```
qus 20- https://code4coding.com/c-program-count-wordcharacters-and-space-of-a-string/
#include<iostream>
#include<string.h>
using namespace std;
int main() {
char str[200];
gets(str);
int word=1,ch=0,len=0,sp=0;
for(int i=0;str[i]!='\0';i++)
{
  if(str[i]==' ')
  {
    word++;
    sp++;
  }
  len++;
}
cout<<"Word = "<<word<<endl<<"character = "<<len-sp<<endl<<"special char = "<<sp<<endl;</pre>
       return 0;
}
qus 22- https://www.geeksforgeeks.org/program-to-print-solid-and-hollow-rhombus-patterns/
#include<iostream>
#include<string.h>
using namespace std;
int main() {
  int n;
```

```
cin>>n;
cout<<"Solid Rhombus:\n ";</pre>
for(int i=1;i<=n;i++)
{
  for(int j=i;j<n;j++)</pre>
  cout<<" ";
  for(int k=1;k<=n;k++)
  {
    cout<<"*";
  }cout<<endl;</pre>
}
cout<<"\nHollow Rhombus: \n";
for(int i=1;i<=n;i++)
{
  for(int j=i;j<n;j++)</pre>
  cout<<" ";
  if(i==1||i==n)
  {
    for(int k=1;k<=n;k++)
    cout<<"*";
  }
  else{
    for(int m=1;m<=n;m++)
    {
       if(m==1||m==n)
       cout<<"*";
       else
       cout<<" ";
    }
  }cout<<endl;</pre>
```

```
}
  return 0;
}
<u>qus no-23</u>
Take as input N, a number. Print the pattern as given in the input and output section.
Input Format
Enter value of N
Constraints
1 <= N < 10
Output Format
Print the pattern.
Sample Input
Sample Output
1*****
12****
123****
1234***
12345**
123456*
1234567
Explanation
There is no space between any two numbers. Catch the pattern for corresponding input and print
them accordingly.
#include <iostream>
using namespace std;
```

```
int main() {
        int n;
        cin>>n;
        for(int i=1;i<=n;i++)
        {int j=1;
          for(j=1;j<=i;j++)
          {
            cout<<j;
          }
          for(int k=j;k<=n;k++)</pre>
          {
            cout<<"*";
          }
          cout<<endl;
        }
        return 0;
}
qus 24- https://www.cpp.thiyagaraaj.com/c-programs/c-pattern-example-programs/simple-c-
program-for-print-inverted-triangle-pattern
vector<string> invlsoTriangle(int N) {
    // code here
    vector<string>v;
    for(int i=N;i>=1;i--)
    {
      string s="";
      for(int k=N-i;k>0;k--)
      s+=' ';
      for(int j=1;j<=i;j++)
      s+='*';
```

for(int l=1;l<i;l++)

```
s+='*';
      v.push_back(s);
    }return v;
  }
qus 25- Take as input N, a number. Print the pattern as given in output section for corresponding
input.
Input Format
Enter value of N
Constraints
Output Format
All numbers and stars are Space separated
Sample Input
5
Sample Output
12345
1234*
123***
12****
1 * * * * * *
Explanation
Catch the pattern for the corresponding input and print them accordingly.
#include<iostream>
#include<string.h>
using namespace std;
int main() {
  int n;
```

```
cin>>n;
  for(int i=n;i>=1;i--)
 {
    for(int j=1;j<=i;j++)
    cout<<j<<" ";
    int k=2*(n-i)-1;
    for(int m=1;m<=k;m++)
    {
      cout<<"* ";
    }
    cout<<endl;
 }
  return 0;
}
qus 26- Take N (number of rows), print the following pattern (for N = 4)
0
11
235
8 13 21 34
Input Format
Constraints
0 < N < 100
Output Format
Sample Input
Sample Output
0
1 1
```

```
2 3 5
8 13 21 34
```

## **Explanation**

Each number is separated from other by a tab. For given input n, You need to print n(n+1)/2

```
fibonacci numbers. Kth row contains, next k fibonacci numbers.
#include<iostream>
#include<string.h>
using namespace std;
int main() {
  int n;
  cin>>n;
  int sum=0,num1=1,num2=1;
for(int i=1;i<=n;i++)
{
   if(i==1)
   cout<<0;
   else if(i==2)
   cout<<1<<"\t"<<1;
   else{
     for(int j=1;j<=i;j++)
     {
     sum=num1+num2;
     num1=num2;
     num2=sum;
     cout<<sum<<"\t";}
   }
   cout<<endl;
}
  return 0;
```

```
}
27 Bubble Sort Easy
void bubbleSort(int arr[],int n)
{
 int i,j,temp;
 for(i=0;i<n-1;i++)
 {
   for(j=0;j<n-i-1;j++)
   {
      if(arr[j]>arr[j+1])
      {
        temp=arr[j];
      arr[j]=arr[j+1];
      arr[j+1]=temp;
      }
   }
 }
 for(int i=0;i<n;i++)
 cout<<arr[i]<<" ";
}
28 Selection Sort Easy
void selectionSort(int arr[],int n)
{
 int i,j,temp;
 for(i=0;i<n;i++)
 {
    int min=i;
   for(int j=i+1;j<n;j++)
    {
```

```
if(arr[min]>arr[j])
      min=j;
   }
   int temp=arr[min];
    arr[min]=arr[i];
    arr[i]=temp;
 }
 for(int i=0;i<n;i++)
 cout<<arr[i]<<" ";
}
29 Print Numbers in Reverse Order Easy
int reverseNumber(int n)
{
  int res=0;
  while(n)
  {
    res=res*10+n%10;
    n/=10;
  }return res;
}
30 Linear Search Easy
int linearSearch(int arr[],int n,int data)
{
for(int i=0;i<n;i++)
{
  if(arr[i]==data)
  return 1;
}
```

```
return 0;
}
```