Neo Musicals

Objective:

Neo Musicals is an online web application to be built as a product that can be catering to various customers who require purchasing musical instruments.

Users of the System:

- 1. Admin
- 2. Customer

Functional Requirements:

- Build an application that customers can access and purchase musical instruments online.
- The application should have signup, login, profile, dashboard page, and product page.
- This application should have a provision to maintain a database for customer information, order information and product portfolio.
- Also, an integrated platform required for admin and customer.
- Administration module to include options for adding / modifying / removing the existing product(s) and customer management.
- Based on month(odd/even) return the discount price.

While the above ones are the basic functional features expected, the below ones can be nice to have add-on features:

- > Filters for products like Low to High or showcasing products based on the customer's price range, specific brands etc.
- > Email integration for intimating new personalized offers to customers.
- Multi-factor authentication for the sign-in process
- Payment Gateway

Output/ Post Condition:

- Records Persisted in Success & Failure Collections
- Standalone application / Deployed in an app Container

Non-Functional Requirements:

Security	 App Platform –UserName/Password-Based Credentials Sensitive data has to be categorized and stored in a secure manner
	Secure connection for transmission of any data
Performance	 Peak Load Performance (during Festival days, National holidays etc) eCommerce -< 3 Sec Admin application < 2 Sec Non Peak Load Performance eCommerce < 2 Sec

	Admin Application < 2 Sec		
Availability	99.99 % Availability		
Standard	Scalability		
Features	Maintainability		
	 Usability 		
	 Availability 		
	 Failover 		
Logging &	 The system should support logging(app/web/DB) & auditing at 		
Auditing	all levels		
Monitoring	 Should be able to monitor via as-is enterprise monitoring tools 		
Cloud	 The Solution should be made Cloud-ready and should have a 		
	minimum impact when moving away to Cloud infrastructure		
Browser	● IE 7+		
Compatible	 Mozilla Firefox Latest – 15 		
	 Google Chrome Latest – 20 		
	Mobile Ready		

Technology Stack

Front End	Angular 7+ Google Material Design		
	Bootstrap / Bulma		
Server Side	Spring Boot		
	Spring Web (Rest Controller)		
	Spring Security		
	Spring AOP		
	Spring Hibernate		
Core Platform	OpenJDK 11		
Database	MySQL or H2		

Platform Pre-requisites (Do's and Don'ts):

- 1. The angular app should run in port 8081. Do not run the angular app in the port: 4200.
- 2. Spring boot app should run in port 8080.

Key points to remember:

- 1. The id (for frontend) and attributes(backend) mentioned in the SRS should not be modified at any cost. Failing to do may fail test cases.
- 2. Remember to check the screenshots provided with the SRS. Strictly adhere to id mapping and attribute mapping. Failing to do may fail test cases.
- 3. Strictly adhere to the proper project scaffolding (Folder structure), coding conventions, method definitions and return types.

4. Adhere strictly to the endpoints given below.

Application assumptions:

- 1. The login page should be the first page rendered when the application loads.
- 2. Manual routing should be restricted by using AuthGuard by implementing the canActivate interface. For example, if the user enters as http://localhost:4200/signup or http://localhost:4200/home the page should not navigate to the corresponding page instead it should redirect to the login page.
- 3. Unless logged into the system, the user cannot navigate to any other pages.
- 4. Logging out must again redirect to the login page.
- 5. To navigate to the admin side, you can store a user type as admin in the database with a username and password as admin.
- 6. Use admin/admin as the username and password to navigate to the admin dashboard.

Validations:

- 1. Basic email validation should be performed.
- 2. Basic mobile validation should be performed.

Project Tasks:

API Endpoints:

USER			
Action	URL	Method	Response
Login	/login	POST	true/false
Signup	/signup	POST	true/false
Get All Products – Home	/home	GET	Array of Products
Add to cart	/home/{id}	POST	Item added to cart
Cart Items	/cart/{id}	GET	Array of Cart Items
Delete cart Item	/cart/delete	POST	Cart Deleted
Cart to Orders	/saveOrder	POST	Cart items added to the Orders list
Orders list	/orders	POST	Array of Orders
Place order directly	/placeOrder	POST	Place items to orders directly
ADMIN			
Action	URL	Method	Response
Get All Products	/admin	GET	Array of Products
Add Product	/admin/addProduct	POST	Product added

Delete Product	/admin/delete/{id}	GET	Product deleted
Product Edit	/admin/productEdit/{id}	GET	Get All details of Particular id
Product Edit	/admin/productEdit/{id}	POST	Save the Changes
Get All Orders	/admin/orders	GET	Array of Orders

Frontend:

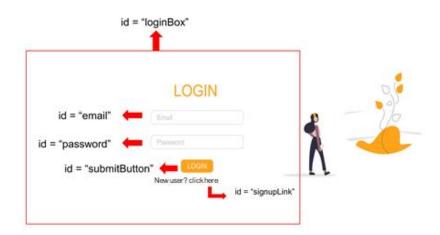
Customer:

- 1. Signup: Design a signup page component where the new customer has options to sign up by providing their basic details.
 - a. Ids:
 - i. email
 - ii. username
 - iii. mobilenumber
 - iv. password
 - v. confirmpassword
 - vi. submitButton
 - vii. signinLink
 - viii. signupBox
 - b. API endpoint Url: http://localhost:4200/signup
 - c. Output screenshot:

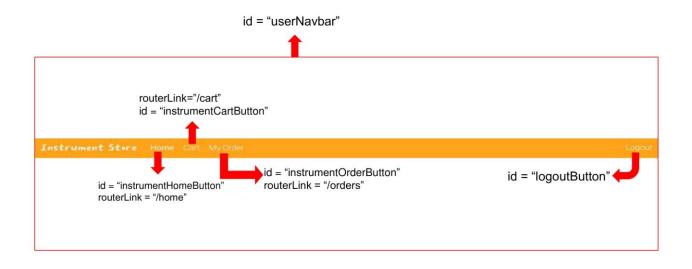


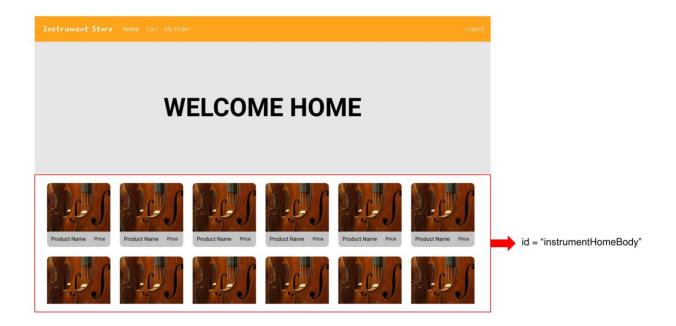
2. Login: Design a login page component where the existing customer can log in using the registered email id and password.

- a. Ids:
 - i. email
 - ii. password
 - iii. submitButton
 - iv. signupLink
 - v. loginBox
- b. API endpoint Url: http://localhost:4200/login
- c. Output screenshot:

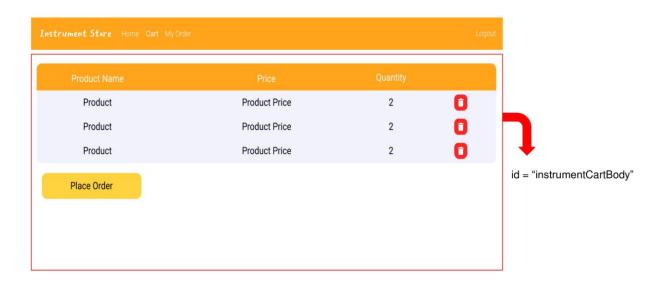


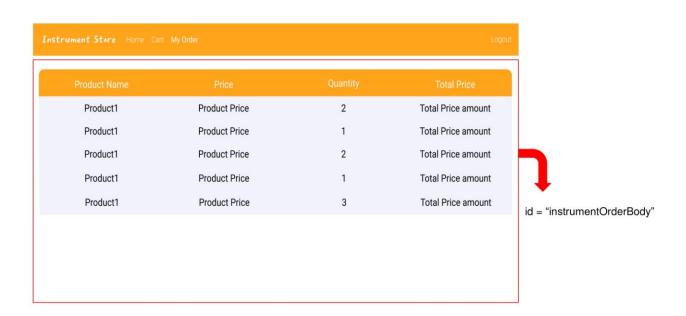
- 3. Dashboard / Home: Design a home page component that has the navigation bar and lists all the available products as grid elements with appropriate filter options.
 - a. Ids:
 - i. userNavbar
 - ii. instrumentHomeButton
 - iii. instrumentCartButton
 - iv. instrumentOrderButton
 - v. logoutButton
 - vi. instrumentHomeBody
 - b. API endpoint Url: http://localhost:4200/home
 - c. Screenshot





- 4. Cart and Orders: Design a cart component and order component where we can see the cart items and see the items ordered after placing an order.
 - a. Ids
- i. instrumentCartBody
- ii. instrumentOrderBody
- b. API endpoint Url: http://localhost:4200/cart
- c. API endpoint Url: http://localhost:4200/orders
- d. Screenshot

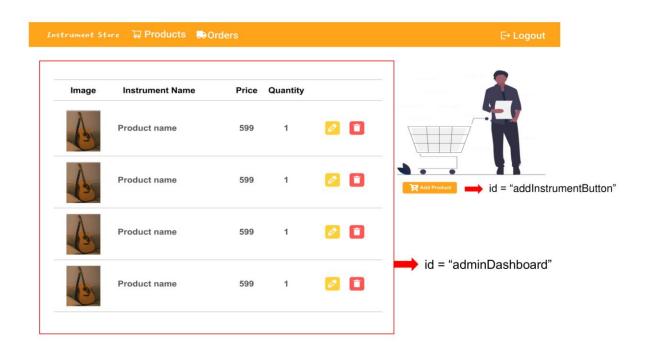




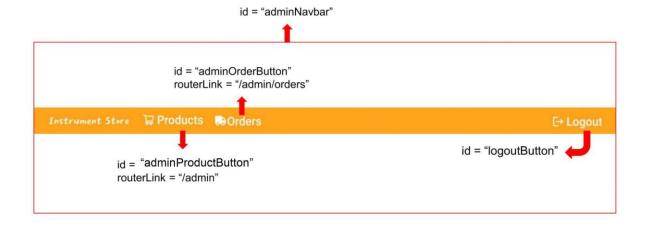
Admin:

- 5. Admin Dashboard: Design a dashboard page where the list of products is displayed on the admin side.
 - a. Ids
- i. addInstrumentButton
- ii. adminDashboard
- b. API endpoint Url: http://localhost:4200/admin

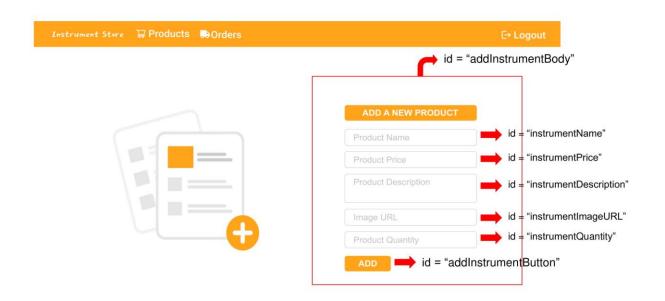
c. Screenshot



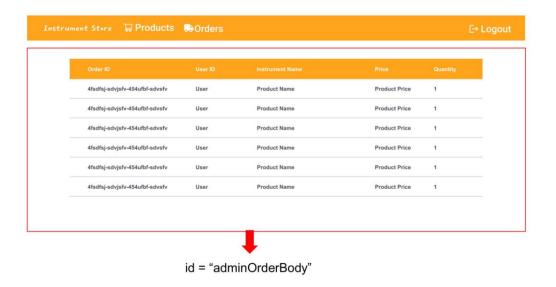
- 6. Admin Navigation: Design a navigation component that can navigate to products and orders.
 - a. lds:
 - i. adminNavbar
 - ii. adminProductButton
 - iii. adminOrderButton
 - iv. logoutButton
 - b. Screenshot:



- 7. Add Product: Design an add product component in which the admin can add new products to the inventory.
 - a. Ids:
 - i. addInstrumentBody
 - ii. instrumentName
 - iii. instrumentPrice
 - iv. instrumentDescription
 - v. instrumentImageURL
 - vi. instrumentQuantity
 - vii. addInstrumentButton
 - b. API endpoint Url: http://localhost:4200/addProduct
 - c. Screenshot



- 8. View Orders: Create a view component where the admin can look into the new and old orders.
 - a. Ids:
 - i. adminOrderBody
 - b. API endpoint Url: http://localhost:4200/admin/orders
 - c. Screenshot



Backend:

Class and Method description:

Model Layer:

- 1. UserModel: This class stores the user type (admin or the customer) and all user information.
 - a. Attributes:

i. email: String

ii. password: String

iii. username: String

iv. mobileNumber: String

v. active: Boolean

vi. role: String

vii. cart: CartModel

viii. ordersList: List<OrderModel>

- 2. LoginModel: This class contains the email and password of the user.
 - a. Attributes:

i. email: String

ii. password: String

- 3. ProductModel: This class stores the details of the product.
 - a. Attributes:

i. productld: String

ii. imageUrl: String

iii. productName: String

iv. price: String

v. description: String

vi. quantity: String

- 4. CartModel: This class stores the cart items.
 - a. Attributes:

i. cartItemID: String

ii. userld: UserModel

iii. ProductName: String

iv. Quantity: intv. Price: String

- 5. OrderModel: This class stores the order details.
 - a. Attributes:

i. orderld: String

ii. userld: String

iii. ProductName: String

iv. quantity: int

v. totalPrice: String

vi. Status: String

vii. Price: String

Controller Layer:

- 6. SignupController: This class control the user signup
 - a. Methods:
 - i. saveUser(UserModel user): This method helps to store users in the database and return true or false based on the database transaction.
- 7. LoginController: This class controls the user login.
 - a. Methods:
 - i. checkUser(LoginModel data): This method helps the user to sign up for the application and must return true or false.
- 8. ProductController: This class controls the add/edit/update/view products.
 - a. Methods:
 - i. List<ProductModel> getProduct(): This method helps the admin to fetch all products from the database.
 - ii. List<ProductModel> getHomeProduct(): This method helps to retrieve all the products from the database.
 - iii. ProductModel productEditData(String id): This method helps to retrieve a product from the database based on the productid.

- iv. productEditSave(ProductModel data): This method helps to edit a product and save it to the database.
- v. productSave(ProductModel data): This method helps to add a new product to the database.
- vi. productDelete (String id): This method helps to delete a product from the database.
- 9. CartController: This class helps in adding products to the cart, deleting the products from the cart, updating items in the cart.

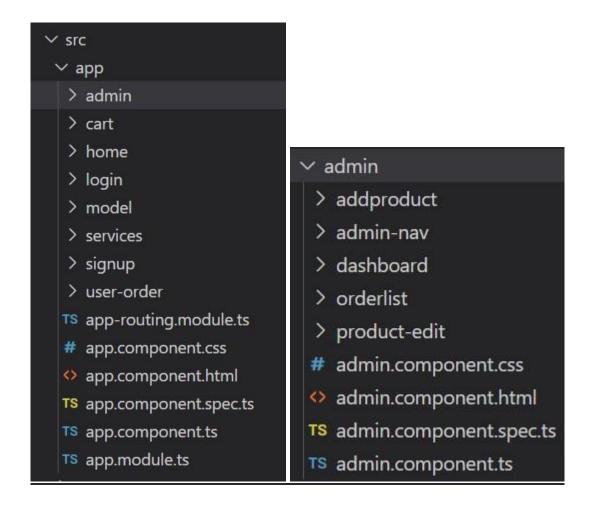
a. Methods:

- i. addToCart(String Quantity, String id): This method helps the customer to add the product to the cart.
- ii. List<CartTempModel> showCart(String id): This method helps to view the cart items.
- iii. deleteCartItem(String id): This method helps to delete a product from the cart.
- 10. OrderController: This class helps with the orders such as save order/ place an order/ view order.

a. Methods:

- i. List<OrderTemp> getUserProducts(String id): This method helps to list the orders based on the user id.
- saveProduct(String id): This method helps to save the cart items as an order.
- iii. placeOrder(OrderModel order): This method helps to place an order by the customer.

Angular Folder Structure:



NOTE:

You should create the above folder structure mandatorily to pass the test cases and you can also create extra components if you need.

Workflow Prototypes:

Admin Flow

https://www.figma.com/proto/KUXrU8hz3tRaWNiGQEAoqR/Music-Instrument-Store-Admin-Flow?node-

id=1%3A2&viewport=439%2C389%2C0.15327335894107819&scaling=scale-down

User Flow

https://www.figma.com/proto/NjDIEqLaTxnqQ1Uwl5I4Yk/Music-Store-User-Flow?nodeid=1%3A2&viewport=383%2C-83%2C0.27936112880706787&scaling=min-zoom