Графические построения с использованием аффинных преобразований на плоскости

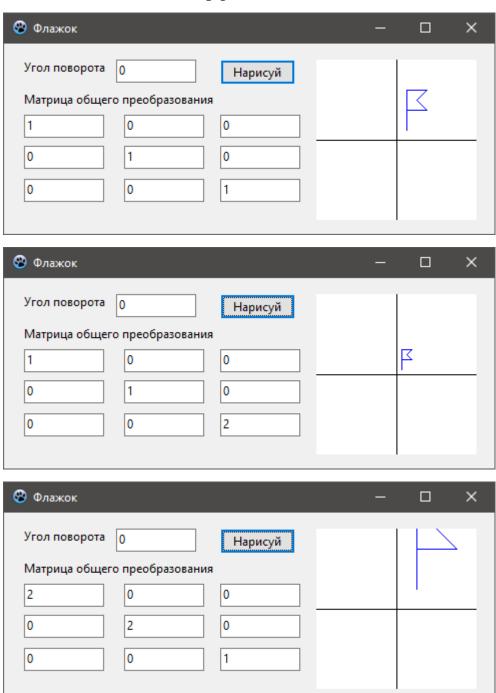
Код программы:

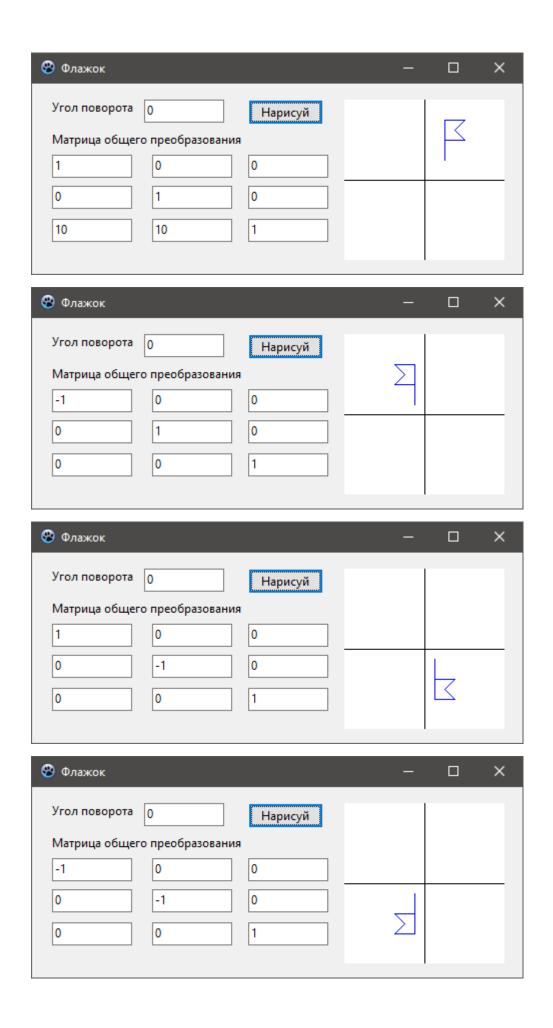
```
procedure TForm1.Button1Click(Sender: TObject);
const t: array [1..6,1..2] of integer =
((10,10),(10,50),(30,50),(20,40),(30,30),(10,30));
var u,a,b,c,d,p,q,s,m,n,x,y,w,h,cx,cy,i: integer;
begin
 u:=StrToInt(Edit1.Text);
 a:=StrToInt(Edit2.Text);
 b:=StrToInt(Edit3.Text);
 p:=StrToInt(Edit4.Text);
 c:=StrToInt(Edit5.Text);
 d:=StrToInt(Edit6.Text);
 q:=StrToInt(Edit7.Text);
 m:=StrToInt(Edit8.Text);
 n:=StrToInt(Edit9.Text);
 s:=StrToInt(Edit10.Text);
 w:=Image1.Width;
 h:=Image1.Height;
 cx = round(w/2);
 cy:=round(h/2);
 u := round(2*pi*u/360);
 Image1.Canvas.Pen.Color:=clwhite;
 Image1.Canvas.Rectangle(0,0,w,h);
 Image1.Canvas.Pen.Color:=clblack;
 Image1.Canvas.MoveTo(0,cy);
 Image1.Canvas.LineTo(w,cy);
 Image1.Canvas.MoveTo(cx,0);
 Image1.Canvas.LineTo(cx,h);
 for i:=1 to 6 do
 begin
  x := round((a*t[i,1]+c*t[i,2]+m)/(p*t[i,1]+q*t[i,2]+s));
  y:=round((b*t[i,1]+d*t[i,2]+n)/(p*t[i,1]+q*t[i,2]+s));
  t[i,1]:=round(x*cos(u)-y*sin(u));
  t[i,2]:=round(x*sin(u)+y*cos(u));
```

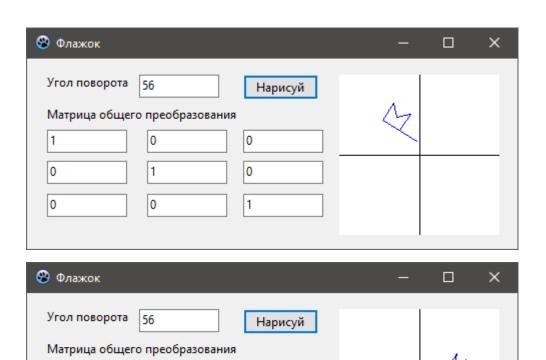
```
Image1.Canvas.Pen.Color:=clblue;
Image1.Canvas.MoveTo(cx+t[1,1],cy-t[1,2]);
for i:=2 to 6 do
  begin
    Image1.Canvas.LineTo(cx+t[i,1],cy-t[i,2]);
  end;
end;
```

Пользовательский интерфейс:

end;







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