Event Driven Kuberneteswith Ansible





10 Sep 2024

We'll be discussing...

- The need for event-driven operations
- Introduction to Event-Driven Ansible
- Kubernetes Event Sources and Triggers
- Integration with Ansible Automation Platform
- Use Cases in Kubernetes Environments
- Demo: Event-Driven Automation with Ansible
- Q&A



\$ whoami

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\$ cat ~/about.txt

- > Automation and Containerization Learner
- > Author of "Ansible for Real Life Automation"
- > Co-author of "The Kubernetes Bible Second Edition"
- > Editor at techbeatly.com
- > Videos: youtube.com/techbeatly

\$ echo \$INTERESTS

- > ansible, openshift, kubernetes, IaC, "open source"
- > Write at techbeatly.com and Red Hat EnableSysadmin



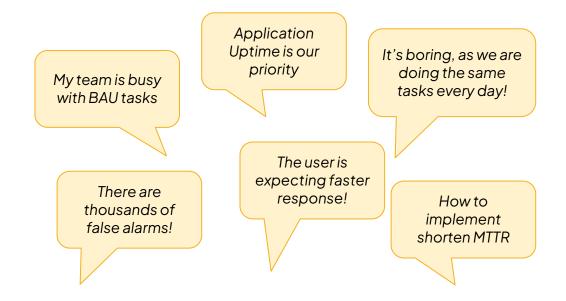
Gineesh Madapparambath ② (He/Him)

Automation and Containerization Guy, Author of Kubernetes and Ansible books, techbeatly.com/youtube

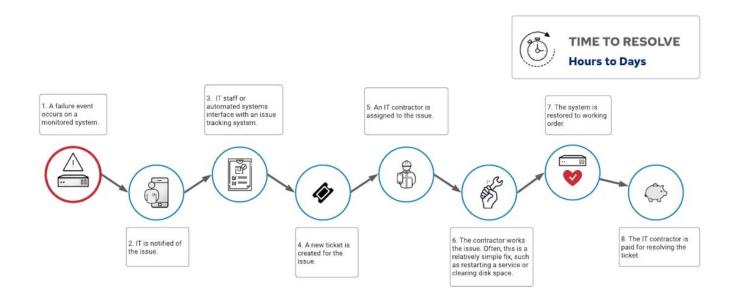
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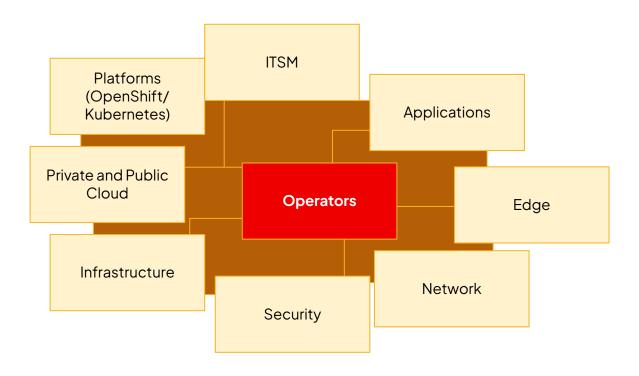
Environmental Challenges



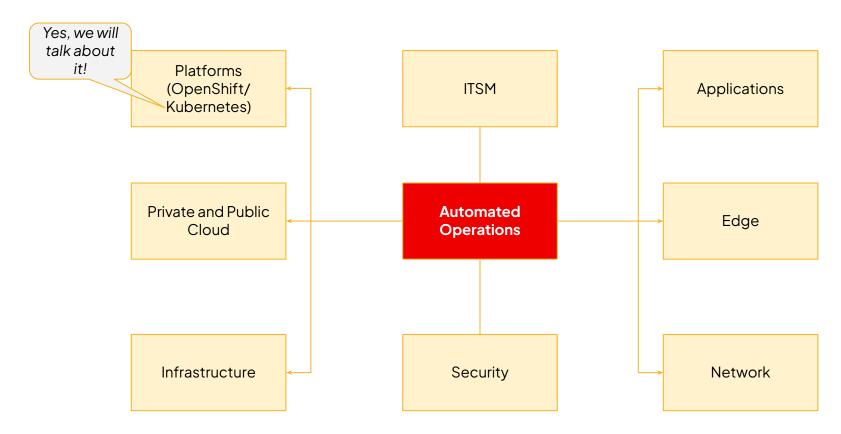
The manual workflow!



Operations - Ad hoc and Manual



Streamlines Operations



Introduction to Event-Driven Ansible

• What is Ansible?

- Open-source automation platform
- Configuration management, deployment, and orchestration.
- YAML-based playbooks
- Agentless execution via SSH, WinRM or API
- o Supports a wide range of integrations.

What is Event-Driven Ansible?

- Automates tasks in response to real-time events.
- Reduces MTTR (Mean Time to Resolution) by triggering actions based on conditions.

The ability to connect intelligence, analytics and service requests for an IT solution to automated actions so that activities can take place in a single motion.

A typical event driven automation process

RECEIVE EVENT

- Work with third party sources of events
- Send important events to Event-Driven Ansible

DECIDE ON RESPONSE

- Known problem identified
- Automated resolution triggered

RESPOND AUTOMATICALLY

- Outage incident created
- Support team notified
- Remediation executed

WORK ACROSS MULTI-VENDOR IT OPERATIONS

Work flexibly and well with multi-vendor monitoring and other solutions across the event driven architecture with appropriate approvals, controls and awareness

Key Components of Event-Driven Ansible

Sources

Plugins like Kubernetes, Prometheus, and custom webhooks.

Rules

Conditions that match specific events (e.g., event.payload.cpu > 80%).

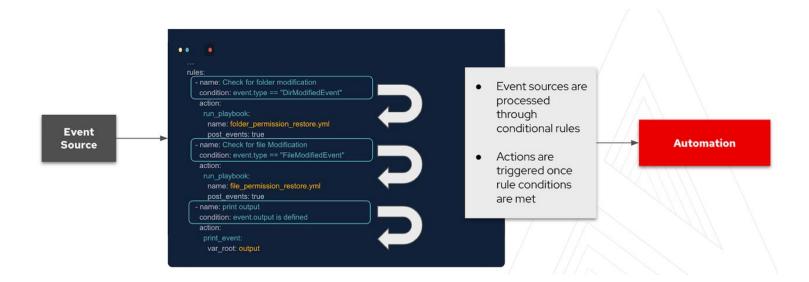
Actions

Trigger playbooks, modules, or tasks (e.g., run_playbook).

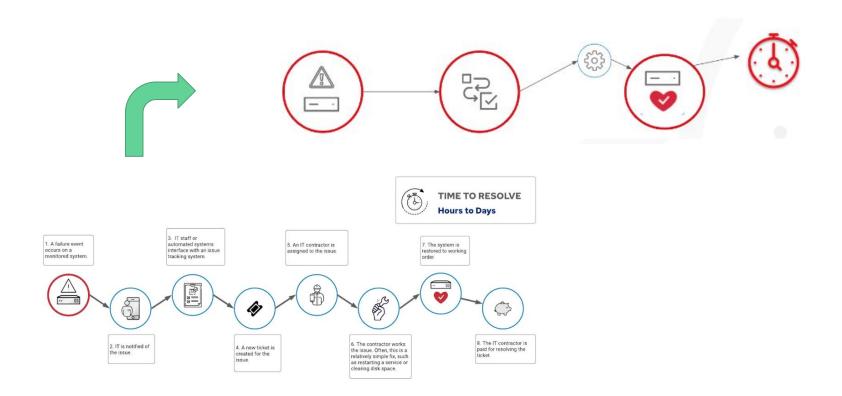
Rulebooks

- Define event sources and conditions.
- Use "If-This-Then-That" logic to create actions.

The Rules



From Ops to AlOps



Ansible Rulebooks

```
• • •
- name: Automatic Remediation of a web server
  hosts: all
  sources:
    - name: listen for alerts
      ansible.eda.alertmanager:
        host: 0.0.0.0
        port: 8000
    - name: restart web server
      condition: event.alert.labels.job == "fastapi" and event.alert.status == "firing"
      action:
        run_playbook:
          name: ansible.eda.start_app
```

Ansible Rulebook, one more

```
source:
   - name: watchdog
    ansible.eda.watchdog:
       path: "{{src_path}}"
       recursive: true
       ignore_regexes: ['.*\.pytest.*', '.*__pycache__.*', '.*/.git.*']
rules:
    - name: Check for folder modification
      condition: event.type == "DirModifiedEvent"
     action:
        run_playbook:
         name: folder_permission_restore.yml
         post_events: true
    - name: Check for file Modification
      condition: event.type == "FileModifiedEvent"
     action:
        run_playbook:
         name: file_permission_restore.yml
          post_events: true
```

EDA Use Cases

- ITSM and Event ticket automation
- Automated troubleshooting and remediation
- Automated workload management
- Cluster scaling
- Security audit, remediation and compliance

Kubernetes can do automation, then why Ansible?

- Extended Scope **Beyond Kubernetes**
- Cross-Platform Automation
- Comprehensive Configuration Management
- **Event Handling** Outside Kubernetes
- Advanced **Workflows** and Custom Logic
- **Unified** Automation Language
- Integrating with Legacy Systems
- Centralized Automation Management
- Node management and OS management

Event-Driven Kubernetes

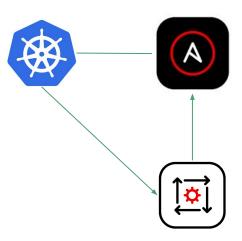
How it Works in Kubernetes

- Watches for Kubernetes and external events (e.g., pod failure,
 CPU thresholds, etc.).
- Automates remediation, scaling, or alerting in response to events.

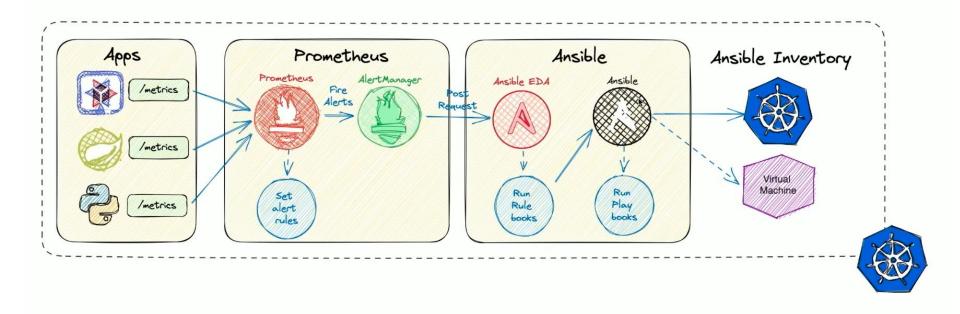
Not clear? Let's think about a simple use case

Automating Pod Redeployment on ConfigMap Update with Event-Driven Ansible

- **Challenge**: Kubernetes does not automatically redeploy Pods when a ConfigMap changes, requiring manual intervention.
- Event-Driven Ansible Solution:
 - Source: Monitor Kubernetes ConfigMap changes (using k8s event source plugin).
 - Action: Upon detecting an "MODIFIED" event for the ConfigMap, run an Ansible playbook to:
 - Scale down and up the deployment (rolling restart)
 - Or trigger a specific redeployment task
- Benefits:
 - No manual redeployment needed.
 - Ensures consistent updates across pods.
 - Fully automated response to configuration changes.

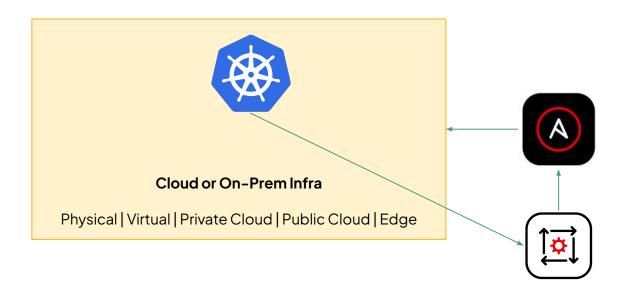


EDA + Kubernetes > Some more clarity

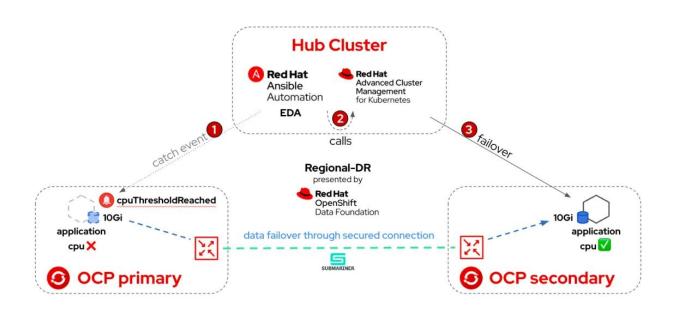


EDA for Kubernetes Cluster Management

- Node scaling for cloud and on-prem scenarios
- Integrate with external metrics and monitoring



Event-driven disaster recovery



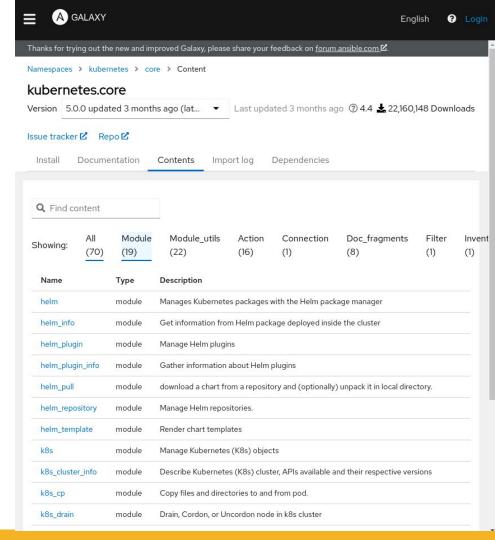
Event Driven Kubernetes with Ansible

Use Cases and Scenarios

Automated Remediation	Trigger playbook to fix failing pods (restart pods, reschedule, etc.).
Proactive Scaling Based on Metrics	Respond to CPU/Memory thresholds using Prometheus alerts. Automatically scaling applications based on resource utilization Monitoring metrics and adjusting deployments in real-time
Continuous Deployment Pipelines	Streamlining CI/CD processes with event triggers Enhancing deployment speed and reliability
Failover Between Clusters	Triggering failover processes based on cluster health Use Advanced Cluster Management to automate failover during outages.
Configuration Drift Detection	Automate configuration fixes when drift is detected (ConfigMaps or Secrets). Ensuring consistency across clusters
Security Incident Response	Detecting and responding to security breaches Automating remediation steps Automatically lock down nodes or containers if a security anomaly is detected.
Compliance and Auditing	Enforcing compliance policies automatically Generating audit reports based on events Certificate renewal

Ansible for Kubernetes

kubernetes.core collection



Ansible to Kubernetes Connection

Method 1: Username & password to fetch the Token

username: "{{ lookup('ansible.builtin.env', 'OPENSHIFT_LOGIN_USERNAME') }}"
password: "{{ lookup('ansible.builtin.env', 'OPENSHIFT LOGIN PASSWORD') }}"

- name: Log in to OCP to obtain access token

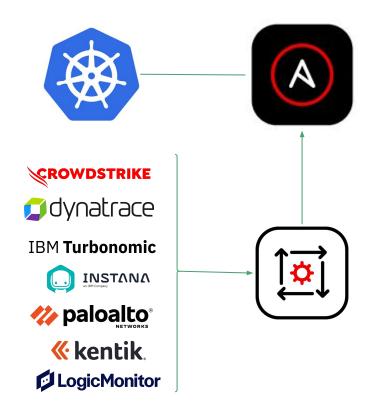
register: openshift auth results

- Username/Password
- Token

```
- name: Get a list of all pods from openshift-apiserver
                                                                         kubernetes.core.k8s info:
                                                                           api_key: "{{ openshift_auth_results.openshift_auth.api_key }}"
kind: Pod
                                                                           namespace: openshift-apiserver
    # Method 2: Using username & password
                                                                         register: pod list
    - name: Get a list of all pods from openshift-apiserver
      kubernetes.core.k8s_info:
        host: https://api.cluster-wx549.wx549.sandbox2812.opentlc.com:6443
        username: "{{ lookup('ansible.builtin.env', 'OPENSHIFT_LOGIN_USERNAME') }}"
        password: "{{ lookup('ansible.builtin.env', 'OPENSHIFT_LOGIN_PASSWORD') }}"
        kind: Pod
        namespace: openshift-apiserver
        validate_certs: false
      register: pod list
      ignore_errors: true
```

Event Sources and Triggers

- Event Sources
 - Native Kubernetes events: Pod failures, ConfigMap changes, Resource limits.
 - External sources: Prometheus alerts,
 Webhooks, Kafka messages.
- Triggers in Kubernetes
 - Node issues, resource constraints (CPU, memory).
 - Application-specific events (e.g., service downtime).



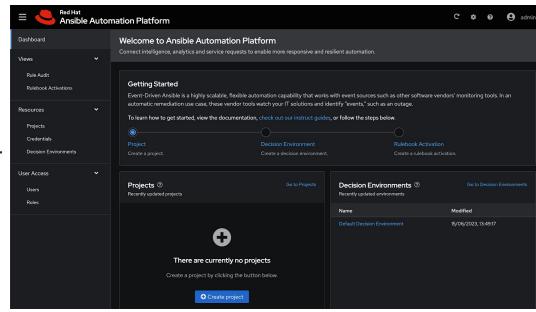
Integration with Ansible Automation Platform

Integration Overview

- Uses EDA and rulebook to watch Kubernetes events.
- Ansible automation controller handles execution.

Benefits

- Centralized management.
- Scalable automation across multiple clusters.



ansible-rulebook installation

Requirements

- Python > = 3.9
- Python 3 pip
- Java development kit >= 17

JAVA_HOME=/usr/lib/jvm/jre-17-openjdk

pip install ansible-rulebook ansible ansible-runner



References 1/2

Event-Driven Ansible: https://www.redhat.com/en/technologies/management/ansible/event-driven-ansible

Introducing the Event-Driven Ansible developer preview: https://www.ansible.com/blog/introducing-event-driven-ansible

Free self-paced labs: https://www.redhat.com/en/interactive-labs/ansible#event-driven-ansible

Integrating Ansible with OpenShift & Kubernetes: https://www.techbeatly.com/ansible-openshift-kubernetes

Ansible Rulebook documentation: https://ansible.readthedocs.io/projects/rulebook/en/latest

Creating custom Event-Driven Ansible source plugins: https://www.ansible.com/blog/creating-custom-event-driven-ansible-source-plugins

Kubernetes Meets Event-Driven Ansible [Video]: https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=-M1FqZvOX68

EDA use case samples: https://github.com/iamgini/ansible-eda-use-cases

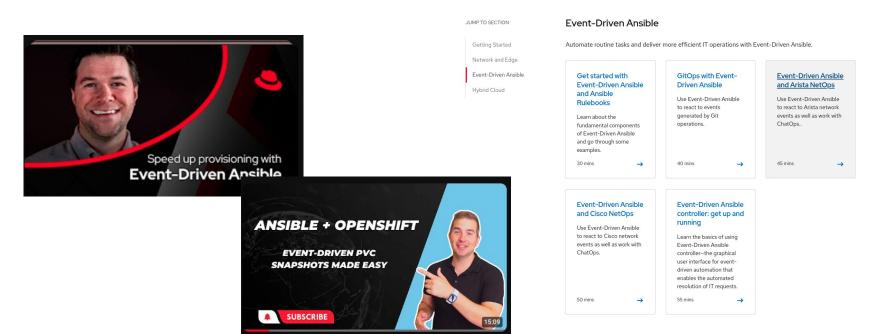
Automating Kubernetes with Event Driven Ansible - DevConf.CZ 2023: https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=tHlsVG3KAzg

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Event-Driven Automation Playlist: https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=Bt2tZB_5F2U&list=PLdu06OJoEf2a3fFl6uaoyGV526ilwD97R

Event-driven Ansible + Gitops: https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=Bb51DftLbPE

DEMO: OpenShift + Ansible: Event-Driven PVC Snapshots Made Easy: https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=1mi_nfqY40E





Thank You

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