How to write and execute python program without using python editor (IDE)?

1. Open notepad

```
File Edit Format View Help

print("Hello Python")
```

- 3. Save the program with extension .py
- 4. Open command prompt
- 5. Search → cmd

7.

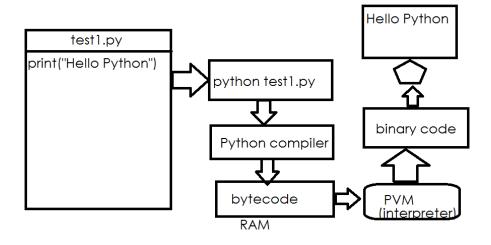
6. Open folder where python program is saved

```
C:\Users\nit>cd desktop

C:\Users\nit\Desktop>python test1.py
Hello Python

C:\Users\nit\Desktop>
```

compilation and execution process of python program



Whenever we compile python program, python compiler generate byte code. This byte code is stored inside RAM. The byte code stored inside RAM is temp.

How generate .pyc file or intermediate file?

- 1. Open notepad
- 2. Write a python program

3.

```
File Edit Format View Help

print("Hello Python")
input()
```

- 4. Save the program with extension .py
- 5. Open command prompt

6.

```
Microsoft Windows [Version 6.3.9600]
(c) 2013 Microsoft Corporation. All rights reserved.

C:\Users\nit\cd desktop

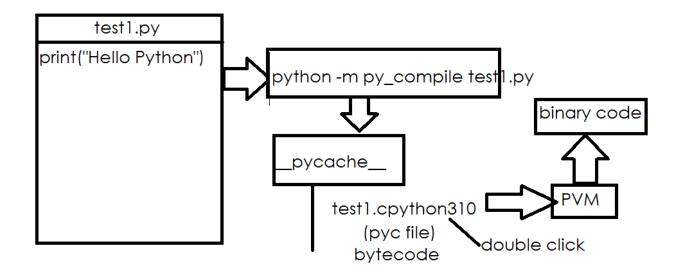
C:\Users\nit\Desktop\python test1.py
Hello Python

C:\Users\nit\Desktop\python -m py_compile test1.py

C:\Users\nit\Desktop\python -m py_compile test1.py

C:\Users\nit\Desktop\python -m py_compile test1.py
```

-m is an option provided by python command
This option is used to include module before compiling program
py_compile is a predefined module/lib which provides function for compiling
program. this module create one folder __pycache__. This folder contains
.pyc



Python Language Fundamentals

- 1. Character set
- 2. Tokens of python
 - a. Keywords
 - b. Identifiers
 - c. Literals
 - d. Operators
 - e. Data Types
- 3. Structure of writing python program

English Python 1. Alphabets 1. Character set 2. Words 2. Tokens 3. Sent 3. Statements 4. para 4. Program 5. Software

Character set of python

Character set defines encoding and decoding standards.
There are two types of character sets.

1. ASCII

- 2. UNICODE