## **Law Management Firm**

## **Objective:**

Law management system is an online application to store all the Lawyer Case Record information.

## **Users of the System:**

- 1. Admin
- 2. Lawyers
- 3. Clients / User

#### **Functional Requirements:**

- Clients should be able to check Lawyer availability and book the appointment.
- Lawyer should be able to accept or reject appointment.
- Lawyer Case Review Record should be viewable to all departments.
- Billing user to bill based on all the transactions done keep a record of the same.
- There should be one user per slot.

While the above ones are the basic functional features expected, the below ones can be nice to have add-on features:

- Multi-factor authentication for the sign-in process
- Payment Gateway

## **Output/ Post Condition:**

- Weekly based lawyer wise case report file
- Standalone application / Deployed in an app Container

## Non-Functional Requirements:

Security	App Platform –UserName/Password-Based Credentials					
	Sensitive data has to be categorized and stored in a secure					
	manner					
	<ul> <li>Secure connection for transmission of any data</li> </ul>					
Performance	<ul> <li>Peak Load Performance</li> </ul>					
	<ul> <li>Law management System -&lt; 3 Sec</li> </ul>					
	<ul> <li>Admin application &lt; 2 Sec</li> </ul>					
	Non Peak Load Performance					
	Admin Application < 2 Sec					
Availability	99.99 % Availability					
Standard	Scalability					
Features	Maintainability					
	Usability					
	Availability					
	Failover					
Logging &	<ul> <li>The system should support logging(app/web/DB) &amp; auditing at</li> </ul>					
Auditing	all levels					

Monitoring	Should be able to monitor via as-is enterprise monitoring tools			
Cloud	<ul> <li>The Solution should be made Cloud-ready and should have a</li> </ul>			
	minimum impact when moving away to Cloud infrastructure			
Browser	• IE 7+			
Compatible	<ul> <li>Mozilla Firefox Latest – 15</li> </ul>			
	<ul> <li>Google Chrome Latest – 20</li> </ul>			
	Mobile Ready			

#### Technology Stack

Front End	React Google Material Design Bootstrap / Bulma
Server Side	Spring Boot Spring Web (Rest Controller) Spring Security Spring AOP Spring Hibernate
Core Platform	OpenJDK 11
Database	MySQL or H2

## Platform Pre-requisites (Do's and Don'ts):

- 1. The React app should run in port 8081. Do not run the React app in the port: 3000.
- 2. Spring boot app should run in port 8080.

## **Key points to remember:**

- 1. The id (for frontend) and attributes(backend) mentioned in the SRS should not be modified at any cost. Failing to do may fail test cases.
- 2. Remember to check the screenshots provided with the SRS. Strictly adhere to id mapping and attribute mapping. Failing to do may fail test cases.
- 3. Strictly adhere to the proper project scaffolding (Folder structure), coding conventions, method definitions and return types.
- 4. Adhere strictly to the endpoints given below.

## **Application assumptions:**

- 1. The login page should be the first page rendered when the application loads.
- 2. Manual routing should be restricted by using AuthGaurd by implementing the canActivate interface. For example, if the user enters as

http://localhost:3000/signup or http://localhost:3000/home the page should not navigate to the corresponding page instead it should redirect to the login page.

- 3. Unless logged into the system, the user cannot navigate to any other pages.
- 4. Logging out must again redirect to the login page.
- 5. To navigate to the admin side, you can store a user type as admin in the database with a username and password as admin.
- 6. Use admin/admin as the username and password to navigate to the admin dashboard.

# **Validations:**

- 1. Basic email validation should be performed.
- 2. Basic mobile validation should be performed.

## **Project Tasks:**

#### **API Endpoints:**

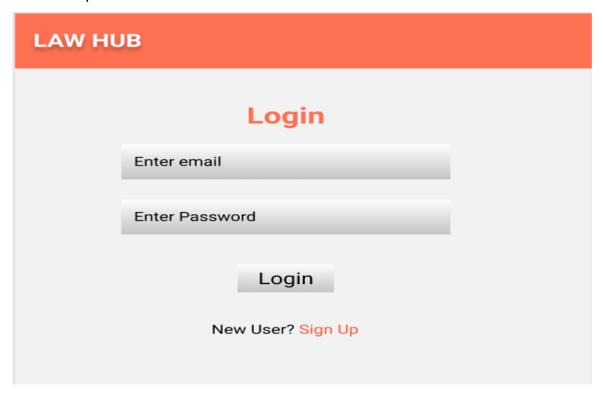
CLIENTS				
Action	URL	Method	Response	
Login	/login	POST	true/false	
Signup	/signup	POST	true/false	
Get All Lawyer	/Lawyer	GET	Array of Lawyers	
Add Booking	/booking	POST	Booking Created	
Remove Booking	/booking/{id}	DELETE	Booking Removed	
Get Case Record	/Case Record/{id}	GET	Return the Case Record based on id	
LAWYER				
Action	URL	Method	Response	
Get All Booking	/Lawyer/booking	GET	Array of Booking	
Approve Booking	/ Lawyer/booking	POST	Booking Appproved	
Reject Booking	/ Lawyer/booking/{id}	DELETE	Booking Deleted	
Add Case Record	/Lawyer/Case Record	POST	Case Record Created	
Update Case Record	/Lawyer/Case Record/{id}	PUT	Case Record Updated	
Delete Case Record	/Lawyer/Case Record/{id}	DELETE	Case Record Deleted	
ADMIN				
Get All Lawyer	/Admin/Lawyer	GET	Array of Lawyer	
Get Lawyer By Id	/Admin/Lawyer/{id}	GET	Return Lawyer details by Id	
Add Lawyer	/Admin/Lawyer	POST	Lawyer Created	
Update Lawyer	/Admin/Lawyer/{id}	PUT	Lawyer Updated	
Delete Lawyer	/Admin/Lawyer/{id}	DELETE	Lawyer Deleted	

## Frontend:

# Client:

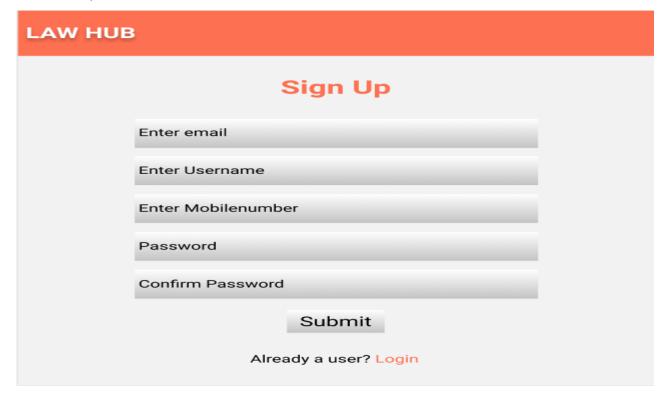
# Login:

**Output Screenshot:** 



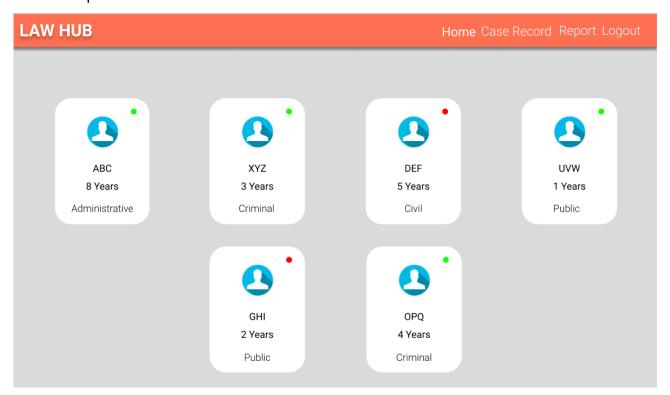
# Signup:

Output Screenshot:



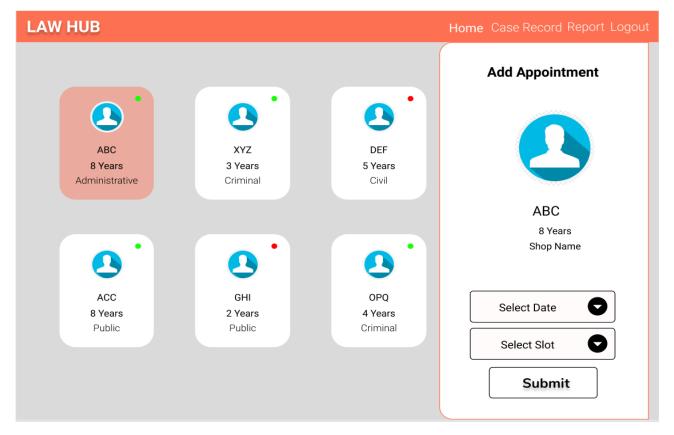
Home:

# **Output Screenshot:**



# **Appointment:**

**Output Screenshot:** 



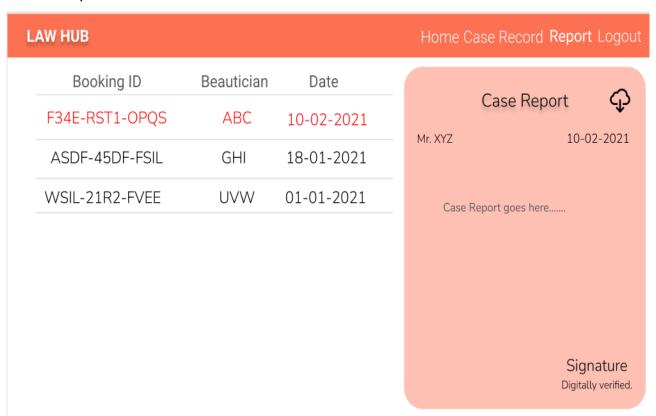
## **Case Record:**

# **Output Screenshot:**

# **LAW HUB** Home Case Record Report Logout Booking ID Lawyer Date Case Record F34E-RST1-OPQS ABC 10-02-2021 10-02-2021 Mr. XYZ ASDF-45DF-FSIL GHI 18-01-2021 Event Detail: WSIL-21R2-FVEE UVW 01-01-2021 Action Taken: Upload

# Report:

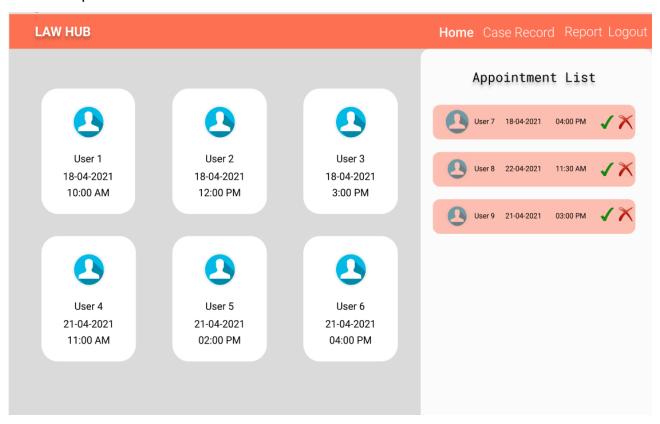
# **Output Screenshot:**



# Lawyer:

# Home:

# Output Screenshot:



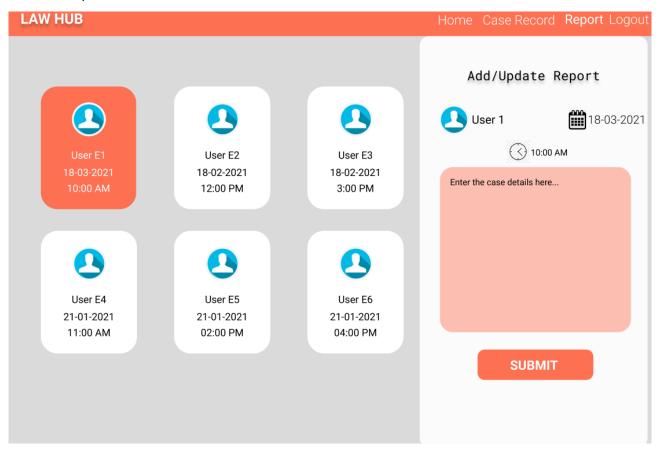
## **Case Record:**

# Output Screenshot:

AW HUB		Home Case Re	ecord Report Logout		
Booking ID	Lawyer	Date	Core Donnel		
F34E-RST1-OPQS	ABC	10-02-2021		Case Record	
ASDF-45DF-FSIL	GHI	18-01-2021	Mr. XYZ	10-02-2021	
WSIL-21R2-FVEE	UVW	01-01-2021	Event Detail:		
			Action Taken:		

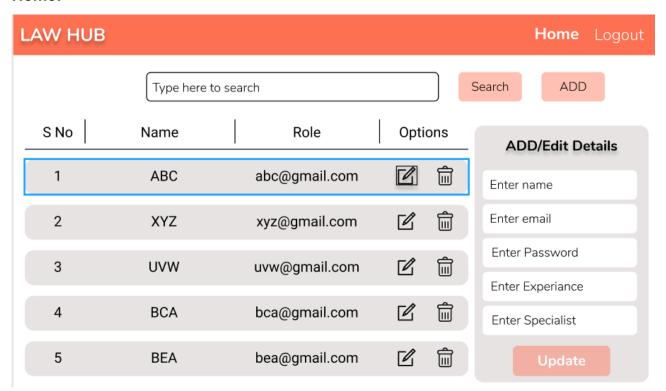
# Report:

# **Output Screenshot:**



# **ADMIN:**

#### Home:



# **Backend:**

# **Class and Method description:**

## **Model Layer:**

- 1. UserModel: This class stores the user type (admin or the customer) and all user information.
  - a. Attributes:

i. email: String

ii. password: String

iii. username: String

iv. mobileNumber: String

v. active: Boolean

vi. role: String

- b. Methods: -
- 2. LoginModel: This class contains the email and password of the user.
  - a. Attributes:

i. email: String

ii. password: String

- b. Methods: -
- 3. BookingModel: This class stores the appointment details.
  - a. Attributes:

i. bookingld: String

ii. clientDetail: UserModel

iii. LawyerDetail: LawyerModel

iv. lawfirmName: String

v. date: Date

vi. time: Date

vii. bookingStatus: Boolean

- b. Methods: -
- 4. CaseRecordModel: This class stores the Case Record details for the users.
  - a. Attributes:

i. Case RecordID: String

ii. userld: UserModel

iii. date: Date

iv. eventDetail: String

v. actionTaken: String

vi. issuedBy: UserModel

b. Methods: -

- 5. ReportModel: This class stores the.
  - a. Attributes:

i. reportld: String

ii. appointmentDetail: BookingModel

iii. Case RecordDetail: CaseRecordModel

iv. date: Date

v. report: String

vi. issuedBy: UserModel

b. Methods: -

#### **Controller Layer:**

- 6. SignupController: This class control the user signup
  - a. Attributes: -
  - b. Methods:
    - i. saveUser(UserModel user): This method helps to store users in the database and return true or false based on the database transaction.
- 7. LoginController: This class controls the user login.
  - a. Attributes: -
  - b. Methods:
    - i. checkUser(LoginModel data): This method helps the user to sign up for the application and must return true or false
- 8. BookingController: This class controls the adding, upding, removing the booking details.
  - a. Attributes: -
  - b. Methods:
    - i. List<BookingModel> getBooking(): This method helps the admin to fetch all Booking from the database.
    - ii. List< BookingModel > getBookingByLawyer(): This method helps the Lawyer to retrieve their all the booking from the database.

- iii. BookingModel bookingById(String id): This method helps to retrieve a booking from the database based on the bookingId.
- iv. statusModifier(BookingModel data): This method helps the Lawyer to edit a booking and save the status as Aprrove or Reject.
- v. addBooking(BookingModel data): This method helps the client to add a new booking to the database.
- vi. removeBooking(String id): This method helps the Lawyer to delete a booking from the database.
- 9. CaseRecordController: This class helps in adding the Case Record, deleting the Case Record from the cart, updating the Case Record.
  - a. Attributes: -
  - b. Methods:
    - i. addCase Record(Case RecordModel data): This method helps the Lawyer to add the Case Record to the user.
    - ii. updateCase Record(Case RecordModel data): This method helps to update the Case Record.
    - iii. delete Case Record(String id): This method helps the Lawyer to delete a Case Record from the user.
    - iv. viewCase Record(String id): This method helps the Lawyer to view the Case Record.
- 10. ReportController: This class helps with the Lawyer to create/read/update the report details about the Clients.
  - a. Attributes: -
  - b. Methods:
    - i. List<ReportModel> getReportDetails(String id): This method helps to list the details based on the userl id.
    - addReport(ReportModel data): This method helps to save the report details in the database.
    - iii. updateReport(CheckupModel data): This method helps to update the report details and store it in the database.