

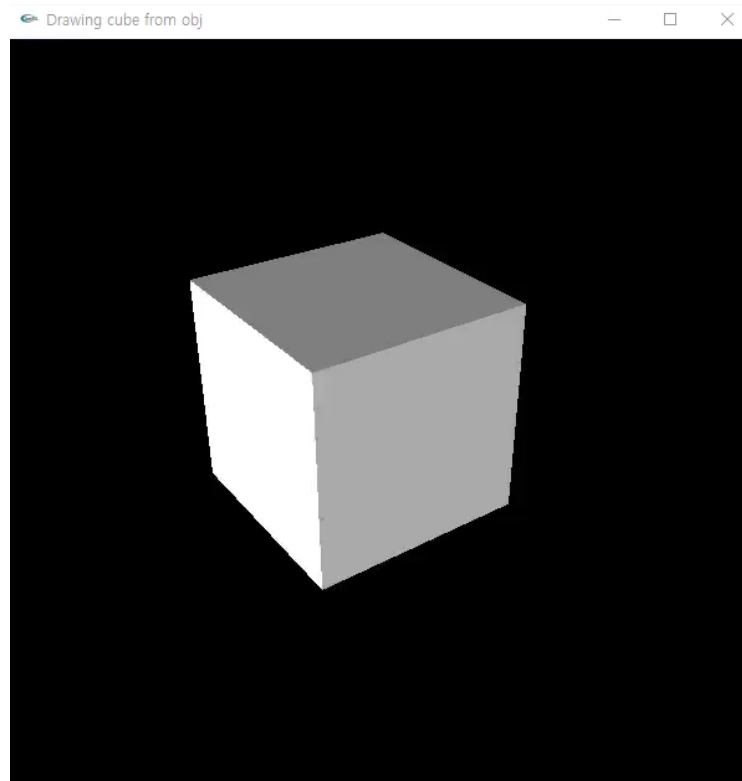
LAB I

Week 06

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Graphics & Media Lab
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Today's Mission

- Load data from OBJ file (cube)
 - Use STL vector
 - Define vertex, face, obj class
- Access member variables only through member functions
- Rotate the cube using idle function



Standard Template Library (STL)

- It brings huge innovation in C++ programming.
- It is **generic library** (i.e., based on **template**) which provides
 - Container (ex. vector, string)
 - Iterators
 - Algorithms
 - Functors
- It is very **general, efficient, and easy to use.**

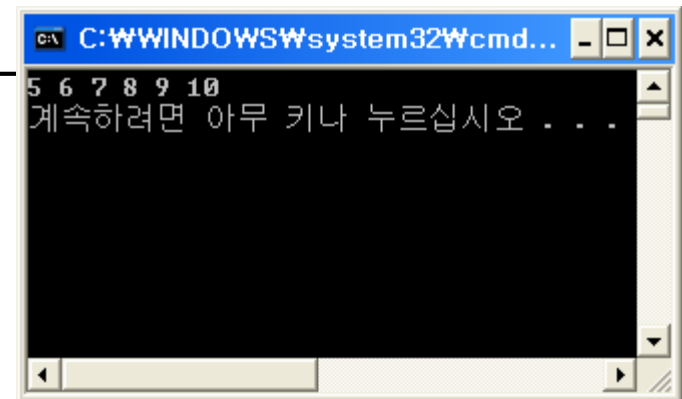
Standard Template Library (STL)

- `vector<T>` Library
 - dynamic array
 - similar to array, but size is flexible
 - http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Dynamic_array
 - takes care of managing the memory associated with storing the elements
 - implemented as a class template

```
#include <iostream>
#include <vector>

void main() {
    std::vector<int> ivec;
    for(int i=5; i<=10; ++i)
        ivec.push_back(i);

    for(std::vector<int>::size_type i=0; i!=ivec.size(); ++i)
        std::cout << ivec[i] << " ";
    std::cout << std::endl;
}
```



vector Library

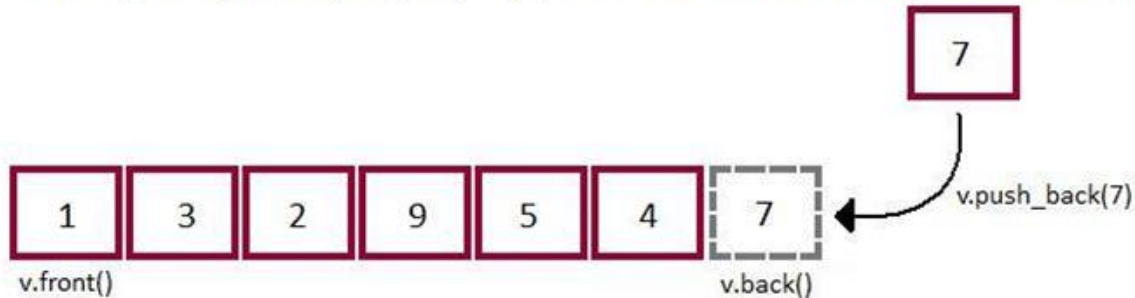
- **vector<T> Library**
 - dynamic array
 - similar to array, but size is flexible
 - http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Dynamic_array
 - <http://www.cplusplus.com/reference/stl/vector/>
 - [http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Vector_\(C%2B%2B\)](http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Vector_(C%2B%2B))
 - Member functions
 - size : Return size
 - resize : Change size
 - push_back : Add element at the end
 - pop_back : Delete last element
 - begin : Return iterator to beginning
 - end : Return iterator to end
 -

vector Library

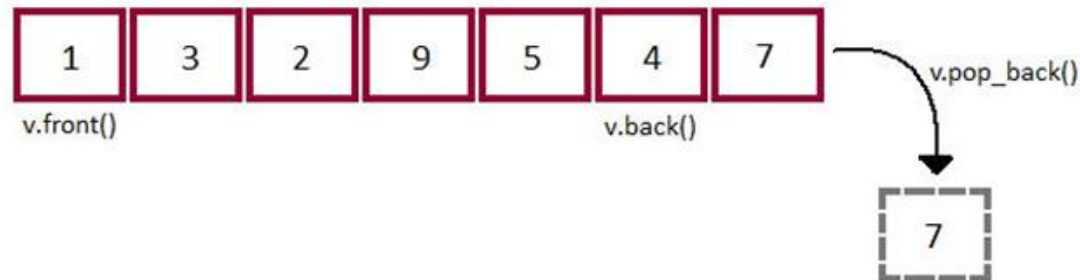
- vector<T> Library

Vector visualization

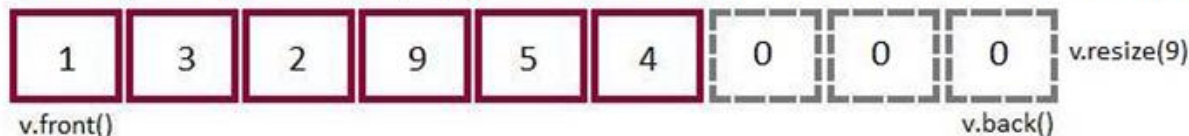
Semantically picturing the vector `push_back(data)` operation. Note the size of the vector increases from 6 to 7 after the operation.



Semantically picturing the vector `pop_back()` operation. Note the size of the vector decreases from 7 to 6 after the operation.



Semantically picturing the vector `resize(int)` operation. Note the size of the vector increases to 9, and the new elements are filled with a default value.



Algorithms

- Algorithms
 - STL provides several generic algorithms.
 - such as `find`, `replace`, `sort`, ...
 - <http://www.cplusplus.com/reference/algorithm/>

```
#include <iostream>
#include <vector>
#include <algorithm>

void main() {
    int iarray[3] = {5,3,4};
    std::vector<int> ivec(3); ivec[0] = 5; ivec[1] = 3; ivec[2] = 4;

    std::sort(iarray, iarray + 3);
    std::sort(ivec.begin(), ivec.end());

    // std::sort can be applied to comparable objects
}
```

Example

- Practice std::vector

```
#include <iostream>
#include <vector>
#include <algorithm>

using namespace std;

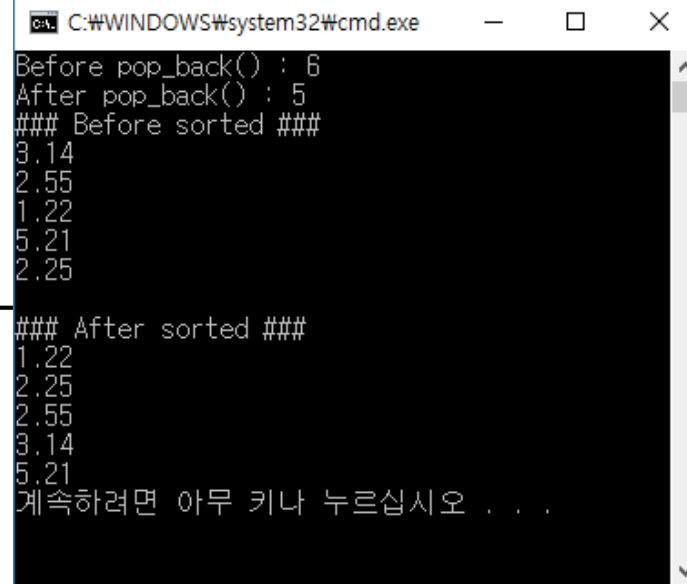
void main() {
    vector<float> ivec;
    ivec.push_back(3.14f); ivec.push_back(2.55f); ivec.push_back(1.22f);
    ivec.push_back(5.21f); ivec.push_back(2.25f); ivec.push_back(19.2f);

    cout << "Before pop_back() : " << ivec.size() << endl;
    ivec.pop_back();
    cout << "After pop_back() : " << ivec.size() << endl;

    cout << "### Before sorted ###" << endl;
    for(vector<float>::iterator it=ivec.begin();it!=ivec.end();++it)
        cout << *it << endl;

    sort(ivec.begin(), ivec.end());

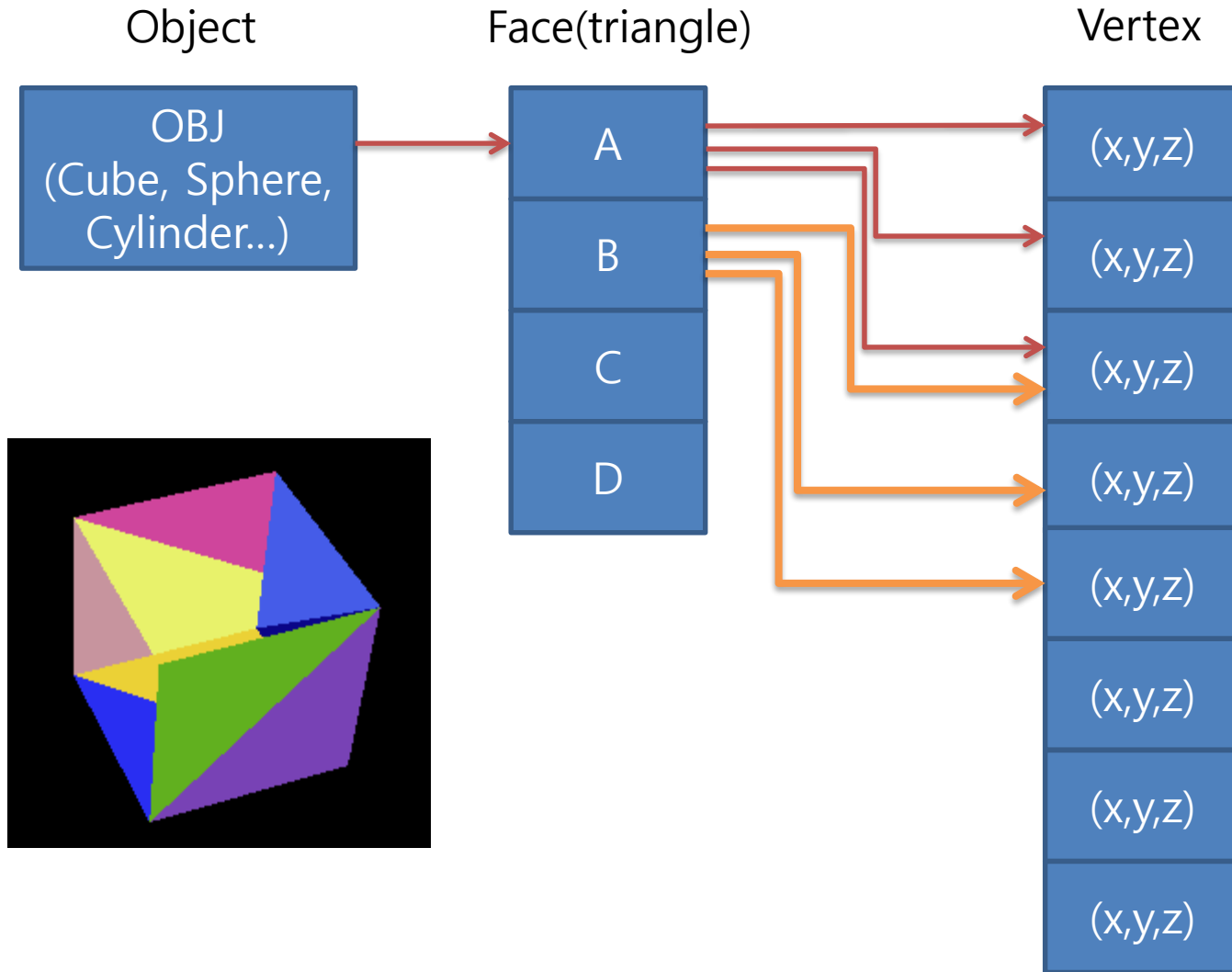
    cout << endl << "### After sorted ###" << endl;
    for(vector<float>::iterator it=ivec.begin();it!=ivec.end();++it)
        cout << *it << endl;
}
```



```
C:\WINDOWS\system32\cmd.exe
Before pop_back() : 6
After pop_back() : 5
### Before sorted ###
3.14
2.55
1.22
5.21
2.25

### After sorted ###
1.22
2.25
2.55
3.14
5.21
계속하려면 아무 키나 누르십시오 . . .
```


Object Structure



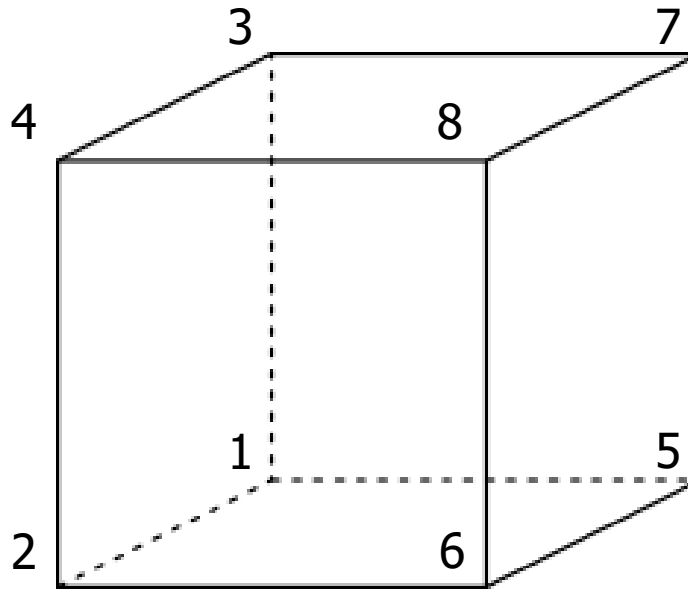
cube.obj

```
v 0.0 0.0 0.0  
v 0.0 0.0 1.0  
v 0.0 1.0 0.0  
v 0.0 1.0 1.0  
v 1.0 0.0 0.0  
v 1.0 0.0 1.0  
v 1.0 1.0 0.0  
v 1.0 1.0 1.0
```

'v' : vertices with (x,y,z)

```
f 1 7 5  
f 1 3 7  
f 1 4 3  
f 1 2 4  
f 3 8 7  
f 3 4 8  
f 5 7 8  
f 5 8 6  
f 1 5 6  
f 1 6 2  
f 2 6 8  
f 2 8 4
```

'f' : face (vertex index starts from 1)

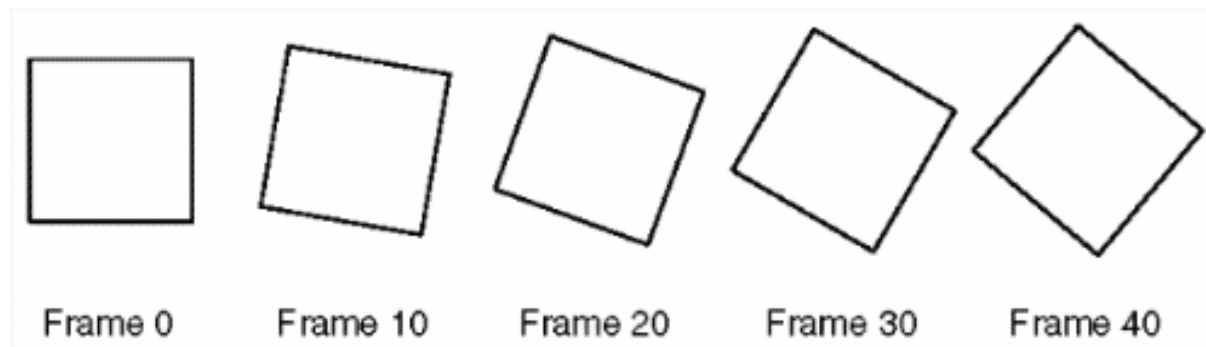


Callback functions

- glutDisplayFunc(...)
- glutKeyboardFunc(...)
- glutSpecialFunc(...)
- glutMouseFunc(...)
- glutMotionFunc(...)
- glutIdleFunc(...)

glutIdleFunc(idle)

- GLUT program can perform background tasks or continuous animation when window system events are not being received if the idle function is enabled.



glutIdleFunc(idle)

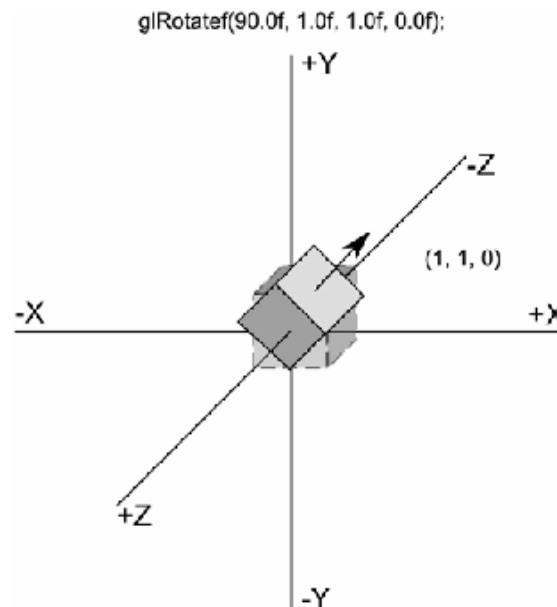
```
void renderScene() {  
    glEnable(GL_DEPTH_TEST);  
    // Clear Color and Depth Buffers  
    glClear(GL_COLOR_BUFFER_BIT |  
            GL_DEPTH_BUFFER_BIT);  
  
    // Use the Projection Matrix  
    glMatrixMode(GL_PROJECTION);  
    glLoadIdentity();  
    // Set the correct perspective.  
    gluPerspective(45.0f, 1.0f, 0.1f, 100.0f);  
  
    // Reset transformations  
    glMatrixMode(GL_MODELVIEW);  
    glLoadIdentity();  
    // Set the camera  
    gluLookAt(8.0f, 5.0f, 2.0f,  
              0.0f, 0.0f, 0.0f,  
              0.0f, 1.0f, 0.0f);  
  
    glRotatef(angle, 0.0f, 1.0f, 0.0f);  
  
    Cube.draw();  
  
    glutSwapBuffers();  
}
```

```
void idle() {  
    // change the angle  
    ...  
    glutPostRedisplay();  
}
```

```
void main(int argc, char **argv) {  
    ...  
  
    // register callbacks  
    glutDisplayFunc(renderScene);  
    glutIdleFunc(idle);  
  
    // enter GLUT event processing cycle  
    glutMainLoop();  
}
```

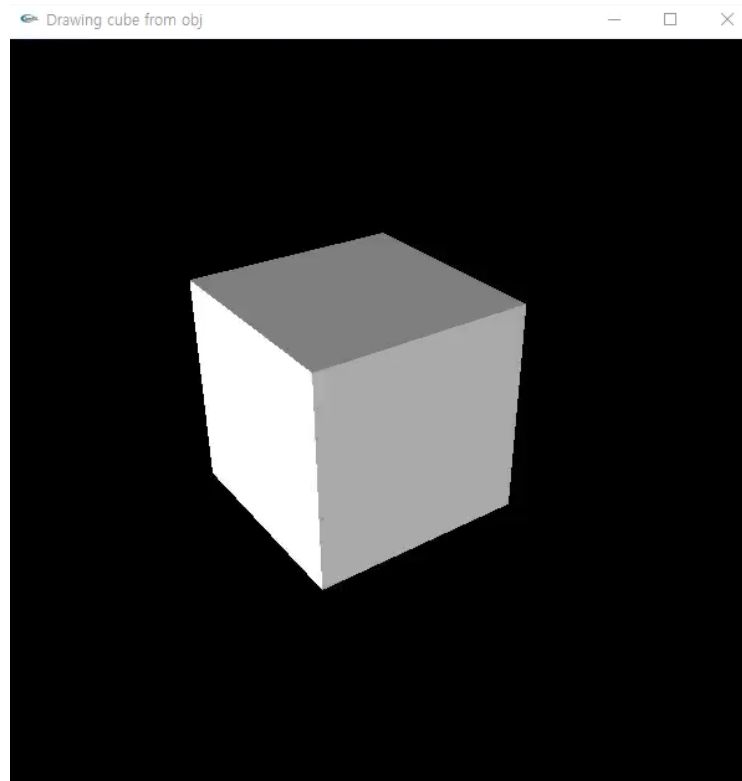
Rotation: glRotate

- `glRotate{fd}(angle, axis_x, axis_y, axis_z);`
 - angle: rotation angle in degrees in CCW
 - (axis_x, axis_y, axis_z): the rotation axis
- Example
 - `glRotatef(135.0f, 0.0f, 1.0f, 0.0f);` // rotation around y-axis
 - `glRotatef(90.0f, 1.0f, 1.0f, 1.0f);` // around axis (1, 1, 1)



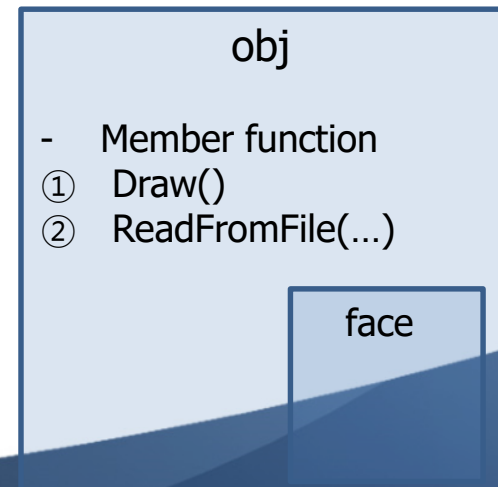
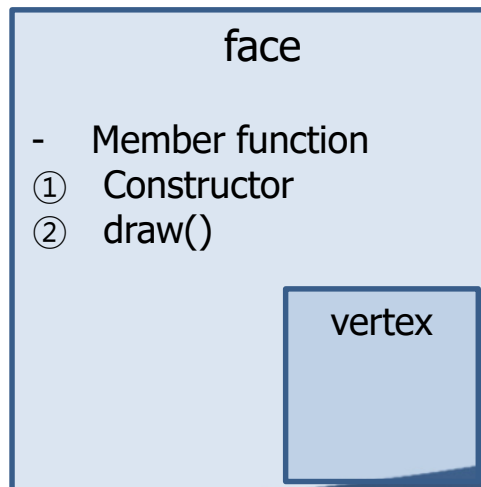
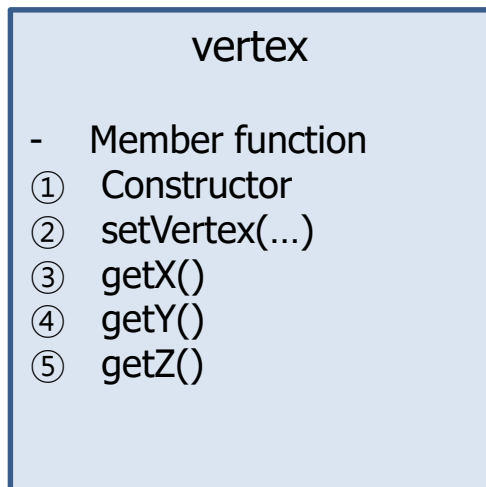
Today's Mission

- Load data from OBJ file (cube)
 - Use STL vector
 - Define vertex, face, obj class
- Access member variables only through member functions
- Rotate the cube using idle function



Today's Mission

- Implementation
 - Define class
 - vertex
 - face
 - obj
 - Read data from obj file
 - Rotate the cube
 - Use idle callback function



Today's Mission

- Implementation (details)
 - Define class
 - vertex
 - face
 - obj

```
class vertex {  
public:  
    /* Implement constructor, setter, getter */  
  
private:  
    float pos[3];  
};
```

```
class face {  
public:  
    /* Implement constructor, draw function */  
  
private:  
    vertex vtx[3];  
};
```

```
class obj {  
public:  
    void draw();  
    void ReadFromOBJFile(string filename);  
  
private:  
    vector<face> vFace;  
};
```

Today's Mission

- Implementation (details)
 - Define class
 - vertex
 - face
 - obj

```
void obj::draw() {  
    /* Implement: draw all faces */  
}  
  
void obj::ReadFromOBJFile(string filename) {  
    vector<vertex> vertices;  
    ifstream input(filename);  
  
    char sub;  
    while (input >> sub) {  
        if (sub == 'v') {  
            /* Implement: read vertex data */  
        }  
        else if (sub == 'f') {  
            /* Implement: read face data */  
        }  
    }  
}
```

Today's Mission

- Implementation (details)
 - Read data from obj file

```
void main(int argc, char **argv) {  
    /* Implement: Read data from OBJ file */  
  
    // init GLUT and create Window  
    glutInit(&argc, argv);  
    glutInitDisplayMode(GLUT_DEPTH | GLUT_DOUBLE | GLUT_RGBA);  
    glutInitWindowPosition(650, 300);  
    glutInitWindowSize(WIDTH, HEIGHT);  
    glutCreateWindow("Drawing cube from obj");  
  
    // register callbacks  
    glutDisplayFunc(renderScene);  
    glutIdleFunc(idle);  
  
    // enter GLUT event processing cycle  
    glutMainLoop();  
}
```

Today's Mission

- Implementation (details)
 - Rotate the cube
 - Use idle callback function

```
void idle() {  
    /* Implement: Change the rotation angle */  
}
```

```
void main(int argc, char **argv) {  
    ...  
  
    // register callbacks  
    glutDisplayFunc(renderScene);  
    glutIdleFunc(idle);  
  
    // enter GLUT event processing cycle  
    glutMainLoop();  
}
```