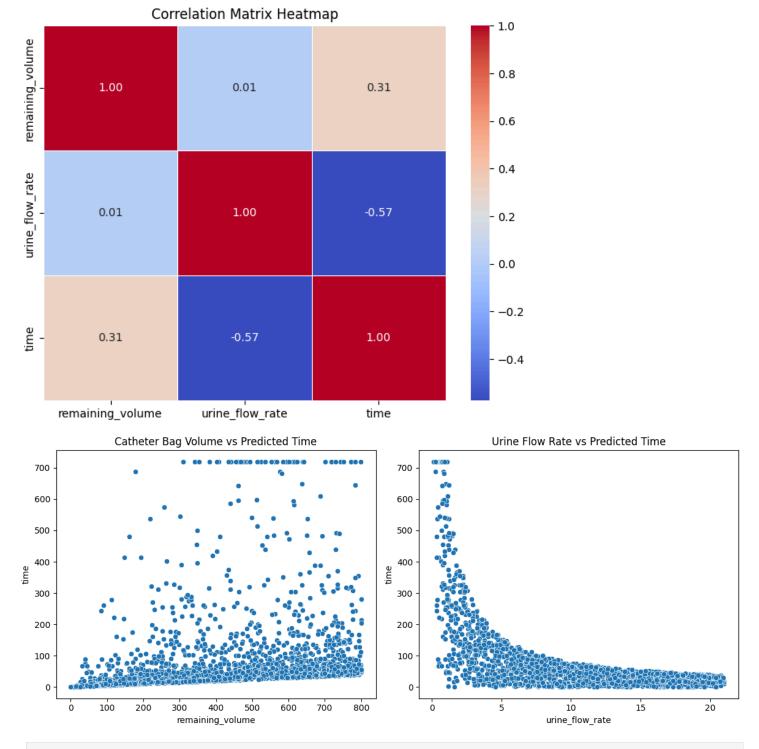
```
In [24]: import pandas as pd
         import numpy as np
         num\_samples = 5000
         urine_flow_rate_min = 0.1
         urine_flow_rate_max = 21
         catheter_bag_volume_min = 0
         catheter_bag_volume_max = 800
         data = []
         for _ in range(num_samples):
             urine_flow_rate = np.random.uniform(urine_flow_rate_min, urine_flow_rate_max)
             catheter_bag_volume = np.random.randint(catheter_bag_volume_min, catheter_bag_volume_max + 1)
             if catheter_bag_volume == 0:
                 time = 0
             else:
                 time = catheter_bag_volume / urine_flow_rate
             time = min(time, 720)
             data.append([catheter_bag_volume, urine_flow_rate, time])
         df = pd.DataFrame(data, columns=['remaining_volume', 'urine_flow_rate', 'time'])
         print(df.head())
         df.to_csv('catheter_bag_dataset_random7.csv', index=False)
           remaining volume urine flow rate
        0
                                  12.922115 48.753629
        1
                        696
                                    8.689238 80.099084
        2
                       487
                                    2.998209 162.430328
        3
                       128
                                    2.371134 53.982601
        4
                        93
                                    2.417713 38.466102
In [25]: import seaborn as sns
         import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
         correlation_matrix = df.corr()
         print("Correlation Matrix:")
         print(correlation_matrix)
         plt.figure(figsize=(8, 6))
         sns.heatmap(correlation_matrix, annot=True, cmap='coolwarm', fmt='.2f', linewidths=0.5)
         plt.title("Correlation Matrix Heatmap")
         plt.show()
         plt.figure(figsize=(12, 5))
         plt.subplot(1, 2, 1)
         sns.scatterplot(data=df, x='remaining_volume', y='time')
         plt.title('Catheter Bag Volume vs Predicted Time')
         plt.subplot(1, 2, 2)
         sns.scatterplot(data=df, x='urine_flow_rate', y='time')
         plt.title('Urine Flow Rate vs Predicted Time')
         plt.tight_layout()
         plt.show()
        Correlation Matrix:
                                                                 time
                          remaining_volume urine_flow_rate
        remaining_volume
                                 1.000000
                                            0.011565 0.310273
        urine_flow_rate
                                  0.011565
                                                  1.000000 -0.574113
```

0.310273

-0.574113 1.000000

time



In [ ]: