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Control Statements

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Control statements are used to control the flow of execution of program.

- 1. Conditional control statements
- 2. Looping control statements
- 3. Branching statements

Conditional control statements or conditional statements Python support 2 types of conditional statements

- 1. If statement
- 2. match statement (python 3.10 version)

Conditional statements are used to execute block of statements based on condition or selection.

If statement or if keyword

If is called conditional control statement

This statement is used to execute block of statements based on condition.

Types of if statements

- 1. simple if
- 2. if..else
- 3. if..elif..else (if..else ladder)
- 4. nested if

simple if

if without else is called simple if



```
If <condition>/<Boolean-Expression>:
    Statement-1
    Statement-2
Statement-3

If condition is True, it execute statement-1,statement-2 and statement-3
If condition is False, it execute statement-3
statement-3
```

Example:

```
if 10>5:
    print("Python")

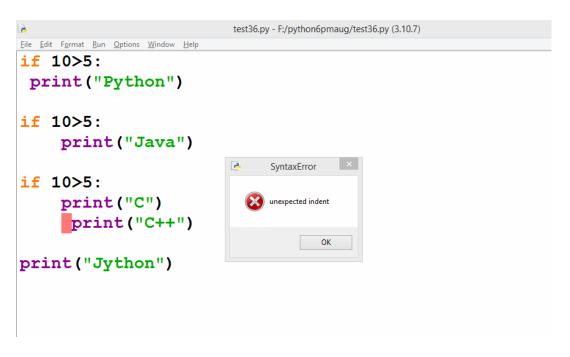
if 10<5:
    print("Java")

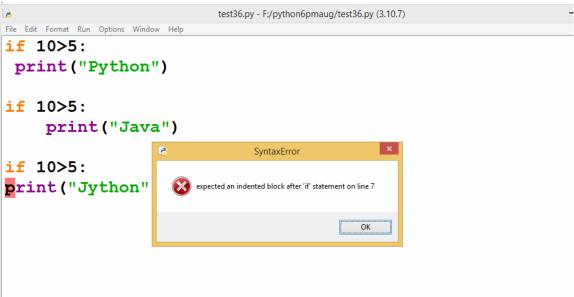
if 10>=5:
    print("Jython")

print("Java")
```

Output:

Python Jython Java





What is pass?

Pass is keyword or statement This statement or keyword is used to represent empty block Pass indicates do nothing or null operation

Example:

if 10>5: # deposit

```
print("deposit")

if 20>5: # withdraw pass

if 5<20: pass

print("Java") print("C++") print("C") print("C") print("Python")
```

Output

deposit Java

C++

С

Python

If..else statement

This syntax is having two blocks

- 1. if block
- 2. else block

Syntax: If <condition>: Statement-1 Statement-2 else: statement-3 statement-4 statement-5 if condition is True, it execute

statement-5
