Pandas





Simple plan

- 1. Quickly introduce pandas DataFrame object
- 2. Have a go with pandas in the console
 - a. Open up **jupyter notebook** and **tap along** with the slides
- 3. Practical Jupyter Notebook session

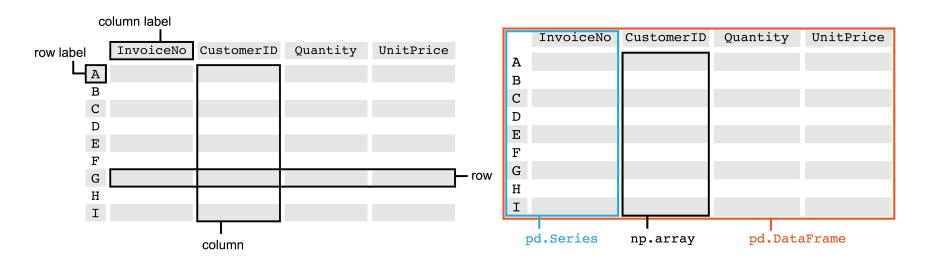


What is Pandas?

- Data **structures** and data **analysis tools**:
 - The 'excel of python'
- Base data objects are numpy arrays
- Note: huge userbase (as with numpy) your question is on StackOverflow!
- Pandas documentation is superb
 - https://pandas.pydata.org/pandas-docs/stable/10min.html



Anatomy of a pandas DataFrame object





Practical introduction

```
Open up a jupyter notebook...
   import pandas as pd
   data = {'name': ['alice', 'bob'], 'age': [28, 25]}
   df = pd.DataFrame(data)
   df
           name
                age
       0 alice
                28
            bob
                 25
```



What's a DataFrame?

```
df.values
 > array([['alice', 28],
           ['bob', 25]], dtype=object)
df.dtypes
df.columns
df.index
df.index = ['first', 'second']
df
             name
                  age
    first
           alice
                   28
    second
             bob
                   25
```



Indexing and selection

```
df['name'] # or df.name
df.loc['second', 'age']
df.iloc[1, 1]
df.query('age > 25')
      name
               age
   first alice
```



Read from CSV

```
$ loc = 'data/airfoil.csv'
$ pd.read_csv(loc)
Can read from websites!
Other arguments, e.g. header, allow for customising the import
such as naming columns, and specifying a column to use for index
$ url = 'https://goo.gl/XE5CrW'
$ pd.read_csv(url, header=None)
Read the documentation!
```



Useful functions, methods, and attributes

```
pd.isnull(df)
df.fillna(value=0)
df.describe()
df.plot()
df.reset_index()
df.set_index('name')
df.index
df.values # Simba, remember who you are...
df.col.unique() # and maths like df.col.max()
df.groupby(...)
```





Hands-on session

01-pandas-skeleton.ipynb 20 mins

