

## **Food Store**

### **Objective:**

Food Store is an online application to be built as a product that can be catering to various customers who requires purchasing foods.

### **Users of the System:**

1. Admin
2. Customer

### **Functional Requirements:**

- Build an application that customer can access and purchase Food online.
- The application should have signup, login, profile, dashboard page, and product page.
- This application should have a provision to maintain a database for customer information, order information and product portfolio.
- Also, an integrated platform required for admin and customer.
- Administration module to include options for adding / modifying / removing the existing product(s) and customer management.
- Users can order only if the stock quantity is available.

While the above ones are the basic functional features expected, the below ones can be nice to have add-on features:

- Filters for products like Low to High or showcasing products based on the customer's price range, specific brands etc.
- Email integration for intimating new personalized offers to customers.
- Multi-factor authentication for the sign-in process
- Payment Gateway

### **Output/ Post Condition:**

- Records Persisted in Success & Failure Collections
- Standalone application / Deployed in an app Container

Non-Functional Requirements:

<b>Security</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• App Platform –UserName/Password-Based Credentials</li><li>• Sensitive data has to be categorized and stored in a secure manner</li><li>• Secure connection for transmission of any data</li></ul>
<b>Performance</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Peak Load Performance (during Festival days, National holidays etc)</li><li>• eCommerce &lt; 3 Sec</li><li>• Admin application &lt; 2 Sec</li><li>• Non Peak Load Performance</li><li>• eCommerce &lt; 2 Sec</li><li>• Admin Application &lt; 2 Sec</li></ul>
<b>Availability</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• 99.99 % Availability</li></ul>
<b>Standard</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Scalability</li></ul>

<b>Features</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Maintainability</li> <li>• Usability</li> <li>• Availability</li> <li>• Failover</li> </ul>
<b>Logging &amp; Auditing</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• The system should support logging(app/web/DB) &amp; auditing at all levels</li> </ul>
<b>Monitoring</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Should be able to monitor via as-is enterprise monitoring tools</li> </ul>
<b>Cloud</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• The Solution should be made Cloud-ready and should have a minimum impact when moving away to Cloud infrastructure</li> </ul>
<b>Browser Compatible</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• IE 7+</li> <li>• Mozilla Firefox Latest – 15</li> <li>• Google Chrome Latest – 20</li> <li>• Mobile Ready</li> </ul>

### Technology Stack

Front End	Angular 7+ Bootstrap / Bulma
Server Side	Spring Boot Spring Web (Rest Controller) Spring Security Spring AOP Spring Hibernate
Core Platform	OpenJDK 11
Database	MySQL or H2

### **Platform Pre-requisites (Do's and Don'ts):**

1. The angular app should run in port 8081. Do not run the angular app in the port: 4200.
2. Spring boot app should run in port 8080.

### **Key points to remember:**

1. The id (for frontend) and attributes(backend) mentioned in the SRS should not be modified at any cost. Failing to do may fail test cases.
2. Remember to check the screenshots provided with the SRS. Strictly adhere to id mapping and attribute mapping. Failing to do may fail test cases.
3. Strictly adhere to the proper project scaffolding (Folder structure), coding conventions, method definitions and return types.
4. Adhere strictly to the endpoints given below.

### **Application assumptions:**

1. The login page should be the first page rendered when the application loads.
2. Manual routing should be restricted by using AuthGaurd by implementing the canActivate interface. For example, if the user enters as <http://localhost:4200/signup> or <http://localhost:4200/home> the page should not navigate to the corresponding page instead it should redirect to the login page.
3. Unless logged into the system, the user cannot navigate to any other pages.
4. Logging out must again redirect to the login page.
5. To navigate to the admin side, you can store a user type as admin in the database with a username and password as admin.
6. Use admin/admin as the username and password to navigate to the admin dashboard.

### **Validations:**

1. Basic email validation should be performed.
2. Basic mobile validation should be performed.

### **Project Tasks:**

#### **API Endpoints:**

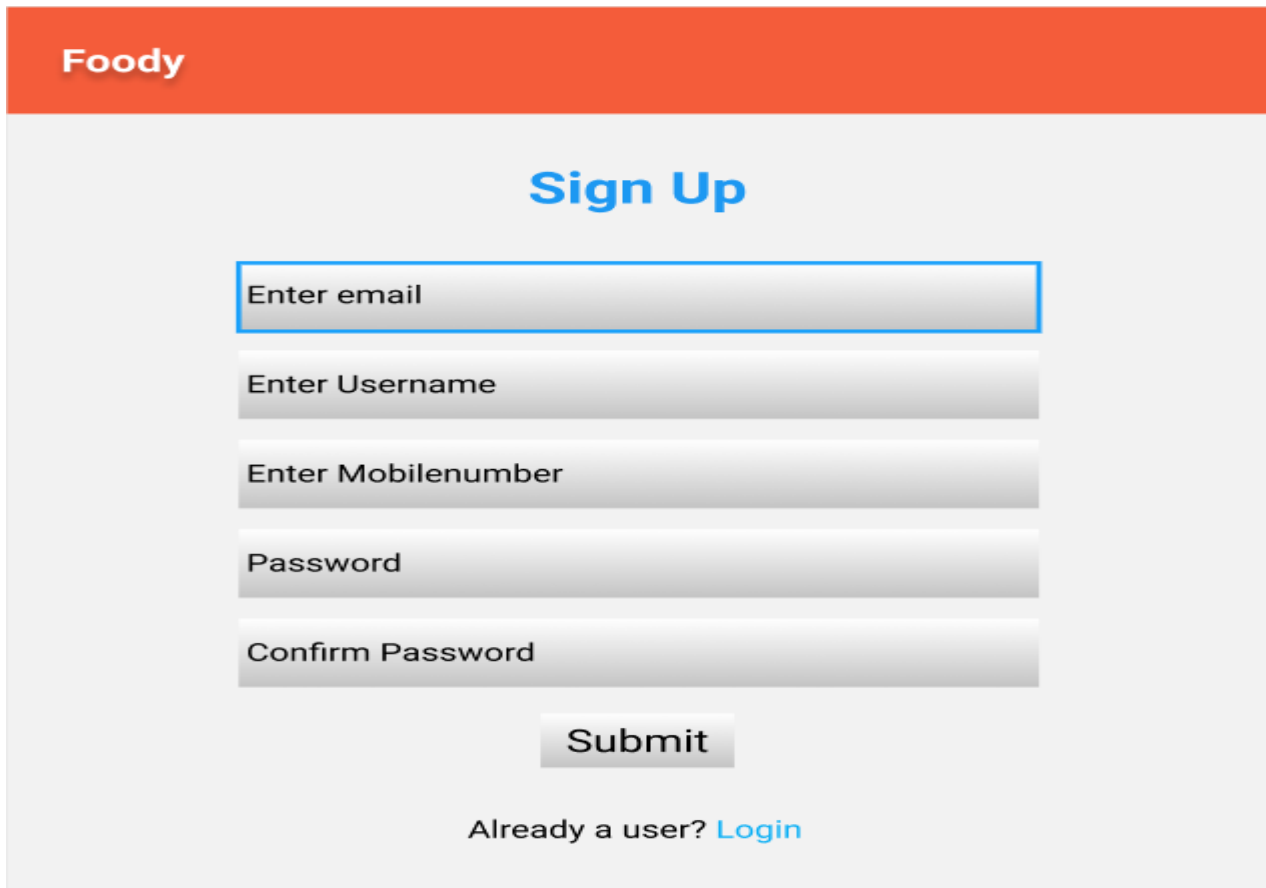
USER			
Action	URL	Method	Response
Login	/login	POST	true/false
Signup	/signup	POST	true/false
Get All Products – Home	/home	GET	Array of Products
Add to cart	/home/{id}	POST	Item added to cart
Cart Items	/cart/{id}	GET	Array of Cart Items
Delete cart Item	/cart/delete	POST	Cart Deleted
Cart to Orders	/saveOrder	POST	Cart items added to the Orders list
Orders list	/orders	POST	Array of Orders
Place order directly	/placeOrder	POST	Place items to orders directly
ADMIN			
Action	URL	Method	Response
Get All Products	/admin	GET	Array of Products
Add Product	/admin/addProduct	POST	Product added
Delete Product	/admin/delete/{id}	GET	Product deleted
Product Edit	/admin/productEdit/{id}	GET	Get All details of Particular id
Product Edit	/admin/productEdit/{id}	POST	Save the Changes
Get All Orders	/admin/orders	GET	Array of Orders

Frontend:

Customer:

**Signup:**

Output screenshot:



The screenshot shows the 'Sign Up' page of the 'Foody' application. It features an orange header with the 'Foody' logo. The main heading is 'Sign Up' in blue. Below it are five input fields: 'Enter email', 'Enter Username', 'Enter Mobilenumber', 'Password', and 'Confirm Password'. A 'Submit' button is centered below the fields. At the bottom, it says 'Already a user? [Login](#)'.

**Foody**

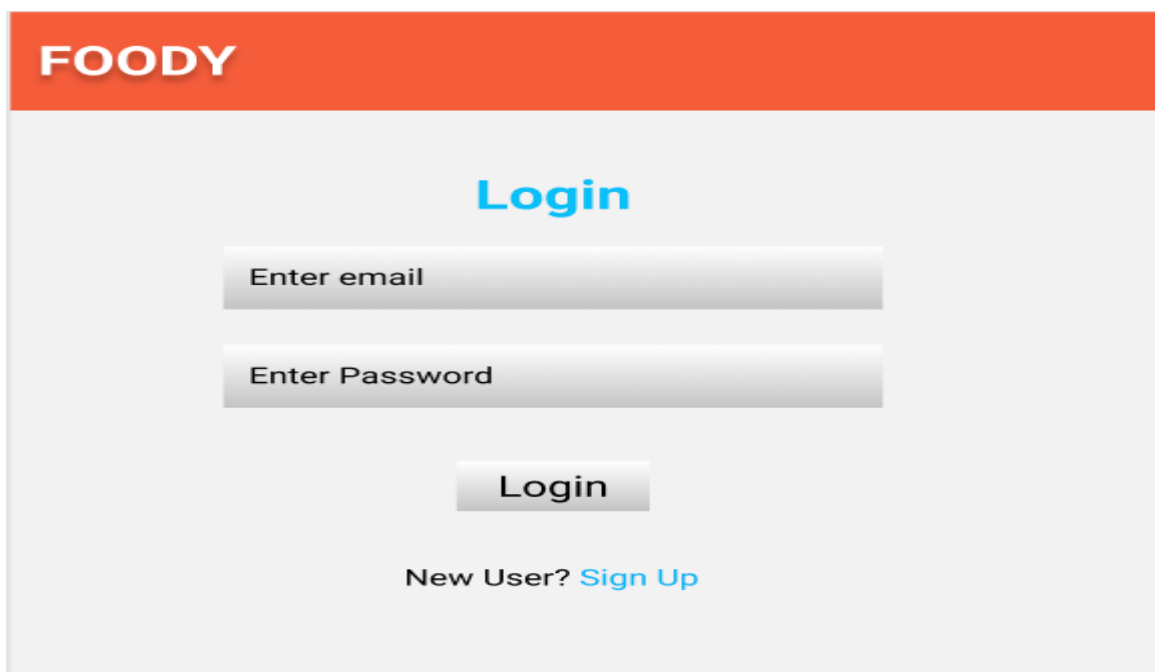
## Sign Up

**Submit**

Already a user? [Login](#)

**Login:**

Output Screenshot:



The screenshot shows the 'Login' page of the 'Foody' application. It features an orange header with the 'FOODY' logo. The main heading is 'Login' in blue. Below it are two input fields: 'Enter email' and 'Enter Password'. A 'Login' button is centered below the fields. At the bottom, it says 'New User? [Sign Up](#)'.

**FOODY**

## Login

**Login**


New User? [Sign Up](#)

## Home:


Output Screenshot:

**FOODY** [Home](#) [Cart](#) [My Orders](#) [Logout](#)


### Welcome to Foody




Chicken Briyani  
Rs. 150




Meals  
Rs. 100




Mutton Briyani  
Rs.200




Chicken Pizza  
Rs. 250




Chicken Burger  
Rs. 100



Curd Rice  
Rs. 40



Tomato Rice  
Rs. 40



Lemon Rice  
Rs. 40

## Cart:

Output Screenshot:

**FOODY** [Home](#) [Cart](#) [My Orders](#) [Logout](#)

Items	Quantity	Price	Total
No Items in Cart			

Place Order

## My Orders:

Output Screenshot:













Items	Price	Quantity	Total
Curd Rice	40	2	80
Tomato Rice	40	1	40
Tomato Rice	40	5	200
Chicken Briyani	150	2	300

**Admin:**

**Home:**

Output Screenshot:

 [Add Product](#) 

Image	Item Name	Price	Quantity		
	Lemon Rice	40	20		
	Tomato Rice	40	20		
	Curd Rice	40	30		
	Burqer	100	10		

### Add Product:

Use popup box to get the values.

Output Screenshot:

## Add Product

ADD

### View Orders:

Output Screenshot

FOODY Products Orders				Logout
Order Id	Items	Price	Quantity	Total
stbv-hsts-nsgd-hxvs	Curd Rice	40	2	80
snys-wstc-akak-babs	Tomato Rice	40	1	40
gsra-hsts-wagd-hshg	Tomato Rice	40	5	200
stbv-hdus-nsjs-dsgc	Chicken Briyani	150	2	300

## **Backend:**

### **Class and Method description:**

#### **Model Layer:**

1. UserModel: This class stores the user type (admin or the customer) and all user information.

a. Attributes:

- i. email: String
- ii. password: String
- iii. username: String
- iv. mobileNumber: String
- v. active: Boolean
- vi. role: String
- vii. cart: CartModel
- viii. ordersList: List<OrderModel>

b. Methods: -

2. LoginModel: This class contains the email and password of the user.

a. Attributes:

- i. email: String
- ii. password: String

b. Methods: -

3. ProductModel: This class stores the details of the product.

a. Attributes:

- i. productId: String
- ii. imageUrl: String
- iii. productName: String
- iv. price: String
- v. description: String
- vi. quantity: String

b. Methods: -

4. CartModel: This class stores the cart items.

a. Attributes:



- i. cartItemID: String
    - ii. userId: UserModel
    - iii. ProductName: String
    - iv. Quantity: int
    - v. Price: String
  - b. Methods: -
5. OrderModel: This class stores the order details.
- a. Attributes:
    - i. orderId: String
    - ii. userId: String
    - iii. ProductName: String
    - iv. quantity: int
    - v. totalPrice: String
    - vi. Status: String
    - vii. Price: String
  - b. Methods: -

### **Controller Layer:**

6. SignupController: This class control the user signup
- a. Attributes: -
  - b. Methods:
    - i. saveUser(UserModel user): This method helps to store users in the database and return true or false based on the database transaction.
7. LoginController: This class controls the user login.
- a. Attributes: -
  - b. Methods:
    - i. checkUser(LoginModel data): This method helps the user to sign up for the application and must return true or false
8. ProductController: This class controls the add/edit/update/view products.
- a. Attributes: -
  - b. Methods:
    - i. List<ProductModel> getProduct(): This method helps the admin to fetch all products from the database.
    - ii. List<ProductModel> getHomeProduct(): This method helps to retrieve all the products from the database.

- iii. **ProductModel** productEditData(String id): This method helps to retrieve a product from the database based on the productid.
  - iv. productEditSave(ProductModel data): This method helps to edit a product and save it to the database.
  - v. productSave(ProductModel data): This method helps to add a new product to the database.
  - vi. productDelete String id): This method helps to delete a product from the database.
9. CartController: This class helps in adding product to the cart, deleting the products from the cart, updating items in the cart.
- a. Attributes: -
  - b. Methods:
    - i. addToCart(String Quantity, String id): This method helps the customer to add the product to the cart.
    - ii. List<CartTempModel> showCart(String id): This method helps to view the cart items.
    - iii. **deleteCartItem**(String id): This method helps to delete a product from the cart.
10. OrderController: This class helps with the orders such as save order/ place an order/ view order.
- a. Attributes: -
  - b. Methods:
    - i. List<OrderTemp> getUserProducts(String id): This method helps to list the orders based on the user id.
    - ii. saveProduct(String id): This method helps to save the cart items as an order.
    - iii. placeOrder(OrderModel order): This method helps to place an order by the customer.