```
import tensorflow as tf
from tensorflow.keras.layers import Flatten
from tensorflow.keras import datasets, layers, models
#Load CIFAR-10 dataset
(train_images, train_labels),(test_images, test_labels) = datasets.cifar10.load_data()
Downloading data from <a href="https://www.cs.toronto.edu/~kriz/cifar-10-python.tar.gz">https://www.cs.toronto.edu/~kriz/cifar-10-python.tar.gz</a>
    170498071/170498071 -
#Normalize the images to the range [0,1]
train_images, test_images = train_images/255.0, test_images/255.0
#One-hot encode the labels
train_labels = to_categorical(train_labels, 10)
test_labels = to_categorical(test_labels, 10)
print(f"Training data shape: {train_images.shape}")
print(f"Testing data shape: {test_images.shape}")
Training data shape: (50000, 32, 32, 3)
    Testing data shape: (10000, 32, 32, 3)
model = models.Sequential([
    #First Convolutional Layer
    layers.Conv2D(32,(3,3), activation='relu', input_shape=(32,32,3)),
    layers.MaxPooling2D((2,2)),
    #Second Convolutional Layer
    layers.Conv2D(64,(3,3), activation='relu'),
    layers.MaxPooling2D((2,2)),
    #Flatten the results to feed into a fully connected layer
    layers.Flatten(),
    #Fully Connected Layer
    layers.Dense(64, activation='relu'),
    layers.Dropout(0.5),
    #Output Layer with softmax activation for multi-class classification
    layers.Dense(10, activation='softmax')
])
```

model.summary()

→ Model: "sequential"

Layer (type)	Output Shape	Param #
conv2d_5 (Conv2D)	(None, 30, 30, 32)	896
max_pooling2d_5 (MaxPooling2D)	(None, 15, 15, 32)	0
conv2d_6 (Conv2D)	(None, 13, 13, 64)	18,496
max_pooling2d_6 (MaxPooling2D)	(None, 6, 6, 64)	0
flatten_2 (Flatten)	(None, 2304)	0
dense_1 (Dense)	(None, 64)	147,520
dropout (Dropout)	(None, 64)	0
dense_2 (Dense)	(None, 10)	650

Total params: 167,562 (654.54 KB)
Trainable params: 167,562 (654.54 KB)
Non-trainable params: 0 (0 00 R)

```
model.compile(optimizer='adam',loss='categorical_crossentropy', metrics=['accuracy'])
history=model.fit(train_images, train_labels, epochs=10,
                     validation_data=(test_images,test_labels))

→ Epoch 1/10
    1563/1563
                              — 15s 6ms/step - accuracy: 0.2710 - loss: 1.9393 - val_accuracy: 0.4942 - val_loss: 1.4115
    Epoch 2/10
    1563/1563
                               - 11s 3ms/step - accuracy: 0.4406 - loss: 1.5158 - val_accuracy: 0.5636 - val_loss: 1.2310
    Epoch 3/10
    1563/1563
                               – 5s 3ms/step - accuracy: 0.4970 - loss: 1.3803 - val_accuracy: 0.5613 - val_loss: 1.2674
    Epoch 4/10
    1563/1563
                               - 5s 3ms/step - accuracy: 0.5319 - loss: 1.3058 - val_accuracy: 0.6125 - val_loss: 1.1003
    Epoch 5/10
    1563/1563 -
                               - 4s 3ms/step - accuracy: 0.5568 - loss: 1.2385 - val_accuracy: 0.6416 - val_loss: 1.0531
    Epoch 6/10
                               — 7s 4ms/step - accuracy: 0.5734 - loss: 1.1945 - val_accuracy: 0.6472 - val_loss: 1.0203
    1563/1563
    Epoch 7/10
    1563/1563
                               – 4s 3ms/step - accuracy: 0.5907 - loss: 1.1539 - val_accuracy: 0.6456 - val_loss: 1.0108
    Epoch 8/10
    1563/1563 -
                               — 5s 3ms/step - accuracy: 0.6052 - loss: 1.1119 - val_accuracy: 0.6581 - val_loss: 0.9731
    Epoch 9/10
    1563/1563
                               - 6s 3ms/step - accuracy: 0.6180 - loss: 1.0731 - val_accuracy: 0.6663 - val_loss: 0.9543
    Epoch 10/10
    1563/1563
                               - 4s 3ms/step - accuracy: 0.6226 - loss: 1.0558 - val_accuracy: 0.6763 - val_loss: 0.9410
test_loss, test_acc = model.evaluate(test_images, test_labels)
print(f"Test Accuracy: {test_acc:.4f}")
                            — 1s 2ms/step - accuracy: 0.6761 - loss: 0.9313
→ 313/313 -
    Test Accuracy: 0.6763
import numpy as np
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
# Select the first 5 images from the test set
test images_subset = test_images[:5]
test_labels_subset = test_labels[:5]
# Dislpay the selected images
class_names = ['airplane', 'automobiles', 'bird', 'cat', 'deer',
                  'dog','frog','horse','ship','truck']
plt.figure(figsize=(10,2))
for i in range(len(test_images_subset)):
  plt.subplot(1,5,i+1)
  plt.xticks([])
  plt.yticks([])
  plt.imshow(test_images_subset[i], cmap=plt.cm.binary)
  plt.xlabel(class_names[np.argmax(test_labels_subset[i])])
plt.show()
\overline{2}
            cat
                               ship
                                                  ship
                                                                   airplane
```

#Generate prediction for the selected images
predictions = model.predict(test_images_subset)

→ 1/1 — 0s 444ms/step

```
#Displays the predictions
for i in range(len(test_images_subset)):
    predicted_label = np.argmax(predictions[i])
    true_label = np.argmax(test_labels_subset[i])
    print(f"Image {i+1}:")
    print(f"True Label: {class_names[true_label]}")
    print(f"Predicted Label: {class_names[predicted_label]}")
    print()

    Image 1:
```

```
Image 1:
True Label: cat
Predicted Label: cat

Image 2:
True Label: ship
Predicted Label: ship

Image 3:
True Label: ship
Predicted Label: ship

Image 4:
True Label: airplane
Predicted Label: airplane
Image 5:
True Label: frog
Predicted Label: frog
```

```
#Visualize Prediction with Labels
plt.figure(figsize=(10,2))
for i in range(len(test_images_subset)):
   plt.subplot(1,5,i+1)
   plt.xticks([])
   plt.yticks([])
   plt.imshow(test_images_subset[i], cmap=plt.cm.binary)
   predicted_label = np.argmax(test_labels_subset[i])
   true_label = np.argmax(test_labels_subset[i])
   plt.xlabel(f"{class_names[predicted_label]}({class_names[true_label]})")
plt.show()
```













Start coding or generate with AI.