

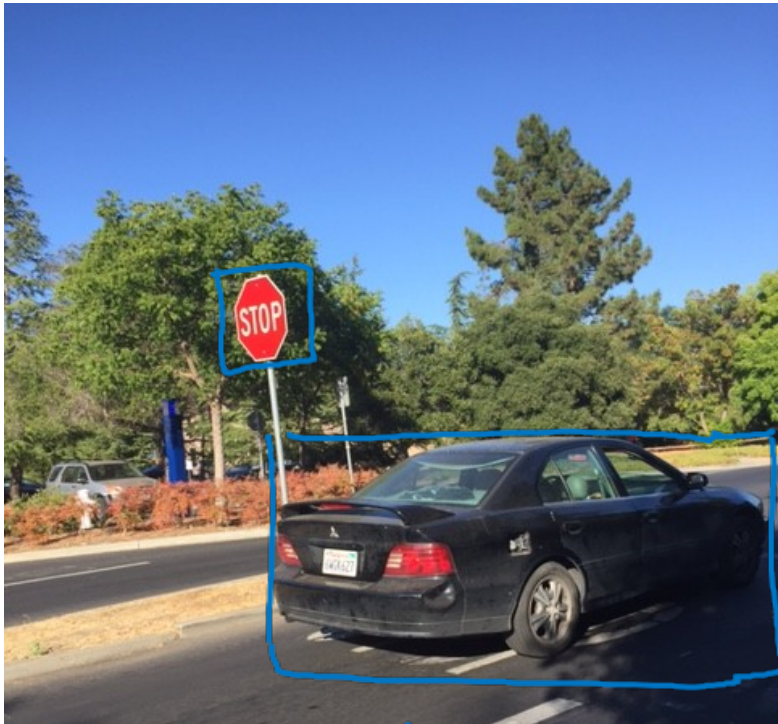


deeplearning.ai

Learning from multiple tasks

Multi-task learning

Simplified autonomous driving example



$x^{(i)}$

Pedestrians

Cars

Stop signs

Traffic lights

⋮

$y^{(i)}$

0

1

1

0

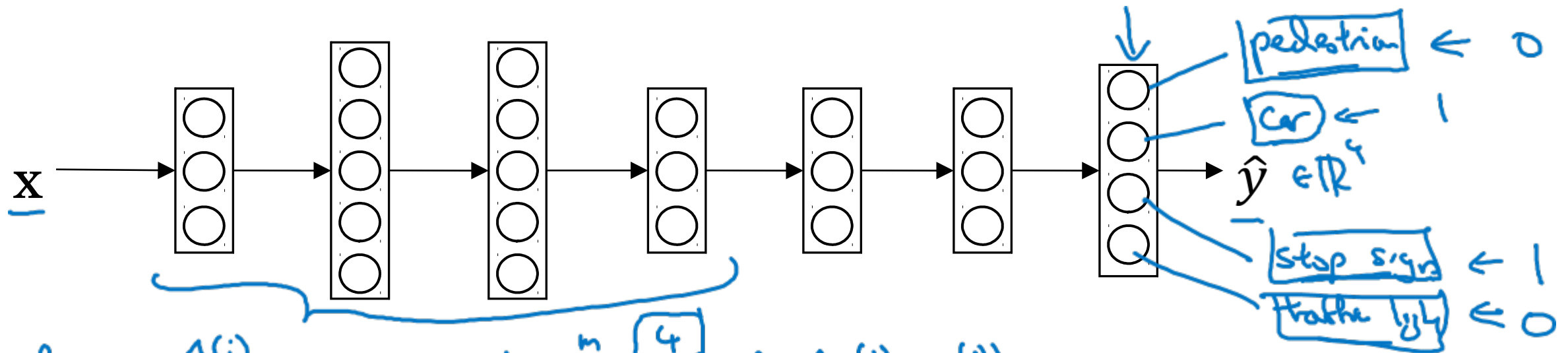
⋮

$(4, 1)$

$$Y = \begin{bmatrix} y^{(1)} & y^{(2)} & y^{(3)} & \dots & y^{(m)} \\ 1 & 1 & 1 & \dots & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$(4, m)$

Neural network architecture



Loss: $\frac{1}{m} \sum_{i=1}^m \sum_{j=1}^4 \mathcal{L}(\hat{y}_j^{(i)}, y_j^{(i)})$

Sum only over
values of j with
0/1 label.

Unlike softmax regression:
One image can have multiple labels

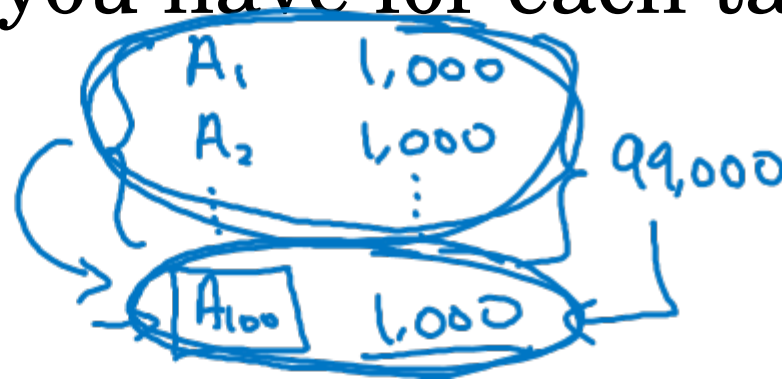
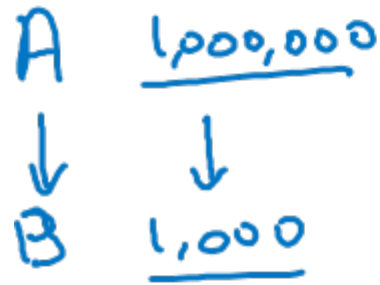
Usual logistic loss
 $-y_j^{(i)} \log \hat{y}_j^{(i)} - (1 - y_j^{(i)}) \log (1 - \hat{y}_j^{(i)})$

Multi-task learning \leftarrow

$$Y = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & \dots & ? \\ 0 & 1 & \dots & 1 \\ ? & ? & \dots & ? \\ \vdots & \vdots & \ddots & \vdots \end{bmatrix}$$

When multi-task learning makes sense

- Training on a set of tasks that could benefit from having shared lower-level features.
- Usually: Amount of data you have for each task is quite similar.



- Can train a big enough neural network to do well on all the tasks.