

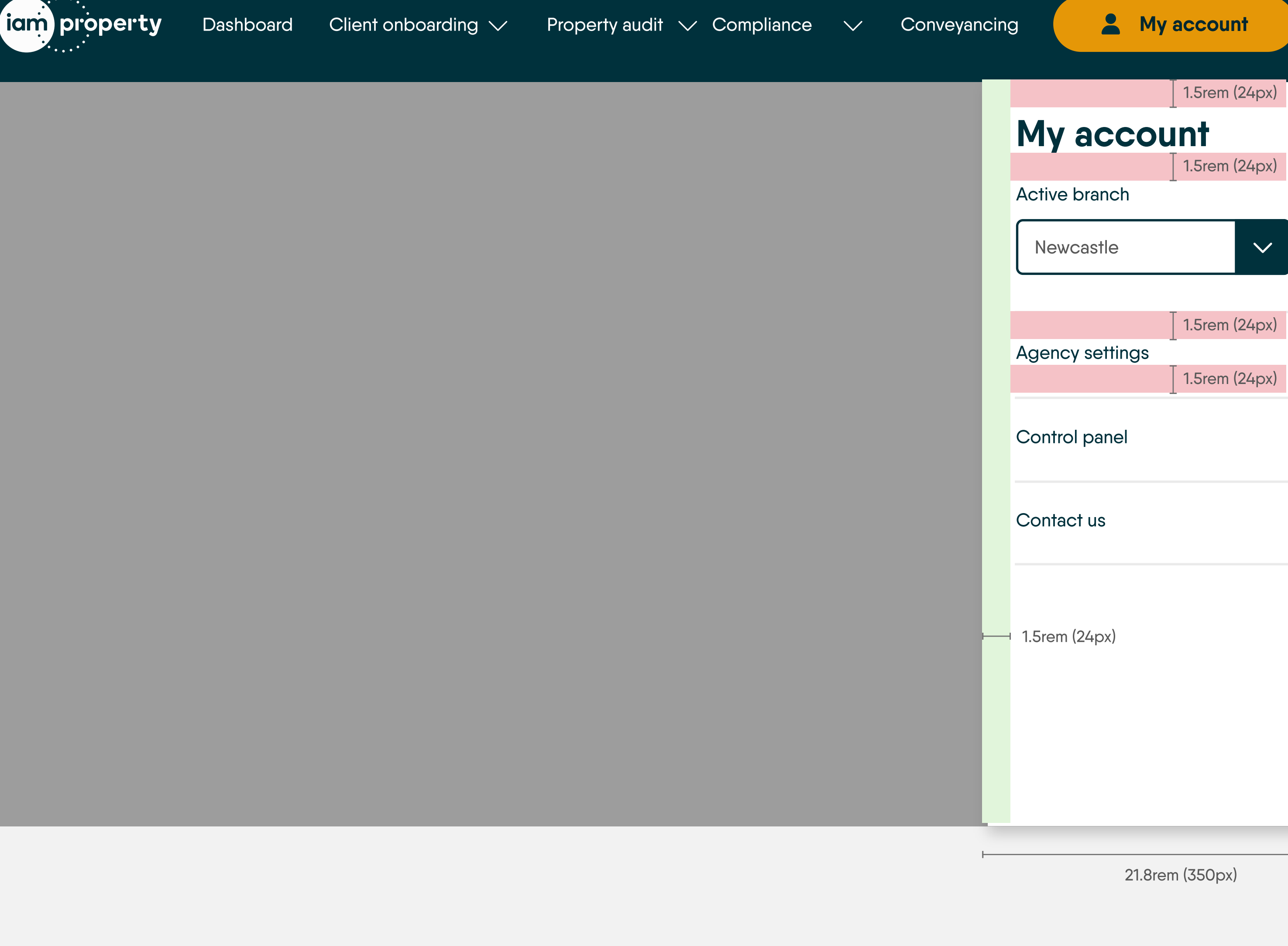
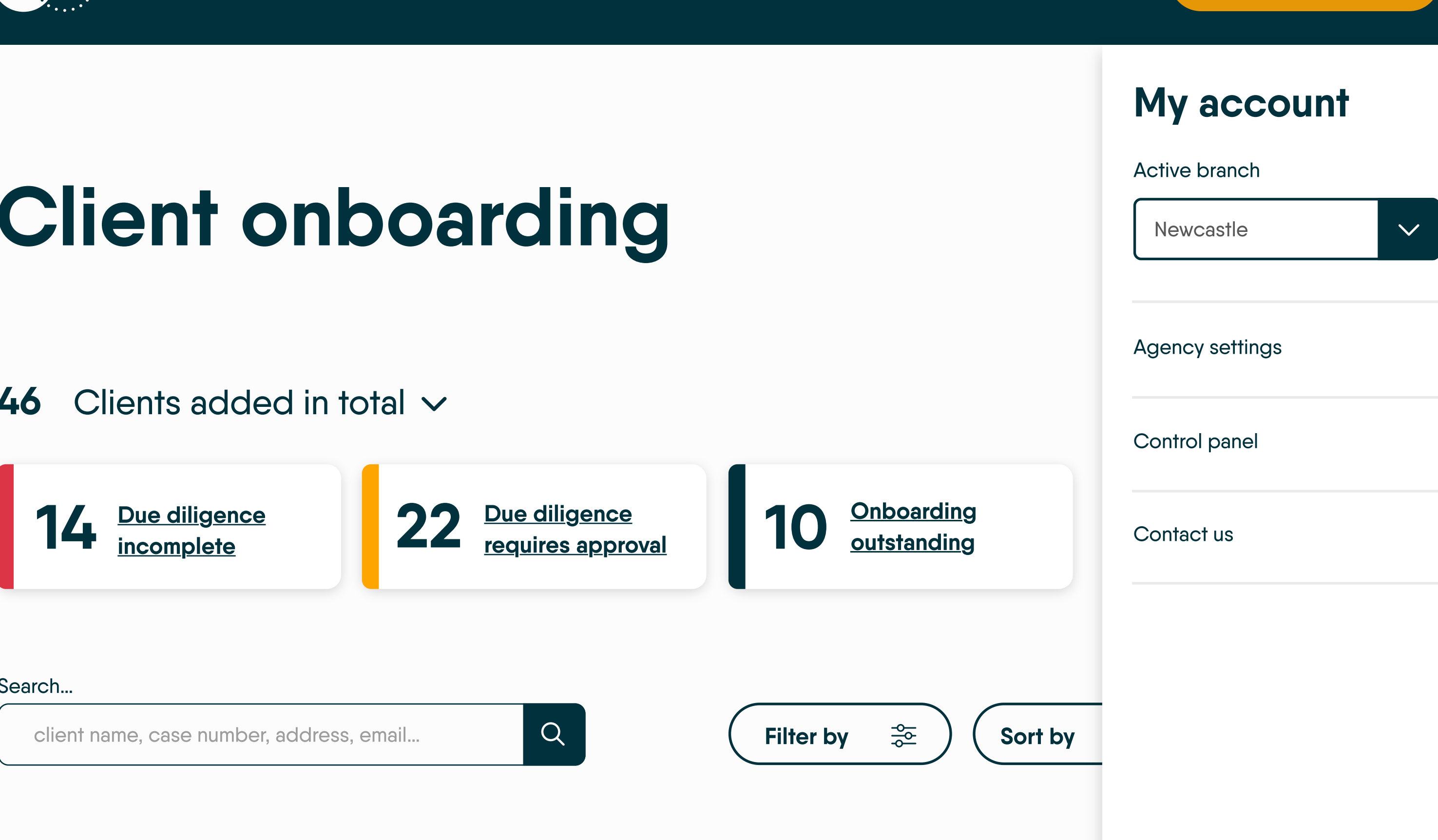
Navbar- menu

Surfacing sub menu items allows users to navigate into a section.

The navbar menu is a simple single-column list that is used for items such as my account, sign in and can also be used as an overflow menu. It is triggered by a button (compact or full styling) within navbar action slot or a navigational item within the primary nav or secondary navbar. Once triggered then the menu expands. The menu has an optional H3 header which can be displayed at the top of the menu list if needed.

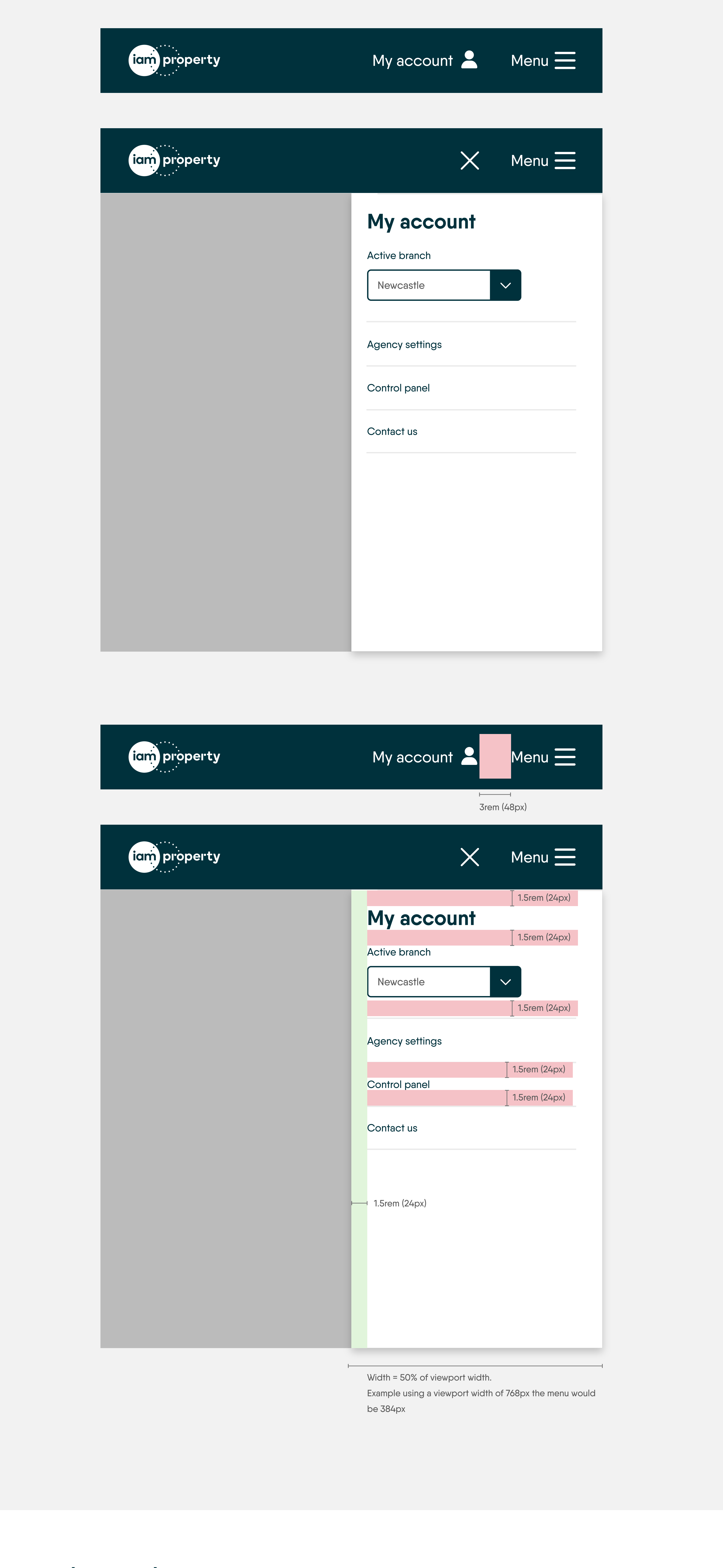
On desktop and tablet, the menu will slide in from the right hand side and fill the full height of the screen. A max width is applied on desktop, will take up 50% of the screen on tablet and will be full width on mobile. If the items listed within the menu are longer than the viewport height, then the menu will scroll within the container.

Desktop at 1280px



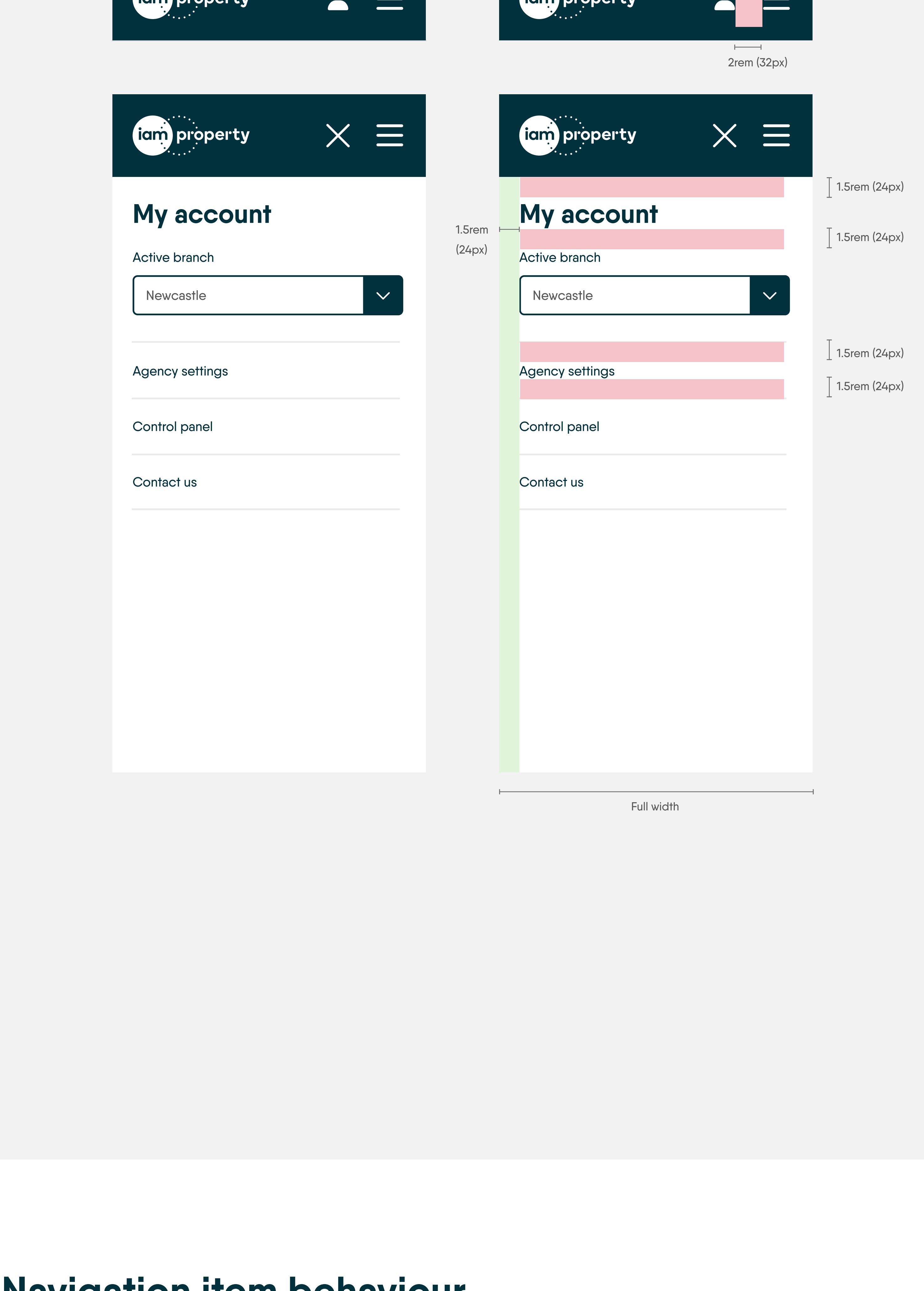
Tablet (at 768px)

DEEP SLATE VARIATION STYLING USED IN EXAMPLE



Mobile (at 375px)

DEEP SLATE VARIATION STYLING USED IN EXAMPLE



Navigation item behaviour

IDLE STATE	HOVER/FOCUS STATE	ACTIVE STATE	SELECTED STATE
Lorem ipsum	Lorem ipsum	Lorem ipsum	Lorem ipsum

Usage notes

The menu should slide in from the right edge of the screen on desktop and tablet, and should slide down from the top on mobile.

Items within the menu list can include text links, form fields or buttons.

There are no limits on the number of items within the menu as the panel will be scrollable.

The scrolling of the main page should be locked whilst the menu is active.

To dismiss the menu on desktop, the user can click anywhere that isn't the menu, click the action button that initiated the menu UI or click any other item in the primary navbar. To dismiss the menu on tablet, the user can click anywhere that isn't the menu, click the close icon or any other item in the primary navbar. To dismiss the menu on mobile, the user can click the close icon or click another item in the primary navbar.