## Models in ASP.NET Web API



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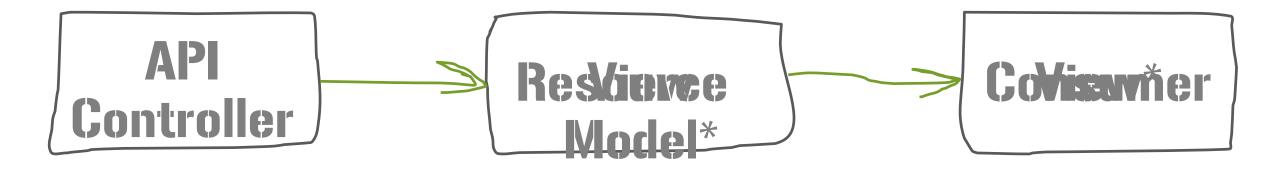
#### Module Overview



#### Models in ASP.NET Web API

- The Role of Models in Web API
- Models and Resources
- Validation in Web API
- Versioning of Models

#### Models in Web API



#### What Do We Call Them?



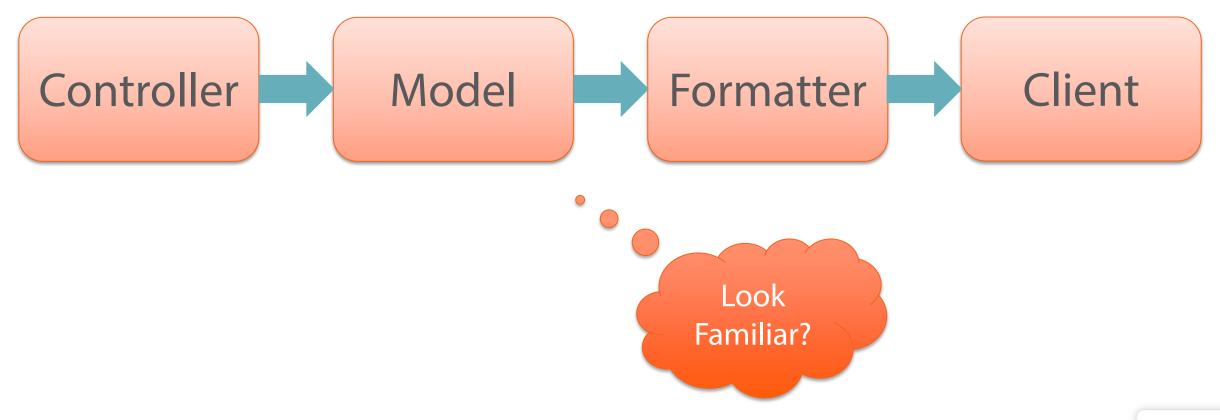
- View Model
  - Data that supplied to a view
- Binding Model
  - Data is spolind for data binding
- Re remodel
  - Data that is supplied through an API

Don't get caught up in the dogma.

The requirement to send and receive data means models will help you do your job.

Period.

## Models in Web API



## Design More Than Your API

```
/api/profile
/api/profile/interests
/api/profile/photos
/api/profile/photos/1
```

## Design More Than Your API

```
"pitch": "This is a new pitch",
"lookingFor": "A woman, any woman",
"introduction": "Family is very important.",
"birthdate": "1990-05-17T00:00:00",
"orientation": "Straight",
"gender": "Male",
"memberName": "awkwardguy",
"interests": [ ... ],
"photos": [ ... ]
```

## Demo

Using Models in Your API



# Demo

Validation on an API



## Demo

Collections of View Models



# Unlike View Models in MVC, your API Models are a contract. You can't break them!

## **Model Versioning**

- It's too easy to just version your API
  - You must version your models too
  - Typically done with media type headers

```
HTTP/1.1 200 OK
Content-Type: application/vnd.dmp-com.profile+json; version=1.0
{ "memberName": "awkwardguy", ... }
```

For a complete how-to on versioning models, see module 5 of my Implementing Web API Course:

http://shawnw.me/pswebapi

## What We've Learned

#### Models in ASP.NET Web API

The nomenclature doesn't matter; be pragmatic
Separating the Entities from the Contract is beneficial
Validation is still a requirement
You should version your models too