Best Practices in ASP.NET: Entities, Validation and View Models

Entities



Shawn Wildermuth

@shawnwildermuth | wilderminds.com

Course Overview



Should You Only Take This Course If...

- ...you have the basics of ASP.NET/C#
- ...you've been exposed to ASP.NET MVC
- ...you have used a database before
- ...you want to learn best practices

Course Overview

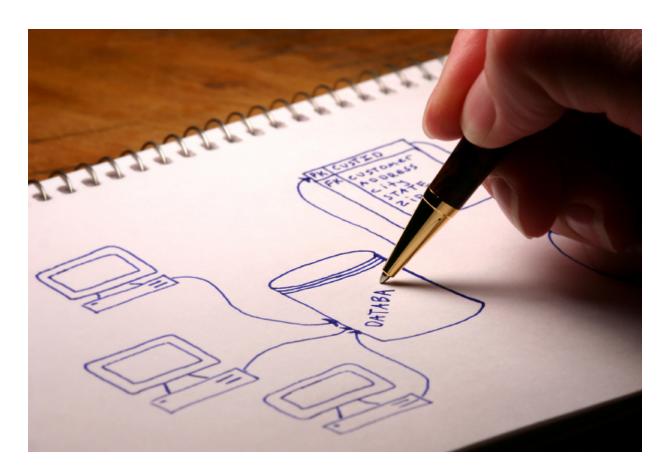


What This Course Will Teach You:

- How to design Entities
- Modeling in ASP.NET MVC
- Effective use of validation
- Working with models in Web API

This Module

Entities

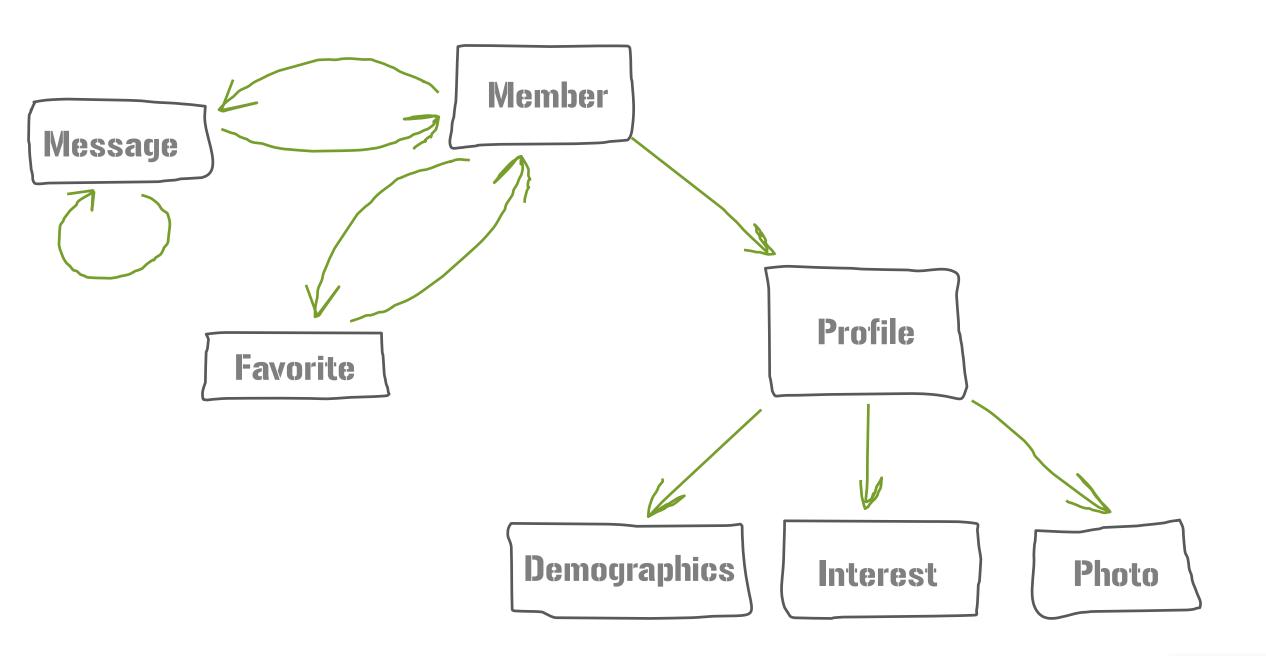


define: Entity

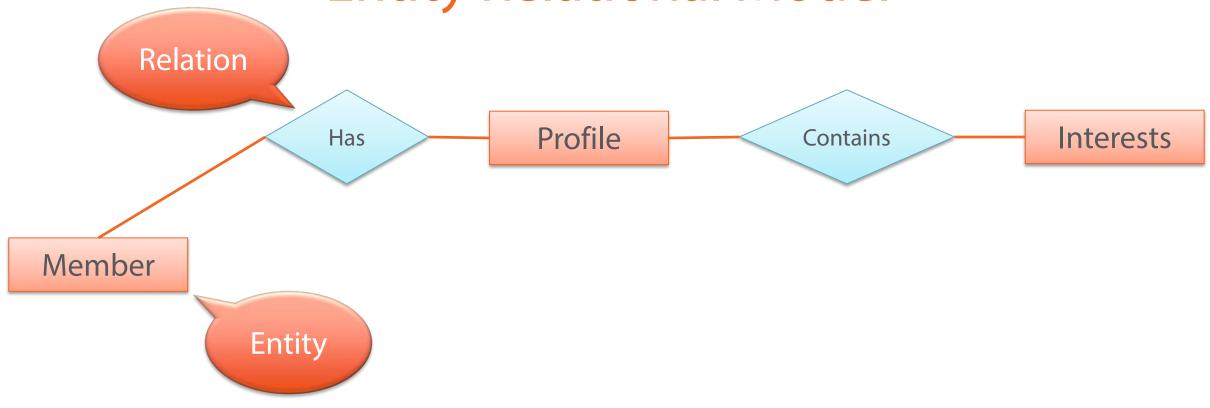
Something that exists in itself, actually or potentially, concretely or abstractly, physically or not that can be uniquely identified in some way.

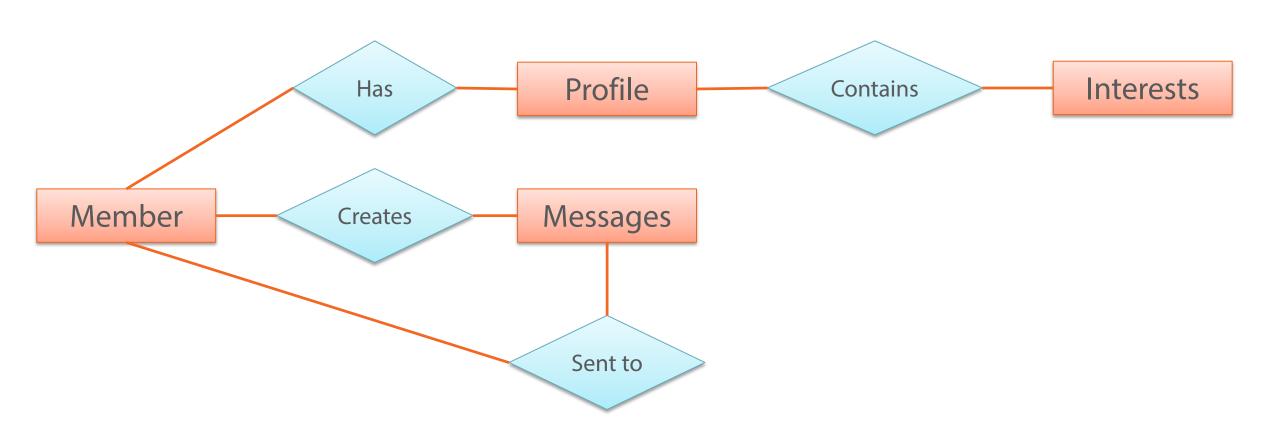
Entities are Nouns

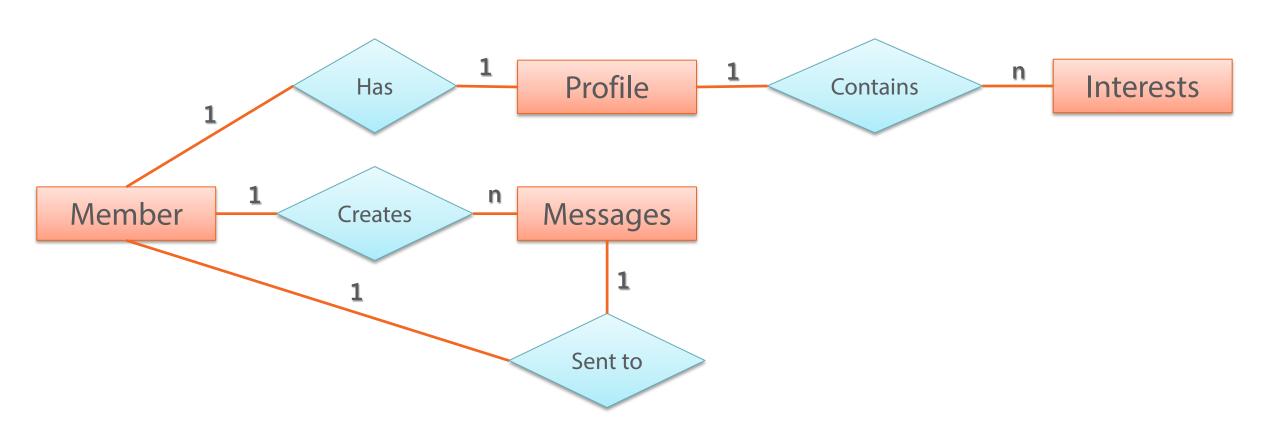
Vehicle Person Invoice Address Product Payment



- Method for Describing Data or Information Needs
 - Allows you to abstractly describe your needs to facilitate storage
 - Gives you a core vocabulary for describing your data needs





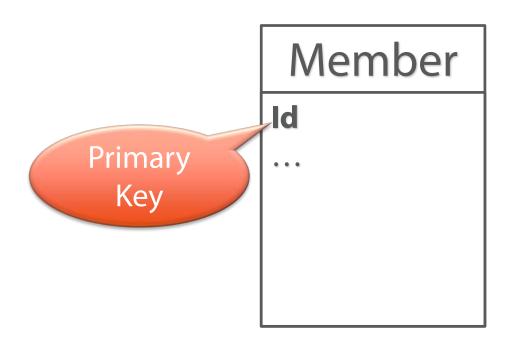


Entities require unique identification. That is what keys are for.

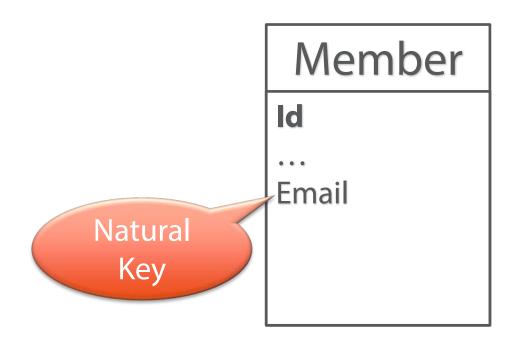
Entity Keys

- Key Types
 - Primary Key: An attribute(s) that unique identifies the entity
 - Foreign Key: An attribute that connects two entities via a relation
 - Natural Key: An attribute that exists in the real world to identify an entity
 - E.g. Serial Number or Social Security Number

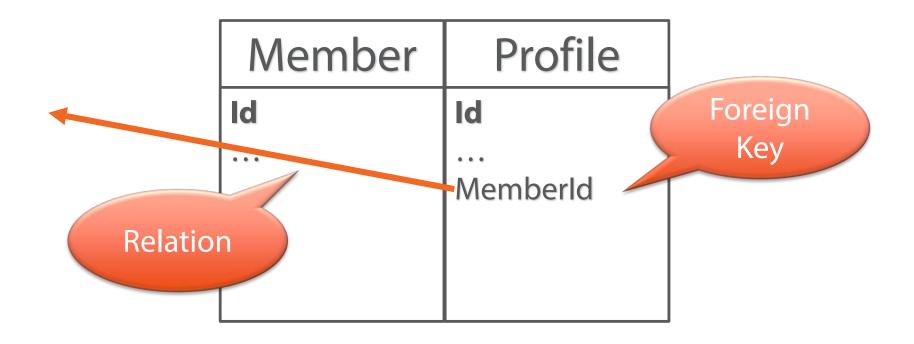
Keys



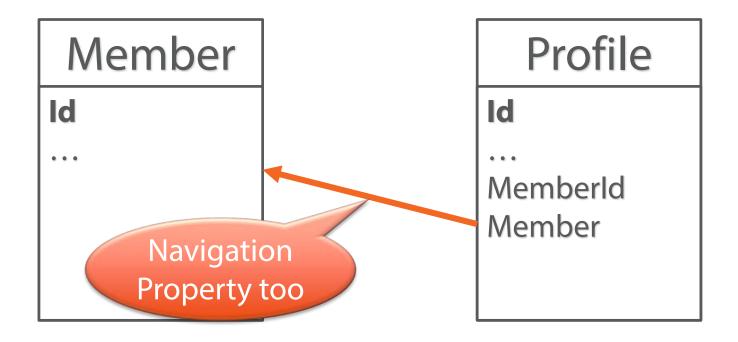
Keys



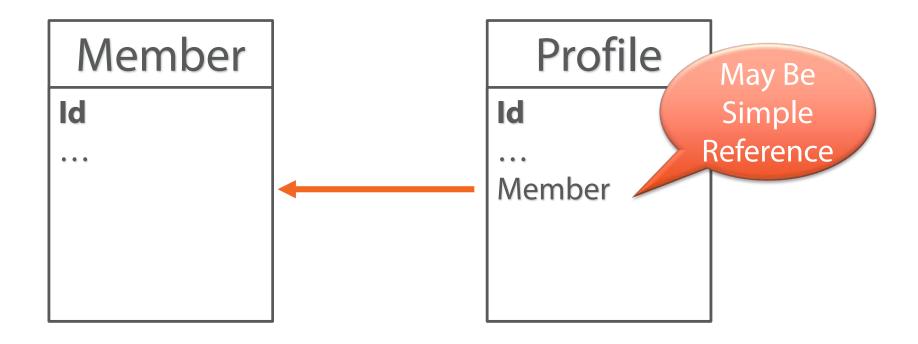
Foreign Keys and Relations



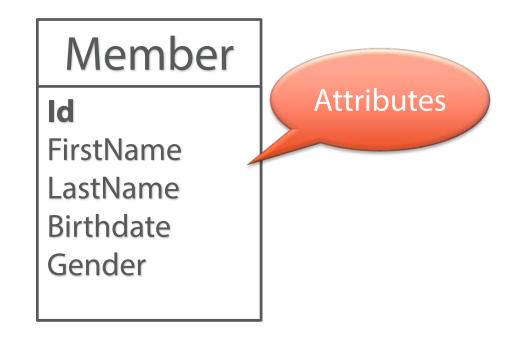
Foreign Keys and Relations



Foreign Key or Containing Relationship?



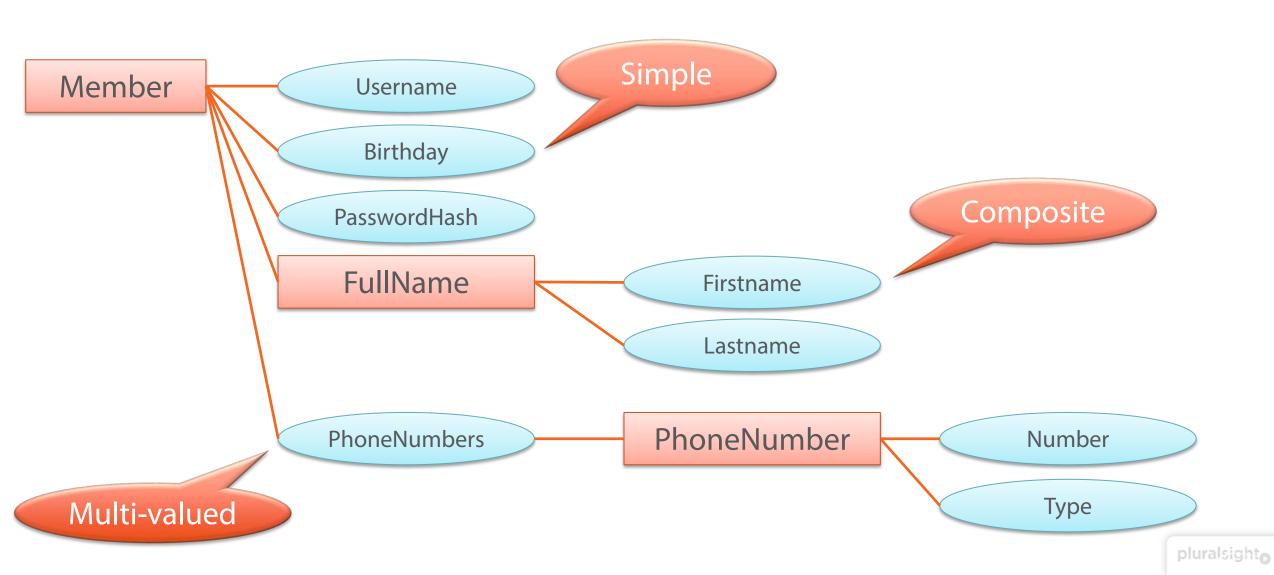
Attributes



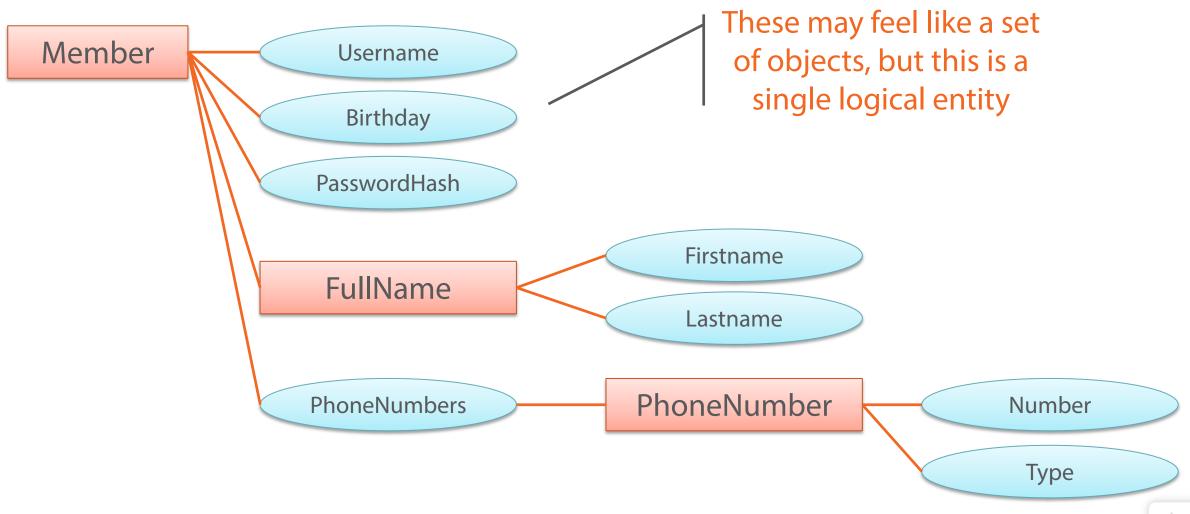
Attribute Types

- Attributes can be modeled in different ways
 - Simple (e.g. birthday, last logged in)
 - Composite (e.g. address)
 - Multi-valued (e.g. phone numbers)

Attribute Types



Attribute Types



Demo

Modeling

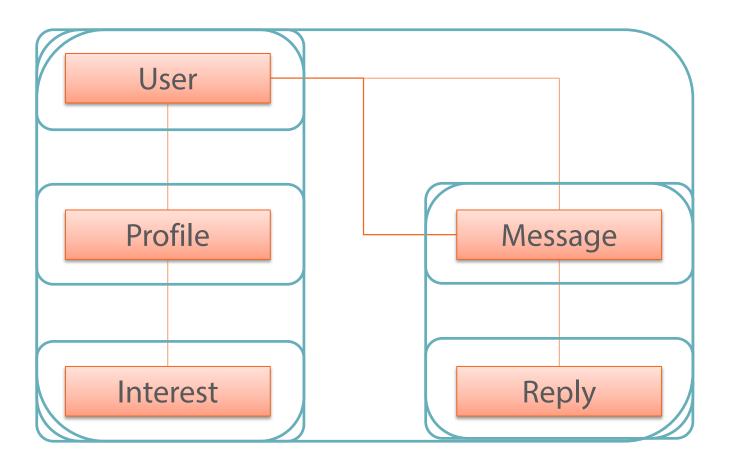


By Entities, we are not talking about Entity Framework.

Persistence

- Out of the box, SQL Server and Entity Framework are used for persistence
 - But the design of your entities does not limit where you store them:
 - SQL Server
 - MongoDB (or other NoSQL Choices)
 - Flat Files
 - Non-Microsoft RDBMS (e.g. Postgres)

Choices of Persistence



What We've Learned

Entities

The cornerstone of your website's data Model these to fully implement the domain Not limited to Microsoft's data storage platform