

Algorithm Insert Circular Queue using Array()

Input: A circular queue implemented using an array, say A, an element to be inserted, say ITEM and FRONT, a variable that will hold the index of the item inserted first in the queue and REAR, a variable that will hold the index of the item inserted last in the queue.

Output: ITEM successfully inserted at the REARth position of the circular queue otherwise suitable overflow message.

Data Structure used: An array A[L..U] where L = Lower index of the array, U = Upper index of the array and SIZE = U - L + 1

Steps:

1. Begin
2. If (FRONT == (REAR + 1) % SIZE)
3. Then
4. Print "Queue Overflow, Item can't be inserted "
5. Else
6. Set REAR = (REAR + 1) % SIZE
7. Set A[REAR] = ITEM
8. If (FRONT = L - 1)
9. Then
10. Set FRONT = FRONT + 1
11. End If
12. End If
13. End

Algorithm Delete Circular Queue using Array()

Input: A circular queue implemented using an array, say A, FRONT, a variable that will hold the index of the item inserted first in the queue and REAR, a variable that will hold the index of the item inserted last in the queue.

Output: An item, say ITEM successfully deleted from the FRONTth position of the queue otherwise suitable underflow message.

Data Structure used: An array A[L..U] where L = Lower index of the array, U = Upper index of the array and SIZE = U - L + 1

Steps:

1. Begin
2. If (FRONT == L - 1)
3. Printf "Queue underflow, No item to delete"
4. Else

5. Set ITEM = A[FRONT]
6. If (FRONT = REAR)
7. Then
8. Set FRONT = REAR = L - 1
9. Else
10. Set FRONT = (FRONT + 1) % SIZE
11. End If
12. Return ITEM
13. End If
14. End

Algorithm Traverse Circular Queue using Array()

Input: A circular queue implemented using an array, say A, FRONT, a variable that will hold the index of the item inserted first in the queue and REAR, a variable that will hold the index of the item inserted last in the queue.

Output: The elements of the queue are successfully traversed from the FRONT position till the REAR position otherwise suitable underflow message.

Data Structure used: An array A[L..U] where L = Lower index of the array, U = Upper index of the array and SIZE = U - L + 1

Steps:

1. Begin
2. If (FRONT = L - 1)
3. Then
4. Printf "Queue Underflow, No item to traverse"
5. Else
6. If (FRONT ≤ REAR)
7. Then
8. Set i = FRONT
9. While i ≤ REAR
10. Begin
11. Process (A[i])
12. Set i = i + 1
13. End While
14. Else
15. Set i = FRONT
16. While i ≤ U
17. Begin
18. Process (A[i])
19. Set i = i + 1
20. End While

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21.          Set i = L
22.          While (i ≤ REAR)
23.          Begin
24.              Process (A[i])
25.              Set i = i + 1
26.          End While
27.      End If
28. End If
29. End
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