

xNeo Bike Rental Booking Application

Objective:

Neo Bike Rental is an application to be built as a product that can help customers to choose a Company and book a bike.

Users of the System:

1. Super Admin
2. Admin
3. Customer

Functional Requirements:

- Build an application that customers can book Bikes.
- The application should have signup, login, profile, dashboard page for user and login,signup,profile , dashboard , add bike page for the admin.
- This application should have a provision to maintain a database for customer information,Admin information,booking information and room information.
- Also, an integrated platform required for customers , admin and super admin.
- Administration module to include options for adding / modifying / removing the existing product(s) and customer management.

While the above ones are the basic functional features expected, the below ones can be nice to have add-on features:

- ☐ Filters for products like Low to High or showcasing bikes based on the customer's price range, specific model etc.
- ☐ Email integration for intimating new personalized offers to customers.
- ☐ Multi-factor authentication for the sign-in process
- ☐ Payment Gateway

Output/ Post Condition:

- ☐ Records Persisted in Success & Failure Collections
- ☐ Standalone application / Deployed in an app Container

Non-Functional Requirements:

| | |
|--------------------|---|
| Security | <ul style="list-style-type: none">• App Platform –UserName/Password-Based Credentials• Sensitive data has to be categorized and stored in a secure manner• Secure connection for transmission of any data |
| Performance | <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Peak Load Performance (during Festival days, National holidays etc)• eCommerce -< 3 Sec |

| | |
|-------------------------------|---|
| | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Admin application < 2 Sec • Non Peak Load Performance • eCommerce < 2 Sec • Admin Application < 2 Sec |
| Availability | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 99.99 % Availability |
| Standard Features | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Scalability • Maintainability • Usability • Availability • Failover |
| Logging & Auditing | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • The system should support logging(app/web/DB) & auditing at all levels |
| Monitoring | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Should be able to monitor via as-is enterprise monitoring tools |
| Cloud | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • The Solution should be made Cloud-ready and should have a minimum impact when moving away to Cloud infrastructure |
| Browser Compatible | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • IE 7+ • Mozilla Firefox Latest – 15 • Google Chrome Latest – 20 • Mobile Ready |

Technology Stack

| | |
|---------------|--|
| Front End | React 16+ Google Material Design Bootstrap / Bulma |
| Server Side | Spring Boot Spring Web (Rest Controller) Spring Security Spring AOP Spring Hibernate |
| Core Platform | OpenJDK 11 |
| Database | MySQL or H2 |

Platform Prerequisites (Do's and Don'ts):

1. As soon as the project mode is opened and set up, navigate to the settings of the Visual Studio Code by clicking on **File -> preferences -> Settings** or (**Ctrl + ,**).

- a. Click on the settings icon located as the first icon on the right-hand side to open the **settings.json** file.

- b. paste the following code inside it.

```
{ "settings": { "files.exclude": { "**/node_modules": true } } }
```

- c. Then proceed with running the react project.

Note: The above step has to be repeated each time, the project mode is opened up.

2. The React app should run in port 8081. Do not run the react app in the port: 3000 or port: 4200.
3. Spring boot app should run in port 8080.

Key points to remember:

1. The id (for frontend) and attributes(backend) mentioned in the SRS should not be modified at any cost. Failing to do may fail test cases.
2. The id provided should be defined strictly with the following name **data-test-id="<your id>"**. Example : **<input data-test-id="username" />**. The naming convention has to be followed for all the id's mentioned.
- 3.
4. Remember to check the screenshots provided with the SRS. Strictly adhere to id mapping and attribute mapping. Failing to do may fail test cases.

5. Strictly adhere to the proper project scaffolding (Folder structure), coding conventions, method definitions and return types.
6. Adhere strictly to the endpoints given below.

Application assumptions:

1. The login page should be the first page rendered when the application loads.
2. Manual routing should be restricted by using Protected Routes from the react router package. For example, if the user enters as <http://localhost:3000/signup> or <http://localhost:3000/home> the page should not navigate to the corresponding page instead it should redirect to the login page.
3. Unless logged into the system, the user cannot navigate to any other pages.
4. Logging out must again redirect to the login page.
5. To navigate to the admin side, you can store a user type as admin in the database with a username and password as admin.
6. Use admin/admin as the username and password to navigate to the admin dashboard.

Validations:

1. Basic email validation should be performed.
2. Basic mobile validation should be performed.

Project Tasks:

API Endpoints:

Admin Side:

| Action | URL | Method | Response |
|-----------------|------------------|----------------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| Admin Login | /admin/login | POST-Sends email ID and password | Return True/False |
| Admin SignUp | /admin/signup | POST-Sends Admin Model data | Admin added |
| Admin Dashboard | /admin/dashboard | GET | Return All the Rooms in the hotel |
| Admin Add Room | /admin/addRoom | POST-Sends Room Data | Room Added |

| | | | |
|-------------------|--------------------|-----------------------------|------------------------------|
| Admin Edit Room | /admin/editRoom | POST-Sends Room Data | Room Edited |
| Admin Delete Room | /admin/deleteRoom | POST-Sends Room ID | Room Deleted |
| Admin Profile | /admin/profile | POST-Sends Admin ID | Return Admin Profile Details |
| Edit Profile | /admin/editProfile | GET-Sends Admin ID | Return Admin Profile Details |
| Edit Profile | /admin/editProfile | POST-Sends Admin Model data | Edits Admin Profile |

User Side:

| Action | URL | Method | Response |
|------------------------|-------------------|--|-----------------------------------|
| User Login | /user/login | POST-Sends email ID and password | Return True/False |
| Admin SignUp | /user/signup | POST-Sends User Model data | User added |
| User Dashboard | /user/dashboard | GET | Return all the Hotels available |
| Displaying Hotel Rooms | /user/rooms | POST - Sends Hotel name and admin ID of that hotel | Return all the rooms of the hotel |
| Room Details | /user/roomDetails | POST-Sends Room ID | Return room details |
| Booked Rooms | /user/bookings | POST-Sends User ID | Return user bookings |

Super Admin:

| Action | URL | Method | Response |
|--------|-----|--------|----------|
|--------|-----|--------|----------|

| | | | |
|-------------------|--------------------|----------------------------------|-------------------|
| Super Admin Login | /super/login | POST-Sends email ID and password | Return True/False |
| Delete an admin | /super/deleteAdmin | POST-Sends admin email ID | Delete an admin |
| Delete an User | /super/deleteUser | POST-Sends user email ID | Delete a user |

Frontend:

Customer:

1. Signup: Design a signup page component where the new customer has options to sign up by providing their basic details.
 - a. Ids:
 - i. signupBox
 - ii. email
 - iii. password
 - iv. mobilenummer
 - v. userrole
 - vi. username
 - vii. age
 - viii. submitButton
 - ix. loginLink
 - b. API endpoint Url: <http://localhost:3000/signup>
 - c. Output screenshot:

Diagram illustrating the structure of a SIGN UP form component with associated IDs:

- Form Container: id = "signupBox"
- Input Fields:
 - Enter Email: id = "email"
 - Enter Password: id = "password"
 - Enter Mobile Number: id = "mobilenumber"
 - User (Dropdown): id = "userrole"
 - Enter Username: id = "username"
 - Enter Age: id = "age"
- Submit Button: id = "submitButton"
- Login Link: id = "loginLink"

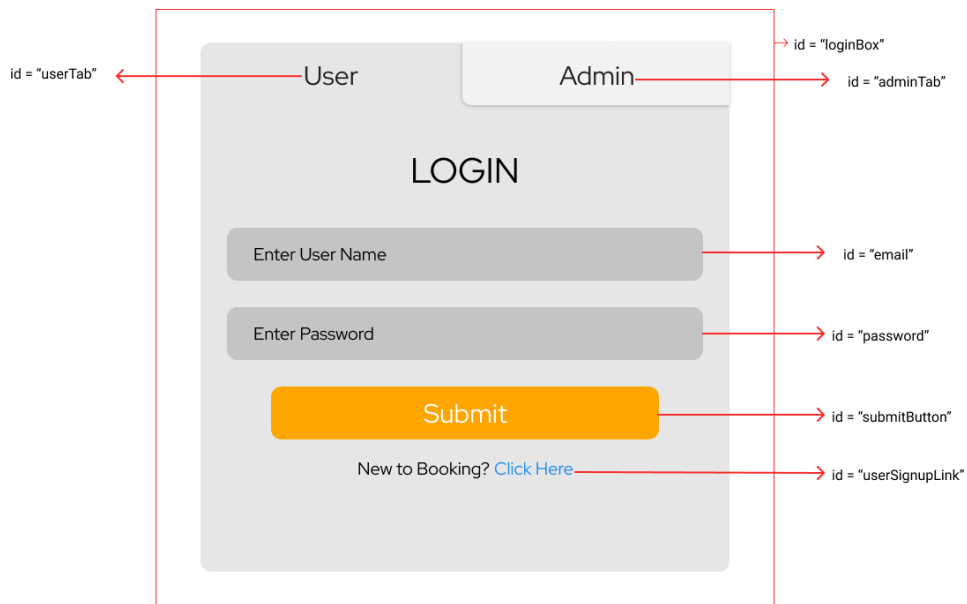
2. Login: Design a login page component where the existing customer can log in using the registered email id and password.

a. Ids:

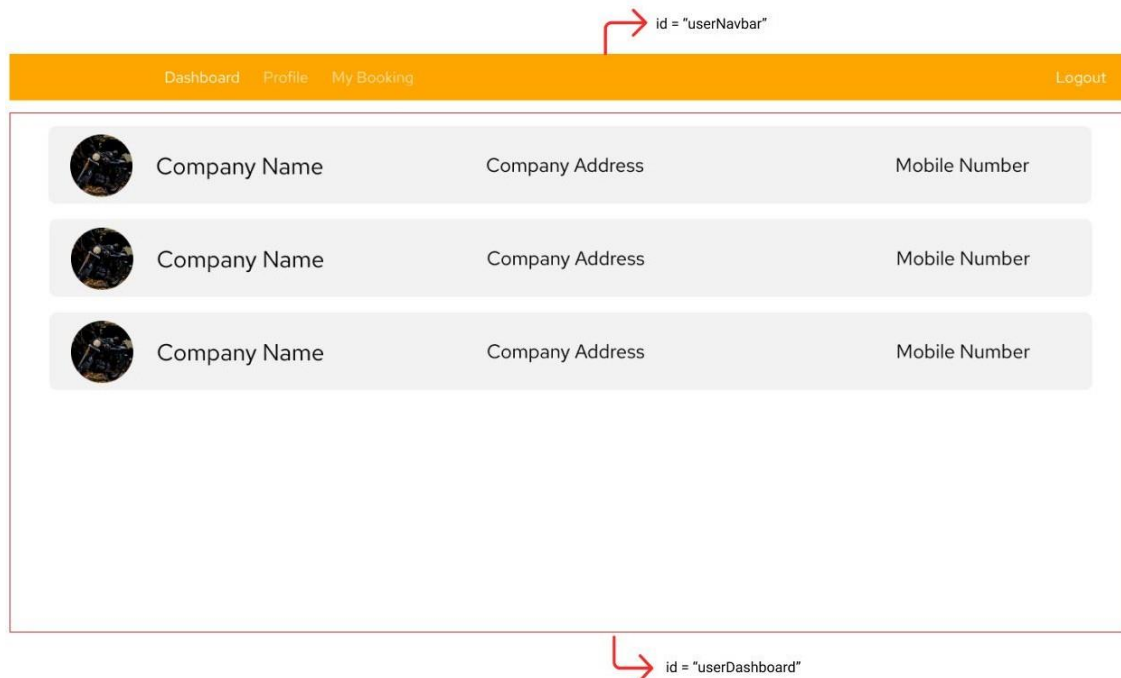
- i. loginBox
- ii. userTab
- iii. email
- iv. password
- v. submitButton
- vi. userSignupLink

b. API endpoint Url: <http://localhost:3000/login>

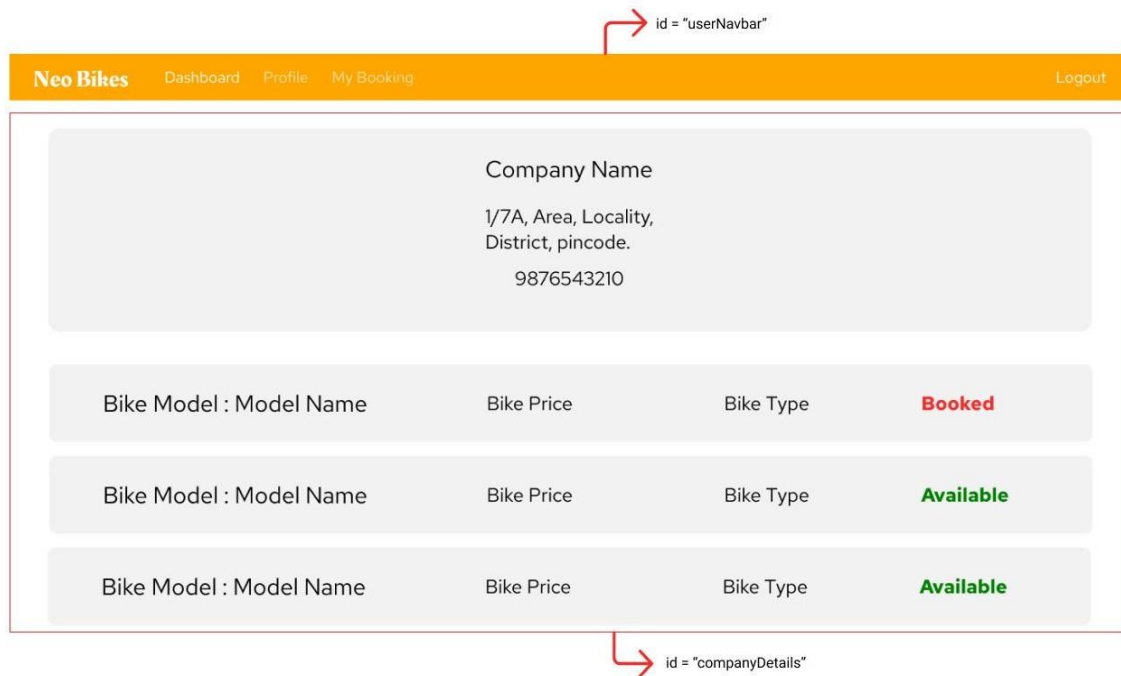
c. Output screenshot:



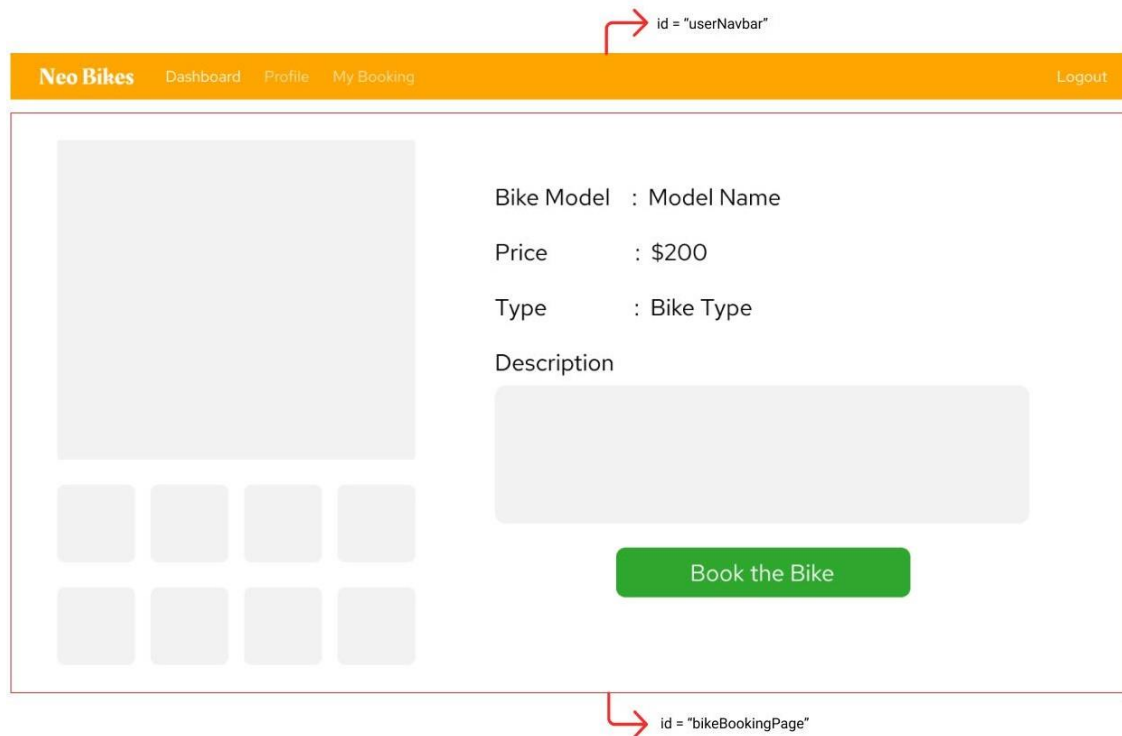
3. Dashboard / Home: Design a dashboard page component which provides a list of companies available where the user can book a particular bike.
 - a. Ids:
 - i. userNavbar
 - ii. userDashboard
 - b. API endpoint Url: <http://localhost:3000/home>
 - c. Screenshot



4. Company Details : Design a Company Details component which lists the total number of bikes available along with the individual status of each bike (available / Booked).
 - a. Ids
 - i. userNavbar
 - ii. companyDetails
 - b. API endpoint URL : <http://localhost:3000/companyDetail/{id}>
 - c. Screenshot



5. Bookings : Design a Booking Page that displays the details of the bike that the user is currently booking.
 - a. Ids
 - i. userNavbar
 - ii. bikeBookingPage
 - b. API endpoint URL : <http://localhost:3000/booking/{id}>
 - c. Screenshot

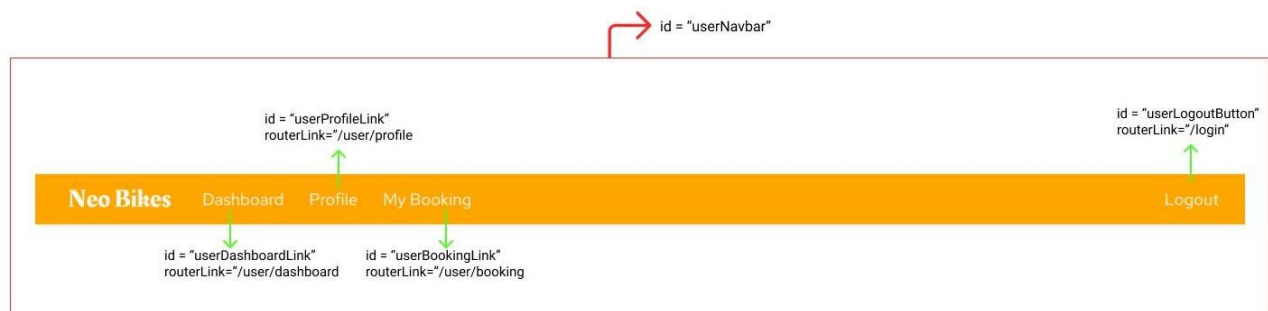


6. User Navigation : Design a Booking page component where the user can navigate to their profile and bookings page.

a. Ids

- i. userNavbar
- ii. userProfileLink
- iii. userDashboardLink
- iv. userBookingLink
- v. userLogoutButton

b. Screenshot



7. User Profile Edit : Design an Profile Edit Page where the user can edit the details of him/herself.

a. Ids

- i. userNavbar
- ii. editProfileBox
- iii. username
- iv. email
- v. password
- vi. userAge
- vii. mobilenumber
- viii. editProfileButton

b. API endpoint URL : <http://localhost:3000/editProfile/{id}>

c. Screenshot:

8. User Bookings : Design a User Bookings Page that allows the user to view the bookings that the user has made till date.
 - a. Ids:
 - i. userNavbar
 - ii. userBookingBody
 - b. API endpoint URL : <http://localhost:3000/bookings/{id}>
 - c. Screenshot:

| Company Name | Bike Model | Rent | Days | Total Price |
|--------------|------------|------|------|-------------|
| Company Name | Model Name | Rent | Days | Total Price |
| Company Name | Model Name | Rent | Days | Total Price |
| Company Name | Model Name | Rent | Days | Total Price |
| Company Name | Model Name | Rent | Days | Total Price |
| Company Name | Model Name | Rent | Days | Total Price |

Admin:

9. Admin Signup : Design a Signup page that registers a particular user with the role of Admin.

a. Ids

- i. signupbox
- ii. email
- iii. password
- iv. mobilenumber
- v. userrole
- vi. adminname
- vii. companyname
- viii. companyimageURL
- ix. companyAddress
- x. submitButton
- xi. adminLoginLink

b. API endpoint Url : <http://localhost:3000/admin/signup>

c. Screenshot

id = "signupBox"

id = "email"

id = "password"

id = "mobilenumber"

id = "userrole"

id = "adminname"

id = "companyname"

id = "companyimageUrl"

id = "companyAddress"

id = "submitButton"

id = "adminLoginLink"

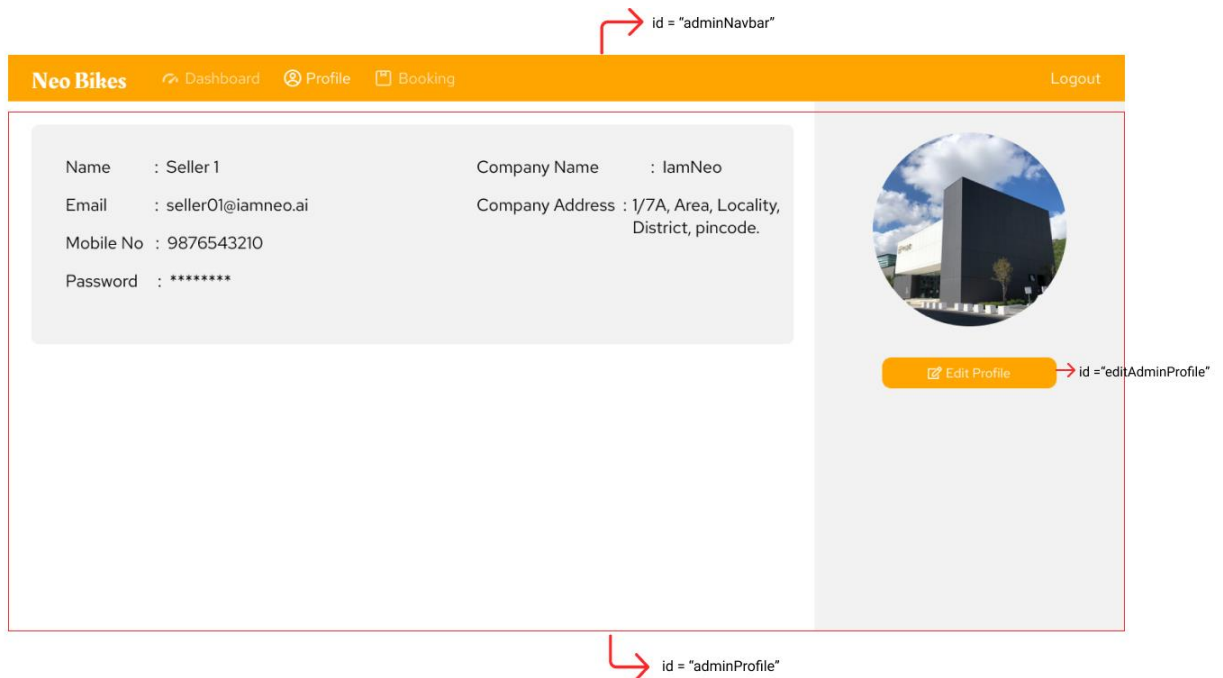
10. Admin Profile: Design a Admin Profile page that displays the details of the admin currently logged in.

a. Ids

- i. adminNavbar
- ii. adminProfile
- iii. editAdminProfile

b. API endpoint URL: <http://localhost:3000/admin/profile>

c. Screenshots



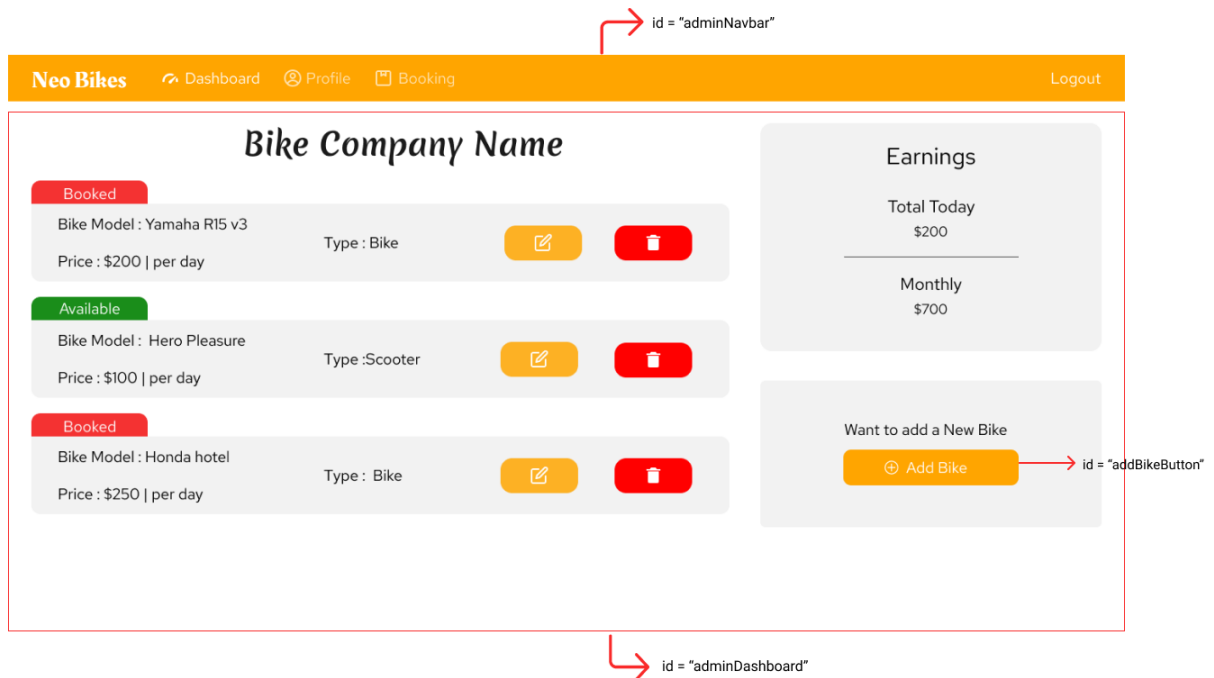
11. Admin Dashboard: Design a dashboard page where the list of products is displayed on the admin side.

a. Ids

- i. adminNavbar
- ii. addBikeButton
- iii. adminDashboard

b. API endpoint Url: <http://localhost:3000/admin/dashboard>

c. Screenshot

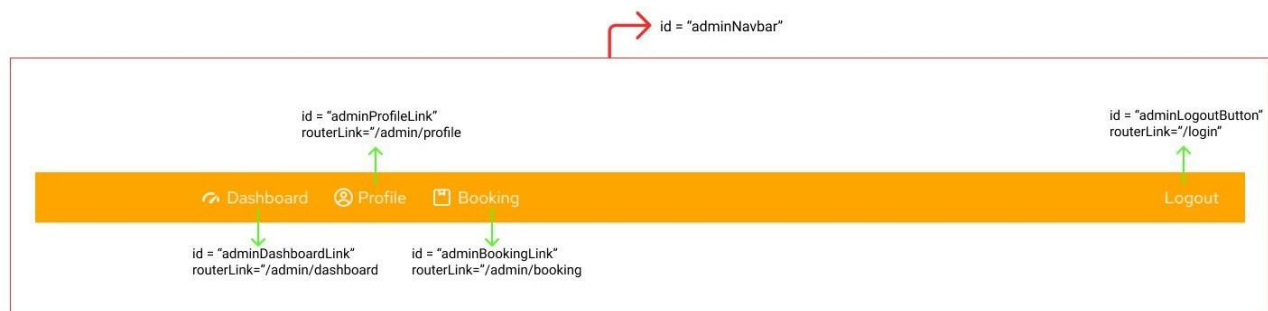


12. Admin Navigation: Design an Admin navigation component that can navigate to the Dashboard, profile and bookings done by the users

a. Ids:

- i. adminNavbar
- ii. adminProfileLink
- iii. adminDashboardLink
- iv. adminBookingLink
- v. adminLogoutButton

b. Screenshot:



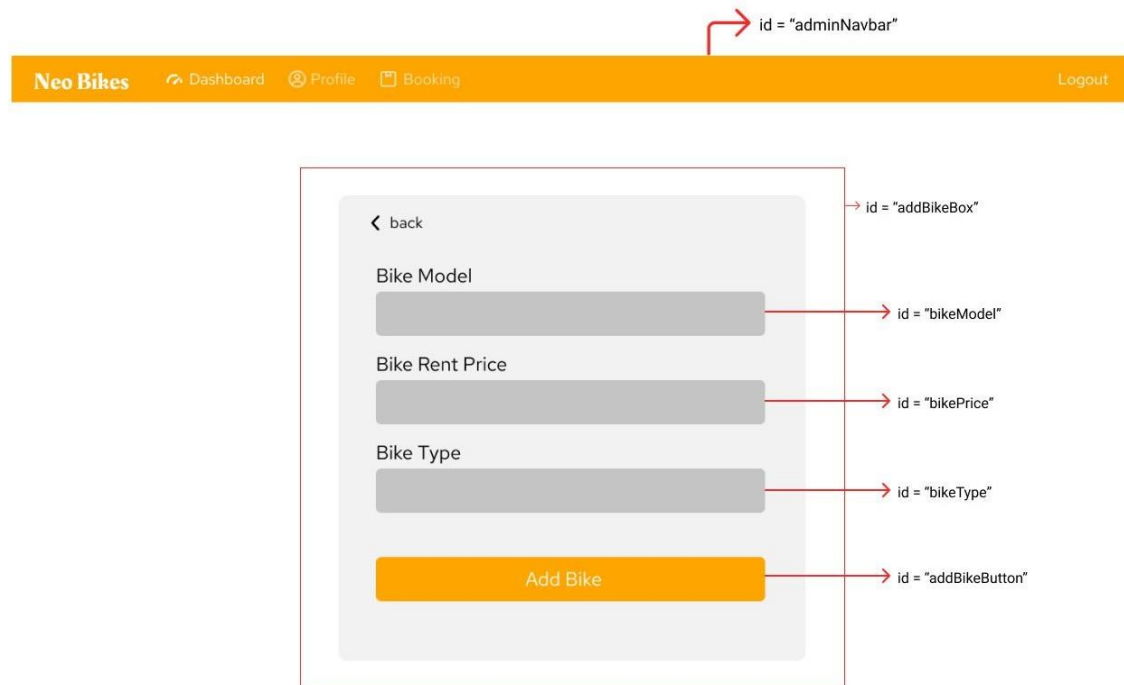
13. Admin Add Bike: Design an Add Bike component in which the admin can add new bikes to the inventory.

a. Ids:

- i. adminNavbar
- ii. addBikeBox
- iii. bikeNo
- iv. bikePrice
- v. bikeType
- vi. addBikeButton

b. API endpoint Url: <http://localhost:3000/admin/addBike>

c. Screenshot



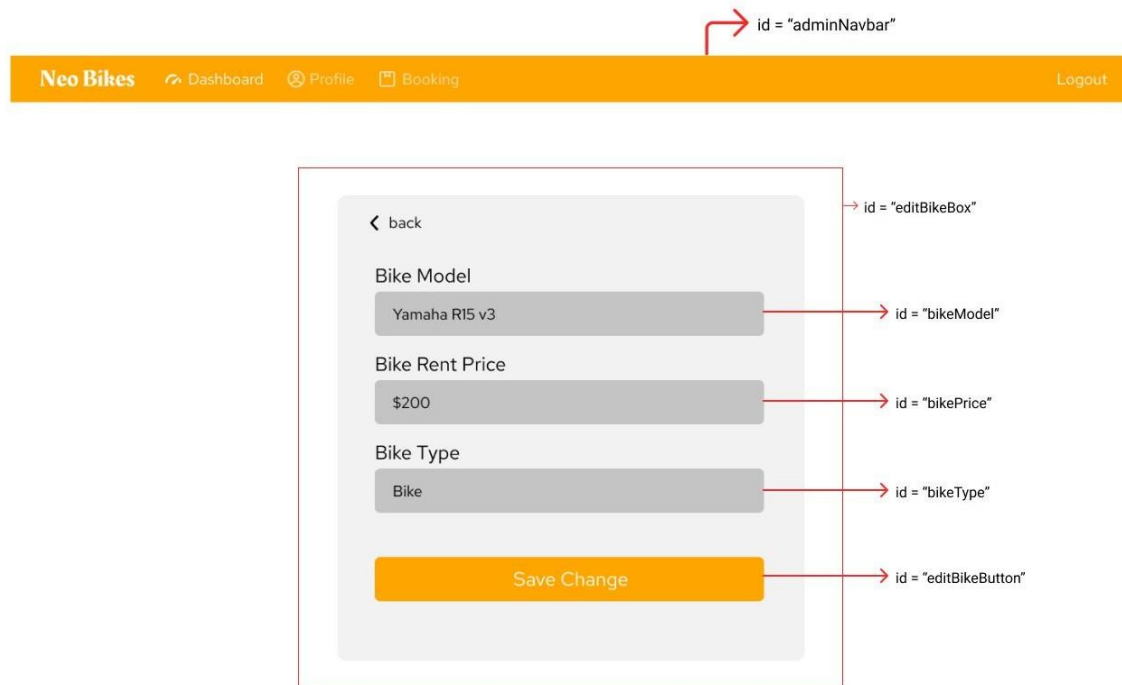
14. Admin Edit Bike: Design an Edit Bike component in which the admin can edit details of an already existing bike in the inventory.

a. Ids:

- i. adminNavbar
- ii. editBikeBox
- iii. bikeNo
- iv. bikePrice
- v. bikeType
- vi. editBikeButton

b. API endpoint Url: <http://localhost:3000/admin/editBike>

c. Screenshot



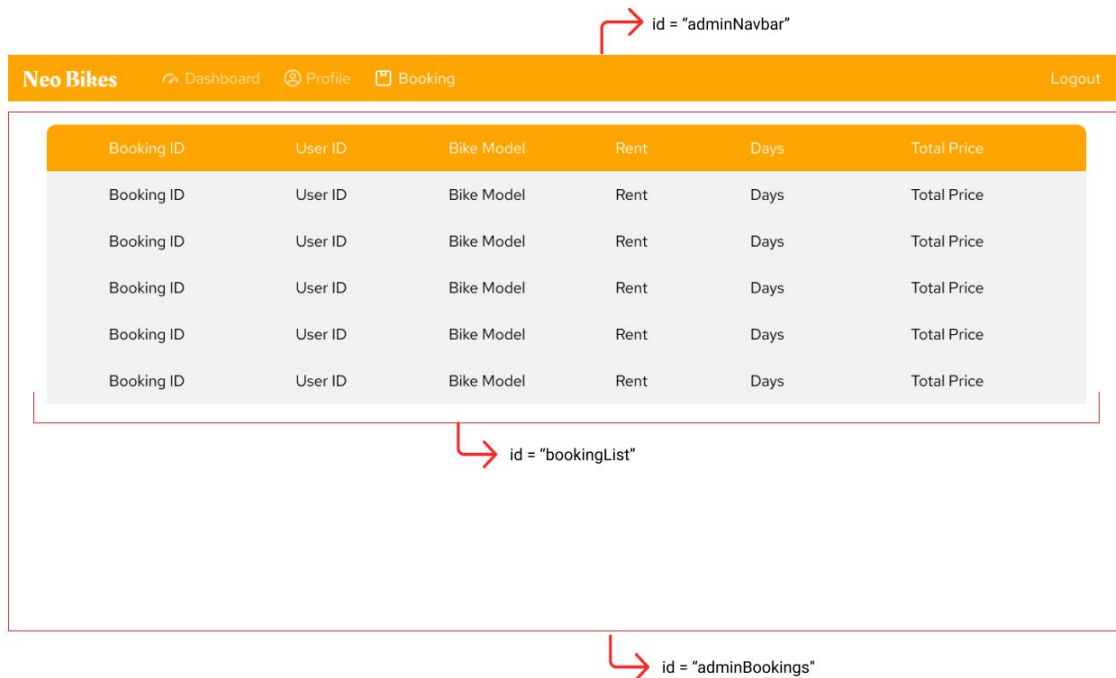
15. Admin Bookings : Design a Admin Bookings component where the admin can see the booking details that all the users have made till present date.

a. Ids

- i. adminNavbar
- ii. adminBookings
- iii. bookingList

b. API endpoint URL : <http://localhost:3000/admin/bookings>

c. Screenshot:



16. Admin Profile Edit : Design an Admin Profile Edit page where the admin can edit the details of himself.

a. Ids

- i. adminEditBox
- ii. adminName
- iii. adminEmail
- iv. adminMobileNumber
- v. adminPassword
- vi. companyName
- vii. companyAddress
- viii. profileEditButton

b. API endpoint URL : <http://localhost:3000/admin/editProfile>

c. Screenshot:

Neo Bikes Dashboard Profile Booking Logout

< back

id = "adminEditBox"

Name

Seller 1

id = "adminName"

Email

seller01@iamneo.ai

id = "adminEmail"

Mobile Number

9876543210

id = "adminMobilenumber"

Password

iamneo

id = "adminPassword"

Company Name

Examly

id = "companyName"

Company Address

1/7A, Area, Locality, District, pincode

id = "companyAddress"

Save Changes

id = "profileEditButton"

Super Admin:

17. Super Admin Login Page: Design a Login page through which the super user can log in.

a. Ids:

- i. superAdminLoginBox
- ii. email
- iii. password
- iv. submitButton

b. API endpoint URL : <http://localhost:3000/superadmin/login>

c. Screenshot:

The diagram shows a login form titled "Super Admin". It contains three main input areas: a text field for "Enter Super Admin Email", a text field for "Enter Password", and an orange "Submit" button. Red arrows point from text labels to each of these elements: "id = 'superAdminLoginBox'" points to the form container, "id = 'email'" points to the email input field, "id = 'password'" points to the password input field, and "id = 'submitButton'" points to the submit button.

18. Super Admin Users page : Design a Super-Admin users page where the super admin has authority to view and delete any user currently registered into the system.

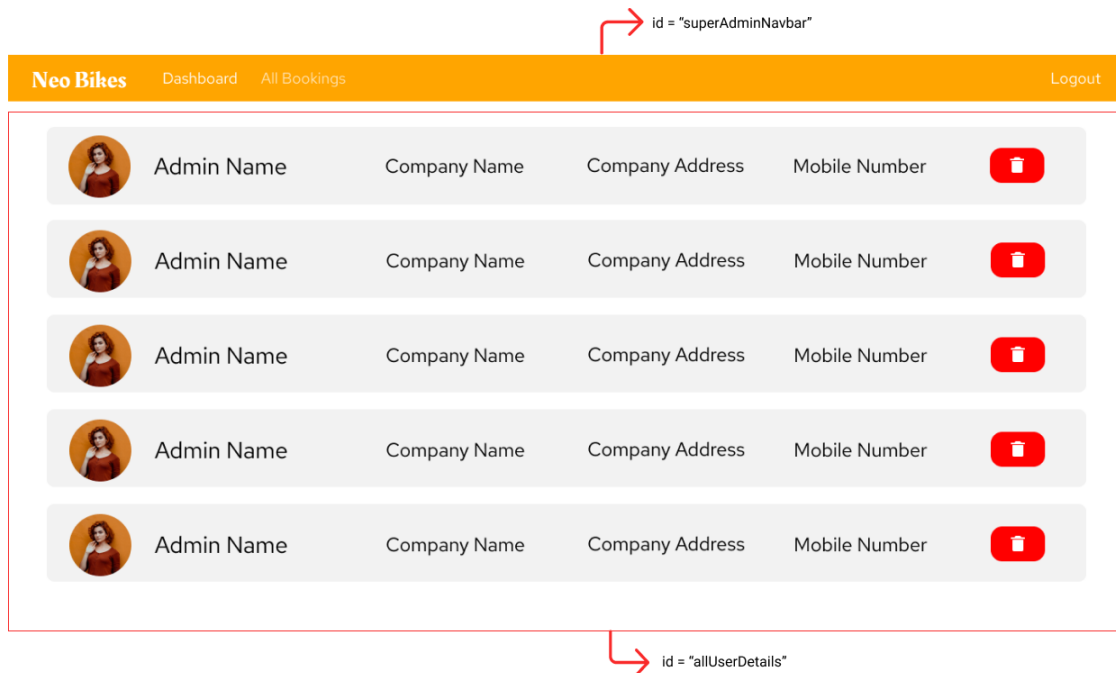
a. Ids:

i. superAdminNavbar

ii. allUserDetails

b. API endpoint URL : <http://localhost:3000/superadmin/users>

c. Screenshot



19. Super Admin Bookings page : Design a Super-Admin Booking component where the super admin has authority to view the bookings.

a. Ids:

- i. superAdminNavbar
- ii. allAdminDetails

b. API endpoint URL : <http://localhost:3000/superadmin/admin>

c. Screenshot

id = "superAdminNavbar"

| | | | | | |
|----------|--------------|------------|------|------|-------------|
| Admin ID | Company Name | Bike Model | Rent | Days | Total Price |
| Admin ID | Company Name | Bike Model | Rent | Days | Total Price |
| Admin ID | Company Name | Bike Model | Rent | Days | Total Price |
| Admin ID | Company Name | Bike Model | Rent | Days | Total Price |
| Admin ID | Company Name | Bike Model | Rent | Days | Total Price |
| Admin ID | Company Name | Bike Model | Rent | Days | Total Price |
| Admin ID | Company Name | Bike Model | Rent | Days | Total Price |

id = "allAdminDetails"

20. Super Admin Navigation : Design a Navigation page for the super user where he can navigate to the dashboard, all the bookings and logout.

a. Ids :

- i. superAdminNavbar
- ii. superAdminBookingLink
- iii. superAdminLogoutButton
- iv. superAdminDashboardLink

b. Screenshot:



Backend:

Class and Method description:

Model Layer:

1. UserModel: This class stores the user type (admin or the customer) and all user information.
 - a. Attributes:
 - i. email: String
 - ii. password: String
 - iii. username: String
 - iv. mobileNumber: String
 - v. age: int
 - vi. userRole: String
2. LoginModel: This class contains the email and password of the user.
 - a. Attributes:
 - i. email: String
 - ii. password: String

3. AdminModel: This class stores the details of the product.

a. Attributes:

- i. email:String
- ii. password:String
- iii. mobileNumber:String
- iv. sellerName:String
- v. userRole:String
- vi. hotelName:String
- vii. hotelImageURL:String
- viii. hotelAddress: String
- ix. earnings:int

4. RoomModel: This class stores the cart items.

a. Attributes:

- i. roomID:String
- ii. roomNo:String
- iii. adminID:String
- iv. status:String
- v. price:String
- vi. type:String

Controller Layer:

5. AuthController: This class control the user /admin signup and signin

a. Methods:

- i. isUserPresent(LoginModel data): This method helps to check whether the user present or not and check the email and password are correct and return the boolean value.
- ii. isAdminPresent(LoginModel data): This method helps to check whether the admin present or not and check the email and password are correct and return the boolean value.
- iii. saveUser(UserModel user): This method helps to save the user data in the database.
- iv. saveAdmin(UserModel user): This method helps to save the admin data in the database.

6. RoomController: This class controls the save/edit/delete/view rooms.

a. Methods:

- i. saveRoom(RoomModel data): This method helps the admin to save new rooms in the database.
- ii. editRoom(RoomModel data): This method helps the admin to edit the details of the rooms and save it again in the database.
- iii. deleteRoom(String Room ID): This method helps the admin to delete a room from the hotel and as well as in the database.
- iv. getRooms(String Admin_Email_ID): This method helps the admin to get all the rooms in the hotel.
- v. bookRoom(String Room_ID): This method helps the user to book the room by changing the room status and add the record in the bookings table.

7. AdminController: This class controls the edit/view admin details.

a. Methods:

- i. editAdmin(AdminModel data): This method helps the admin to edit the profile details and save it in the database.
- ii. getProfile(String Admin_Email_ID): This method helps admin to get the profile details.

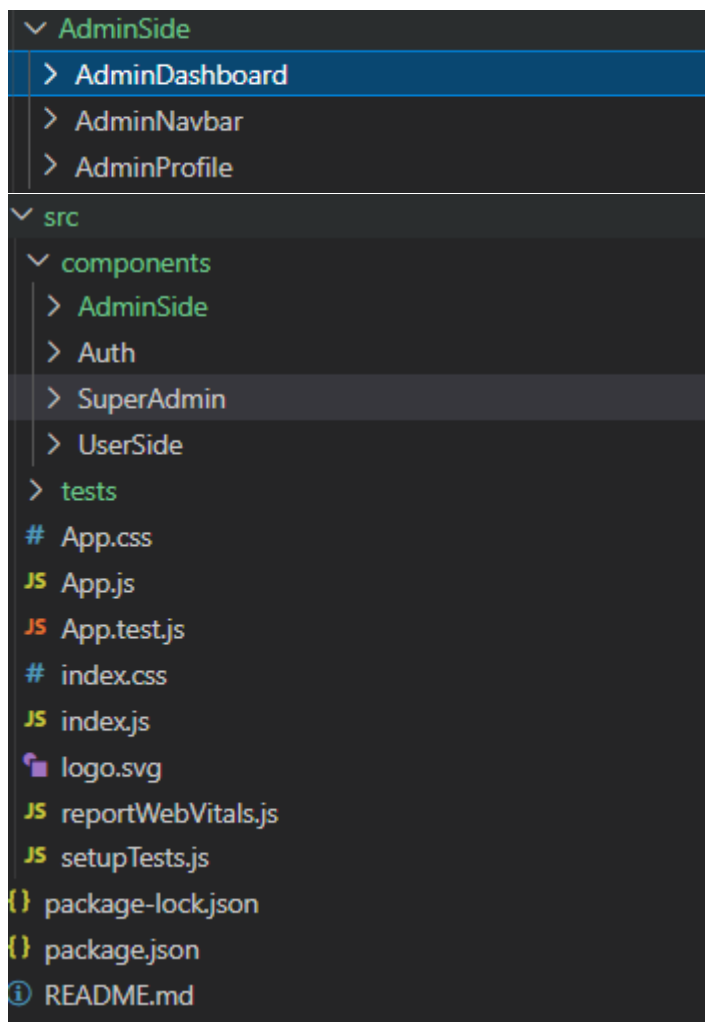
8. UserController: This class helps to get the rooms.

a. Methods:

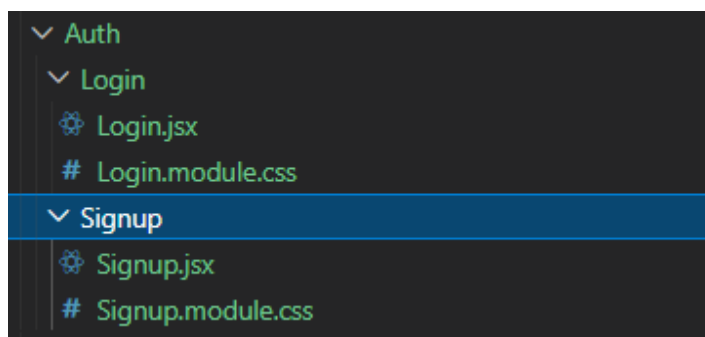
- i. userBookings(String User_ID): This method helps users to get all the booking details done by them.

React Folder Structure:

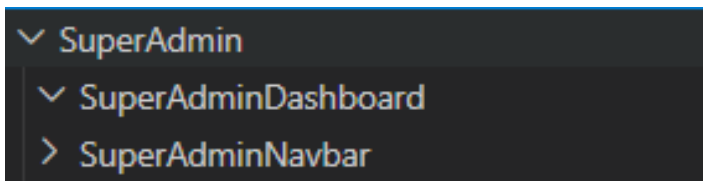
Admin Side:



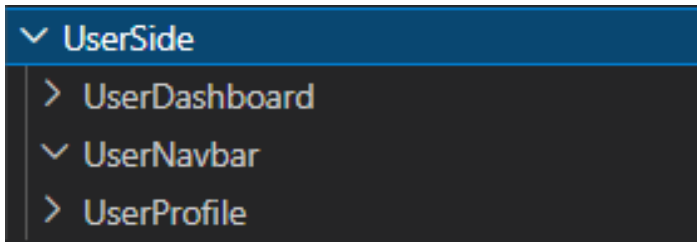
Auth Side:



Super Admin Side:



User Side:



React component Structure:

- **src (folder)**
 - **components (folder)**
 - **Navbar (folder)**
 - **Navbar.jsx (jsx file)**
 - **Navbar.module.css (css file)**

NOTE:

You should create the above folder structure mandatorily to pass the test cases and you can also create extra components if you need.

Workflow Prototypes:

Admin Flow

<https://www.figma.com/proto/e2SmP8Xofn2thePbejUqYZ/Neo-Bike-Rental-Admin-Flow?node-id=1%3A482&viewport=410%2C422%2C0.06292035430669785&scaling=scale-down>

User Flow

<https://www.figma.com/proto/7PiGV0IPBtapGvRHVTSvaz/Neo-Bike-Rental-User-Flow?node-id=2%3A31&viewport=638%2C532%2C0.14213642477989197&scaling=scale-down>

Super Admin Flow

<https://www.figma.com/proto/StwdqeHpE472w0MozUukT7/Neo-Bike-Rental-Super-Admin-Flow?node-id=2%3A0&viewport=424%2C446%2C0.027425706386566162&scaling=scale-down>