Neo MedStore-E commerce Application

Objective:

Neo Med Store is an online Application to be built as a product that can be catering to various customers who require medicines.

Users of the System:

- 1. Admin
- 2. Customer

Functional Requirements:

- Build an application that customers can access and purchase medicines, online.
- The application should have signup, login, profile, dashboard page, and product page.
- This application should have a provision to maintain a database for customer information, order information and product portfolio.
- Also, an integrated platform required for admin and customer.
- Administration module to include options for adding / modifying / removing the existing medicine(s) and customer management.
- Prescription is required for a specific medicine.

While the above ones are the basic functional features expected, the below ones can be nice to have add-on features:

- > Filters for products like Low to High or showcasing products based on the customer's price range, specific brands etc.
- Email integration for intimating new personalized offers to customers.
- Multi-factor authentication for the sign-in process
- Payment Gateway

Output/ Post Condition:

- > Records Persisted in Success & Failure Collections
- > Standalone application / Deployed in an app Container

Non-Functional Requirements:

Security	 App Platform –UserName/Password-Based Credentials Sensitive data has to be categorized and stored in a secure manner
	Secure connection for transmission of any data
Performance	 Peak Load Performance (during Festival days, National holidays etc) eCommerce -< 3 Sec Admin application < 2 Sec Non Peak Load Performance eCommerce < 2 Sec

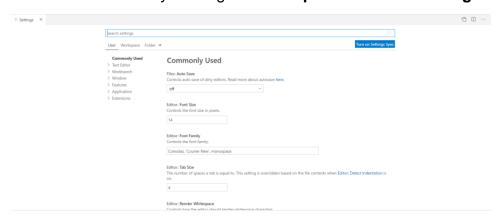
	Admin Application < 2 Sec
Availability	99.99 % Availability
Standard	Scalability
Features	Maintainability
	Usability
	Availability
	Failover
Logging &	 The system should support logging(app/web/DB) & auditing at
Auditing	all levels
Monitoring	 Should be able to monitor via as-is enterprise monitoring tools
Cloud	 The Solution should be made Cloud-ready and should have a
	minimum impact when moving away to Cloud infrastructure
Browser	● IE 7+
Compatible	 Mozilla Firefox Latest – 15
	 Google Chrome Latest – 20
	Mobile Ready

Technology Stack

Front End	React 16+ Google Material Design Bootstrap / Bulma
Server Side	Spring Boot Spring Web (Rest Controller) Spring Security Spring AOP Spring Hibernate
Core Platform	OpenJDK 11
Database	MySQL or H2

Platform Pre-requisites (Do's and Don'ts):

1. As soon as the project mode is opened and set up, navigate to the settings of the Visual Studio Code by clicking on File -> preferences -> Settings or (Ctrl + ,).



- a. Click on the settings icon located as the first icon on the right-hand side to open the **settings.json** file.
- b. paste the following code inside it.

```
{ "settings": { "files.exclude": { "**/node_modules": true } } }
```

c. Then proceed with running the react project.

Note: The above step has to be repeated each time, the project is completed

- 2. The React app should run in port 8081. Do not run the react app in the port: 3000 or port: 4200.
- 3. Spring boot app should run in port 8080.

Key points to remember:

- 1. The id (for frontend) and attributes(backend) mentioned in the SRS should not be modified at any cost. Failing to do may fail test cases.
- 2. The id provided should be defined strictly with the following name **data-test-id="<your id>".** Example: **<input data-test-id="username"** />. The naming convention has to be followed for all the id's mentioned.
- 3. Remember to check the screenshots provided with the SRS. Strictly adhere to id mapping and attribute mapping. Failing to do may fail test cases.
- 4. Strictly adhere to the proper project scaffolding (Folder structure), coding conventions, method definitions and return types.
- 5. Adhere strictly to the endpoints given below.

Application assumptions:

- 1. The login page should be the first page rendered when the application loads.
- 2. Manual routing of the application should be restricted by using appropriate authorizations by the use of react-router package by implementing the Private authentication routes. For example, if the user enters as http://localhost:3000/signup or http://localhost:3000/home the page should not navigate to the corresponding page instead it should redirect to the login page.
- 3. Unless logged into the system, the user cannot navigate to any other pages.
- 4. Logging out must again redirect to the login page.
- 5. To navigate to the admin side, you can store a user type as admin in the database with a username and password as admin.

6. Use admin/admin as the username and password to navigate to the admin dashboard.

Validations:

- 1. Basic email validation should be performed.
- 2. Basic mobile validation should be performed.

Project Tasks:

API Endpoints:

USER			
Action	URL	Method	Response
Login	/login	POST	true/false
Signup	/signup	POST	true/false
Get All Products – Home	/home	GET	Array of Products
Add to cart	/home/{id}	POST	Item added to cart
Cart Items	/cart/{id}	GET	Array of Cart Items
Delete cart Item	/cart/delete	POST	Cart Deleted
Cart to Orders	/saveOrder	POST	Cart items added to the Orders list
Orders list	/orders	POST	Array of Orders
Place order directly	/placeOrder	POST	Place items to orders directly
ADMIN			
Action	URL	Method	Response
Get All Products	/admin	GET	Array of Products
Add Product	/admin/addProduct	POST	Product added
Delete Product	/admin/delete/{id}	GET	Product deleted
Product Edit	/admin/productEdit/{id}	GET	Get All details of Particular id
Product Edit	/admin/productEdit/{id}	POST	Save the Changes
Get All Orders	/admin/orders	GET	Array of Orders

Frontend:

Customer:

- 1. Signup: Design a signup page component where the new customer has options to sign up by providing their basic details.
 - a. lds:
 - i. email
 - ii. username
 - iii. mobilenumber
 - iv. password
 - v. confirmpassword

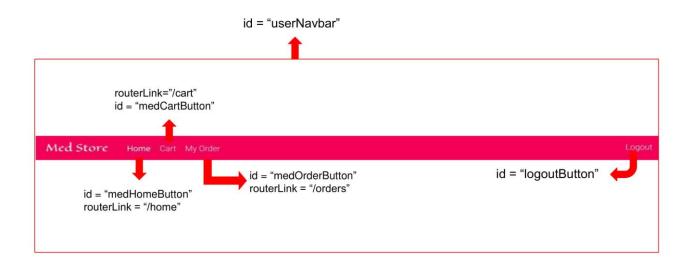
- vi. submitButton
- vii. signupBox
- viii. signinLink
- b. API endpoint Url: http://localhost:3000/signup
- c. Output screenshot:

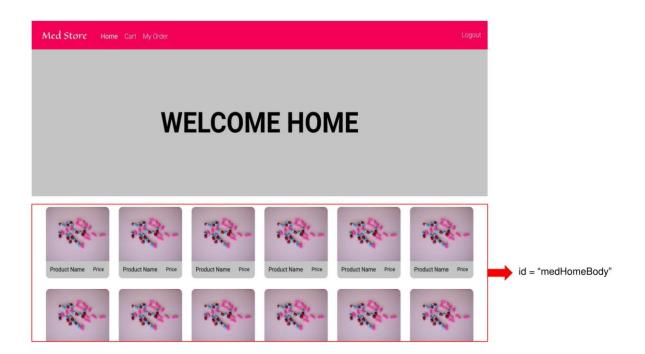


- 2. Login: Design a login page component where the existing customer can log in using the registered email id and password.
 - a. Ids:
 - i. email
 - ii. password
 - iii. submitButton
 - iv. loginBox
 - v. signupLink
 - b. API endpoint Url: http://localhost:3000/login
 - c. Output screenshot:

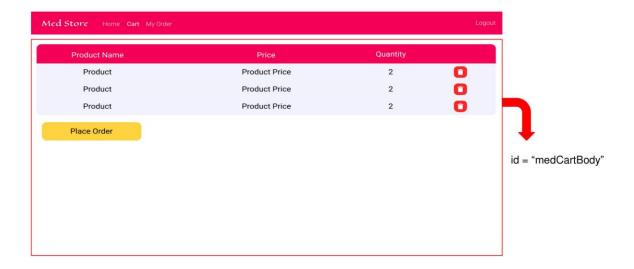


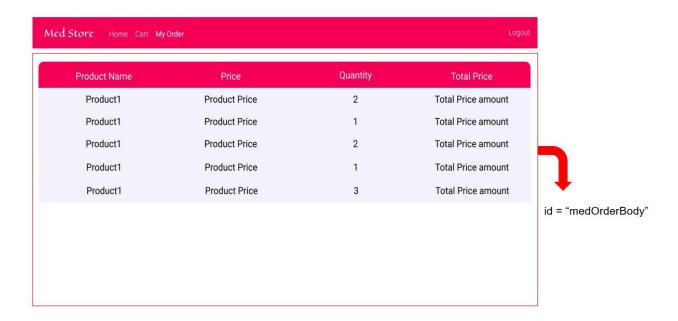
- 3. Dashboard / Home: Design a home page component that has the navigation bar and lists all the available products as grid elements with appropriate filter options.
 - a. Ids:
 - i. userNavbar
 - ii. medHomeButton
 - iii. medCartButton
 - iv. medOrderButton
 - v. logoutButton
 - vi. medHomeBody
 - b. API endpoint Url: http://localhost:3000/home
 - c. Screenshot





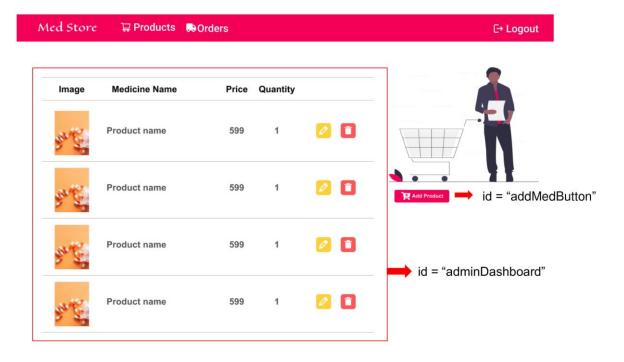
- 4. Cart and Orders: Design a cart component and order component where we can see the cart items and see the items ordered after placing an order.
 - a. Ids
- i. medCartBody
- ii. medOrderBody
- b. API endpoint Url: http://localhost:3000/ cart
- c. API endpoint Url: http://localhost:3000/orders
- d. Screenshot



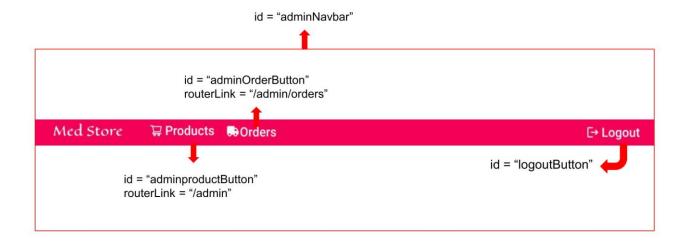


Admin:

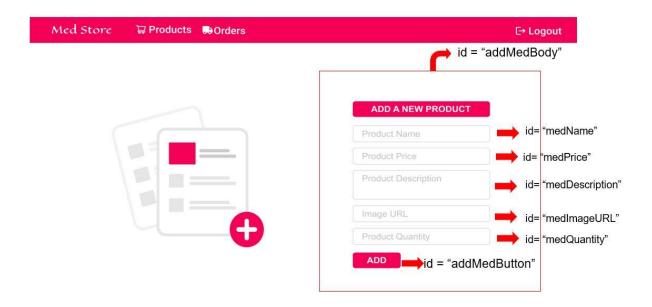
- 5. Admin Dashboard: Design a dashboard page where the list of products is displayed on the admin side.
 - a. Ids
- i. addMedButton
- ii. adminDashboard
- b. API endpoint Url: http://localhost:3000/admin
- c. Screenshot



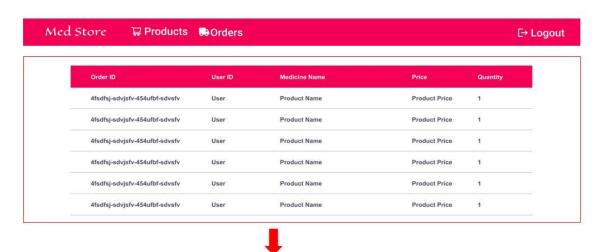
- 6. Admin Navigation: Design a navigation component that can navigate to products and orders.
 - a. lds:
 - i. adminNavbar
 - ii. adminproductButton
 - iii. adminOrderButton
 - iv. logoutButton
 - b. Screenshot:



- 7. Add Product: Design an add product component in which the admin can add new products to the inventory.
 - a. Ids:
 - i. addMedBody
 - ii. medName
 - iii. medPrice
 - iv. medDescription
 - v. medlmageURL
 - vi. medQuantity
 - vii. addMedButton
 - b. API endpoint Url: http://localhost:3000/addProduct
 - c. Screenshot



- 8. View Orders: Create a view component where the admin can look into the new and old orders.
 - a. Ids:
 - i. adminOrderBody
 - b. API endpoint Url: http://localhost:3000/admin/orders
 - c. Screenshot



id = "adminOrderBody"

Backend:

Class and Method description:

Model Layer:

- 1. UserModel: This class stores the user type (admin or the customer) and all user information.
 - a. Attributes:

i. email: String

ii. password: String

iii. username: String

iv. mobileNumber: String

v. active: Boolean

vi. role: String

vii. cart: CartModel

viii. ordersList: List<OrderModel>

- b. Methods: -
- 2. LoginModel: This class contains the email and password of the user.
 - a. Attributes:

i. email: String

ii. password: String

- b. Methods: -
- 3. ProductModel: This class stores the details of the product.
 - a. Attributes:

i. productld: String

ii. imageUrl: String

iii. productName: String

iv. price: String

v. description: String

vi. quantity: String

- b. Methods: -
- 4. CartModel: This class stores the cart items.
 - a. Attributes:

i. cartItemID: String

ii. userld: UserModel

iii. ProductName: String

iv. Quantity: int

v. Price: String

b. Methods: -

- 5. OrderModel: This class stores the order details.
 - a. Attributes:

i. orderld: String

ii. userld: String

iii. ProductName: String

iv. quantity: int

v. totalPrice: String

vi. Status: String

vii. Price: String

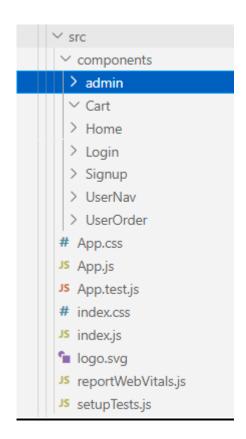
b. Methods: -

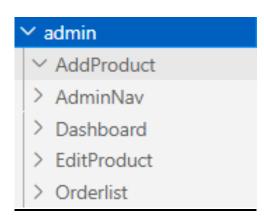
Controller Layer:

- 6. SignupController: This class control the user signup
 - a. Attributes: -
 - b. Methods:
 - i. saveUser(UserModel user): This method helps to store users in the database and return true or false based on the database transaction.
- 7. LoginController: This class controls the user login.
 - a. Attributes: -
 - b. Methods:
 - i. checkUser(LoginModel data): This method helps the user to sign up for the application and must return true or false
- 8. ProductController: This class controls the add/edit/update/view products.
 - a. Attributes: -
 - b. Methods:
 - i. List<ProductModel> getProduct(): This method helps the admin to fetch all products from the database.
 - ii. List<ProductModel> getHomeProduct(): This method helps to retrieve all the products from the database.

- iii. ProductModel productEditData(String id): This method helps to retrieve a product from the database based on the productid.
- iv. productEditSave(ProductModel data): This method helps to edit a product and save it to the database.
- v. productSave(ProductModel data): This method helps to add a new product to the database.
- vi. productDelete String id): This method helps to delete a product from the database.
- 9. CartController: This class helps in adding product to the cart, deleting the products from the cart, updating items in the cart.
 - a. Attributes: -
 - b. Methods:
 - i. addToCart(String Quantity, String id): This method helps the customer to add the product to the cart.
 - ii. List<CartTempModel> showCart(String id): This method helps to view the cart items.
 - iii. deleteCartItem(String id): This method helps to delete a product from the cart.
- 10. OrderController: This class helps with the orders such as save order/ place an order/ view order.
 - a. Attributes: -
 - b. Methods:
 - i. List<OrderTemp> getUserProducts(String id): This method helps to list the orders based on the user id.
 - saveProduct(String id): This method helps to save the cart items as an order.
 - iii. placeOrder(OrderModel order): This method helps to place an order by the customer.

React Folder Structure:





Component folder Structure:



- o components (folder)
 - component1 (folder)
 - component1.jsx (jsx file)
 - component1.module.css (css file)
 - component2 (folder)
 - component2.jsx (jsx file)
 - component2.module.css (css file)

NOTE: You should create the above folder structure mandatorily to pass the test cases and you can also create extra components if you need. Folder and File name of the component should be the same.

Workflow Prototypes:

Admin Flow

https://www.figma.com/proto/LGeMKI2PyZOpykXtfnW80m/Med-Store-Admin-Flow?node-id=1%3A2&viewport=394%2C279%2C0.1359003633260727&scaling=scale-down

User Flow

https://www.figma.com/proto/jWgHxda0qYoJxLJUQW0va5/Med-Store-User-Flow?node-id=1%3A586&viewport=407%2C-52%2C0.19542823731899261&scaling=scale-down