ASP.NET Identity



Shawn Wildermuth

@shawnwildermuth | wilderminds.com

This Module



ASP.NET Identity

- Using Authorize attribute
- Configuring Identity
- Storing Identity with Entity Framework
- Using Identity in the API

ASP.NET Identity

- Replacement for ASP.NET Membership
 - Supports more types of authentication/authorization
 - Cookies, OAuth2, etc.
 - Pluggable
 - Have complete control over User Entities
 - Support non-relational storage of identities
 - Even LDAP/AD stores

Authorizing Actions



Storing Identities in the Database



Configuring Identity



Designing the Login View



Implementing Login and Logout



Considerations in Securing an API

- "Can't I Just Use Cookie Auth for my API"
 - Yes easiest and common
 - OAuth2 and Open ID Connect (OIDC) are safer and support non-JS clients better
 - Cookies are subject to Cross-site Request Forgery
 - But really depends on your security requirements
 - (e.g. Banks and Pizza Shops have different levels of security)

Use Identity in the API



Using Identity in the Trips Controller



Using Identity in the Stops Controller



What We've Learned

ASP.NETIdentity

Identity can use existing or new EF DbContext object Authorize attribute can support web views or API calls Configuration of Identity gives you full control Support sharing of user information across app