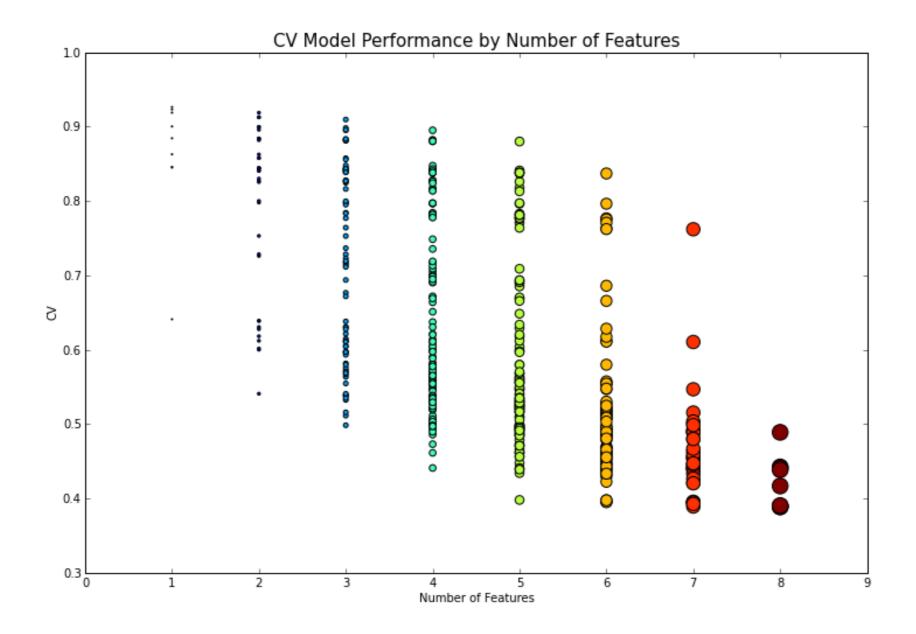


Naive Search Methods and Less Naive Methods

October 21st, 2014

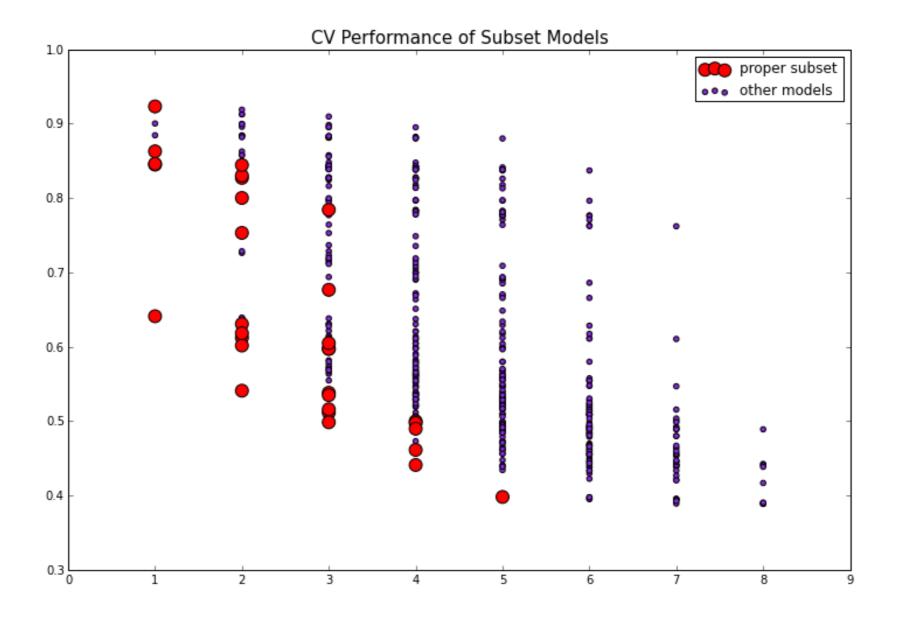
1,125,899,907,000,000

# Compare CV across all subsets



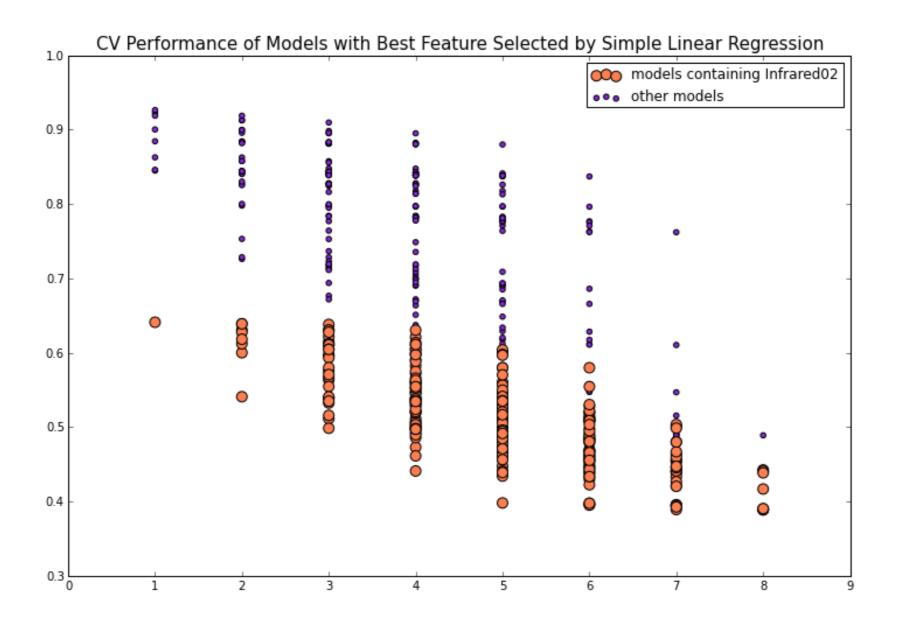


# Could we have found the best model quicker?





# Derivative models that start with good features do well



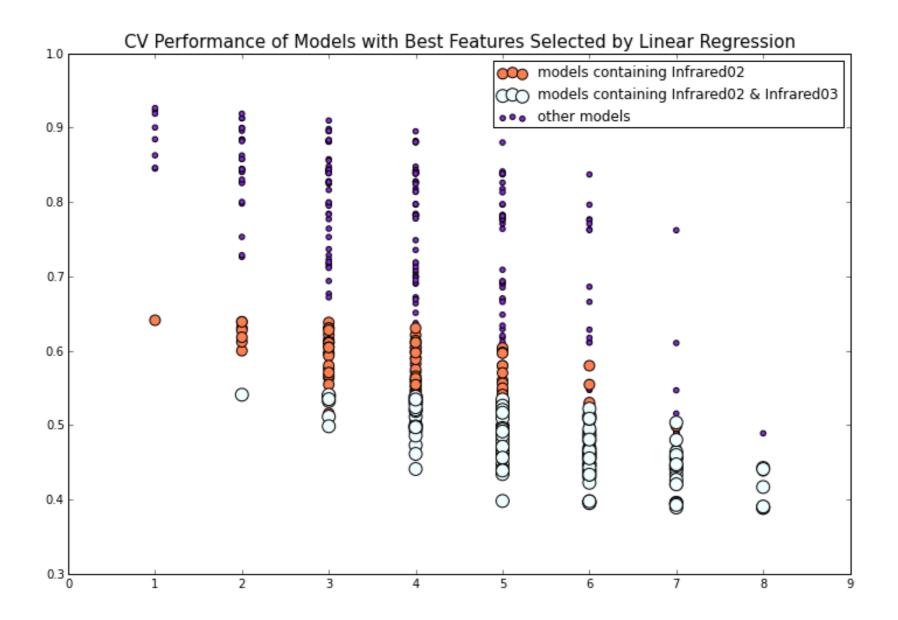


### Pseudo Code: Naive Model Search Algorithm

- 1. Start with a list of features
- 2. Use itertools to find all combinations (2<sup>n</sup>!)
- 3. For each subset fit a linear regression model
- 4. Calculate cross-validated MSE with a test set
- 5. Choose the model with the lowest mean squared error



# Iteratively select features





#### Pseudo Code: Iterative Search Algorithm

- 1. Start with a list of features (n)
- 2. Run n simple linear regression models
- 3. Calculate cross-validated MSE for each model
- 4. Save the best feature

It will be in every subsequent model!

- 5. Consider only two feature models that contain the first (n-1)
- 6. For each new model fit a linear regression model
- 7. Calculate cross-validated MSE
- 8. Save the best features
- 9. Consider only three feature models that contain the best two!

Repeat!

Stop when the MSE gets worse with any added feature



#### Performs almost as well as naive method!

