61FIT3JSD Fall 2023

Lecture 7
GUI programming (2)
Intermediate Issues

Lecture outline

- Basic components
- GUI containers
- Content container
- Menu (container)
- More display components

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Basic display components

- Label
- Text field



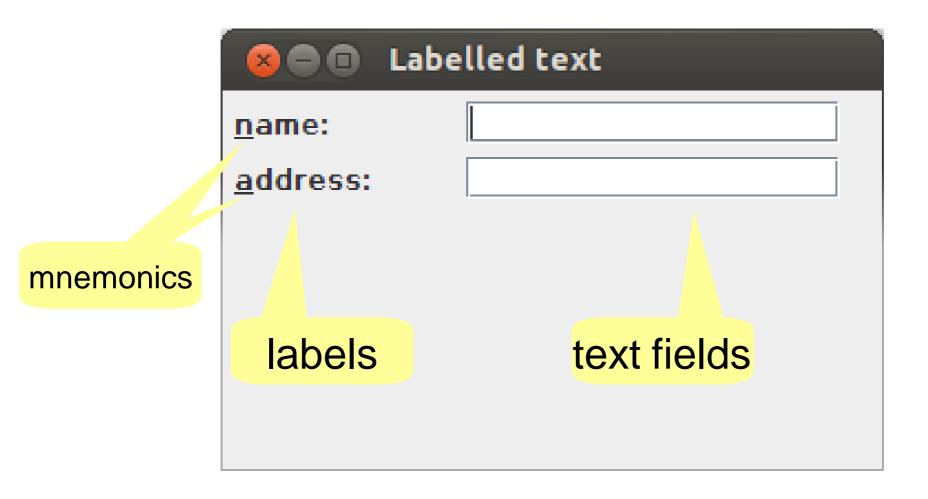
Basic display components

- Label
- Text field



Labelled text field

lect07.LabelledTextFieldDemo



Label

- Class: JLabel
- Displays a single line text
- Example:

```
JLabel label = new JLabel("name:");
```



Basic display components

- Label
- Text field

Text field (1)

- Class: JTextField
- Captures a single line text input
- Can contain any number of characters, but only a limited number will be visible
- Number of visible characters (the visible area) can be set

Text field (2)

Create a text field:

```
JTextField tf = new JTextField();
```

with a fixed visible area:

```
JTextField\ tf = new\ JTextField(30);
```

Change text:

```
tf.setText("some name");
```

Get text:

```
String t = tf.getText();
```

Bounding a label to a text field

A label can be bound to a text field:

```
label.setLabelFor(tf);
```

Activate the bounded text field through the label:

```
label.setDisplayMnemonic('n');
    a character of
    the label
```

To retrieve the bounded text field:

```
Component comp = label.getLabelFor();
JTextField tf = (JTextField) comp;
```



Code

lect07.LabelledTextFieldDemo

Lecture outline

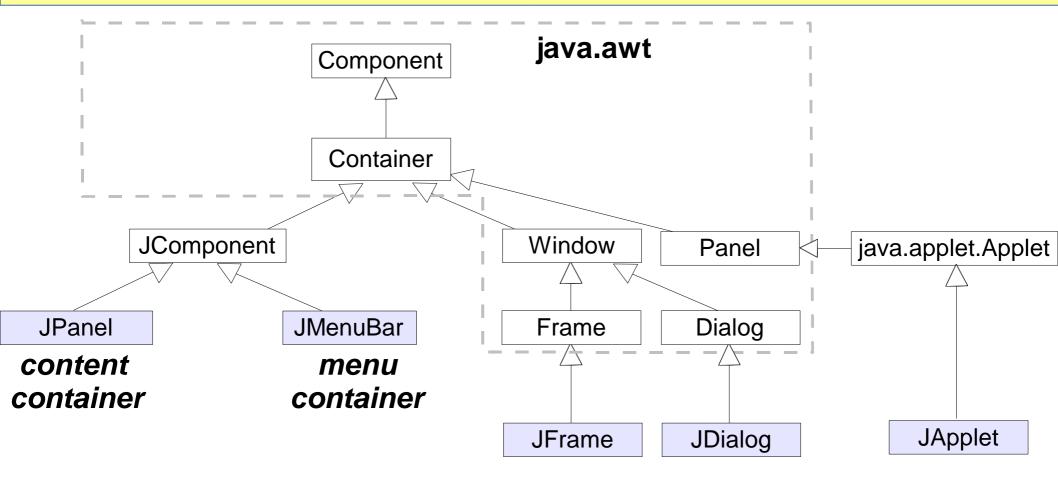
- Basic components
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GUI containers

- All Swing components are sub classes of Container: can contain other components
- GUI components are arranged in a nested structure called containment hierarchy (CH)
- Container-specific components:
 - top level container: contains components & other containers
 - content container: contains non-menu components
 - menu container: contains menu components
- Display-specific components: label, text field, etc.

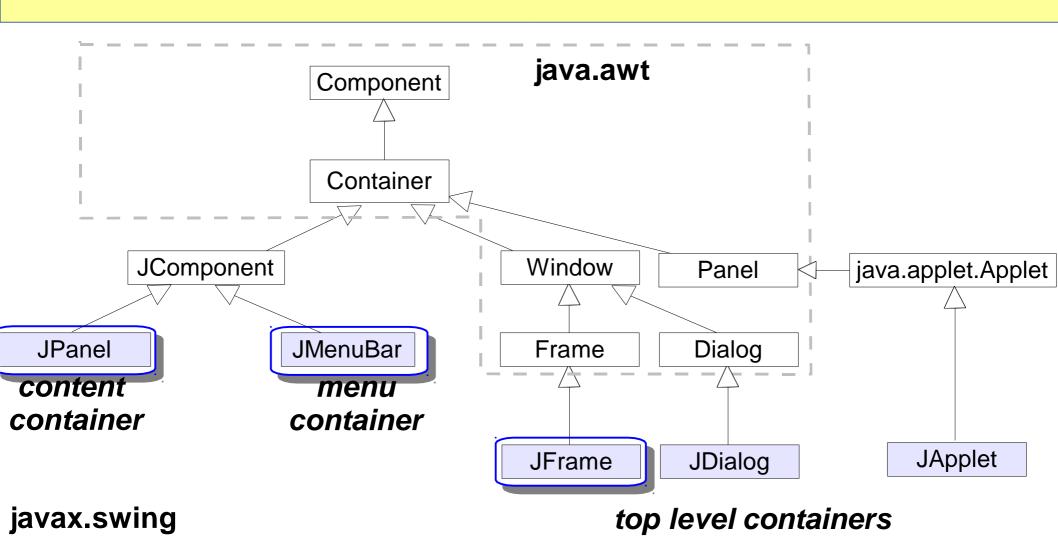
Swing CH diagram



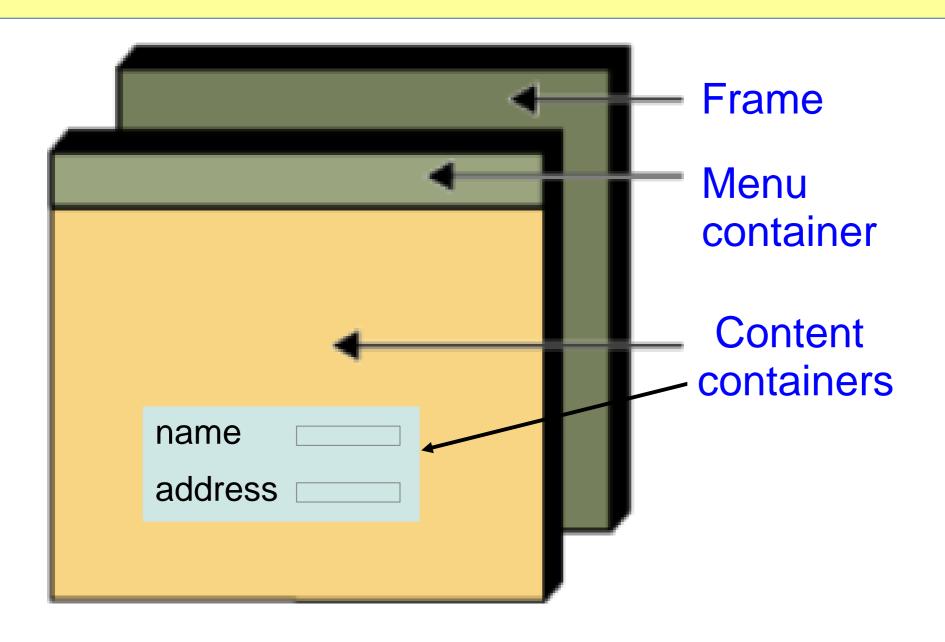
javax.swing

top level containers

Our application scope



Containers



Lecture outline

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Content container

- Types of content container
- Content pane
- Panel
- Layout manager
- Working with the container's components



Content container

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Types of content container

- The content pane of a window:
 - the top-level content container
- A panel of components:
 - to group the related display components together
- A content pane may contain one or more panels



Content container

- Types of content container
- Content pane
- Panel
- Layout manager
- Working with the container's components

Content pane

- Every Swing window (JWindow or JFrame) has a content pane
- All non-menu, displayable components are added to the content pane by default
- To access the content pane:

```
Container c = w.getContentPane();
```

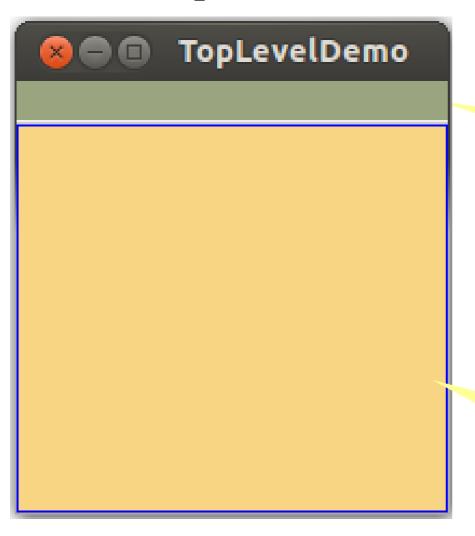
•To change a content pane:

```
Container c = new JPanel();
w.setContentPane(c);
```



Window and containers

• lect07.TopLevelDemo



menu bar

content pane with a yellowish label



Content container

- Types of content container
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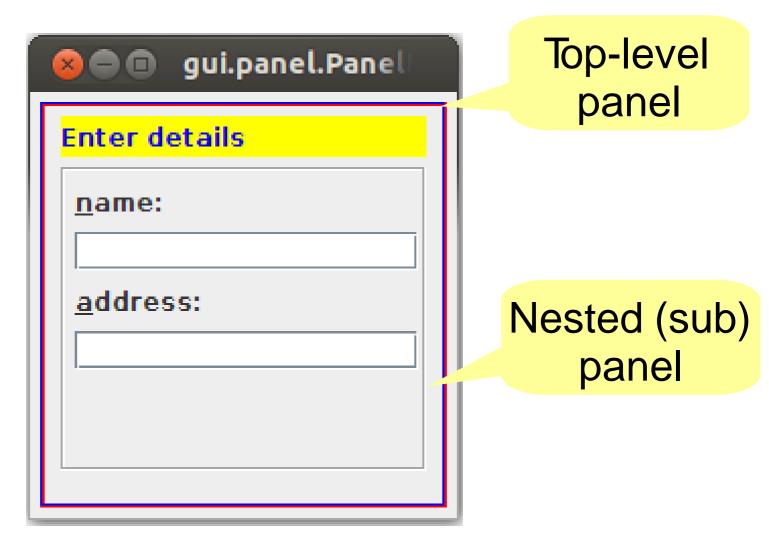
Panel

- A sub-container to organise related display components
- A panel can be nested inside another panel
- Components in a panel are arranged using layouts



Panel

lect07.PanelDemo



Working with panels (1)

- Class: JPanel
- Create a panel (with a default layout):

```
JPanel p = new JPanel();
```

Add components to a panel:

```
p.add(label);
p.add(tf);
```

Create a nested panel:

```
JPanel subPanel = new JPanel();
p.add(subPanel);
```

Working with panels (2)

Add a panel to a JFrame (its content pane):

```
JFrame w = new JFrame("My GUI");
w.add(p);
// or w.getContentPane().add(p)
```



Content container

- Types of content container
- Content pane
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- Layout manager
- Working with the container's components

Layout manager

- Defines the *layout* of the components in a container:
 - specifies the relative positions of the components
- Implement interface java.awt.LayoutManager and/or LayoutManager2
- Pre-defined layout managers:
 - Flow layout
 - Border layout
 - Grid layout

Layout manager (2)

Change the layout manager of a container:

```
LayoutManager lm = new FlowLayout();
w.setLayout(lm);
```

Obtain the layout manager of a container:

```
LayoutManager lm = w.getLayout();
```

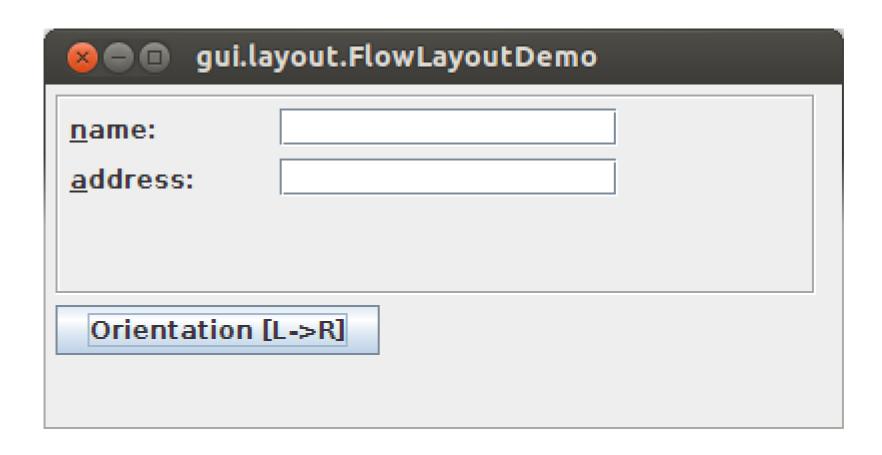
Flow layout

- Class: java.awt.FlowLayout
- Default layout for panels
- Arranges components in rows:
 - direction depends on container's orientation
 - number of rows are determined by container's size
- Components alignment: left, right, center, leading, trailing
 - default: center
- Respect the components size



Flow layout

lect07.FlowLayoutDemo



Refresh a container's GUI

- Required when a container's layout or composition has been changed:
 - components are added/removed
 - layout information changed
- Method: Container.validate()

Border layout

- Class: java.awt.BorderLayout
- Default layout for windows (e.g. JFrame)
- Arranges components in five regions: NORTH, SOUTH, EAST, WEST, CENTER
 - defined as constants of BorderLayout
- Each region can only contain one component:
 - use a panel if multiple components are needed
- Spaces are allocated in the above order:
 - CENTER region fills up the remaining space



Border layout

lect07.BorderLayoutDemo

gui.layout.BorderLayoutDer Enter details	NORTH
name:	
<u>a</u> ddress:	CENTER
OK	SOUTH

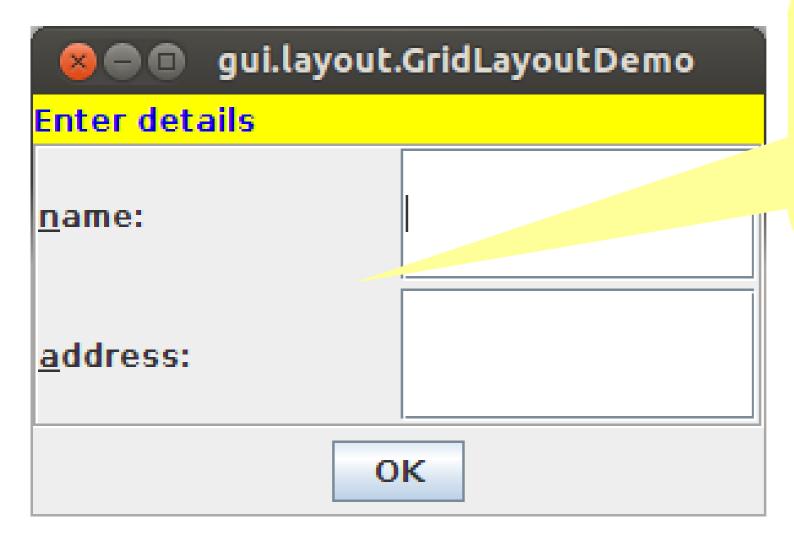
Grid layout

- Class: java.awt.GridLayout
- Arranges components in a table NxM
 - N: number of rows
 - M: number of columns
 - all cells have equal size
- Components are added sequentially: from left to right, one row at a time
- Does not respect the components size:
 - components are stretched to fill up their cells



Grid layout

lect07.GridLayoutDemo



Grid layout
(2,2)
components
are stretched



Content container

- Types of content container
- Content pane
- Panel
- Layout manager
- Working with the container's components

Working with a container's components

•Get all the display components (of a container):

```
Container c = w.getContentPane();
Component[] comps = c.getComponents();
```

Get a display component at a given position:

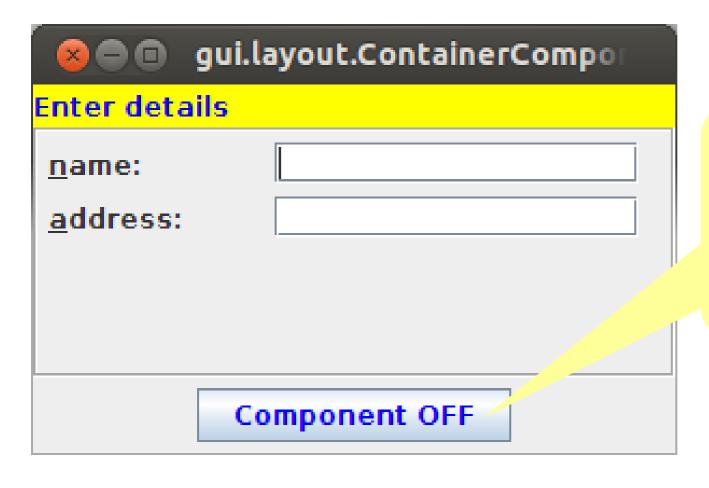
```
Component co = c.getComponent(i);
```

- Search for a component:
 - loop over the component array



Container components

lect07.ContainerComponentDemo



To turn ON/OFF each component of the middle panel

Lecture outline

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Menu (container)

- Menu bar, menu, menu item
- Menu component hierarchy
- Working with menus



Menu (container)

- Menu bar, menu, menu item
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Menu bar, menu, menu item

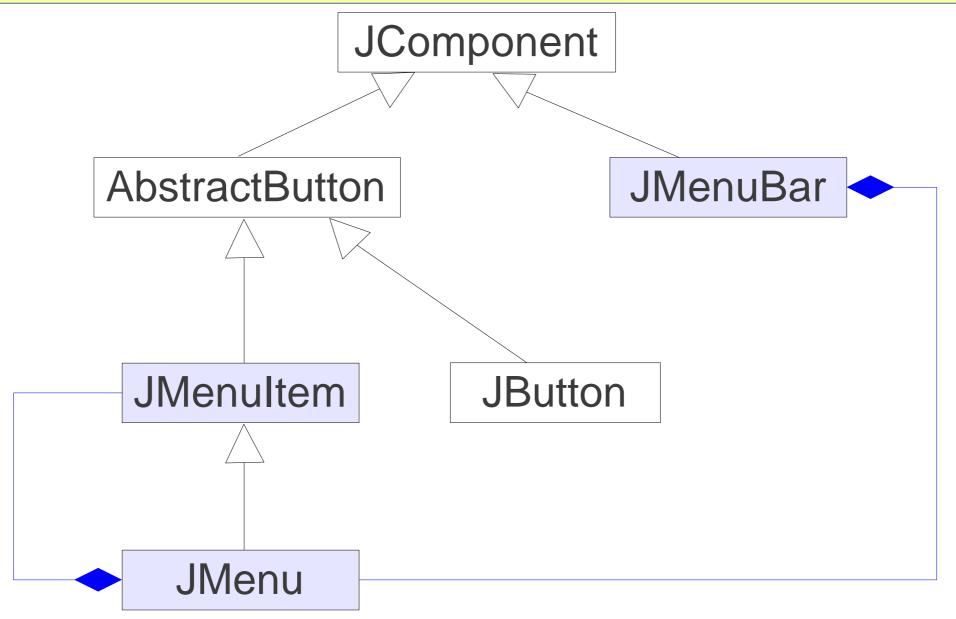
- Every JFrame has a menu bar displayed above the content pane
- A menu bar contains zero or more menus
- A menu contains zero or more menu items
- A menu item is a user action (same as that on a button)
- Swing classes:
 - JMenuBar
 - JMenu
 - JMenuItem



Menu (container)

- Menu bar, menu, menu item
- Menu component hierarchy
- Working with menus

Menu component/container hierarchy





Menu

lect07.MenuDemo

🔞 🖨 📵 gui.layout.BorderLayoutDer	
File Tools	
Enter details	
<u>n</u> ame:	
<u>a</u> ddress:	
	ок

Menu bar/ Options: to change text colours



Menu (container)

- Menu bar, menu, menu item
- Menu component hierarchy
- Working with menus

Working with menus (1)

Create a menu bar:

```
JMenuBar menuBar = new JMenuBar();
```

Create one or more menus:

```
JMenu fileMenu = new JMenu("File");
```

Create one or more menu items under a menu:

```
JMenuItem exit = new JMenuItem("Exit");
```

Set up action handler for menu items:

```
exit.addActionListener(...);
```

Working with menus (2)

Add menu items to a menu:

```
fileMenu.add(exit);
```

Add menus to a menu bar:

```
menuBar.add(fileMenu);
menuBar.add(toolsMenu);
```

Set menu bar on the JFrame:

```
w.setJMenuBar (menuBar);
```

Create a nested menu

Add a menu to another menu:

```
JMenu saveMenu = new JMenu("Save");
JMenuItem toFile =
 new JMenuItem("to file");
JMenuItem toDB =
 new JMenuItem("to database");
saveMenu.add(toFile);
saveMenu.add(toDB);
fileMenu.add(saveMenu);
```

Obtain menu components

```
• Use getMenuComponents():
Component[] menuItems =
    fileMenu.getMenuComponents();
```

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More display components

Combo box



Combo box

lect07.ComboBoxDemo

🔞 🖨 📵 gui.combo.ComboBoxDemo		
Enter details		
Choose a city:	Hà nội ▼	
<u>n</u> ame:		
<u>a</u> ddress:	Hà nội	
	ок	

Choose a city to update address field

Combo box (1)

- Class: JComboBox
- Displays a drop-down list of objects:
 - typically strings
- Read only (by default), but can be made editable

Combo box (2)

Create a combo box:

```
String[] strings = { "", "Hà nội" };

JComboBox combo = new JComboBox(strings);
```

Get the selected object:

```
String s = (String) combo.getSelectedItem();
```

•Change the selected object:

```
combo.setSelectedIndex(1);
combo.setSelectedItem("Hà nội");
```

Handle combo box events

- Create event handler for combo box
- Create an event handler object
- Register event handler object to the combo box
 - invoke an addXListener() method

Create event handler for combo box

- Event: ActionEvent or ItemEvent
- Listener: ActionListener or ItemListener
- Create a handler as ActionListener:
 - implements ActionListener
 - in actionPerformed():
 - get combo box object from source
 - invoke getSelectedItem to retrieve current item
 - process item

Additional components & issues

- Technical guide for Swing components:
 - Java tutorial > Creating a GUI With JFC/Swing > Using Swing Components
- Handle text field events:
 - Java tutorial > ... > How to Use Text Fields

Summary

- Display components are organised on a GUI using containers
- All containers are sub-class of Container class
- All Swing components are containers
- Layout managers are used to layout components in a container
- Top level containers are JFrame, JDialog and JApplet
- JFrame uses a content pane to organise components and an (optional) menu bar

References

Savitch W., Absolute Java, 6th, Pearson, 2015

- Chapter 17

Oracle, The Java Tutorial, Oracle, http://docs.oracle.com/javase/tutorial

-Lesson: Creating a GUI With JFC/Swing, Using Swing Components