

$$① J_A = - D_{AB} \frac{dC_A}{dx}$$

Only A is diffusing  
not B

$$N_A = \frac{C_A}{c} (C N_A + N_B) = - D_{AB} \frac{dC_A}{dx}$$

Binary, non-reactive,  
steady state, single  
phase, const. geometry

$$\frac{dN_A}{dx} = 0, \quad N_B = 0$$

$$\frac{N_A}{c} (c - C_A) = - D_{AB} \frac{dC_A}{dx}$$

$$\int_0^L \frac{N_A}{c D_{AB}} dx = - \int_{C_{A1}}^{C_{A2}} \frac{dC_A}{c - C_A}$$

$$\frac{N_A}{c D_{AB}} L = - [\ln(c - C_A)]_{C_{A1}}^{C_{A2}}$$

$$\Rightarrow N_A = - \frac{c D_{AB}}{L} \ln \left( \frac{c - C_{A2}}{c - C_{A1}} \right)$$

$$\therefore N_A = \frac{c D_{AB}}{L} \ln \left( \frac{c - C_{A1}}{c - C_{A2}} \right)$$

Since total conc. pressure is uniform,

$$c = C_{A1} + C_{B1} = C_{A2} + C_{B2}$$

$$\Rightarrow c - C_{A1} = C_{B1}$$

Using these results,

$$N_A = \frac{c D_{AB}}{L} \frac{C_{A1} - C_{A2}}{C_{A1} - C_{A2}} \ln \frac{C_{B2}}{C_{B1}}$$

$$\therefore N_A = \frac{D_{AB} c}{L} \frac{C_{A1} - C_{A2}}{(C_{B2} - C_{B1}) / \ln(C_{B2}/C_{B1})}$$

$$N_A = \frac{D_{AB} c}{L} \frac{C_{A1} - C_{A2}}{C_{BLM}}$$

$$\text{where, } C_{BLM} = \frac{C_{B2} - C_{B1}}{\ln(C_{B2}/C_{B1})}$$

② Case 2 : Binary, non-reactive, steady state,  
single phase, const. geometry

$$N_A = -n N_B \quad n = 1$$

(Equimolar counter diff.)

Fick's law :

$$N_A - \frac{C_A}{c} (N_A + N_B) = -D_{AB} \frac{dC_A}{dx}$$

$$\therefore N_A = -N_B$$

$$\therefore N_A = -D_{AB} \frac{dC_A}{dx} \quad \text{--- (1)}$$

At  $x = 0$

$$C_A = C_{A1}$$

$x = L$

$$C_A = C_{A2}$$

On integrating eqn. (1)

$$\int_0^L N_A dx = - \int_{C_{A1}}^{C_{A2}} D_{AB} dC_A$$

$$N_A = \frac{D_{AB}}{L} (C_{A1} - C_{A2})$$