

① $y = f(x) = \alpha x$

$$G_S (y_{n+1} - y_1) = L_S (x_N - x_0)$$

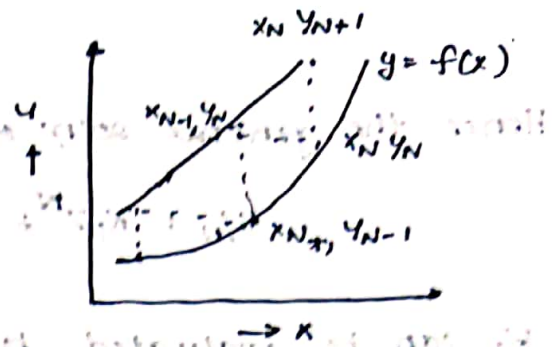
$$y_{n+1} = y_1 + \frac{L_S}{G_S} (x_N - x_0)$$

$$y_{n+1} = y_1 + \frac{L_S}{G_S} \frac{y_N}{\alpha} - \frac{L_S}{G_S} x_0$$

$$\text{Let } \frac{L_S}{G_S \alpha} = \bar{A} \Rightarrow \frac{L_S}{G_S} = \alpha \bar{A}$$

$$\therefore y_{n+1} = y_1 + \bar{A} y_N - \alpha \bar{A} x_0$$

$$\Rightarrow y_{n+1} - \bar{A} y_N = y_1 - \alpha \bar{A} x_0$$



② Considering the eqn.,

$$y_{n+1} - \bar{A} y_N = y_1 - \alpha \bar{A} x_0 \quad \text{--- (a)}$$

where, $\bar{A} = \frac{L_S}{G_S \alpha} \rightarrow$ Absorption factor

Considering the homogeneous eqn.,

$$y_{n+1} - \bar{A} y_N = 0 \quad \text{--- (1)}$$

Assuming a soln. of the form, $y_N = k_1 z^N$ and substituting in eqn. (1) we get,

$$k_1 z^{N+1} - \bar{A} k_1 z^N = 0 \Rightarrow z = \bar{A} \quad \text{--- (2)}$$

Now, since the eqn. (a) is non-homogeneous we need to find the particular eqn. soln. which is a const. Assuming $y_N = k_2$ (constant) as the particular soln. and substituting in (a)

$$k_2 - \bar{A} k_2 = y_1 - \alpha \bar{A} x_0 \Rightarrow k_2 = \frac{y_1 - \alpha \bar{A} x_0}{1 - \bar{A}} \quad \text{--- (3)}$$

Hence the general solnⁿ of (a) is,

$$y_N = K_1 z^N + K_2 = K_1 (\bar{A})^N + \frac{y_1 - \bar{A}\alpha x_0}{1 - \bar{A}} \quad (4)$$

K_1 can be evaluated by knowing the terminal cond.
for $n=0$, $y_0 = \alpha x_0$

$$K_1 = \alpha x_0 - \frac{y_1 - \bar{A}\alpha x_0}{1 - \bar{A}} = \frac{\alpha x_0 - y_1}{1 - \bar{A}} \quad (5)$$

Now, substituting the value of K_1 , eqn (4)

$$y_N = \left[\frac{\alpha x_0 - y_1}{1 - \bar{A}} \right] (\bar{A})^N + \frac{y_1 - \bar{A}\alpha x_0}{1 - \bar{A}} \quad (6)$$

To determine the total no. of ideal plates,
we put $n = N+1$ and $y_N = y_{N+1}$

$$y_{N+1} = \left[\frac{\alpha x_0 - y_1}{1 - \bar{A}} \right] (\bar{A})^{N+1} + \frac{y_1 - \bar{A}\alpha x_0}{1 - \bar{A}}$$

$$\bar{A}^N = \frac{y_{N+1} \left[\frac{1}{\bar{A}} - 1 \right] + \left[\frac{y_1}{\bar{A}} - \alpha x_0 \right]}{\alpha x_0 - y_1}$$

Rearranging and taking log on both sides,

$$N = \frac{\log \left[\left(\frac{y_{N+1} - \alpha x_0}{y_1 - \alpha x_0} \right) \left(1 - \frac{1}{\bar{A}} \right) + \frac{1}{\bar{A}} \right]}{\log \bar{A}}$$

↳ Keesner's Eqn