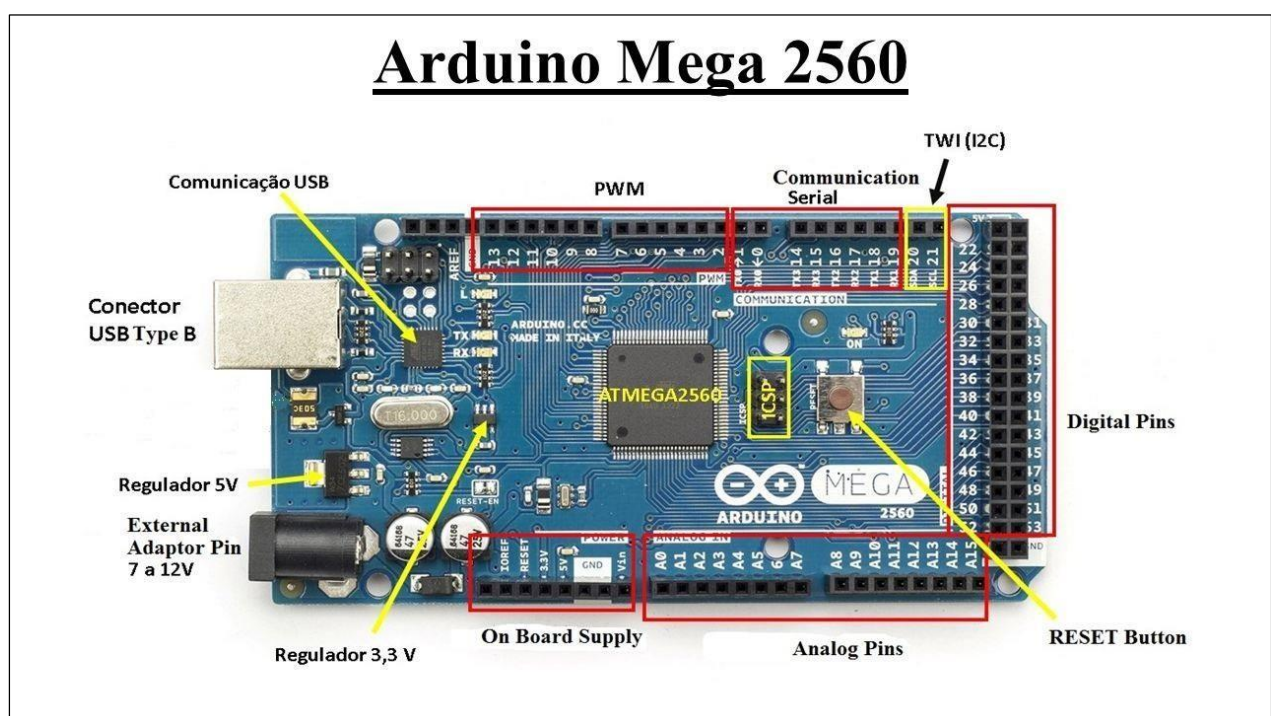


## LECTURE 3

### 3.1 Arduino

Arduino is an open-source electronics platform based on easy-to-use hardware and software. Arduino boards are able to read inputs - light on a sensor, a finger on a button, or a Twitter message - and turn it into an output - activating a motor, turning on an LED, publishing something online. You can tell your board what to do by sending a set of instructions to the microcontroller on the board. To do so you use the Arduino programming language .

### 2.2 Introduction to the Arduino Board



#### 3.2.1 Digital Pins

The digital pins on an Arduino board can be used for general purpose input and output via the [pinMode\(\)](#), [digitalRead\(\)](#), and [digitalWrite\(\)](#) commands. Each pin has an internal pull-up resistor which can be turned on and off using `digitalWrite()` (w/ a value of HIGH or LOW, respectively) when the pin is configured as an input. The maximum current per pin is 40 mA.

#### 3.2.2 Analog Pins

The analog input pins support 10-bit analog-to-digital conversion (ADC) using the [analogRead\(\)](#) function.

### 3.2.3 Power pins(on board supply)

- ☞ VIN (sometimes labelled "9V"). The input voltage to the Arduino board when it's using an external power source (as opposed to 5 volts from the USB connection or other regulated power source). You can supply voltage through this pin, or, if supplying voltage via the power jack, access it through this pin. Also note that the LilyPad has no VIN pin and accepts only a regulated input.
- ☞ 5V. The regulated power supply used to power the microcontroller and other components on the board. This can come either from VIN via an on-board regulator, or be supplied by USB or another regulated 5V supply.
- ☞ 3V3. Provides 3.3 volt supply generated by the on-board FTDI chip.
- ☞ GND. Ground pins.

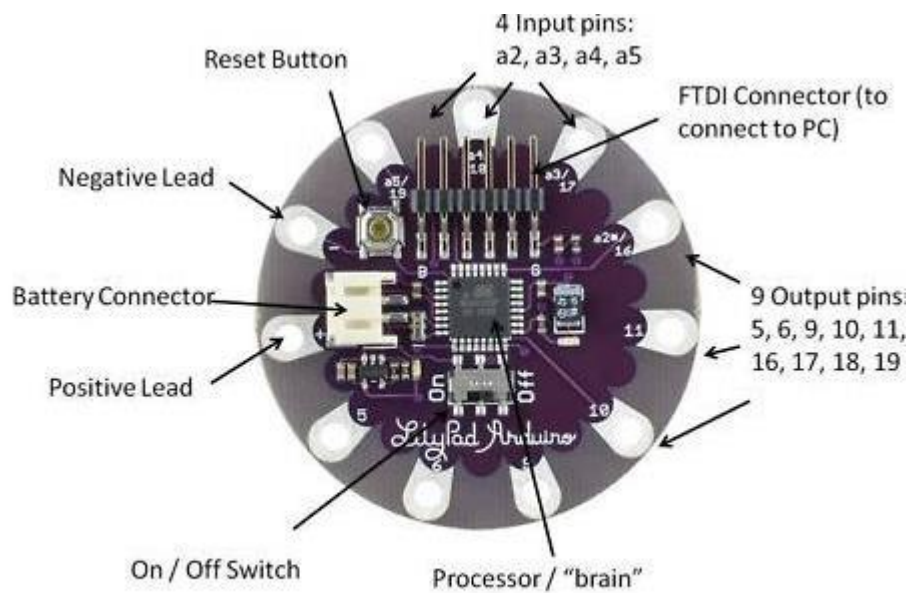
## 3.3 Arduino types

### 3.3.1 Arduino Uno (R3)

The Uno is a huge option for your initial Arduino. It consists of 14-digital I/O pins, where 6-pins can be used as PWM([pulse width modulation](#) outputs), 6-analog inputs, a reset button, a power jack, a USB connection and more. It includes everything required to hold up the microcontroller; simply attach it to a PC with the help of a USB cable and give the supply to get started with a AC-to-DC adapter or battery.

### 3.3.2 LilyPad Arduino Board

The Lily Pad Arduino board is a wearable e-textile technology. Each board was imaginatively designed with huge connecting pads & a smooth back to let them to be sewn into clothing using conductive thread. This Arduino also comprises of I/O, power, and also sensor boards which are built especially for e-textiles. These are even washable!



LilyPad Arduino Board

### 3.3.3 Arduino Mega (R3) Board

The Arduino Mega is similar to the UNO's big brother. It includes lots of digital I/O pins (from that, 14-pins can be used as PWM o/ps), 6-analog inputs, a reset button, a power jack, a USB connection and a reset button. It includes everything required to hold up the microcontroller; simply attach it to a PC with the help of a USB cable and give the supply to get started with a AC-to-DC adapter or battery. The huge number of pins make this Arduino board very helpful for designing the projects that need a bunch of digital input pins or output pins like lots buttons.