Day-01

Cloud Network Tools:

AWS: CFT

Azure: ARM

GCP: Deployment Manager

Disadvantages of CFT and ARM:

- JSON or YAML All the config should be dumped in the same file it self only.
 like s3, subnets all resources in one file
- Learning JSON ,YAML Bit complex.
- Importing of resource is Complex in AWS and this Option Not there in Azure.
- · CFT will be working with in AWS & ARM In Azure only.
- Module Concepts not there in Azure or AWS.
- Workspace Option Not Available in Azure and AWS
- Performing dry checks.

Hashicorp:

• Terraform: IAC automation

• Packer: Image Automation

consul : cluster & service Discovery

vault : store secrets

nomad

Terraform Commands:

```
terraform init
terraform fmt
terraform validate
terraform plan
terraform apply
terraform destroy
terraform state list → What Resource is Created
```

We use this Based on Requirement in Different Environments

```
# We strongly recommend using the required_providers block to set the
# Azure Provider source and version being used
terraform {
    required_providers {
        azurerm = {
            source = "hashicorp/azurerm"
            version = "=3.0.0"
        }
    }
}
```

main.tf

```
# cloud Provider
provider "aws" {
  region = "us-east-1"
}

# Creating VPC
resource "aws_vpc" "day1-vpc" {
  cidr_block = "10.0.0.0/16"
```

```
enable_dns_hostnames = "true"
 tags = {
  Name = "day1-vpc"
 }
}
#IGW
resource "aws_internet_gateway" "day1-lgw" {
vpc_id = aws_vpc.day1-vpc.id
 tags = {
  Name = "day1-lgw"
 }
}
#Subnets
resource "aws_subnet" "day1-subnet-1" {
 vpc_id = aws_vpc.day1-vpc.id
 cidr_block = "10.0.1.0/24"
 tags = {
  Name = "day1-subnet-1"
 }
}
#RouteTable
resource "aws_route_table" "day1-RouteTable" {
vpc_id = aws_vpc.day1-vpc.id
 route {
  cidr_block = "0.0.0.0/0"
  gateway_id = aws_internet_gateway.day1-lgw.id
 }
```

```
tags = {
  Name = "day1-RouteTable"
  Service = "Terraform"
 }
}
#RouteTable Association
resource "aws_route_table_association" "day1-RTA" {
 subnet_id = aws_subnet.day1-subnet-1.id
 route_table_id = aws_route_table.day1-RouteTable.id
}
#Security Groups
resource "aws_security_group" "day1-SG" {
           = "day1-SG"
 description = "Allow TLS inbound traffic and all outbound traffic"
 vpc_id = aws_vpc.day1-vpc.id
 ingress {
  from\_port = 0
  protocol = "-1"
  to_port = 0
  cidr_blocks = ["0.0.0.0/0"]
 }
 egress {
  from_port = 0
  protocol = "-1"
  to_port = 0
  cidr_blocks = ["0.0.0.0/0"]
 }
```

```
tags = {
    Name = "day1-SG"
    }
}
```

Data Sources:

We created VPC Through Terraform and Attach IGW Through Terraform, What If VPC is Created Manually Through Console We Have to Attach IGW to VPC by using Datasources We can do that.

datasource.tf

```
# TO get the Manually Created VPC
data "aws_vpc" "datasource-vpc" {
  id = "vpc-0c036eeba55cec6af"
}

#we are attaching IGW manualluy created VPC check vpc_id

resource "aws_internet_gateway" "datasource-igw" {
  vpc_id = data.aws_vpc.datasource-vpc.id

tags = {
  Name="datasource-igw"
  }
}
```

Terraform Datasources along with Remote State:

Suppose We Create a Base Infra Like Vpc, igw, subnet, RT,RTA Like that we Store the state file in S3 Bucket, By Using That State file We can Deploy EC2 separately. We can separate state file in S3 For ec2 instance.

BaseInfra:

main.tf

```
#This Terraform Code Deploys Basic VPC Infra.
provider "aws" {
 region = var.aws_region
}
terraform {
 backend "s3" {
  bucket = "terraform250304"
  key = "base-infra.tfstate"
  region = "us-east-1"
}
}
resource "aws_vpc" "default" {
 cidr_block
                 = var.vpc_cidr
 enable_dns_hostnames = true
 tags = {
  Name = "${var.vpc_name}"
  Owner = "Saikiran"
 }
}
resource "aws_internet_gateway" "default" {
 vpc_id = aws_vpc.default.id
 tags = {
  Name = "${var.IGW_name}"
 }
}
```

```
resource "aws_subnet" "subnet1-public" {
 vpc_id
             = aws_vpc.default.id
 cidr_block
               = var.public_subnet1_cidr
 availability_zone = "us-east-1a"
 tags = {
  Name = "${var.public_subnet1_name}"
 }
}
resource "aws_subnet" "subnet2-public" {
 vpc_id = aws_vpc.default.id
 cidr_block = var.public_subnet2_cidr
 availability_zone = "us-east-1b"
 tags = {
  Name = "${var.public_subnet2_name}"
 }
}
resource "aws_subnet" "subnet3-public" {
 vpc_id
          = aws_vpc.default.id
 cidr_block = var.public_subnet3_cidr
 availability_zone = "us-east-1c"
 tags = {
  Name = "${var.public_subnet3_name}"
 }
}
resource "aws_route_table" "terraform-public" {
 vpc_id = aws_vpc.default.id
 route {
  cidr_block = "0.0.0.0/0"
```

```
gateway_id = aws_internet_gateway.default.id
 }
 tags = {
  Name = "${var.Main_Routing_Table}"
 }
}
resource "aws_route_table_association" "terraform-public" {
 subnet_id = aws_subnet.subnet1-public.id
 route_table_id = aws_route_table.terraform-public.id
}
resource "aws_security_group" "allow_all" {
          = "allow_all"
 name
 description = "Allow all inbound traffic"
 vpc_id = aws_vpc.default.id
 ingress {
  from_port = 0
  to_port = 0
  protocol = "-1"
  cidr_blocks = ["0.0.0.0/0"]
 }
 egress {
  from_port = 0
  to_port = 0
  protocol = "-1"
  cidr_blocks = ["0.0.0.0/0"]
 }
}
```

variable.tf

```
# variable "aws_access_key" {}
# variable "aws_secret_key" {}
variable "aws_region" {}
variable "amis" {
  description = "AMIs by region"
  default = {
     us-east-1 = "ami-97785bed" # ubuntu 14.04 LTS
     us-east-2 = "ami-f63b1193" # ubuntu 14.04 LTS
     us-west-1 = "ami-824c4ee2" # ubuntu 14.04 LTS
    us-west-2 = "ami-f2d3638a" # ubuntu 14.04 LTS
  }
}
variable "vpc_cidr" {}
variable "vpc_name" {}
variable "IGW_name" {}
variable "key_name" {}
variable "public_subnet1_cidr" {}
variable "public_subnet2_cidr" {}
variable "public_subnet3_cidr" {}
# variable "private_subnet_cidr" {}
variable "public_subnet1_name" {}
variable "public_subnet2_name" {}
variable "public_subnet3_name" {}
# variable "private_subnet_name" {}
variable Main_Routing_Table {}
variable "azs" {
 description = "Run the EC2 Instances in these Availability Zones"
 type = list(string)
 default = ["us-east-1a", "us-east-1b", "us-east-1c"]
}
variable "environment" { default = "dev" }
variable "instance_type" {
 type = map(string)
 default = {
  dev = "t2.nano"
  test = "t2.micro"
  prod = "t2.medium"
  }
```

```
}
```

terraform.tfvars

```
# aws_access_key = "xxxxxxx"
# aws_secret_key = "yyyyyyy"
aws_region
                = "us-east-1"
vpc_cidr
               = "10.1.0.0/16"
public_subnet1_cidr = "10.1.1.0/24"
public_subnet2_cidr = "10.1.2.0/24"
public_subnet3_cidr = "10.1.3.0/24"
# private_subnet_cidr = "10.1.20.0/24"
                = "terraform-aws-testing"
vpc_name
                 = "terraform-aws-igw"
IGW_name
public_subnet1_name = "Terraform_Public_Subnet1-testing"
public_subnet2_name = "Terraform_Public_Subnet2-testing"
public_subnet3_name = "Terraform_Public_Subnet3-testing"
# private_subnet_name = "Terraform_Private_Subnet-testing"
Main_Routing_Table = "Terraform_Main_table-testing"
key_name
               = "aws"
environment
               = "dev"
```

By Using Above one We can Create A Basic Infra, Now We have To add a resource EC2

main.tf

```
resource "aws_instance" "web-1" {
   ami = "ami-04b4f1a9cf54c11d0"
   availability_zone = "us-east-1a"
   instance_type = "t2.micro"
   key_name = "aws"
   subnet_id = data.aws_subnet.Terraform_Public_Subnet1-testing.id
```

```
vpc_security_group_ids = [data.aws_security_group.allow_all.id]
  associate_public_ip_address = true
  tags = {
     Name = "Server-1"
     Env = "Prod"
     Owner = "Teja"
      CostCenter = "ABCD"
}
}
terraform {
 backend "s3" {
  bucket = "terraform250304"
  key = "current-state.tfstate"
  region = "us-east-1"
 }
}
```

data-source.tf

```
data "aws_vpc" "terraform-aws-testing" {
  id = "vpc-080c60024c21fda34"
}

data "aws_subnet" "Terraform_Public_Subnet1-testing" {
  id = "subnet-08e369e685a3c92db"
}

data "aws_security_group" "allow_all" {
  id = "sg-0dcea5f0cfa781c84"
}
```

Like these State Files Created

