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CSE 181501

Roll No. of candidate

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2021

B.Tech. 5th Semester End-Term Examination

DATABASE MANAGEMENT SYSTEM

(New Regulation)

(w.e.f. 2017-18)

(New Syllabus)

(w.e.f. 2018-19)

Full Marks – 70

Time – Three hours

The figures in the margin indicate full marks for the questions.

Answer question No. 1 and any *four* from the rest.

1. Answer the following:

$$(10 \times 1 = 10)$$

- (i) A relational database consists of a collection of
- ✓(a) Tables
 - (b) Fields
 - (c) Records
 - (d) Keys
- (ii) Which of the following is used to include integrity constraint in an existing relation?
- (a) Create table
 - ✓(b) Modify table
 - (c) After table
 - (d) Drop table
- (iii) Given the basic ER and relational models, which of the following is INCORRECT?
- (a) An attributes of an entity can have more than one value
 - (b) An attribute of an entity can be composite
 - ✓(c) In a row of a relational table, an attribute can have more than one value
 - (d) In a row of a relational table, an attribute can have exactly one value or a NULL value

[Turn over

Answer --

(iv) Given the following relation instance:

x	y	z
1	4	2
1	5	3
1	6	3
3	2	2

Which of the following functional dependencies are satisfied by the instance?

- (a) $XY \rightarrow Z$ and $Z \rightarrow Y$ ☒ (b) $YZ \rightarrow X$ and $Y \rightarrow Z$
(c) $YZ \rightarrow X$ and $X \rightarrow Z$ (d) $XY \rightarrow Y$ and $Y \rightarrow X$

(v) Which of the following is not a database model?

- (a) Network Database Model
(b) Relational Database Model
(c) Object Oriented Database Model
☒ (d) None

(vi) Which of the following is TRUE?

- ☒ (a) A relation in 3NF is always in BCNF
(b) A relation in 3NF is always in BCNF
(c) BCNF and 3NF are same
(d) A relation in BCNF is not in 3NF

(vii) Which of the following concurrency control protocols ensure both conflict serializability and freedom from deadlock?

- (I) 2-phase locking
(II) Time-stamp ordering
(a) (I) only (b) (II) only
(c) Both (I) and (II) ☒ (d) Neither (I) nor (II)

(viii) Relational algebra is a

- ☒ (a) Procedural language (b) Non-Procedural language
(c) Data definition language (d) High level language

(ix) Which of the following is not an Armstrong's Axiom?

- (a) Reflexivity rule (b) Transitivity rule
(c) Pseudo-transitivity rule ☒ (d) Augmentation rule

☒ (x) Which of the following makes the transaction permanent in the database?

- (a) View ☒ (b) Commit
(c) Rollback (d) Flash back

2. (a) Define logical and physical data independence. (4)
- (b) Differentiate between: (4+4=8)
- (i) Weak entity and Strong entity.
- (ii) Total and Partial relationship
- (c) How generalization and specialization is represented in ER diagram? Give example. (3)
3. (a) Define primary key and foreign key with example. (4)
- (b) What is meant by query processing? Describe the steps in query processing. (2+5=7)
- (c) Let the following relation schemas be given: $r = (A, B, C)$ $s = (D, E, F)$ Give an expression in SQL that is equivalent to each of the following queries: (2+2=4)
- (i) $\prod_D(s)$
- (ii) $\sigma_{A=D}(r \times s)$
4. (a) What is the difference between a primary index and a secondary index? (4)
- (b) What is hashing? Write the advantages of dynamic hashing over static hashing. (2+3=5)
- (c) Construct a B tree of order 3 for the following set of key values: (4)
- (2, 5, 11, 19, 23, 28)
- (d) What is a serial schedule? (2)
5. (a) Compute the attribute closure of AG for the following set F of FDs of the relation Schema $R = (A, B, C, G, H, I)$. Is AG a super key? (4)
- $A \rightarrow B$
- $A \rightarrow C$
- $CG \rightarrow H$
- $CG \rightarrow I$
- $B \rightarrow H$
- (b) What is lossless and lossy join? (4)
- (c) What are the anomalies that can occur when the database is not normalized? (3)
- (d) Find the highest normal form a relation $R(A, B, C, D, E)$ with FD set $\{A \rightarrow D, B \rightarrow A, BC \rightarrow D, AC \rightarrow BE\}$ (4)

6. (a) Consider the transactions T1, T2, and T3 and the schedules S1 and S2 given below: (5)

T1 : r1(X); r1(z) ; w1(X);w1(z)

T2 : r2(Y); r2(z) ; w2(z)

T3 : r3(Y); r3(X) ; w3(Y)

S1 : r1(X); r3(Y) ; r3(X); r2(Z) ; r2(Z) ; w3(Y) ; w2(Z) ; r1(Z) ; w1(X);w1(Z)

S2 : r1(X); r3(Y) ; r2(Y); r3(X) ; r1(Z) ; r2(Z) ; w3(Y) ;w1(X) ; w2(Z); w1(Z)

Which one of the schedule is conflict serializable?

- (b) Describe Lock-Based Protocol in concurrency control. Is this protocol deadlock free? (4+2=6)
- (c) Explain Undo and Redo Operation in database recovery. (4)
7. Write short notes on (any five): (5 × 3 = 15)
- (a) Transaction states
 - (b) Check point
 - (c) Dirty read problem
 - (d) Intrusion Detection System
 - (e) Distributed databases
 - (f) Thomas Write rule
 - (g) Join operation

