

## HTML Introduction to HTML

## **Agenda**



## **Introduction to HTML**

## **Objectives**

#### At the end of this module, you will be able to:

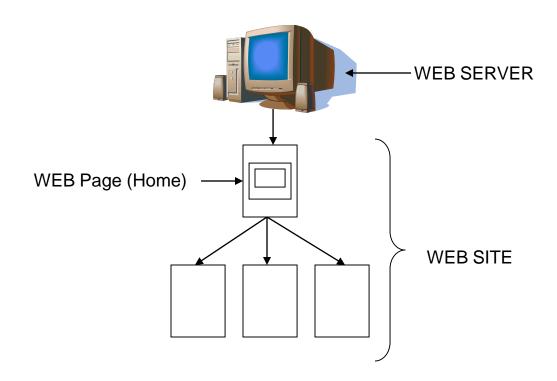
- Web Architecture
- Introduction to HTML
- Describe the various HTML tags and their usage

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# Introduction to HTML



#### **WEB Architecture**



#### **WEB Architecture**

• **WEB SERVER:** A computer, including software package, that provides a specific kind of service to client software running on other computers. A system which accepts web page requests from the client machines and redirect the request to the machine which holds the relevant website containing the webpage.

• **WEBSITE:** A homogenous collection of Web Pages.

• WEB PAGE: A consolidated page designed and developed with an intention of displaying information.

## **Client-Side Programming**

- Client-side programs gets executed in the client machines or browsers.
- These scripts are written in the webpage itself and gets executed in the browser
- Some of the client-side scripting languages are:
  - JavaScript
  - VBScript
  - AJAX
  - JQuery

## **Client-side Programming**

#### **Uses of Client-Side Programming:**

- To create interactive web pages
- Work as an interface between user interface and server
- Interact with local storage
- To retrieve data from the server

#### **Introduction to HTML**

#### The Problem

• To publish information for global distribution, one needs a universally understood language, a kind of publishing mother tongue that all computers may potentially understand.

#### The Solution:

- The publishing language used by the World Wide Web is HTML. It is a special kind of text document that is used by Web browsers to present text and graphics. HTML documents are often referred to as "Web pages". The browser retrieves Web pages from Web servers.
- HTML Stands for Hyper Text Markup Language.
- Special text documents used by web browsers to present text and graphics.

## **Features of HTML**

- 1. Publish online documents with headings, text, tables, lists, photos, etc.
- 2. Retrieve online information via hypertext links, at the click of a button.
- 3. Design forms for conducting transactions with remote services, for use in searching for information, making reservations, ordering products, etc.
- 4. Include spread-sheets, video clips, sound clips, and other applications directly in their documents.

#### Features of HTML

- HTML is case insensitive i.e. the case used to open and close the tag is not strictly monitored.
- <HTML></html> will have the same effect.

 HTML Provides a pre-defined set of tags that can be used to present any kind of data and information.

• Most of the tags that are used in coding the HTML document are easily parsed by any kind of browsers (There are certain exceptions such as Column, Blink tag does not show any effect in the MSIE)

## **HTML Tag**

- 1. It is a markup inserted into an HTML document to provide information about a unit of content.
- 2. Identify a page element's type, format, and appearance.
- 3. All HTML tags are enclosed in brackets (i.e. ).
- 4. Some tags require closing tags Though all tags must have a closing it is not strictly checked in normal web page. But for some tags (Like Textarea) the Closing tags are mandatory.

## Types of HTML Tags

#### 1. Layout Tags

- Basic Tags
- Structural Tags

#### 2. Semantic Tags

- Presentation Tags
- Links & Graphics.
- Lists.
- Dividers
- Backgrounds and Colors.
- Special Characters.

#### 3. Application Tags

- Forms
- Tables
- Frames

#### 4. Logical Tags

- Emphasized Tag
- Strong Tag
- Code Tag

## Types of HTML Tags

#### LAYOUT TAGS:

• Define the appearance of the webpage. It talks about the overall look of the webpage where which text should appear where and which image should appear where is decided.

#### SEMANTIC TAGS:

• On contrary to Layout Tags which define where the text/image is to be displayed the semantic tags define how they should be displayed. They define the format in which the text/image should be displayed.

#### APPLICATION TAGS:

• These tags are used for creating advanced and complex arrangements of webpage's (Ex. Frames) and also to provide a base for user interaction.

## **Summary**

- In this sub-module, we were able to
  - Web Architecture
  - Introduction to HTML
  - Describe the various HTML tags and their usage



## **Thank You**



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