# Statistical Language Models 2019 Week 4 part 1

Dr. Dave Campbell davecampbell@math.carleton.ca

## **Approximate Course Outline**

Week 1: ShinyApps and Dashboarding

Week 2: TidyText & obtaining data, dealing with time events

Week 3: Regular Expressions; Word cooccurrence explorations

Week 4: Sentiment Analysis; Stochastic process models

Week 5: Exponential models for time between events.

Week 6: Bayesian Basics; Author attribution models; hierarchical models

Week 7: MCMC Diagnostics

Week 8: Embeddings and Word2Vec; Cryptography

Week 9: Clustering; Latent Dirichlet Allocation and topic models.

Week 10: Variational Inference

Week 11: Getting Fancier with Language Models

Week 12: Student projects and presentations

#### https://www.tidytextmining.com/twitter.html

O'REILLY



Julia Silge & David Robinson

Great book.

Available irl and online

#### HTML

Directly parsing Canada's <a href="https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/List\_of\_National\_Parks\_of\_Canada" title="National Parks of Canada">National Parks</a> table should be much easier than html into regular expressions.

# WebScraping

```
library(rvest)
file = read_html("https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/
List_of_National_Parks_of_Canada")
out = html_table(html_nodes(file, "table")[[1]])
dim(out)
out[,1]
out[,2:3]
```

# fixing size, km<sup>2</sup>:

```
head(out)
out[,5]
step1 = gsub(x=out[,5],pattern = ,replacement = )
step2 = gsub(x=step1, pattern = ,replacement= )
km2 = as.numeric(step2)
```

# fixing size, sq.mi.:

```
head(out)
out[,5]
step1 = gsub(x=out[,5],pattern = ,replacement = )
step2 = gsub(x=step1, pattern = ,replacement= )
step3 = gsub(x=step2, pattern = ,replacement= )
sqmi = as.numeric(step3)
```

## Touch ups

```
fixing location :
  out[,3]
  prov = gsub(out[,3],pattern=" ",replacement=" ")
fixing year:
  out[,2]
  year = as.numeric(gsub(out[,4],pattern=" ",replacement=" "))
```

# Filling in the table

#load our libraries

library(stringr)

library(tidyr)

library(tidyverse)

library(tidytext)

#### SENTIMENT LEXICONS

library(textdata)

Sentiment Analysis is all about comparing words in a document to a lexicons:

AFINN from Finn Årup Nielsen, AFINN {-5,-4,...,5} rating its severity of positive or negative sentiment.

bing from Bing Liu and collaborators {-1, 1} binary positive or negative, neutral words are not in the list

nrc from Saif Mohammad and Peter Turney {"trust", "fear", "negative", "sadness", "anger", "surprise", "positive", "disgust", "joy", "anticipation"} nrc puts each word into a sentiment category.

get\_sentiments("afinn")

```
library(gutenbergr)
JaneBooks = gutenberg_works(author == "Austen, Jane") %>%
   gutenberg_download(meta_fields = "title")
# meta fields lets us keep track of additional information, here I'm keeping the book title name
 JaneBooks = gutenberg_download(gutenberg_works(author == "Austen, Jane"))
tidy_books = JaneBooks %>%
    group_by(title) %>% # group by
     mutate(linenumber = row_number(),
        chapter = cumsum(str_detect(text, regex("^chapter [\\divxlc]", ignore_case = TRUE)))) %>%
       ungroup() %>%
         unnest_tokens(word, text)
```

### Tracking Joy in Emma (by filtering)

nrc\_joy = get\_sentiments("nrc") %>% filter(sentiment == "joy")

```
tidy_books %>%

filter(title == "Emma") %>%

inner_join(nrc_joy) %>%

group_by(chapter)%>%

count(word, sort = TRUE) # could also count within chapter
```

#### **BING LEXICON**

```
jane_austen_sentiment = tidy_books %>%
inner_join(get_sentiments("bing")) %>%
# count(title, index = linenumber %/% 80, sentiment) %>% # look within blocks of 80 lines
count(title, index = chapter, sentiment) %>% # look within chapters
spread(sentiment, n, fill = 0) %>%
mutate(sentiment = positive - negative)
```

#### Plot sentiment across the book

```
library(ggplot2)

ggplot(jane_austen_sentiment, # data to use

aes(index, sentiment, fill = title)) + # variables: index[line number],
sentiment, and colour each book individually

geom_col(show.legend = FALSE) + # style

facet_wrap(~title, ncol = 2, scales = "free_x") # colouring
```

#### **AFINN Lexicon**

```
inner_join(get_sentiments("afinn")) %>%

# group_by(title, index = linenumber %/% 80) %>% #group by discrete chins of lines

group_by(title, index = chapter) %>% # group by chapters

summarise(sentiment = sum(value)) %>% #add up sentiment within a chapter

mutate(method = "AFINN")

ggplot(jane_austen_afinn, # data to use

aes(index, sentiment, fill = title)) + # variables: index[line number], sentiment, and colour each book individually

geom_col(show.legend = FALSE) + # style

facet_wrap(~title, ncol = 2, scales = "free_x") # split by title
```

jane austen afinn = tidy books %>%

#### **NRC**

```
inner_join(get_sentiments("nrc")) %>%

filter(sentiment %in% c("positive", "negative"))%>%

mutate(method = "NRC") %>%

count(title, index = linenumber %/% 80, sentiment) %>%

spread(sentiment, n, fill = 0) %>%

mutate(sentiment = positive - negative)

ggplot(jane_austen_nrc, # data to use

aes(index, sentiment, fill = title)) + # variables: index[line number], sentiment, and colour each book individually

geom_col(show.legend = FALSE) + # style

facet_wrap(~title, ncol = 2, scales = "free_x")
```

jane\_austen\_nrc = tidy\_books %>%

#### More NRC sentiments

```
jane_austen_nrc_full = tidy_books %>%
inner_join(get_sentiments("nrc")) %>%
count(title, index =chapter, sentiment)%>%
mutate(method = "NRC")
ggplot(jane_austen_nrc_full, aes(index, n,color = sentiment)) +
    geom_line() +
facet_grid(~ sentiment)+
facet_wrap(~title, ncol = 2, scales = "free_x") # split by title
```