## CS220: Lab#7B Test Program

Please demonstrate that the following test program runs correctly on your hardware. Notice that the designed hardware is a miniature processor with a register file and eight instructions. It has a 16-bit comparator, an array of 16 XOR gates, and a right shifter. In the following, I list the C statements of the program along with translation into assembly language of this miniature processor. I use the binary command encoding as the instruction names. The registers are numbered \$0 to \$31. All numbers in the following are listed in decimal. Use 16-bit two's complement representation for binary conversion.

```
C statements
                                Assembly language instructions
short a, b, c, d;
                                 000
                                           17
a = 17;
                                       $1
                                           $2
printf("%h", a); b = -9;
                                 011
                                       $1
                                               -9
printf("%h %h", a, b); c = 65;
                                           $2 $3
                                 100
                                       $1
                                                   65
printf("%h %h", b, c);
                                 010
                                       $2
                                           $3
d = (a < c) ^ (c < b);
                                       $1
                                           $3 $4
                                 101
                                                      // a < c
                                       $3
                                           $2 $5
                                                      // c < b
                                 101
                                 110
                                       $4
                                           $5 $6
                                                      // d
d = d ^ (b >> 2) ^ (c >> 4);
                                       $2
                                           $4
                                              2
                                                      // b >> 2
                                 111
                                       $3
                                           $5
                                                      // c >> 4
                                 111
                                               4
                                                      // d ^ (b >> 2)
                                 110
                                       $6
                                          $4
                                              $6
                                           $5
                                 110
                                       $6
                                              $6
                                                      // d
printf("%h", d);
                                  001
                                       $6
```

Enter the instructions one by one and show the TA the corresponding output.