

Computer Networks: Transport Layer and Protocols



By,

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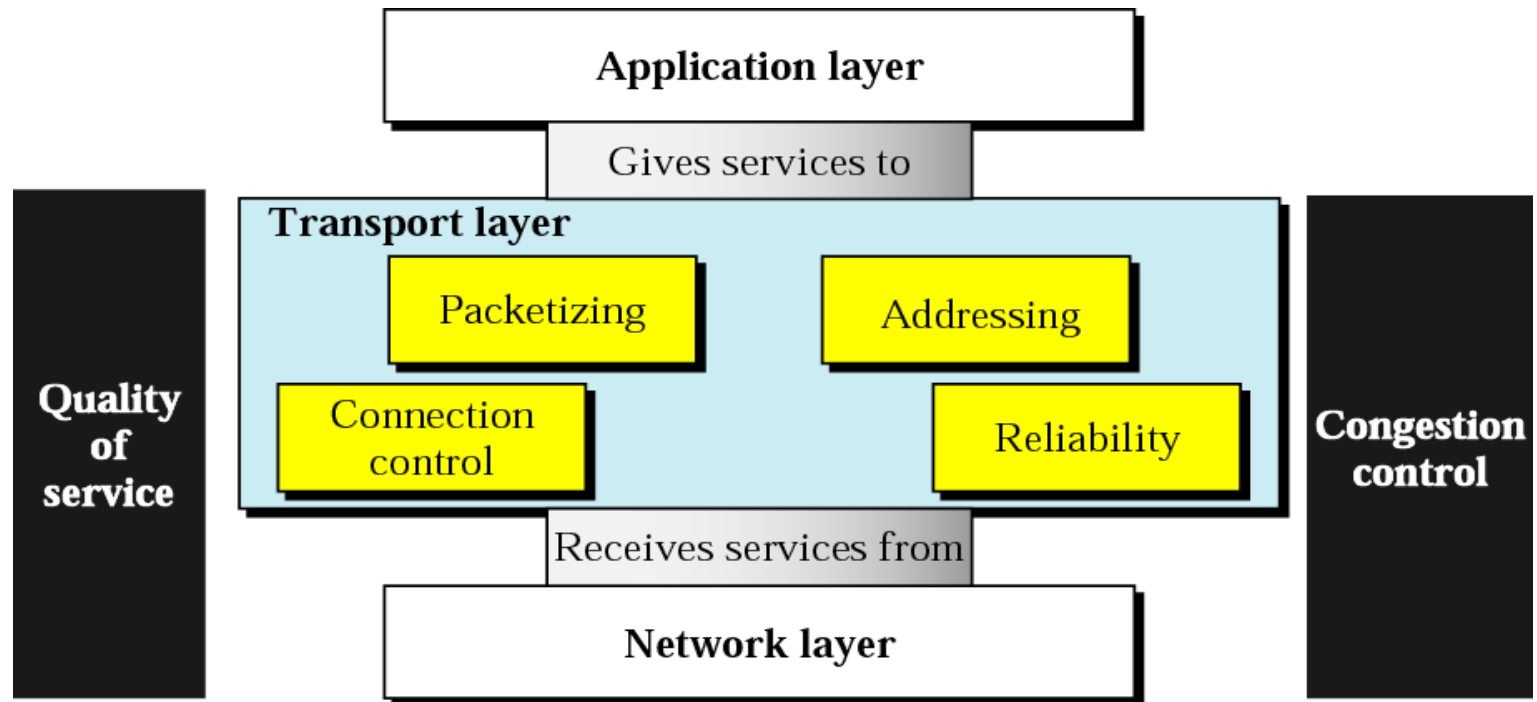
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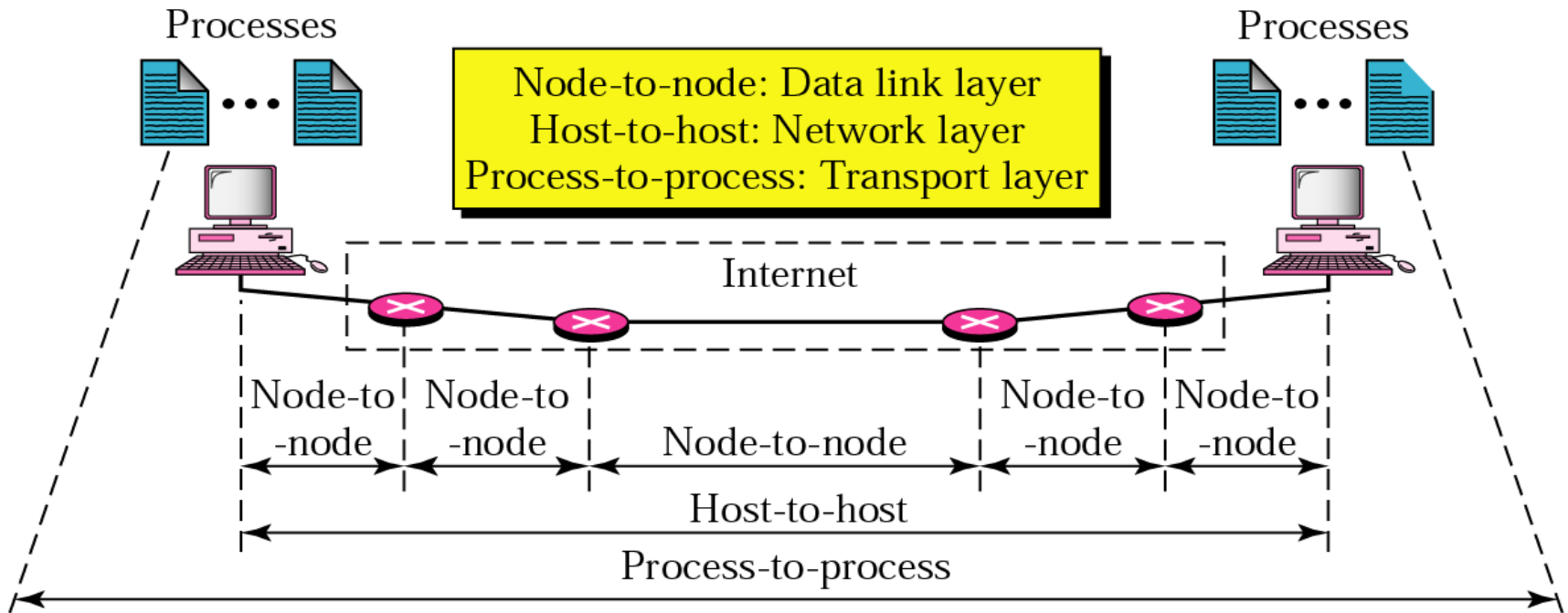
Transport Layer : Duties ??

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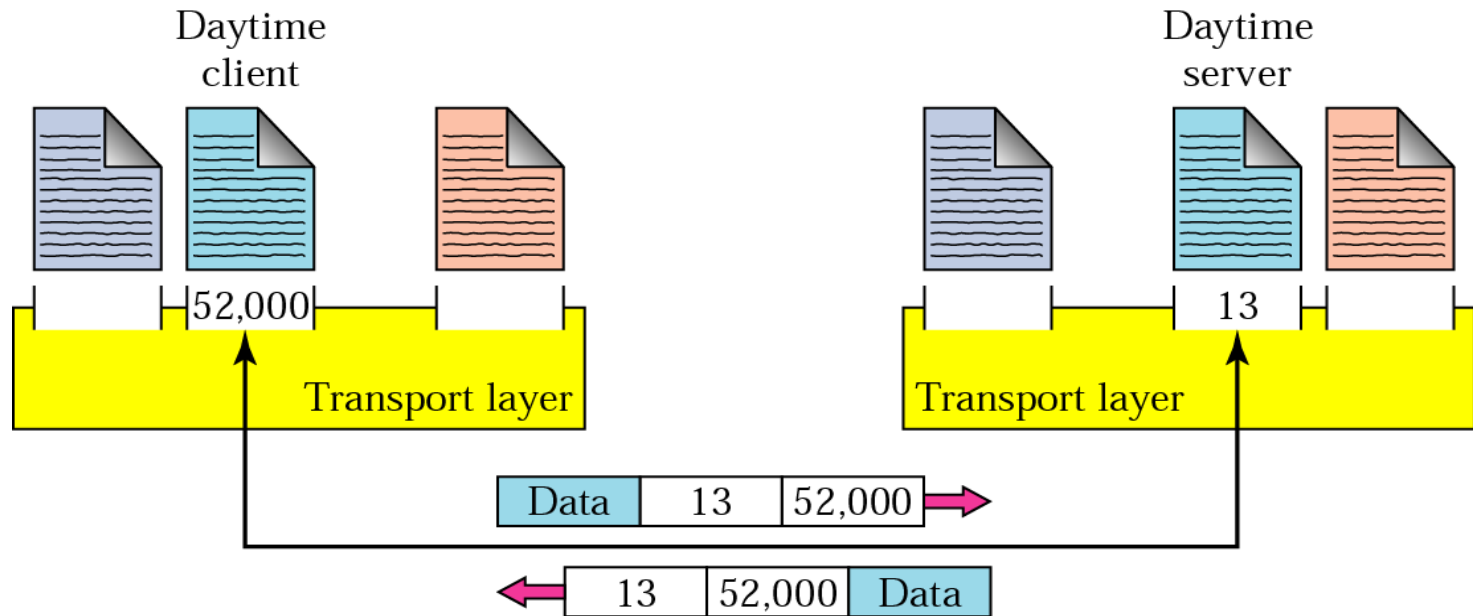
Transport Layer : Type of Data Deliveries

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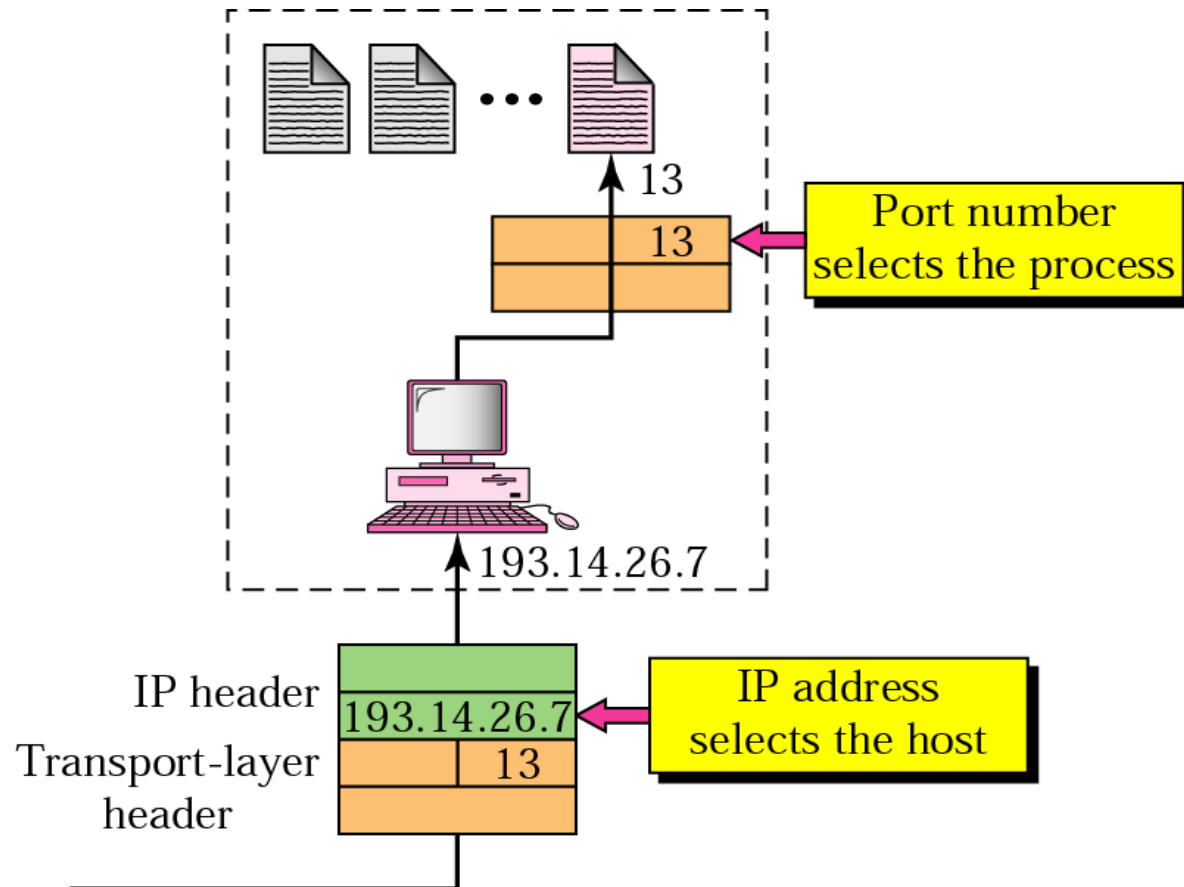
Transport Layer : Port Numbers

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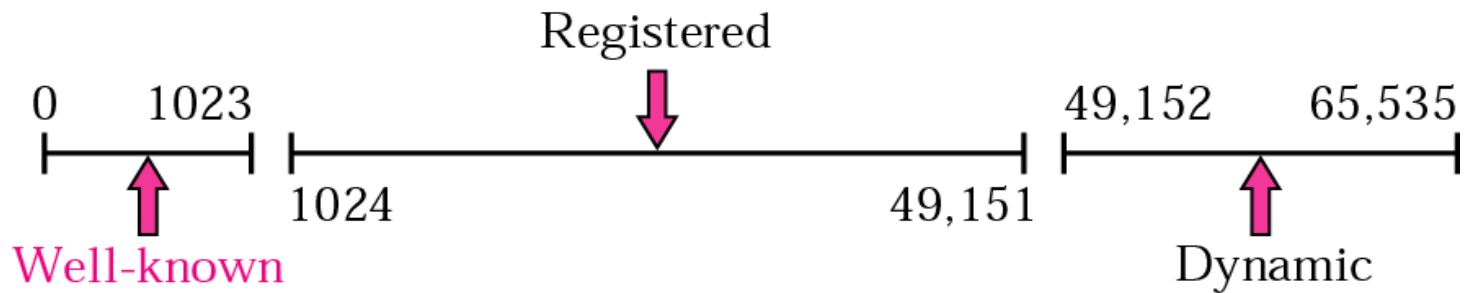
Transport Layer : IP VS Port Numbers

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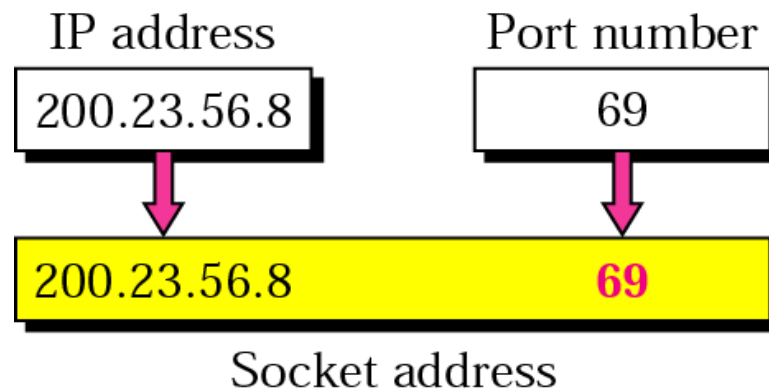
Transport Layer : Port Numbers (IANA Range)

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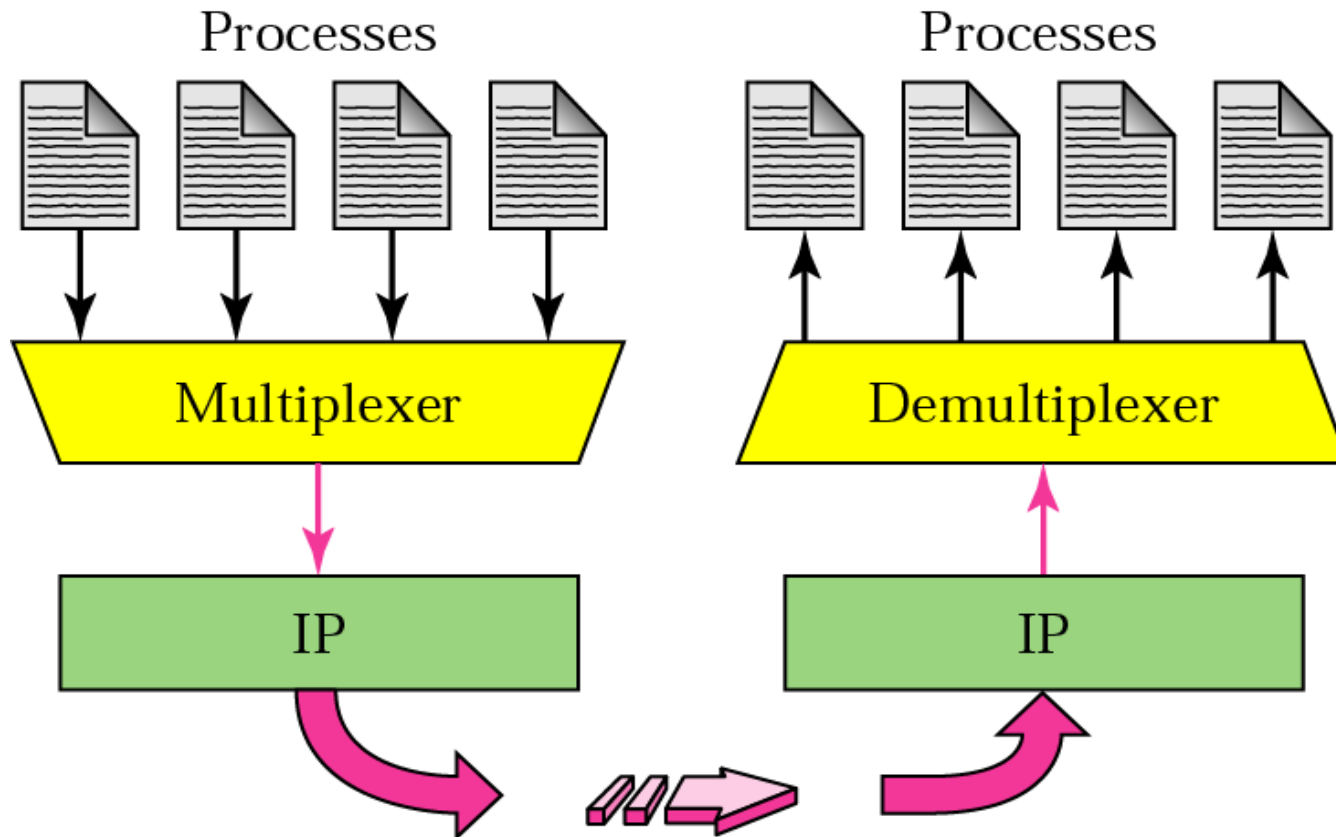
Transport Layer : Socket Address

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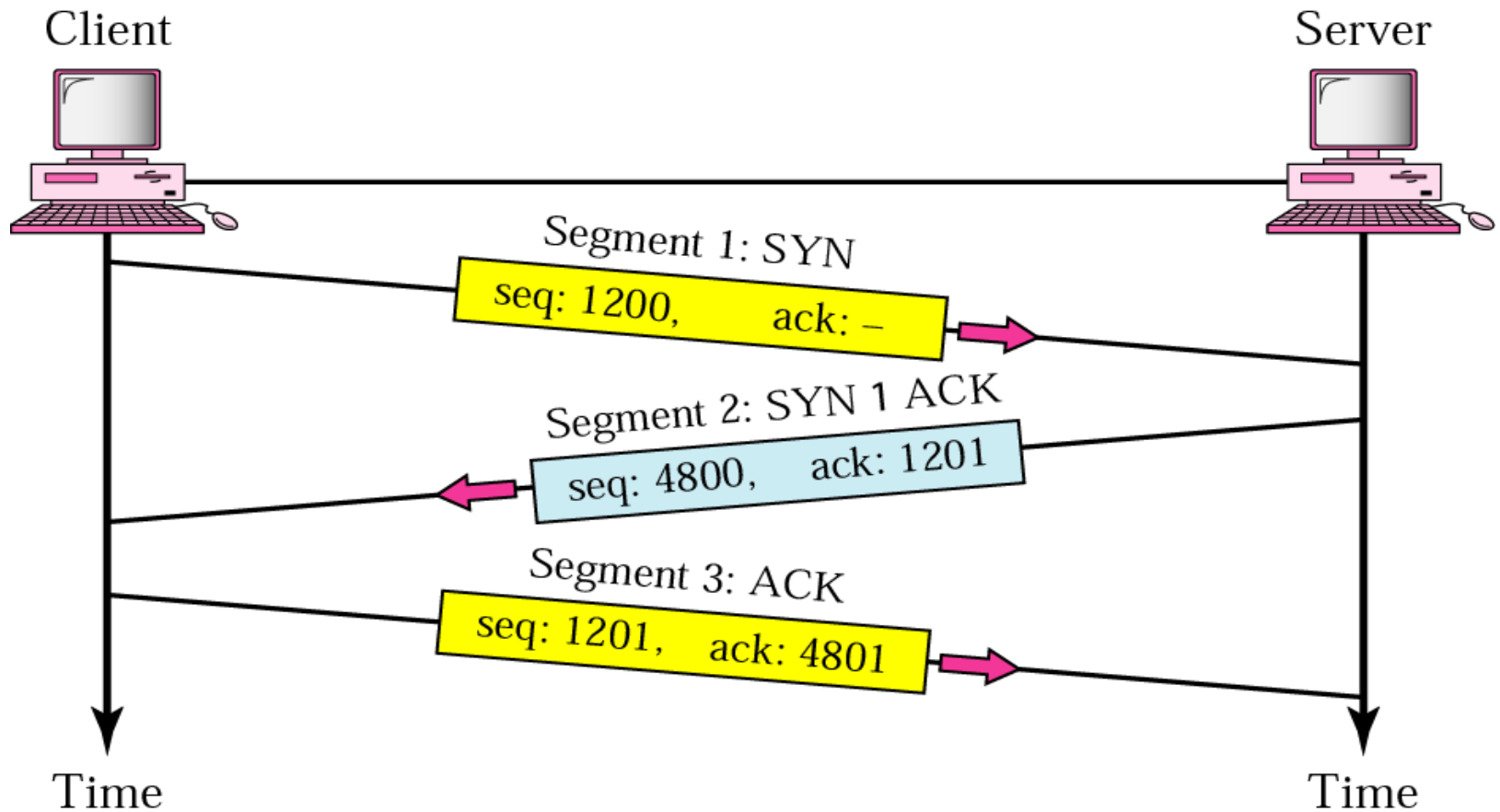
Transport Layer : Multiplexing and Demultiplexing

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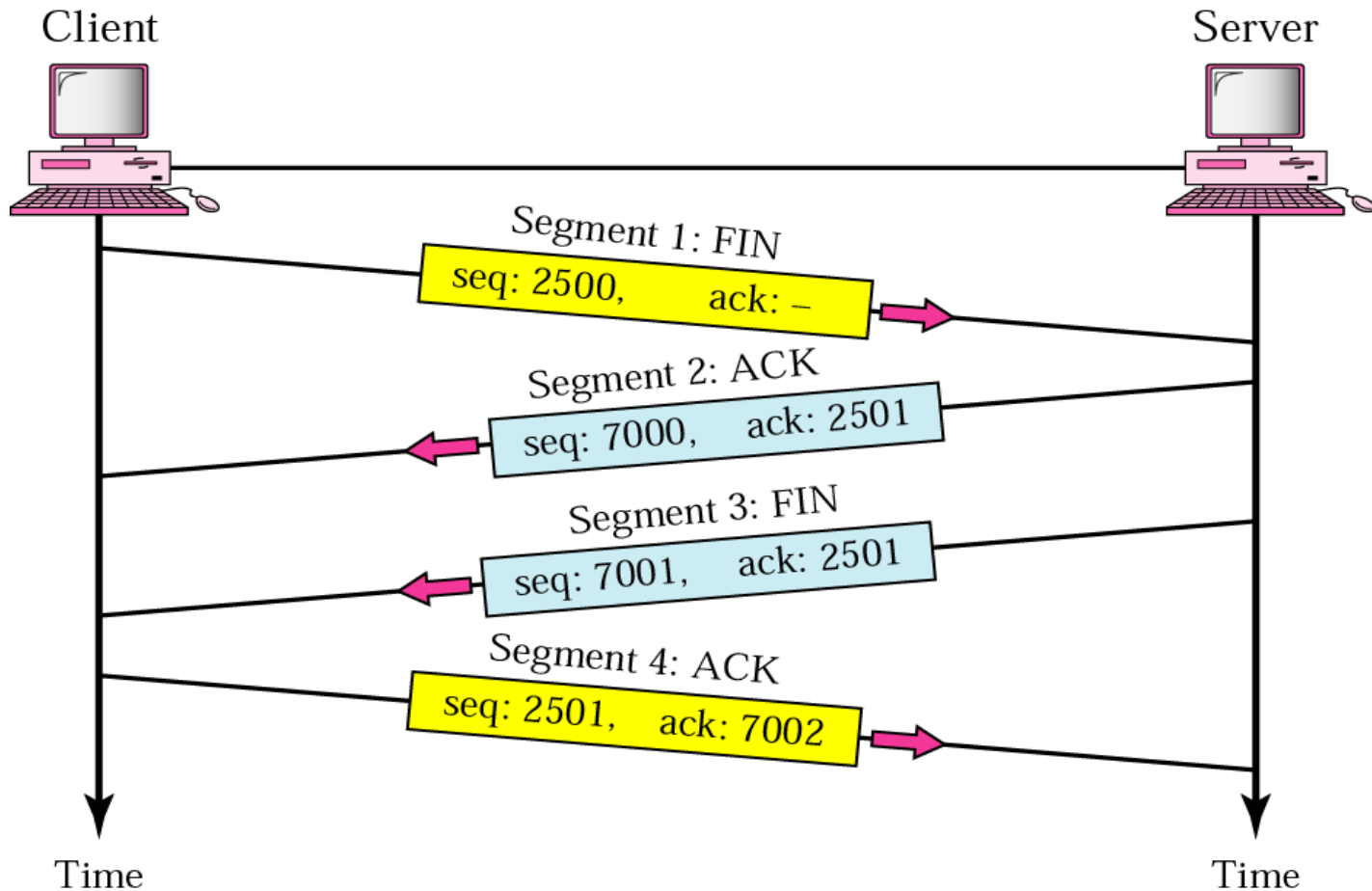
Transport Layer : Three Step Connection Establishment

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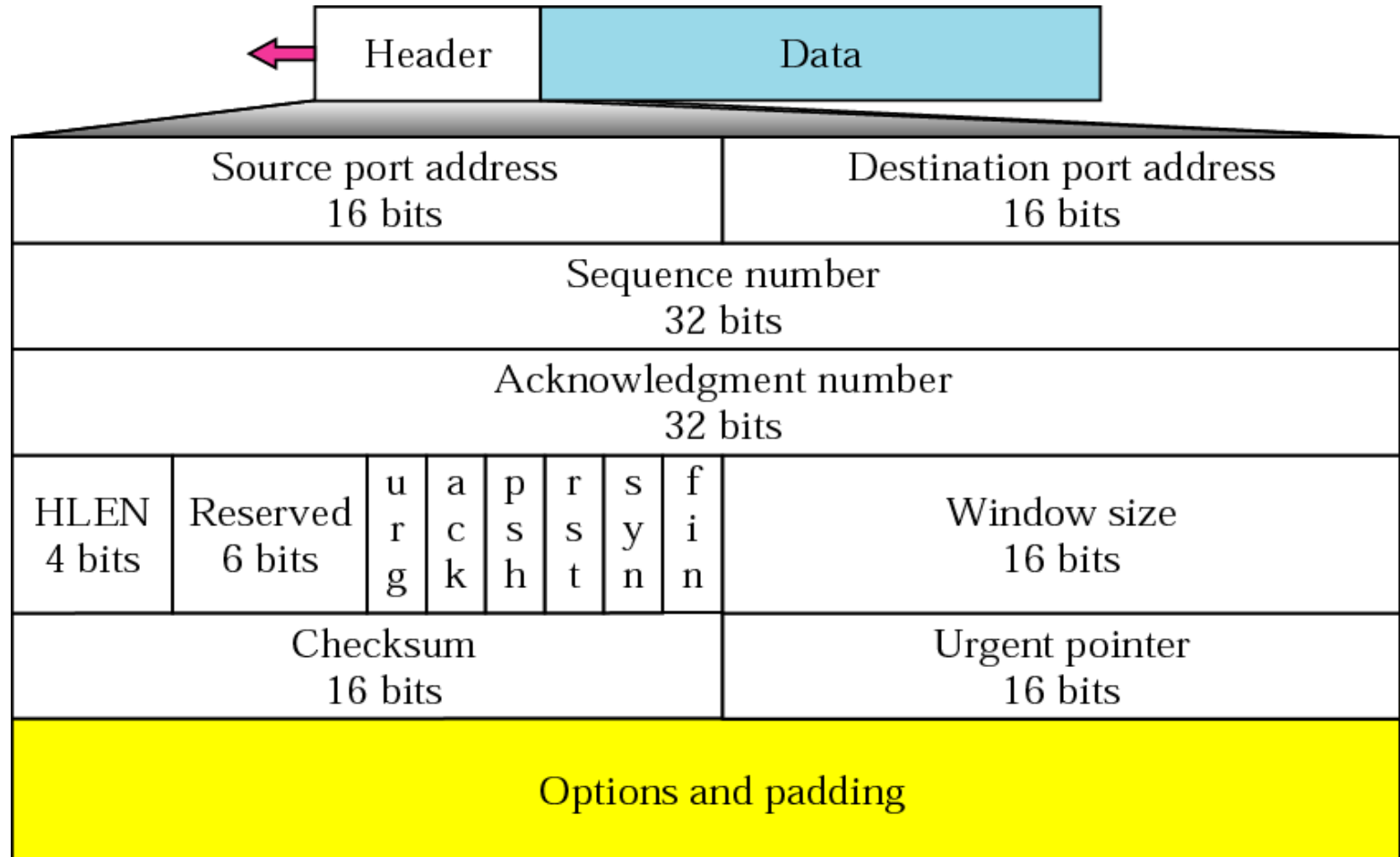
Transport Layer : Four Step Connection Termination

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Transport Layer : TCP Segment Format

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Transport Layer : TCP Segment Format (Control Fields)

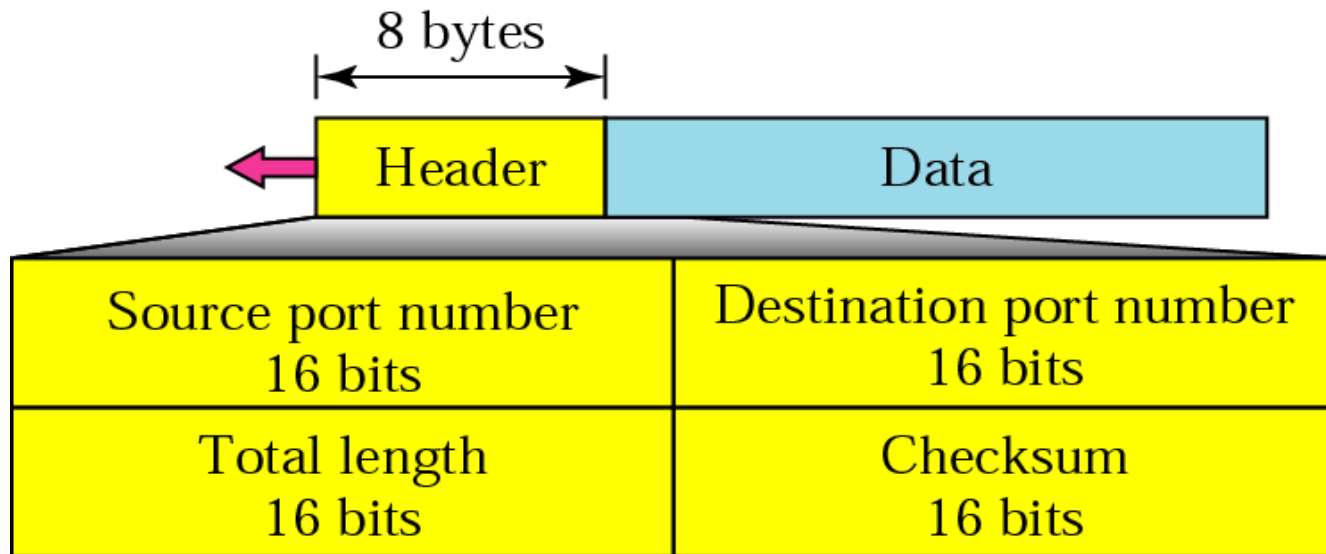
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URG: Urgent pointer is valid RST: Reset the connection
ACK: Acknowledgment is valid SYN: Synchronize sequence numbers
PSH: Request for push FIN: Terminate the connection

URG	ACK	PSH	RST	SYN	FIN
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Transport Layer : UDP Segment Format

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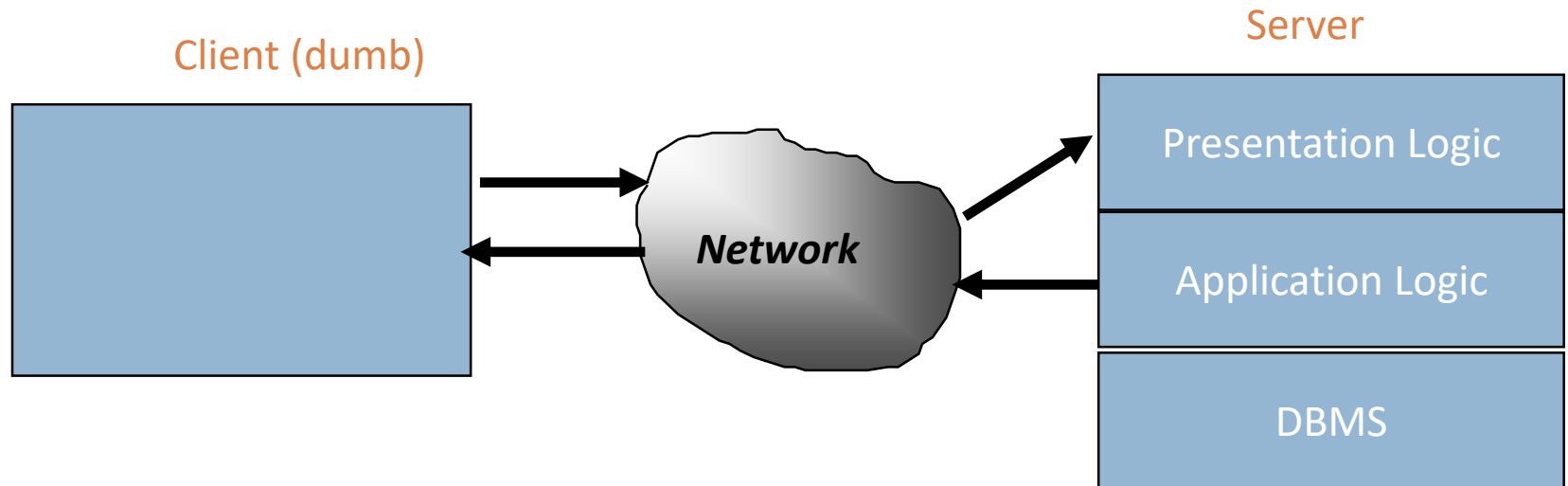
Client Server Computing: What it is ??

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- It is a logical extension of Modular Programming.
- Modular Programming => Concept of separation of Modules.
- Client Server Computing => New Idea !!
- Modules can be separated in different Machines.
- Calling Modules => Clients
- Called Modules => Server

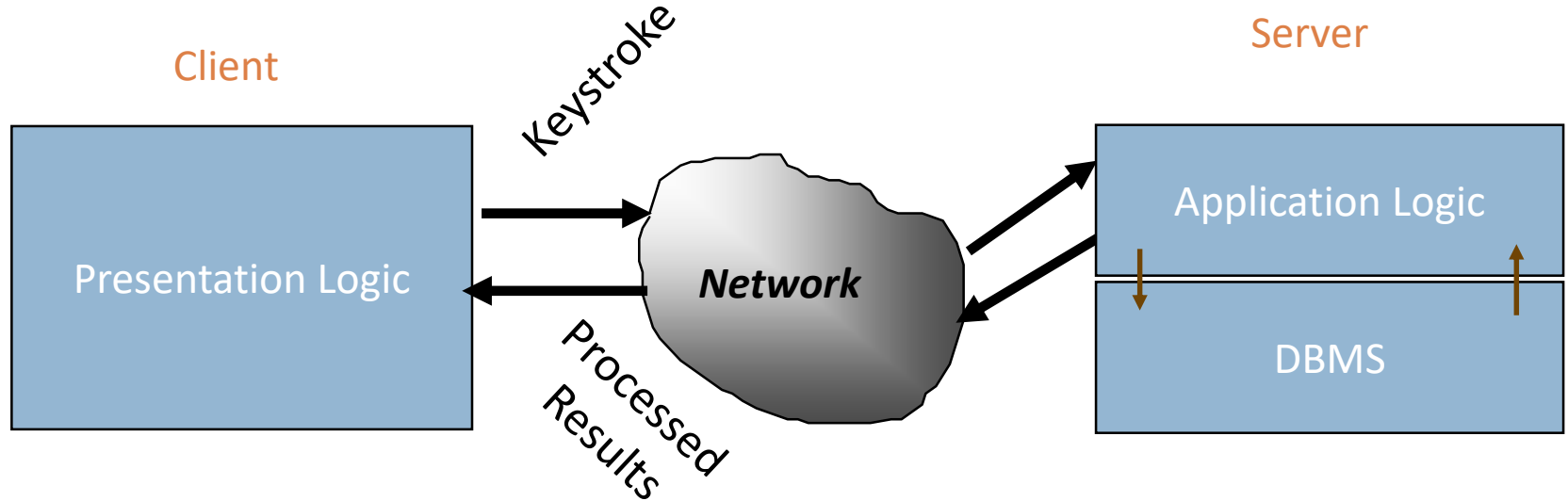
Client Server Model: Traditional Model

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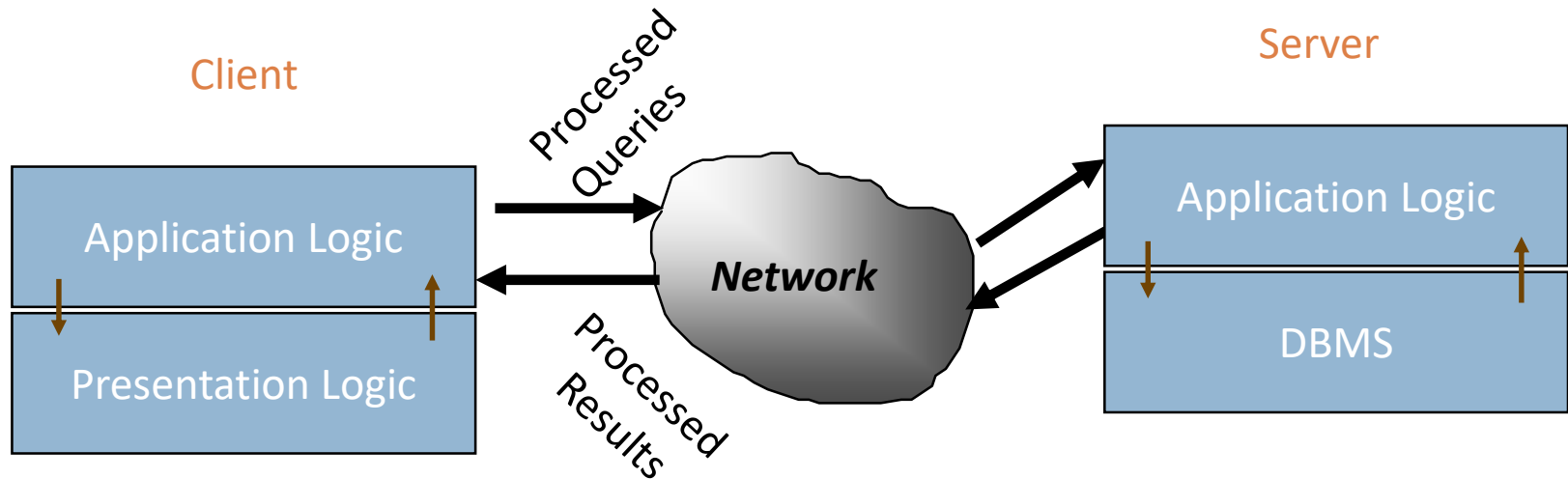
True Client Server Model

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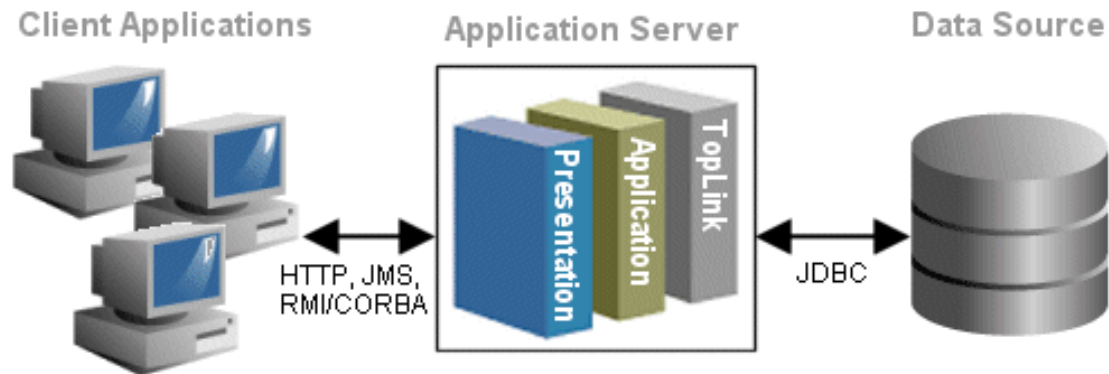
Distributed Client Server Model

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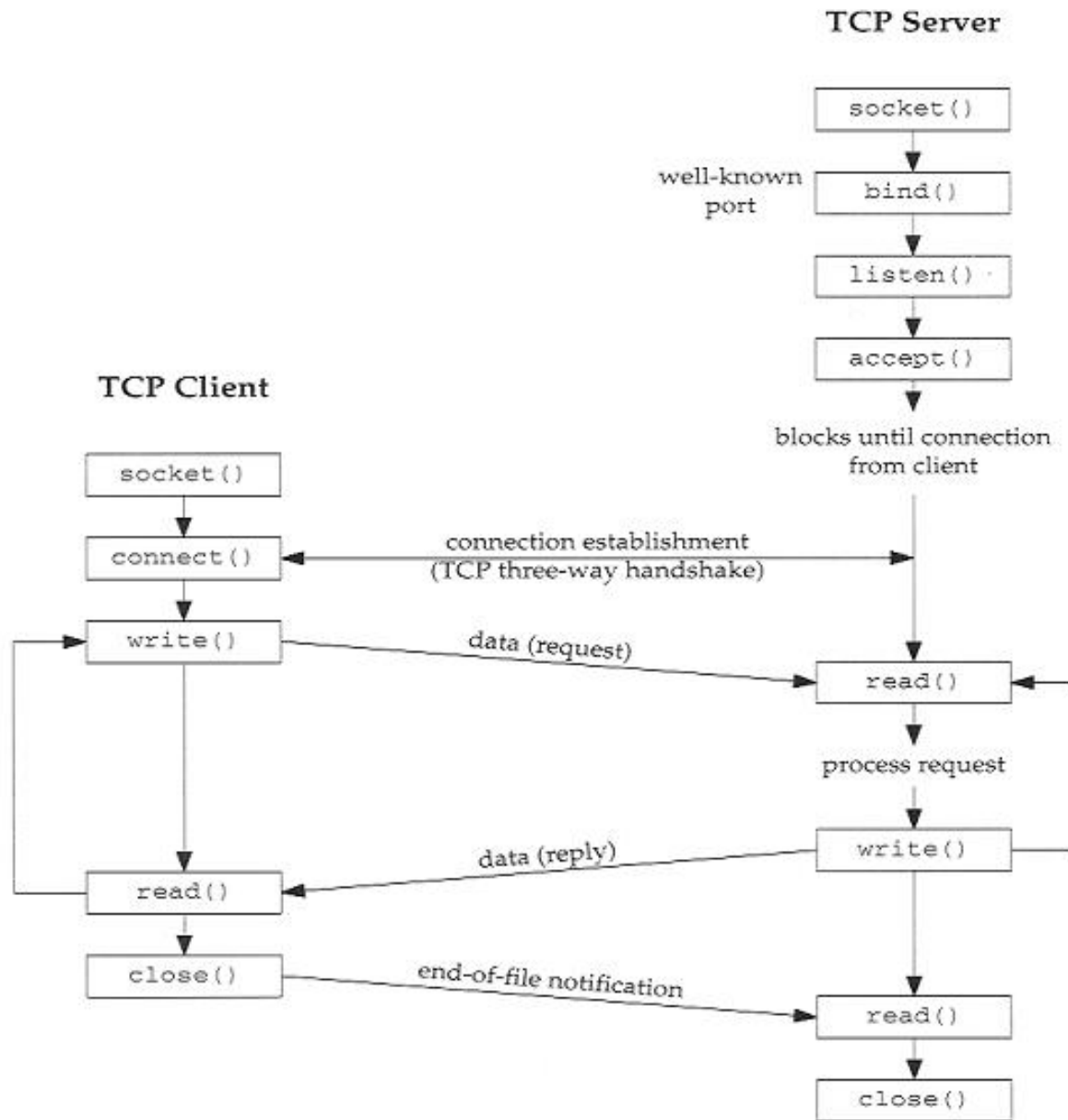
Distributed Applications: Three-Tier Architecture

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Socket Programming-01

(Client/Server Interaction with TCP Sockets)



Socket Programming-02

Java Socket Programming

Thank You