



UNIVERSITÀ DI PARMA

LABORATORY #5

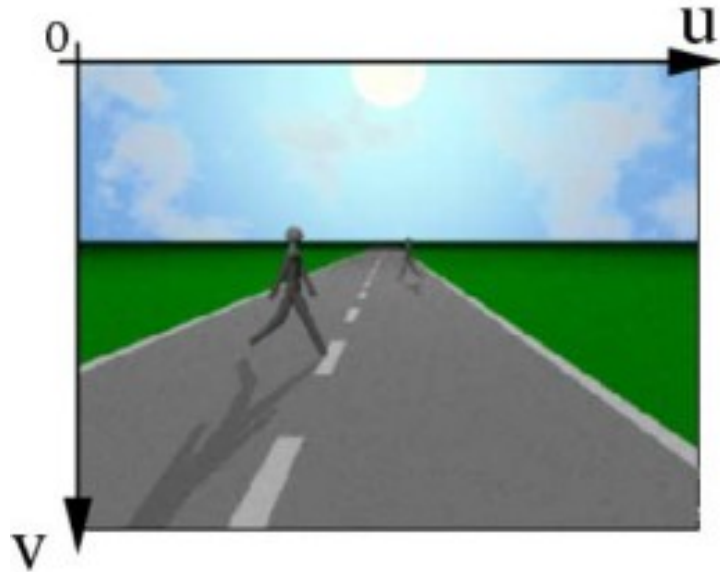
- Stereo Images
 - R.pgm L.pgm
 - Already rectified

- Compute disparity
 - Use SAD approach
 - $W \times W$ window $\rightarrow W$ as command option
 - Limit search range as $[0, 127]$

- Hints
 - On which row of the right image I have to search the correspondances?
 - Once the row is known, I have to move right or left to search?
 - We can use 5 nested cycles

- V-Disparity is a “simplified” stereo match technique
 - Instead of matching pixel/patches we match an entire line with the same line on the other image using different offsets
 - The result is an histogram for each line
 - Namely a new image having
 - The same number of rows of origin images
 - A number of columns equal to the interval of considered offsets

V-Disparity



Left image



Right image



V-disparity

- In order to obtain V-Disparity we can:
 - Start from disparity \rightarrow more precise
 - Pixel to pixel match \rightarrow more fast
- Result can be further processed to extract lines
 - Oblique line \rightarrow “floor” plane
 - Image stabilization
 - Vertical segments \rightarrow presence of obstacles

- Given the result of Homework #1
 - Create a vdisp image having 128 columns and encoding the V-Disparity of input images
 - Use as function signature
 - `void VDisparity(const cv::Mat & disp, cv::Mat & out)`

- Directly compute V-Disparity from input images
- Use a pixel – pixel match as
 - `void V_Disparity(const cv::Mat &l, const cv::Mat &r, cv::Mat & out);`