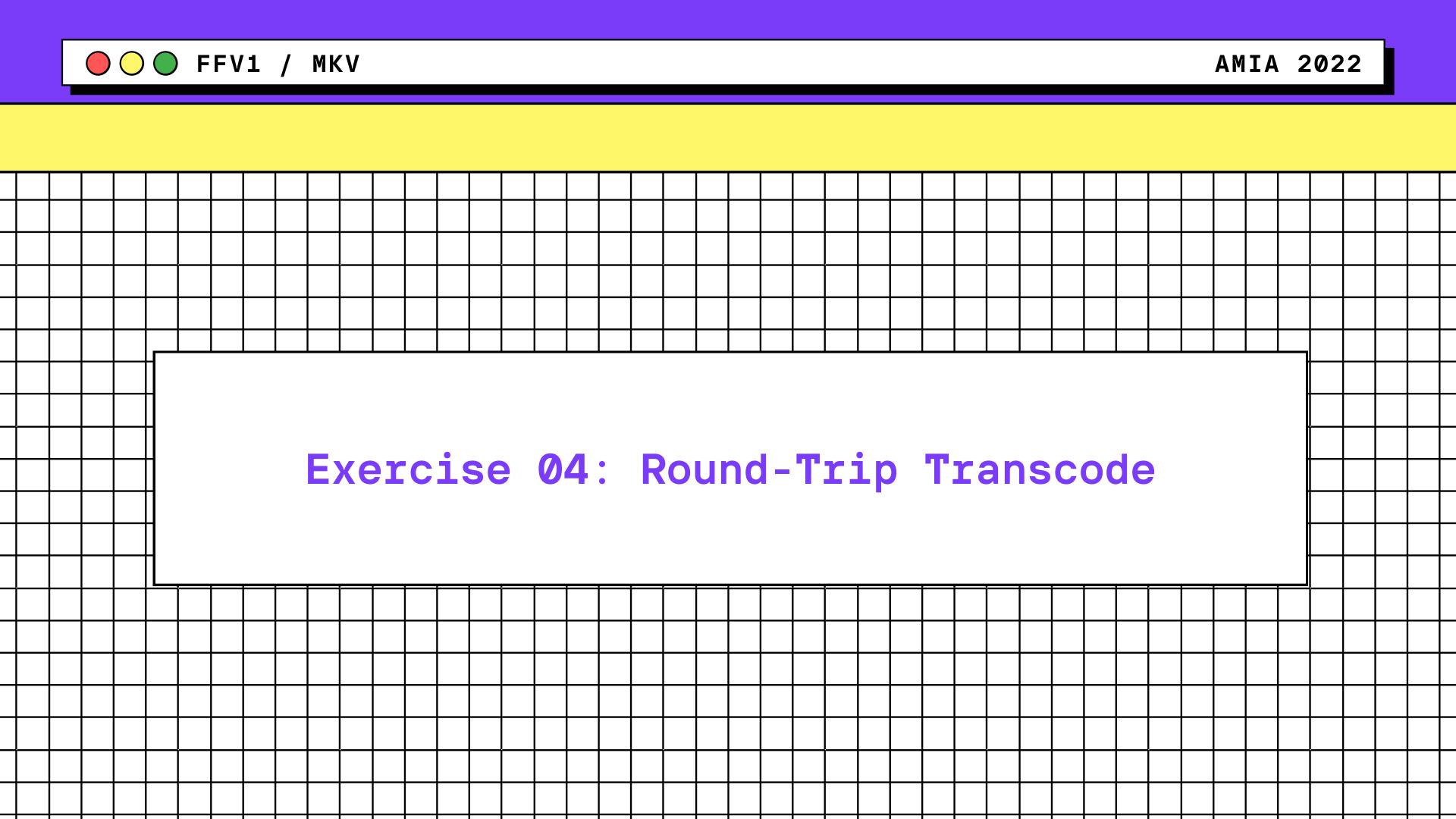
How do
FFV1 and
WKV VVork
Together?

FFV1 IVIKV For Video Preservation

the standardization efforts for both developed concurrently as part of a wider effort to move the archival field to an accessible lossless compressed/open alternative

0





Digitization Station Qualification

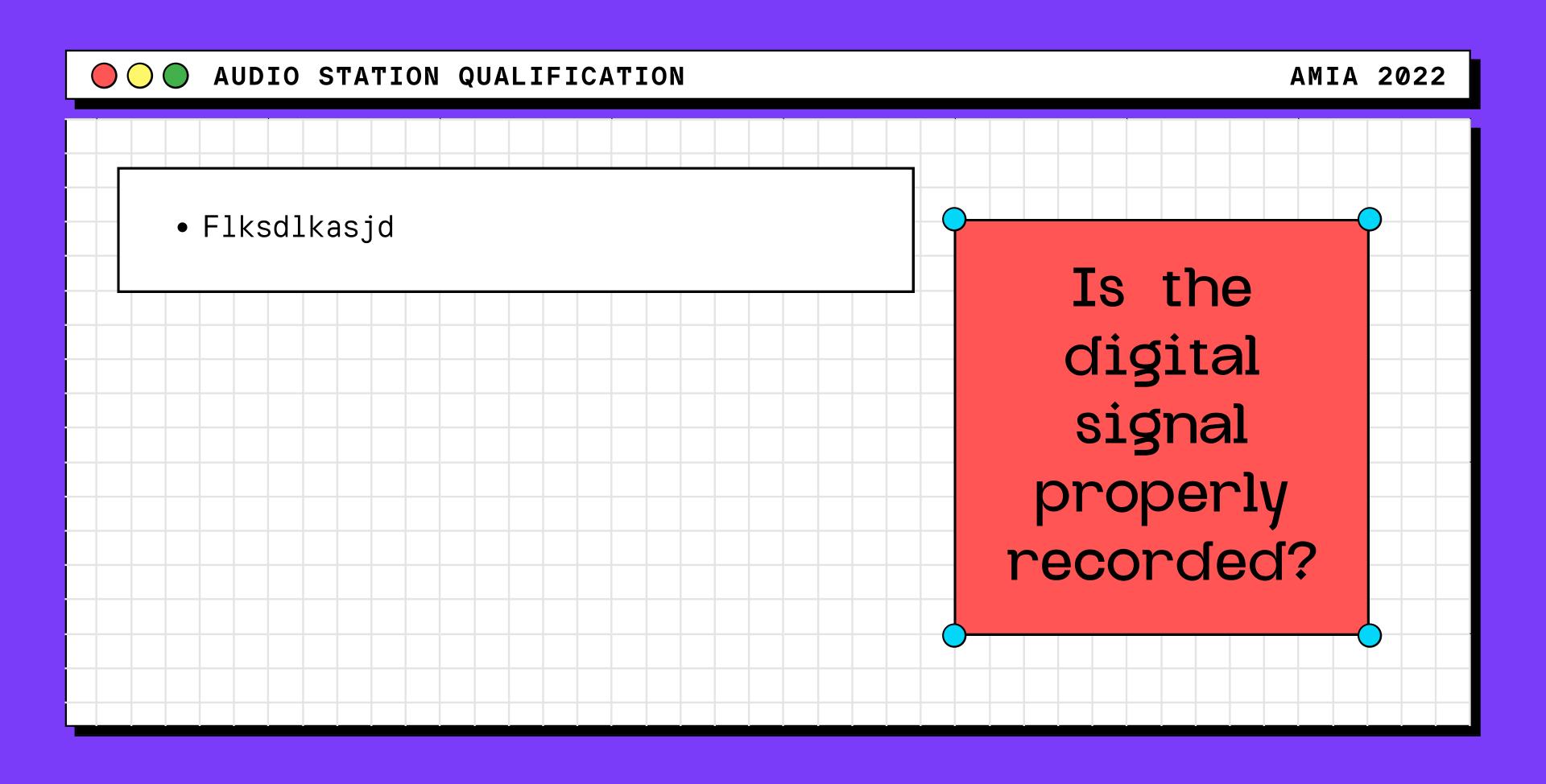
Does the Digitization Station work properly?

- Is the analog signal properly converted to digital?
- Is the digital signal properly recorded onto the storage media?
- Does the recorded format match the desired specifications

Is the analog signal properly converted

to digital?

Null tests work using the principal of wave addition and interference



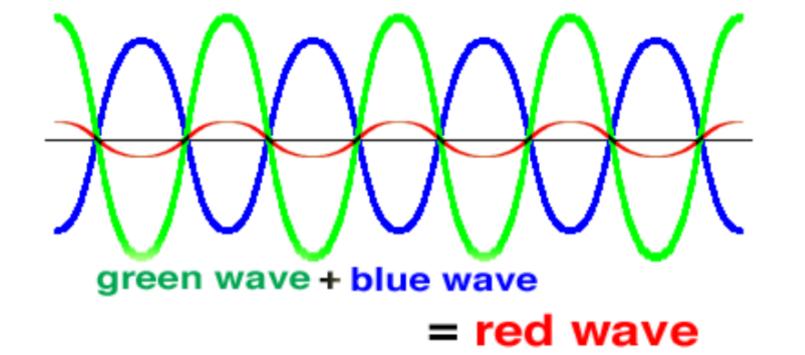
Does the recorded format match the desired specs

Null tests work using the principal of wave addition and interference

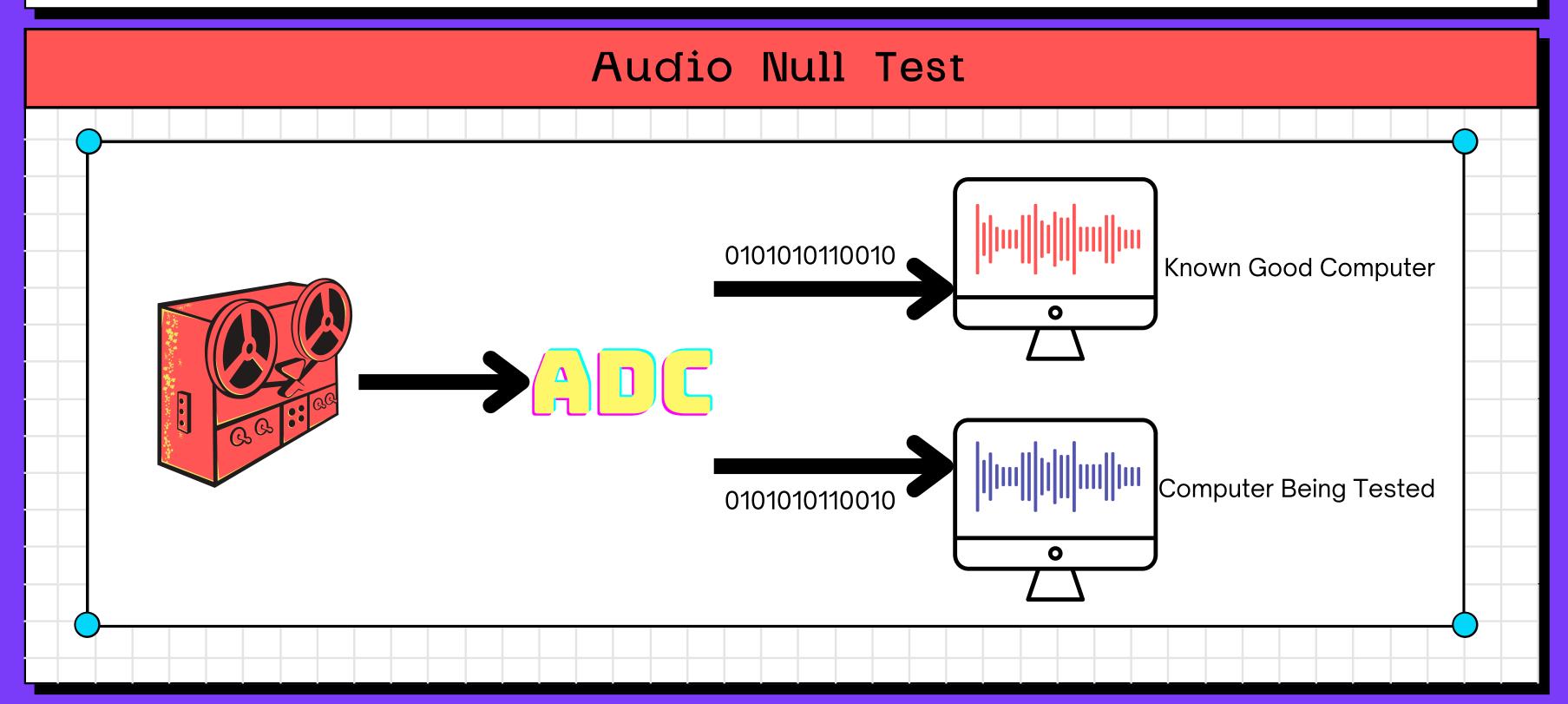




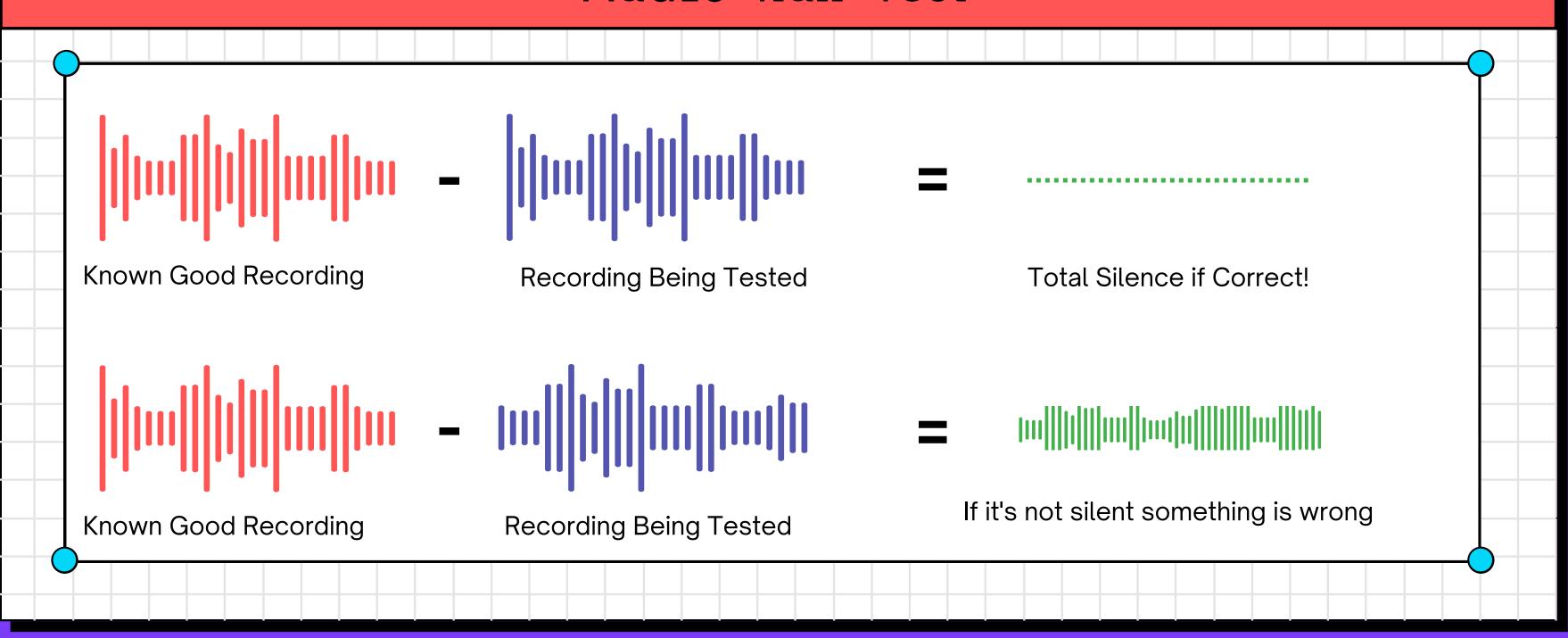
Null tests work using the principal of wave addition and interference











Video Station Qualification

Currently no public guidelines or best practices exist.

But we can rely on the same basic principals

- Define parameters: what exactly are we checking
- Determine test points
- Create tests for these parameters using available tools



Determine Test Points

- Are you checking the entire signal path?
 - o Deck -> TBC -> Converter -> Computer
- Just conversion and capture?
 - Analog Signal Generator -> Converter -> Computer
- Just capture?
 - Digital Signal Generator -> Computer
- Best Practice
 - Isolate what you are testing for
 - When torubleshooting only change one variable at a time

Define parameters

- Is the analog signal properly converted to digital?
- Is the digital signal properly recorded onto the storage media?
- Does the recorded format match the desired specifications



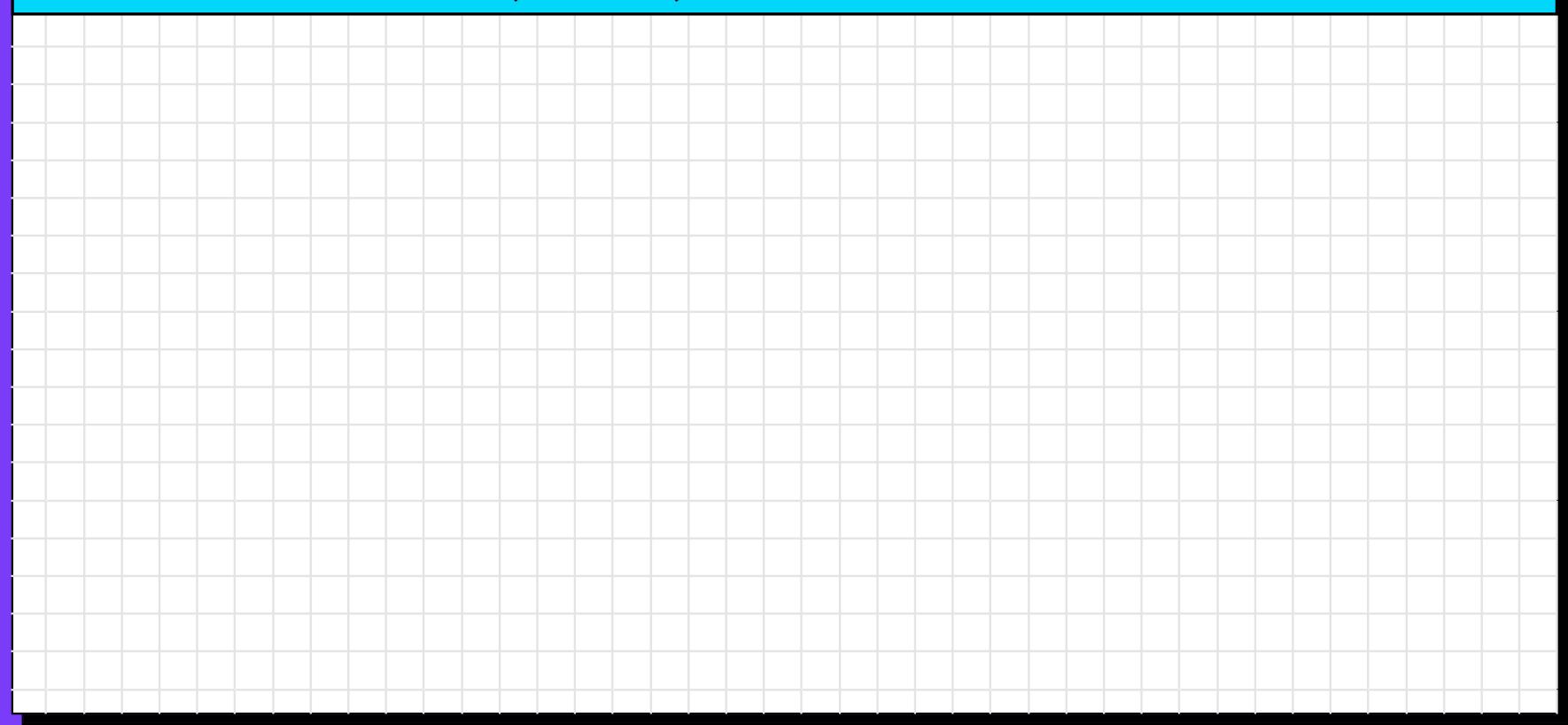
- Are there sync errors?
- Are there repeated frames?
- Is the digitized signal 10 bits?
- Is the video waveform clipped at all?

Create tests for these parameters using available tools





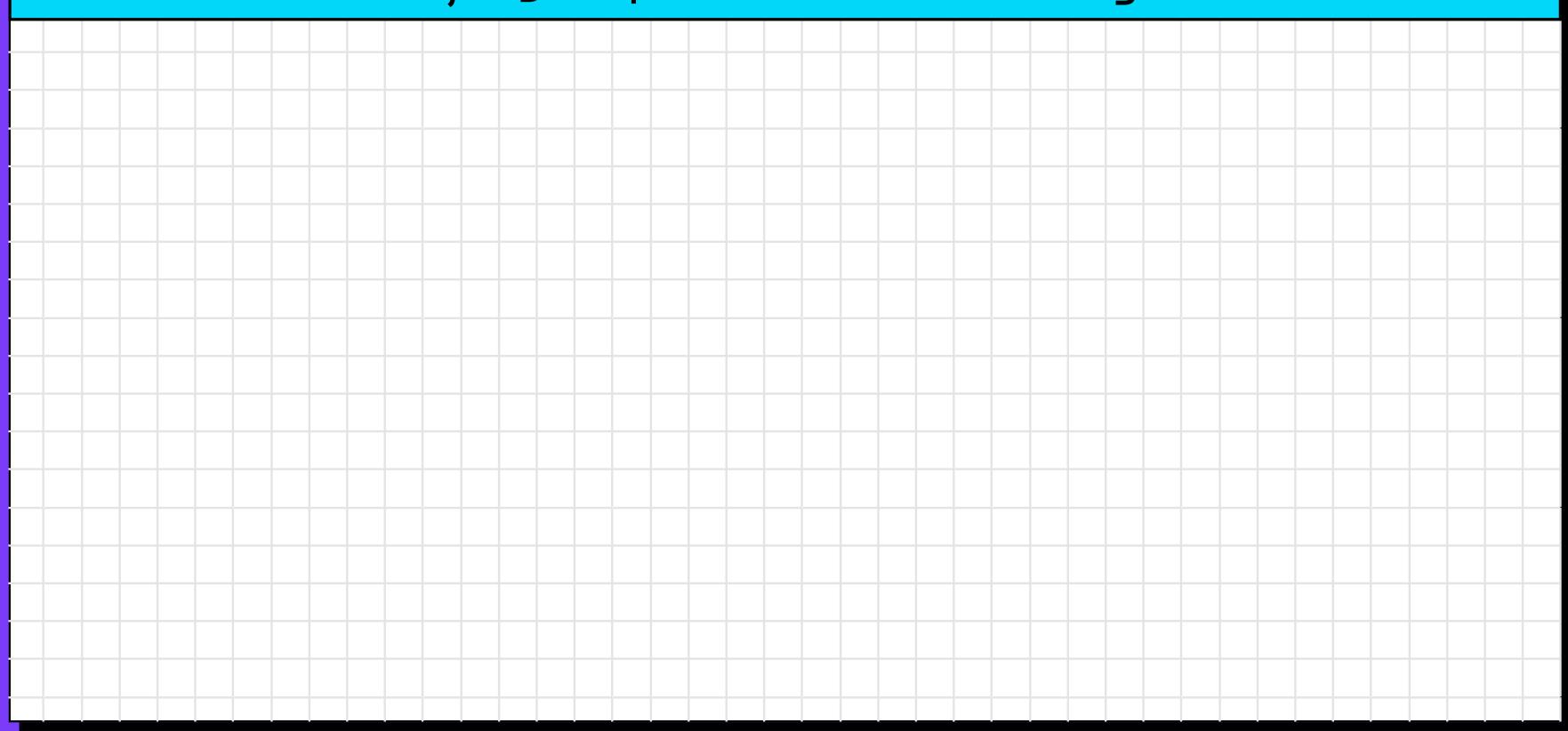








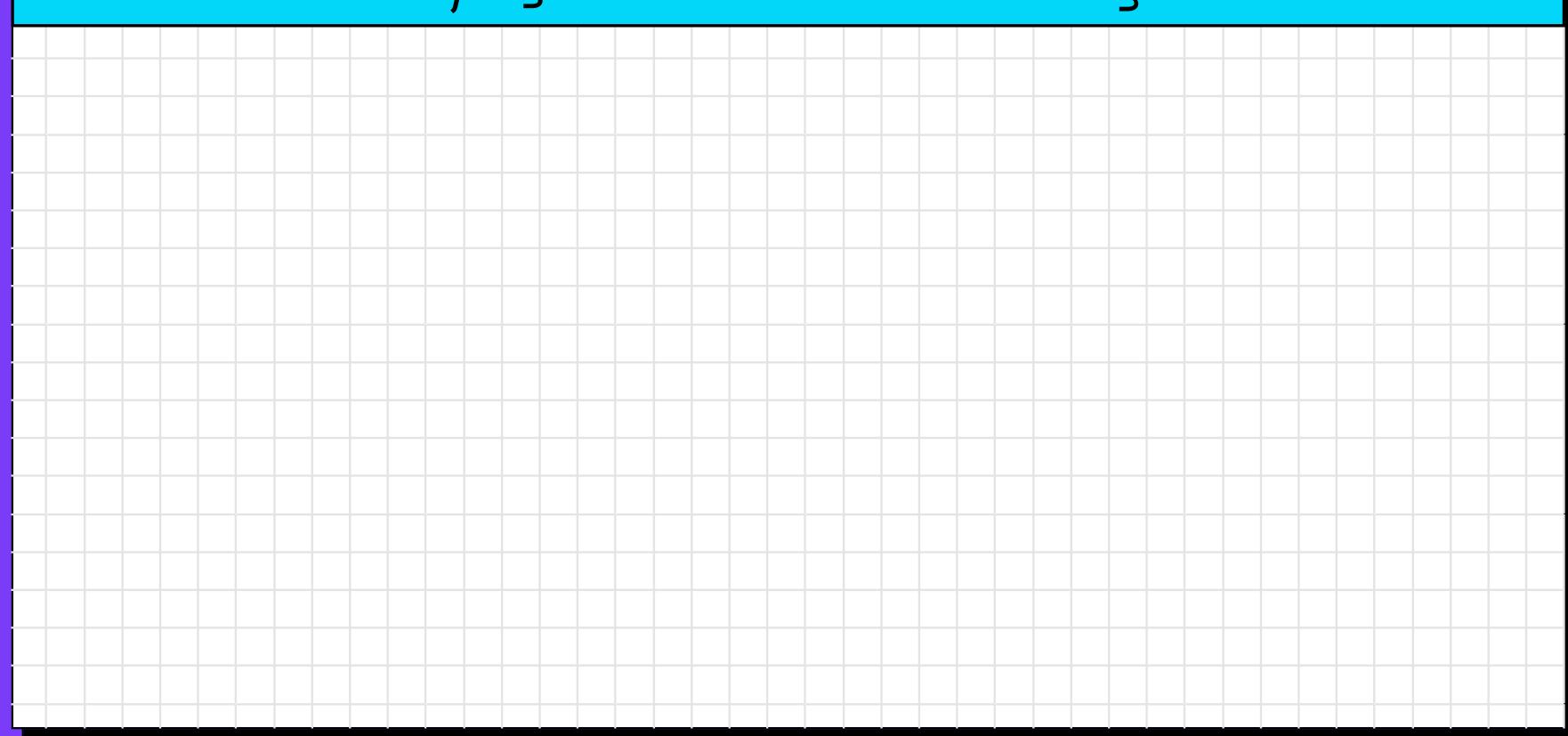








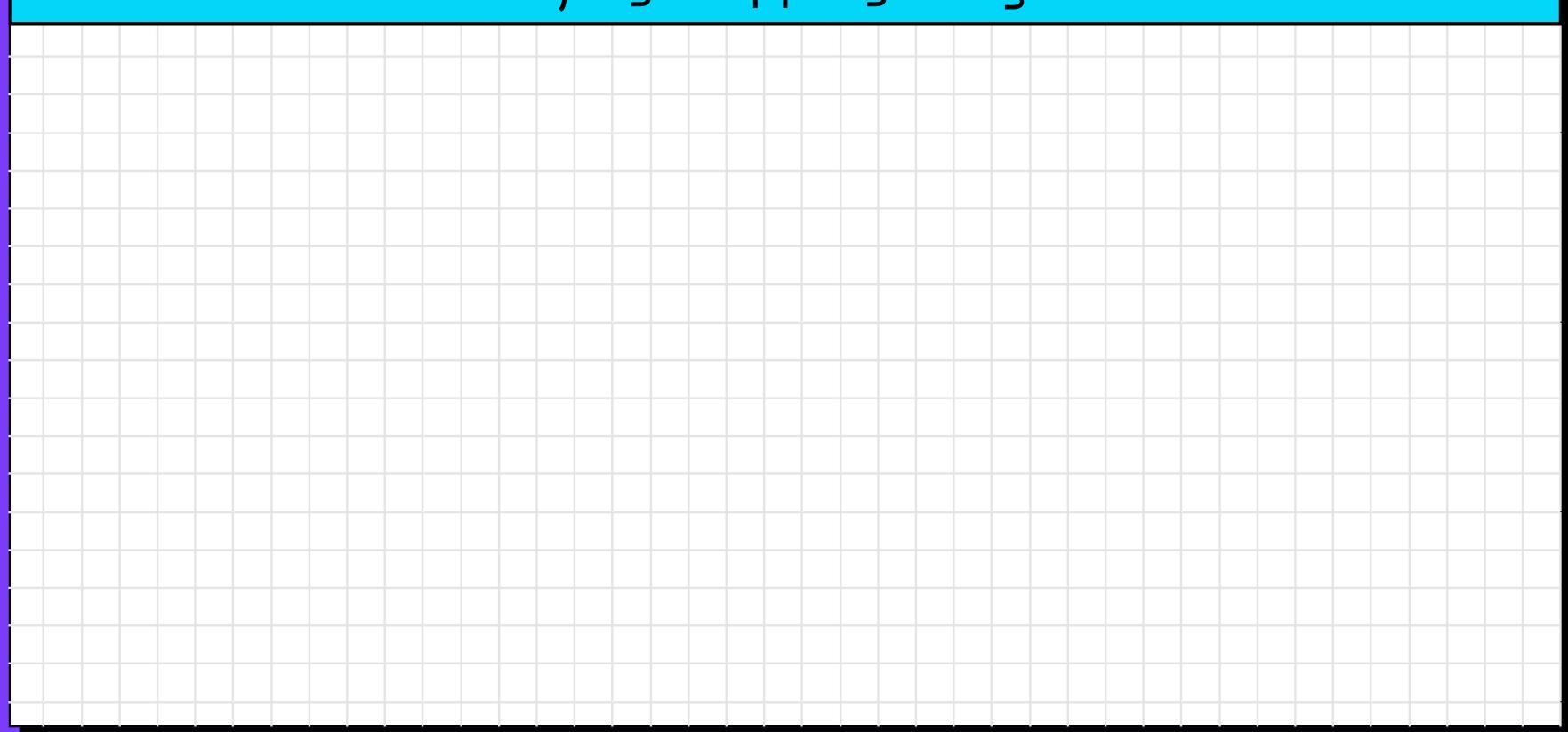








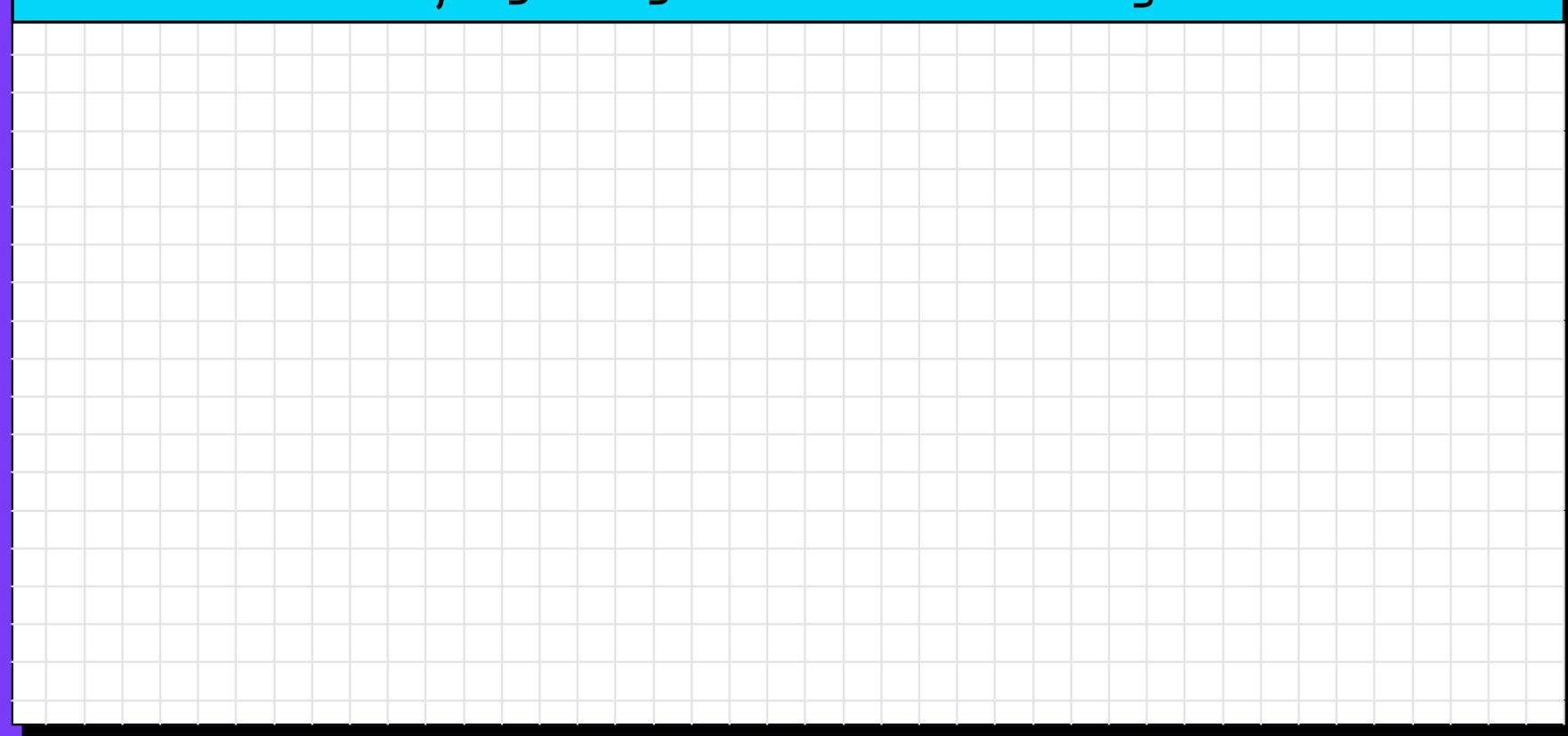








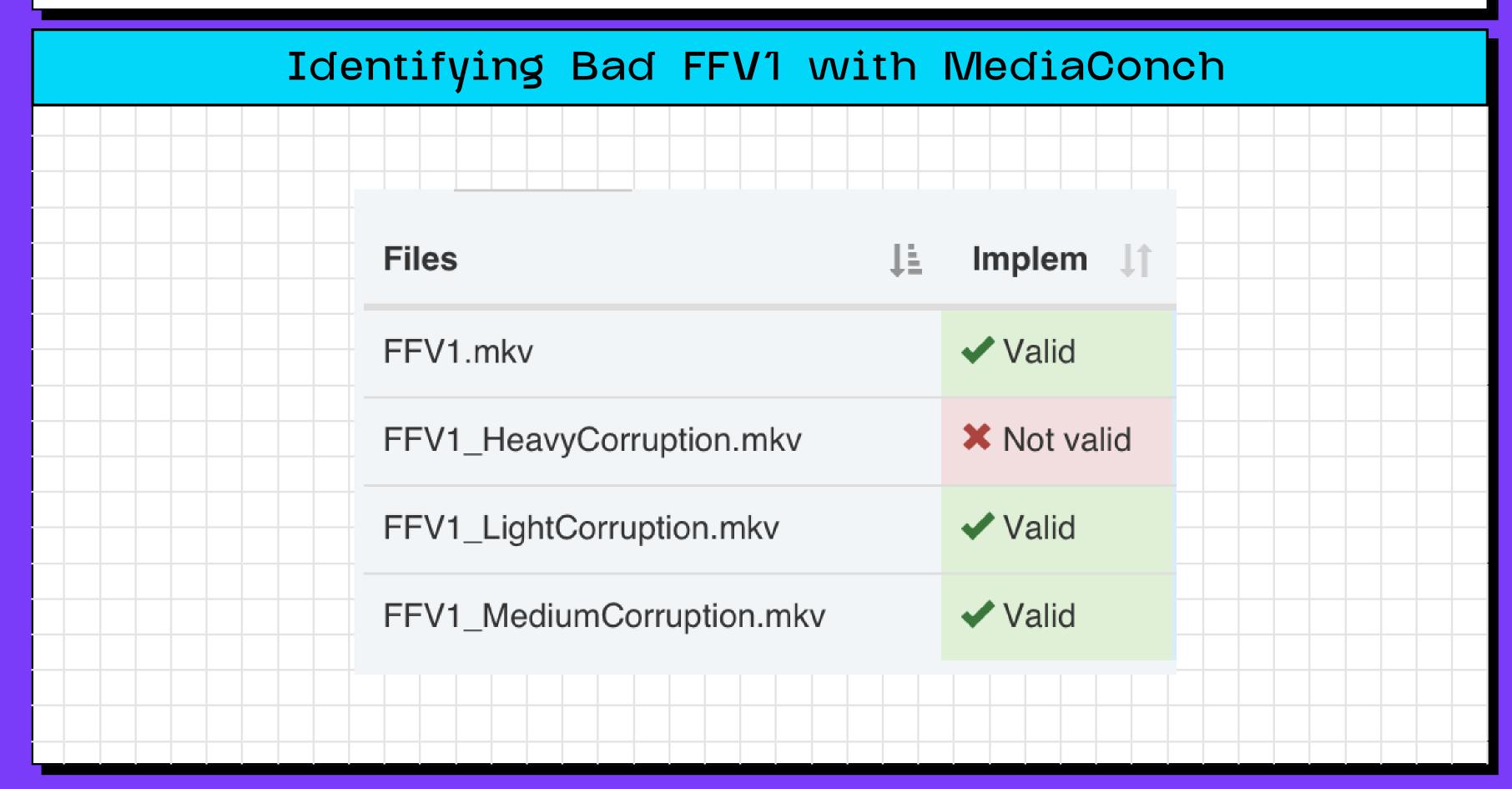




Is the digital signal properly recorded onto the storage media?

- Are the dropped frames?
- Does the built-in file checksum verification pass?

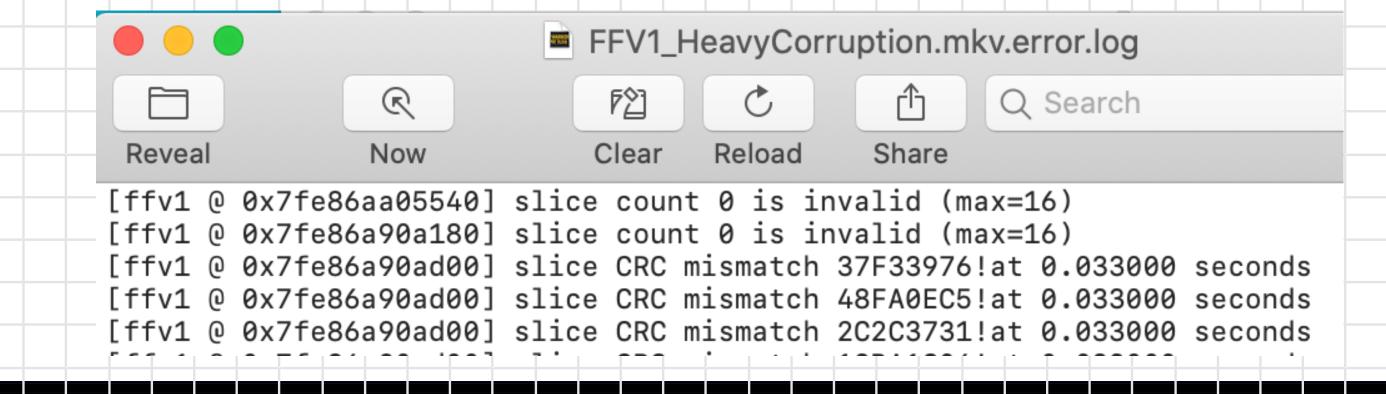
Create tests for these parameters using available tools



Identifying invalid checksums and erros with FFmpeg

ffmpeg -v error -i file.mkv -f null - 2> file.mkv.error.log

This will create a sidecar log file that lists all of the errors that FFmpeg encountered during decoding process



Does the recorded format match the desired specifications

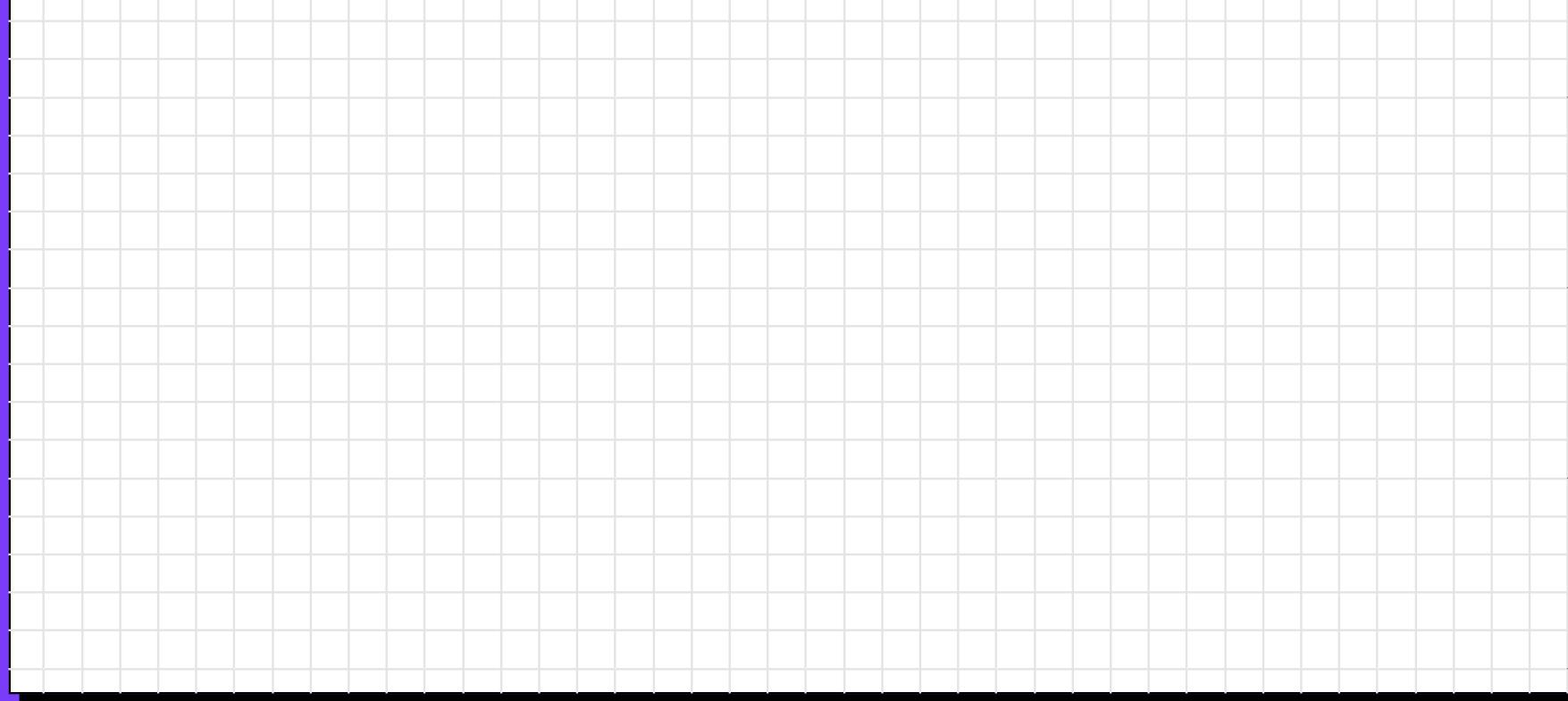
• Does the file match the desired specifications?

Create tests for these parameters using available tools









Exercise 6 Results

- Introduction
- Scope and Limitation
- Review of Related
 Literature
- Research Framework
- Methodology
- Results
- Conclusion

- Introduction
- Scope and Limitation
- Review of RelatedLiterature
- Research Framework
- Methodology
- Results
- Conclusion



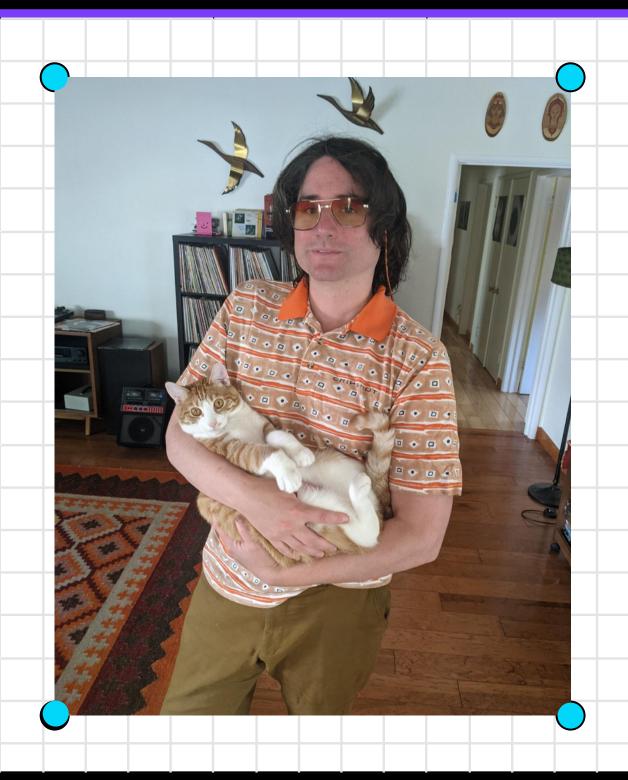


Conclusion

- Compression is good for preservation as long as it's lossless (and you can prove it!)
- There's a few choices of formats for video preservation, choose what works best for you
- You should be able to qualify a digitization tool using open source tools
- Nobody has compiled a series of Video Station Qualification tests yet...

Morgan Oscar Morel

- morgan@bavc.org
- @av_morgan
- 415.558.2158



Reach Out With Any Questions!