CHECK YOUR ENGLISH VOCABULARY FOR

Computers and Information Technology

Third Edition

Jon Marks

All you need to improve your vocabulary

CHECK YOUR ENGLISH VOCABULARY FOR

COMPUTERS

AND

INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY

Jon Marks

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Contents

		Page
	Introduction	4
	Section 1: Hardware	
1.1	Hardware	6
1.2	Some useful verbs	7
1.3	The workstation	8
1.4	The keyboard	10
1.5	The mouse	11
1.6	Scanning	12
1.7	Some useful adjectives	13
1.8	Printing Mahila phones	14
1.9 1.10	Mobile phones Other devices	16 18
1.10	Inside a computer	19
1.11	Data storage	20
1.12	Connectivity	21
1.14	Networks	22
1.15	Electronic payments	23
1.16	Review crossword	24
1.17	Your computer	26
	p	
	Section 2: Software	
2.1	Software: the basics	28
2.2	Using software: useful verbs	30
2.3	The control panel	31
2.4 2.5	Applications	32 33
2.5	Some useful adjectives Word processing 1	33 34
2.0	Word processing 1 Word processing 2	36
2.7	Word processing 2 Word processing 3	38
2.9	Image editing	40
2.10	Graphic design	41
2.11	Spreadsheets	42
2.12	Presentation software	44
2.13	Problems with software	45
2.14	Which program?	46
2.15	Review quiz	47
2.16	Your software	48
	Section 3: The internet	
3.1	The internet: the basics	50
3.2	Internet browsers	52
3.3	Search engines	53
3.4	Things on the net	54
3.5	Internet terms	55
3.6	E-commerce	56
3.7	Internet security	58
3.8	Email	59
3.9	Email comprehension 1	60
3.10	Email comprehension 2	61
3.11	Useful verbs crossword	62
3.12	Revision wordsearch	63
3.13	Your internet	64
	Answer key	65
	· ···-·-,	
	Index	75

Introduction

Who is the book for?

This book has been written for people whose first language is not English, and who use or are going to use computers and other information technology in an English-speaking environment. It covers the language needed to use information technology equipment, work with computer programs, discuss problems and plan projects. It does not cover advanced technical vocabulary for computer programmers or electronic engineers. All the language in the book is intended to be accessible to intermediate level students and above.

How can the book be used?

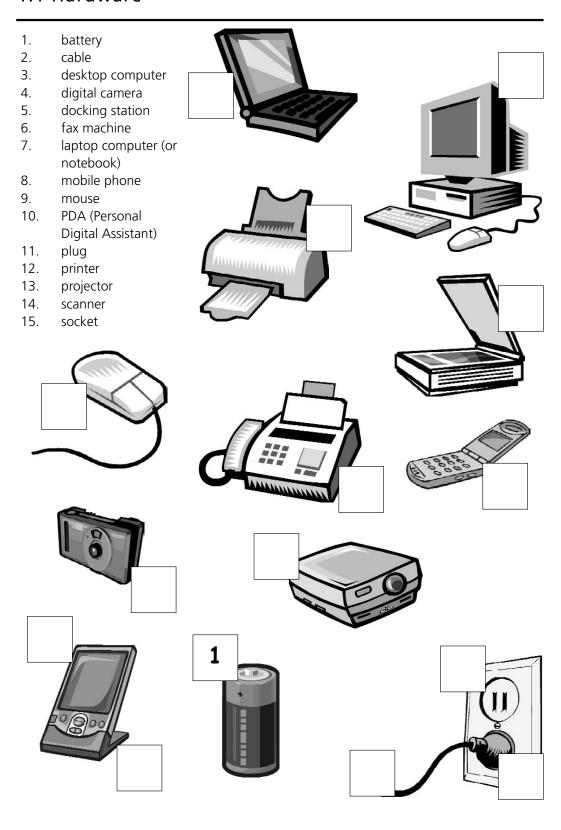
The vocabulary is arranged by topic. Choose the topics that interest you. The pages do not have to be completed in any particular order, and there is no need to complete all the pages if some are on topics which are not useful to you. It is better to complete one or two pages in a day, and remember the vocabulary, rather than completing as many pages as possible. The answers to the exercises can be found at the back of the book. There is also an index to help you find the pages which are most useful to you.

Write new words and phrases you learn in a notebook or file. Review this language regularly so that it becomes part of your active vocabulary.

A good general dictionary will be very helpful, providing pronunciation guides and more contexts. For vocabulary relating specifically to computers, *Dictionary of Computing* (A&C Black, ISBN 978 07475 6622 9) will be a useful reference source.

Section 1: Hardware

1.1 Hardware



1.2 Some useful verbs

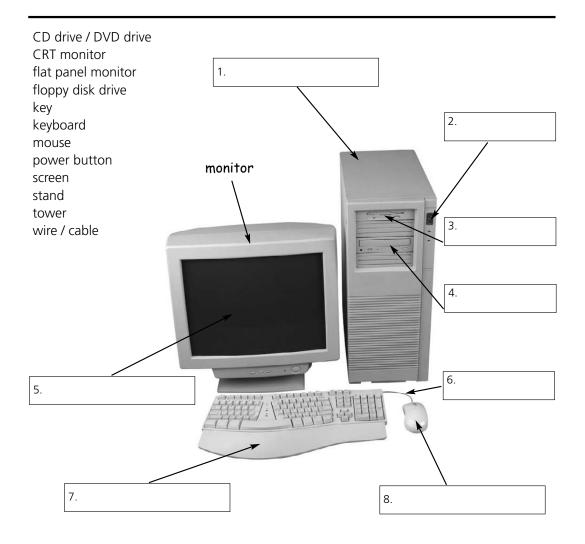
A. Match the verbs with the nouns.

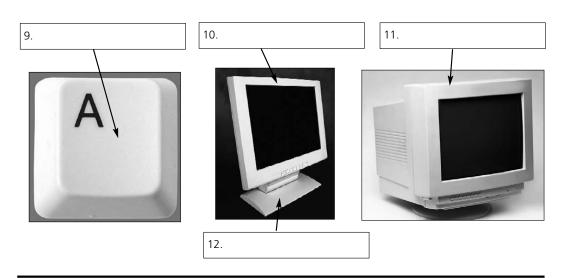
1.	recharge	a.	digital photos
2.	click on	b.	faxes
3.	dial	C.	a number on your mobile phone
4.	give	d.	a presentation
5.	move	e.	something with the mouse
6.	print out	f.	the battery
7.	send and receive	 g.	the mouse
8.	take some	h.	twenty pages

B. C

Choose	the best verb.		
9. To tu	urn on the computer,	the "Start" but	ton.
	a. touch	b. press	c. switch
10 Tha	. muintau baa	of int	
IU. INE	e printer has		
	a. finished	b. ended	c. run out
11. Uni	fortunately, my scanner	isn't at the m	oment.
	a. working	b. going	c. doing
12 5		DOM	
12. Plea	ase the CD		
	a. insert	b. introduce	c. inject
13. The	e projector isn't working	because it isn't	
	a. plugged	b. plugged in	c. plugged into
14. The	batteries in my digital	camera are nearly dead. Tl	hey need
	a. to change	b. exchanging	c. changing
15 I ha	ave to a con	nputer screen for eight ho	urs a dav
. 5	a. see	b. look at	c. watch
16. Sw	itch off your computer,	and it from th	ne wall socket.
	a. de-plug	b. unplug	c. non-plug
17. l tu	· ·	er and the pl	•
	a. pulled out	b. extracted	c. took away
18	any key to con	tinue	
	a. Kick		c. Hit

1.3 The workstation

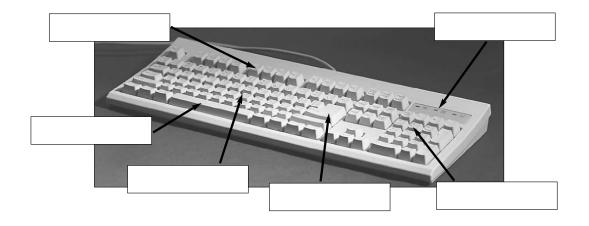




Rearrange the letters to ma	ke things which can be pa	rt of a workstation.
tucmepor	-	<u>computer</u>
13. trirpen	-	
14. nasecnr	_	
15. kesd	_	
16. hacir	_	
17. nopelethe	_	
Choose the best word.		
18. The mouse moves on a	·	
a. mouse mat	b. mouse carpet	c. mouse table
19. TV and computer screens are u	usually measured in	
a. feet	b. miles	c. inches
20. Before you start work,	the height of your chair	
a. adjust	b. change	c. rearrange
21. To get sound from your comp	uter, plug in a pair of	
a. loudhailers	b. loudspeakers	c. loud voices
22. The computer is connected to	the telephone line via a	·
a. module	b. modem	c. mod
23. You can increase the functions	s or performance of a computer w	ith an
a. extension card	b. exploding card	c. expansion card
24. Mobile phones and PDAs can	communicate with computers via _	·
a. Bluebeard ®	b. Blueberry ®	c. Bluetooth ®
25. There's a spare in	the workstation	
a. electric hole	b. power point	c. electrical opening
26so you can plug in your mob	pile phone	
a. charger	b. power	c. electrification
27. SD cards can be read in a com	puter's	
a. storage reader	b. memory reader	c. card reader

1.4 The keyboard

space bar alphabet keys calculator keys
function keys return key (or enter key) indicator lights



shift key alt key control key escape key delete key tab key caps lock key backspace key

- 1. To go back one space, hit the ______.
- 2. To change to capital letters, press the _____
- 3. To change the capital letters permanently, hit the ____
- 4. To insert a tabulation, press the ______.5. To activate the "Ctrl" functions, press the ______.
- 6. To activate the "alt" functions, hit the _____
- 7. To stop the computer doing something, you can press the
- 8. Select the text you want to remove, and hit the

You can say "key" or "button"

standard keyboard key in (or type in) ergonomic keyboard enter data input



9. Please ______ your password.
10. It took me two hours to ______ all that text.
11. A keyboard is a ______ device.
12. Do you have a ______?

No. I have a special ______. It's better for my arms and back.

1.5 The mouse

pointer on optical roll scroll up scroll down touchpad left button right button joystick single double scroll wheel hold down repetitive strain injury

1. _____ to see pages above. 2. _____to see pages below. To select text, _____ the left button, and move the mouse pointer. 3. If you use a mouse for many hours every day, you can get _____ in your fingers. 4. With a laptop computer, plug in a mouse, or use the _____ in front of the 5. keyboard. To play some games, you need to use a ______ instead of a mouse. 6. 7. To move up and down a page, you can _____ the mouse wheel. 8. This mouse doesn't have a ball. It's an _____ mouse. One click of a mouse button is called a _____ click. 9. Two clicks of a mouse button are called a _____ click. 10. Click _____ the folder to open it. 11. 12. _ 13. 14. 15. _

A wheel mouse

1.6 Scanning

adjust all-in-one preview (or prescan) at brightness connected contrast file format flatbed handheld high image editing low **OCR** software click original dpi text

How to scan an image

1.	Make sure the scanner is to the computer.
2.	Lift the lid and put the on the scanner glass.
3.	For high image quality, scan 300 or higher.
4.	The scanning software will automatically do a
5.	If the image is too dark or too light, you can the and
6.	"scan".
7.	If you scanned, it can be "read" by
8.	If you want to save the image, choose a JPEG is a
	good choice for photos.
9.	The scanned image can be manipulated using software.
10.	An printer/scanner can print, scan and copy.
11.	Picture A is a scanner.
12.	Picture B is a scanner.
13.	Picture C is a resolution photograph.
14.	Picture D is a resolution photograph.



D



1.7 Some useful adjectives

Choose the best adjective.		
1. Oh dear. I pressed the	button.	
a. incorrect	b. wrong	c. false
2. I can't use my mobile phone. Th	ne battery's	
a. over	b. flat	c. exhausted
3. The battery isn't completely flat	, but its very	
a. down	b. short	c. low
4. My video camera is very		
a. easy to use	b. uncomplicated	c. obvious
5. My new computer has a very	processor.	
a. quick	b. high speed	c. fast
6. The X19 notebook computer fe	atures a very design.	
a. compact	b. little	c. small
7. Keeping files on paper is	solution.	
a. an old-tech	b. a past-tech	c. a low-tech
8. Keeping files on a computer date	tabase is a solution.	
a. new-tech	b. now-tech	c. high-tech
9. My new PDA is the	model.	
a. latest	b. newest	c. most modern
10. In our office, we've set up a	network.	
a. wire-free	b. no wires	c. wireless
11. A call from New York to Toyko	o is distance.	
a. far	b. long	c. faraway
12. I don't think this printer is	with my computer.	
a. compatible	b. connectable	c. suitable
13. My laptop is only 3 centimetre	S	
a. thick	b. tall	c. wide
14. The screen on my laptop isn't	very	
a. light	b. white	c. bright
15. In three or four years, my new	computer will probably be	
a. old fashioned	b. behind the times	c. obsolete
16. When you connect this to you	r computer, it will work immediately. It's	i
a. plug and go	b. plug and play	c. plug and use

1.8 Printing

cartridge

double-sided

A. Put the words in the spaces.

out of portrait jammed print-heads reload replacement via 1. When the ink runs out, you have to change the ______. 2. _____ cartridges can be ordered online. 3. To change the cartridge, you have to lift the ______. The printer is connected to the computer _____ a USB cable. 4. The printer is ______ paper. _____ the paper tray. 5. I think some paper is ______ inside the printer. 6. 7. My printer keeps getting jammed. I think there's a problem with the paper _____ Shall I print this _____ in colour or black and white? 8.

cover

mono

feed

out

9. "Black and white" is also known as _____

10. If there's a problem with the print quality, perhaps the ______ need cleaning.

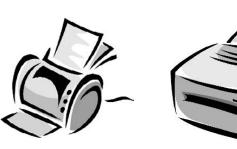
11. Can your printer do _____ printing?

12. To _____ means to put all the pages into the correct order.

landscape

13. This page is in orientation.

14. This page is in _____ orientation.





B. Which type of printer is each sentence about?

inkjet printer

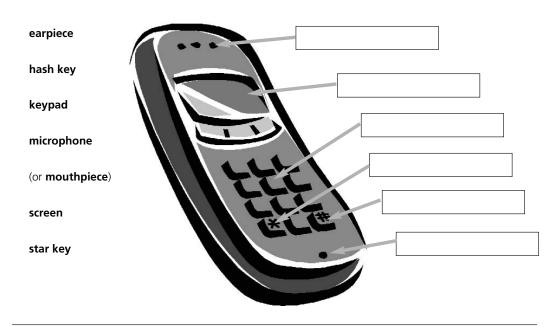
laser printer

1. cheaper to buy	×	
2. cheaper to run		
3. faster printing speed		
4. takes up more space		
5. uses liquid ink		
6. uses toner		
7. more reliable		
8. cartridges need changing more often		

C. True or false?

1.	Inkjet cartridges can be refilled up to three times.	TRUE / FALSE
2.	Colour images are printed by mixing red, green and yellow ink.	TRUE / FALSE
3.	"ppm" stands for pages per minute.	TRUE / FALSE
4.	Most inkjet printers can print out at 100 ppm or more.	TRUE / FALSE
5.	Inkjet cartridges are very difficult to change.	TRUE / FALSE
6.	Photo-paper is a lot more expensive than plain paper.	TRUE / FALSE
7.	Recycled paper is made out of old bottles.	TRUE / FALSE
8.	Some Inkjet printers have three print qualities: draft, normal and best.	TRUE / FALSE
9.	Before you can use a new printer, you have to install the driver from	
	a CD-ROM.	TRUE / FALSE
10.	When a print job has started, it can't be cancelled.	TRUE / FALSE

1.9 Mobile Phones



Mobile Phone networks

contract	installed	networks	o	perators
pay-as-you-go	SIM card	roaming	ta	ariffs
top up	users			
In Britain there are several r Orange. There are also ²	•			
When you buy a cell				
"4", with c	ustomers paying	for their calls in advan-	ce. They can ⁵	their
accounts in shops, over the	internet, and a	t cash machines. Hea	vy ⁶	may prefer a
⁷ They pay	a fixed amount	every month, but the o	calls are much ch	eaper than they are
for pay-as-you-go customers				
Mobile phones usually o	come with a 8	already	, 9	If you take the
phone abroad, you may be a	able to use it on a	a local network. This is	called "10	". It can
be expensive, and it may be	cheaper to buy a	foreign SIM card.		

Choose the best word.			
1. After 6pm, calls cost 20p	minute		
a. for one	b. per	c. each	
2. You can't use a mobile in a	cave because there's no _		
	b. connection	c. power	
3. I need to charge up my mol			
a. charger	b. recharger	c. charging machine	
4. When you send a text mess	age, the func	tion can help your write i	t more quickly.
a. predicting text	b. predictive text	c. text predictor	
5. In the car, it's safer to use a	phone.		
a. handless	b. no hands	c. hands-free	
6. If you don't want to dial a r	number by mistake, turn o	n the	
a. keypad locker	b. keypad lock	c. locker of keypad	
7. Which network has the low	est?		
a. call charges	b. call costs	c. call expenses	
8. My pay-as-you-go account _	is about £7.		
a. balance	b. level	c. amount	
9. My average call	is about two minutes.		
a. time	b. length	c. duration	
10. We're a long way from the	e nearest		
a. broadcaster	b. antenna	c. transmitter	
11so the is ver	y weak.		
a. sign		c. transmission	
Which is <u>not</u> possible?			
12. I'll call her on my			
a. mobile phone	b. cell phone	c. moving phone	d. cellular phone
13. A mobile phone can't wor	k without a		
a. SIM card	b. sim card	c. sim chip	d. similar card
44.5.4.6			
14. Don't forget to send me	b. a text	c. an SMS	d a phone message
a. a text message	D. a lext	C. all Sivis	d. a phone message
15. When I arrive, I'll			
a. text you	b. textualise you	c. send you an SMS	d. send you a text

1.10 Other devices

A. Match the devices with the places you would find them.

1. cash dispenser / cash machine / ATM at a supermarket checkout 2. barcode reader b. connected to a pair of headphones 3. magnetic strip C. in an office in 1975 MP3 player d. in an office, school or copy shop 4. 5. photocopier e. in the hands of a tourist in the headquarters of a large company 6. telex machine f. 7. video camera on the back of a credit card g.

h.

outside a bank

B. Choose the best word.

mainframe computer

8.

- 9. When you pay by credit card, your card is _____ **a.** swooped **b.** swiped c. swapped 10. A laptop computer with a screen you can write on is called a _____ a. tablet PC **b.** table PC c. flat screen PC 11. An image on TV or computer screen is made up of thousands of ___ a. points **b.** pixels c. bits 12. You can draw directly onto a computer screen with a ____ a. bright pen **b.** light pen **c.** pixel pen

a. an internet camera	b. a web watcher
c. a webcam	
14. The woman in the photo is we a. headpiece c. headset	earing a b. headphone
15. She talks to customers on the works in a	telephone all day. She

13. A camera connected directly to the internet is called

a. telephone centre **b.** call centre c. talking centre

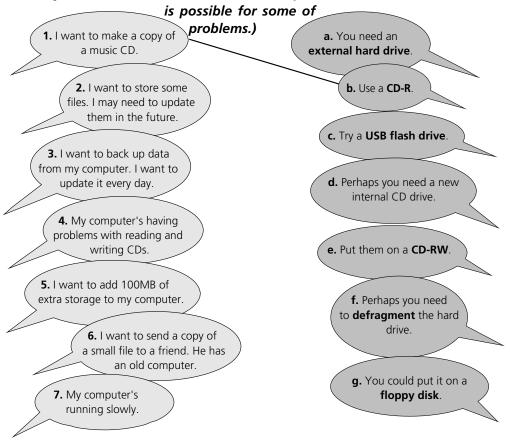
1.11 Inside a computer

chips	dual core	megabytes	megahertz
motherboard	processor	speed	upgraded
sometimes referred to as that there are two proc	essors working together	he fastest processors are ³ _ r. The ⁴	ade by Intel and AMD, and a , which mear of a processor is measured
5, whic	h is usually written as M	Hz.	
	SDRAM, this is written as		as 1,024 megabytes of memor s pronounced "a thousand ar
·	-	cated on the ⁷ ory can usually be ⁸	Changing a computer
B. Power	fan	mair	ns electricity
			-
overheating	shock	spiko	
supply	surge prote	ector trans	sformer
1. Laptops are pov	wered by batteries or	-	
2. Mains electricity	v is converted to lower vo	oltage by a	
3. A	protects electronic e	equipment from	
damage caused	by power		
4. If you remove the	ne cover from a compute	er, make sure you	
	the electricity	Otherwise,	
you may get an	electric		
5. The computer is	s cooled by a	This prevents	
the processor fr	om		

1.12 Data storage

burn capacity card drawer eject free space hard drive stick 1. The data and applications on your computer are stored on the ____ To run this application you need at least 50MB of ______ on your hard drive. 2. 3. My computer's hard drive has a ______ of 120GB. Do you like this CD? I can ______ you a copy if you want. 4. The opposite of "Insert the DVD" is "______ the DVD". 5. I can't eject the CD. I think the ______'s stuck. 6. 7. Digital cameras usually store pictures on a memory _____ or a memory

Which do you think is the <u>best</u> solution for each problem? (More than one solution



1.13 Connectivity

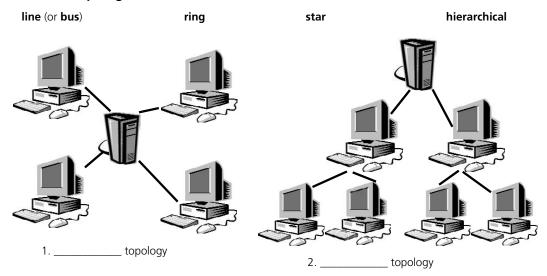
1. Scanners, printers and wel	ocams are	
a. extras	b. peripherals	c. externals
2. Add extra USB	_ to your computer	
a. ports	b. doors	c. windows
3 with a USB		
a. centre	b. point	c. hub
4. ADSL is also known as	·	
a. wideband	b. broadband	c. longband
5. I want to get a		
a. quick-speed	b. fast-speed	c. high-speed
6. The internet is much faster	r with a broadband connection than w	vith
a. dial-up	b. phone-up	c. call-up
7. With a wireless router, you	u can your broadband con	nection with other users.
a. divide	b. combine	c. share
8. This wire's too short. I nee	d an cable.	
a. extended	b. extension	c. extender
9. You can connect a USB plu	ug to a PS/2 port by using	
a. an adaptor	b. a bridge	c. a connector
Bluetooth®		
data	developed devices	enabled
signals	wireless telecomn	nunications
Plustooth® tachnolo	ogy enables 1	communication between
	n as laptop computers, mobile pho	
	rices use short-range radio ⁴	
5 quick	ly and easily. The technology was 6	by a group of
computer and ⁷	companies including IBM, Inf	tel, Nokia and Ericsson.

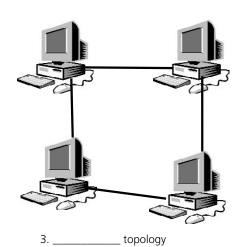
1.14 Networks

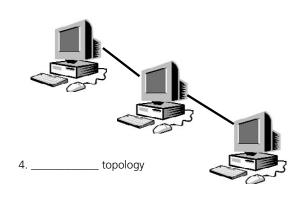
LAN

intranet	Local	log onto	network card	
satellite	server	terminals	WAN (Wide Are	a Network)
LAN is pronounced	"lan", and stands	for 1	Area Network. In a typical L	AN, there is a
central network ²		which supports a numb	oer of 3 l	Jsers have to
4	_ the network serv	ver. Pages of information	that can be viewed within a L	AN are called
an ⁵	A number of L	ANs connected to each o	ther via ⁶	or other form
ofcommunication	n are called a ⁷	To be u	used as network terminals, ea	ach computer
needs to have a 8		installed.		

Network topologies







1.15 Electronic payments

A. EPOS and EFTPOS

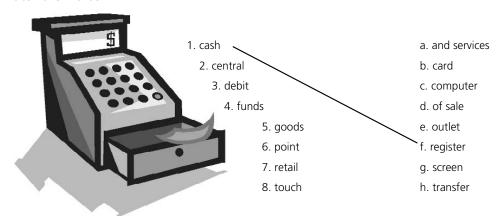
Cross out the incorrect word

EPOS (electronic point of sale) terminals are **cash / money** registers found in retail **openings / outlets** such as shops and restaurants. They are connected to a **central / centre** computer, and data about **objects / goods** and services sold is entered into the terminals via keyboards, barcode readers, **touch / finger** screens etc. They are useful for stock management, and can produce itemised bills and **receipts / recipes**.

EFTPOS (electronic funds transfer point of sale) can also transfer **cash / funds** directly from the customer's bank account via a **debit / paying** card. They are now more common than EPOS terminals.

B. Word partnerships

Match the words.



C. Plastic

Match the cards with the phrases.

1. credit card	a. Buy now, pay now.
2. debit card	b. Buy now, pay the bank later.
3. cash card	c. Buy now, pay the shop later.

4. loyalty card d. Spend, and get some money or goods back from the shop.

5. store card e. Take money out of a cash machine.

1.16 Review crossword

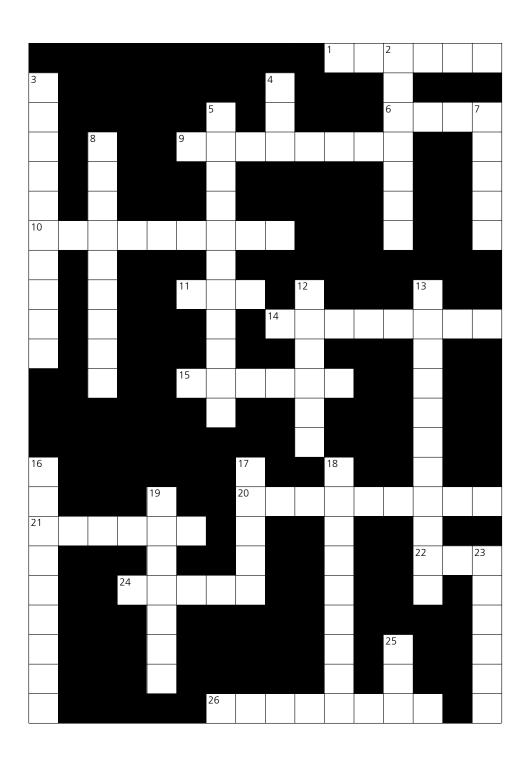
All the words can be found in Units 1.1 to 1.15

Across

- 1. A camera connected to the internet. (6 letters)
- 6. To send an SMS message. (4)
- 9. The most common page orientation. (8)
- 10. A computer's "brain". (9)
- 11. It prevents a computer from overheating. (3)
- 14. A connection without wires. (7)
- 15. The place where you put a plug. (6)
- 20. Processor speeds are measured in these. (9)
- 21. The cheapest type of printer. (6)
- 22. Lift this before you use your scanner. (3)
- 24. The shop assistant does this to your credit card. (5)
- 26. The strip on the back of a credit or debit card. (8)

Down

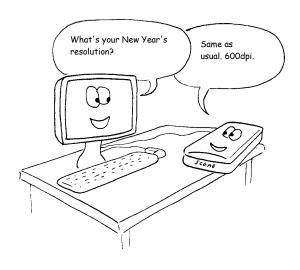
- 2. When it's dead, recharge it or replace it. (7)
- 3. You speak into this. (10)
- 4. The mouse moves on this. (3)
- 5. A computer, printer and scanner on a desk with a chair. (11)
- 7. Laser printers use this instead of ink. (5)
- 8. A design (for example, a type of keyboard) which is better for your body. (9)
- 12. An image on a screen is made up of thousands of these. (6)
- 13. Printers, scanners, webcams etc. (10)
- 16. A very large computer which never moves. (9)
- 17. A photo or drawing. (5)
- 18. You need to change or refill this when your printer runs out of ink. (9)
- 19. Two or more computers connected together. (7)
- 23. The slowest form of internet connection. (4, 2)
- 26. Image resolution is usually measured in this. (3)



1.17 Your computer

Can you answer these questions in English?

1. What kind of computer do you have?
2. Do you know the technical specifications of you computer?
3. Would you like to upgrade your computer? If so, what kind of computer would you like to get?
4. Which peripherals do you use most often? Why?
5. Do you use computer networks? If so, how do you connect to the networks you use?



Section 2: Software

2.1 Software: the basics

A. Choose the correct word	to fill the spaces.	
1. Turn on your computer. It will us	ually take a few minutes to	
a. boot itself	b. boot up	c. get booted
2. Windows XP, Macintosh OSX and	d Linux are	
a. operating systems	b. operating tools	c. operators
3. On my computer, I have a picture	e of my cat as the	
a. desktop background	b. desktop picture	c. desktop scene
4. Microsoft Word, Adobe Acrobat	and CorelDraw are programs or	
a. applicators	b. appliers	c. applications
5. To open Microsoft Word, click or	n the	
a. picture	b. symbol	c. icon
6. I keep all my digital photos in a _	called "Photos".	
a. folder	b. packet	c. box
7. Is it possible to open Microsoft Ex	ccel in Word?	
a. texts	b. files	c. pages
8. In Microsoft Word, to start typing	g a new letter, open a new	
a. document	b. page	c. paper
9. When you a docume	ent, it's sent to the recycle bin.	
a. destroy	b. erase	c. delete
10. Deleted documents stay in the r	ecycle bin until you it.	
a. wash	b. empty	c. clean
11. In Windows, the icon is just a still be on your computer.	to the application. If you dele	te the icon, the application will
a. connector	b. shortcut	c. link
12. If the computer crashes, you can	n try pressing the button.	
a. restart	b. recommence	c. replay
13. When I've finished using my cor	mputer, I always	
a. close it down	b. shut it down	c. shut it off
	ut using it, after a while it goes into	mode.
a. stand down	b. waiting	c. standby

B. Insert the missing words. close drag and drop 1. I couldn't open the find document you emailed me. I free up don't have Microsoft Word installed on my launch computer. password renamed running save 2. Click on that icon to search **3.** | _ _ Internet start menu Explorer. important document, and now I uninstalling can't find it. user window **4.** If your computer is __ several applications **5.** You can access all the at the same time, it's more likely to applications on your computer from crash. It's better to ____ the __ applications. you're not using. 6. You can view two Word documents on the screen at the same time. You just open a new 7. It's easy to move files into a folder. You can just **8.** I asked the computer to __ for files with "English" in the name, but it didn't _ any. **9.** This is a shared computer. Each _____ has their own **10.** You can _ space on your hard drive by applications you never use. **11.** If you your photos as JPEGs instead of TIFFs, you'll use a lot less memory.

2.2 Using software: useful verbs

Match the words on the left with the words on the right.

Set 1

a. a Microsoft Word file
 cut and paste
 install
 open the document in
 resize the
 a. a Microsoft Word file
 b. a new window
 c. photo. It's too big.
 d. an application
 e. some text

6. **save** it as f. icons on the desktop

Set 2

copy the
 customize your
 launch
 search
 search
 send the file
 use the
 d. for a lost file
 a program
 "search" function
 d. text into a new document
 e. to a different folder
 f. desktop

Set 3

a. menu
 exit
 click on that button
 pull down a
 replace the existing
 view
 a. menu
 b. important file
 c. an application
 d. as a web page
 e. on the task bar
 f. file

Set 4

close down an
 a. after a session
 log off
 look in
 put the file
 run a
 wipe the
 a. after a session
 a. after a session
 d. half olders
 d. hard drive
 e. on a USB memory key
 f. program

2.3 The control panel

Write the words into the spaces.				
adding default format properties tasks	background digital image screen saver wallpaper	customising displayed performance setting up wireless		
The control panel provide	s options for 1 customisin	ng the appearance of your computer		
screen, ² or	removing programs and ³	network connections.		
When you get a new com	puter, perhaps the first thi	ing you will want to do is set the date		
and time. You can also o	choose the 4	_ for dates and times. For example,		
November 4th 2007 can	be 5 as 04-	-11-2007, 2007-11-04 or in various		
other formats.				
You may wish to change t	he desktop ⁶	_ to a picture, for example a personal		
photo taken on a ⁷	camera. A picture	e on the desktop background is also		
known as ⁸				
		for a very long time, it can leave a		
permanent impression. To	avoid this, you can choos	se a ¹⁰ This is usually a		
simple moving pattern wl	nich activates if the comp	outer is not used for a set amount of		
time (for example, five mi	nutes).			
You can also use the co	ntrol panel to set up or o	change internet and other network		
connections, including 11_	network cor	nnections.		
In fact, you can change r	nost aspects of your comp	puter's ¹² through the		
control panel, such as	the system ¹³	, modem settings, scheduled		
14, althoug	h most users prefer to le	eave on the ¹⁵ settings		
rather than changing ther	n.			

2.4 Applications

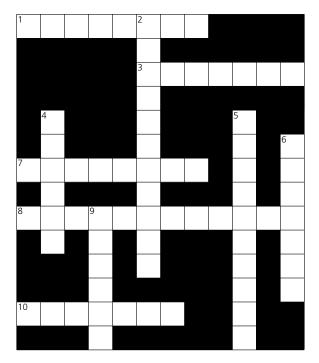
A. Match the descriptions on the left with these famous applications.

- 1. word processor
- 2. spreadsheet
- 3. virus protection
- 4. browser
- 5. image editor
- 6. media player
- 7. email software
- 8. presentation software
- 9. graphic design software

- a. Adobe Photoshop
- **b.** Internet Explorer
- c. Microsoft Word
- d. Microsoft Excel
- e. Microsoft PowerPoint
- f. Norton AntiVirus
- g. Outlook Express
- h. Adobe PageMaker
- i. RealPlayer

B. Crossword

- 1. programs which tell the computer what to do (8)
- 2. a piece of software which makes a computer do a task (for example, edit an image) (11)
- 3. any set of instructions for a computer (7)
- 4. software which operates a peripheral, such as a scanner or printer (6)
- 5. application which stores and displays digital photos (5,5)
- 6. you enter a security code to prove that you have a _____ to use the software (7)
- 7. software which prevents unauthorised access to your computer over the internet (8)
- 8. a series of letters and numbers which you have to enter before installing some programs (8,4)
- 9. download new features for an application (6)
- 10. an unauthorised copy of a program (7)



2.5 Some useful adjectives

A. Choose the best words.

1.	Software	which	is	easy	to	use	is	
----	----------	-------	----	------	----	-----	----	--

a. user-easy **b.** user-friendly

c. usable

2. Software which is obvious to use is...

a. intuitive **b.** guessable

c. comprehensible

3. Software which is not obvious to use is...

a. counter-intuitive

b. unintuitive

c. non-intuitive

4. Software for use by children and schools is...

a. learning

b. teaching

c. educational

5. Software for use by businesses is...

a. commercial

b. businesslike

c. busy

6. Software made specially for one company is...

a. one-off

b. unique

c. tailor-made

7. Software for use at home is...

a. for home use

b. for house use...

c. for household use

8. Software which has been illegally copied is...

a. unreal

b. pirated

c. fake

9. Software which has been bought from the company that produced it is...

a. real

b. justified

c. licensed

Types of software

B. Match the type of software with the definition.

1. trial version

a. A simplified version which is cheaper to buy.

2. shareware

3. freeware

b. Software which is in the **public domain**. Anybody can use it without paying.

c. The **full version** with all the features.

4. home-use version

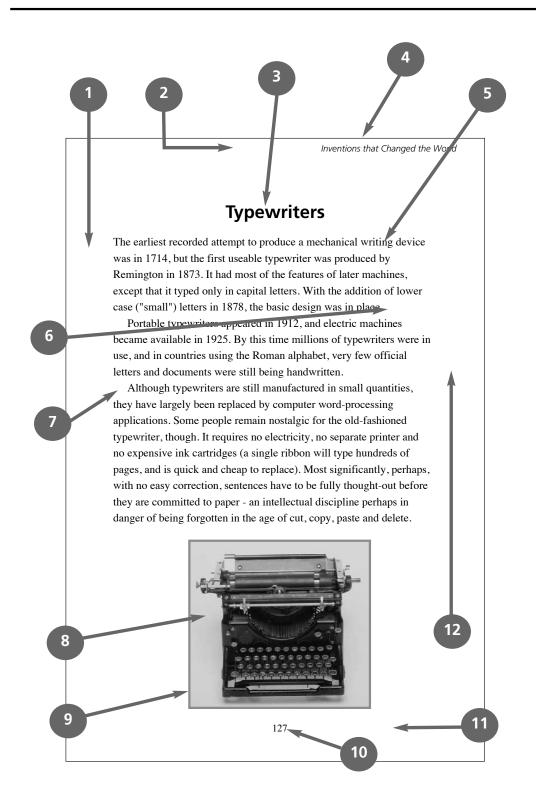
 ${f d.}$ You can try it for a while for free. Then if you want to keep using

5. professional version

it, you are expected to pay a small **fee** to the writer.

e. You can use it for free for a while (often a month). When the **trial period** finishes, you have to pay, or the program will **de-activate**.

2.6 Word processing 1



A. Write the numbers next to the words. B. Match the words with the types of lettering 2 top margin bold bold italic lower case (or small letters) bottom margin outline plain text shadow left-hand margin strikethrough underline upper case (or capital letters) right-hand margin 1. _____ ABCDEFG heading (or title) **2**. _____ abcdefg body text 3. _____Typewriters paragraph break 4. _____Typewriters indent 5. _____ Typewriters illustration 6. _____Typewriters border (or frame) 7. _____Typewriters 8. _____ Typewriters page number 9. _____Typewriters page border (or edge of the page) 10. _____Typewriters C. Choose the best words. 1. The text about typewriters is divided into three ____ **a.** sections **b.** paragraphs c. chunks 2. Times, Arial and Courier are types of ____ **a.** lettering **b.** character c. font 3. The text about typewriters is _____ **b.** double spaced c. one-and-half spaced **a.** single spaced 4. "Inventions that Changed the World" is the _____ **a.** header **b.** footer **c.** footnote 5. Do you think the margins are too _____ or ____ **b.** wide / narrow c. long / short **a.** big / small 6. Do you like the page _____? **b.** organisation **a.** layout c. pattern

2.7 Word processing 2

Sunnydays Coach Tours

Winter / Spring Tours

Dec 1st: Paris

Five nights in a four star hotel just 200 metres from the Eiffel Towers. All meals included. Depart London 10 am.

Dec 7th: Amsterdam

Three nights in simple guest house overlooking a canal in the heart of Amsterdam. Breakfast and a canal tour included in the price. Depart 8.00 am Bristol, 10.15 am London.

Dec 11th / Dec 16th: Christmas Markets in Vienna

Discover the magic of Austria's Christmas markets. Five nights half-board. Optional extra trip to Innsbruck. Depart Cardiff 8 am Dec 11th, and London 9 am Dec 16th.

Dec 29th: New Year in Verona

Three nights half board in one of northern Italy's most beautiful cities. On the evening of Dec 31st enjoy a five course gourmet meal in one of Verona's finest restaurants, followed by the traditional firework display in Piazza Bra.

January 13th to March 10th: Skiing in the French Alps

Avoid the airport crowds – go by coach! Departures
Saturdays 9am London. Drop-off points throughout SW
France. Wide range of accommodation packages available.

March 20th / March 27th: Berlin Five nights full board in a two star hotel conveniently located a short

metro ride from the city centre. Price includes a three-day travel pass. Depart 8.00 am Bristol, 10.15 am London



April 4th: Easter in San Sebastian

Enjoy the traditional Easter celebrations in one of northern Spain's most elegant and atmospheric cities. 6 nights half board in a three star seafront hotel.

Depart London 8.30 am.

April 11th / April 17th : The Tulip Fields of Holland

Experience the beauty of rural Holland in spring, based in a comfortable guesthouse in the historic city of Delft. Five nights half board. Depart Cardiff 8 am April 11th, and London 9 am April 17th.

April 24th: Barcelona

Five nights in a centrally-located one-star hotel on a bedand-breakfast basis. Price includes a three-day city transport card. Optional extra excursion to the Salvador Dali museum in Figueres. Depart London 8 am

A. Choose the best words.

1. "Winter / Spring Tours" is the		
a. under-heading	b. sub-heading	c. below-heading
2. The body text is divided into two		
•		- atria a
a. columns	b. pillars	c. strips
3. The body text is		
a. left-aligned	b. centred	c. justified
<u> </u>		,
4. The illustration isn't original artwork.	It's	
a. screen art	b. free art	c. clipart
The disput has been given		
5. The clipart has been given		
a. an under shadow	b. a drop shadow	c. a sub-shadow
6. This poster has been given a 10% gro	ev background	
a. wash	b. fill	c. colour
a. wasii	W: 1111	C. Coloui
7. The design of this poster is	:	
a. a bit amateurish	b. highly professional	c. state-of-the-art
	=	

Punctuation and symbols

B. Match the words with the punctuation marks and symbols.

1. full stop	a.	!
2. comma	b.	@
3. exclamation mark	C.	,
4. question mark	d.	&
5. single quotes	e.	
6. double quotes	f.	=
7. dollar sign	g.	'Hello'
8. percentage sign	h.	\rightarrow
9. ampersand	i.	*
10. asterisk	j.	"Hello"
11. hash	k.	_
12. brackets	l.	-
13. left bracket	m.	?
14. square brackets	n.	1
15. underscore	Ο.	()
16. hyphen	p.	\$
17. plus sign	q.	\
18. equals sign	r.	[]
19. colon	S.	%
20. semicolon	t.	(
21. "at" sign	u.	#
22. forward slash	٧.	:
23. backward slash	W.	+
24. arrow	Х.	;

C. Look at this table, and answer true or false.

Departure times

Bristol	London	Dover
8.15	10.30	12.45
14.00	16.15	18.30
17.45	19.00	21.15

- 1. All the cells are the same size.
- 2. There are four columns and three rows.
- 3. The text in the top bar is reversed-out.
- 4. The middle column has a lighter flood fill.
- 5. The text is centred within its cells.
- 6. The table gridlines are grey.

2.8 Word processing 3

A. Match the word processing tool with the task.

1. word count a. produces form letters and address labels

2. spell checker **b.** counts the number of words, lines and paragraphs

3. auto format c. finds all instances of a word or phrases in a document

4. template **d.** checks the text for spelling errors

5. find e. automatically changes the styles of headings, lists etc.

6. replace f. shows how a document has been altered

7. print preview **q.** records a sequence of commands, and applies them when required

8. track changes h. a pre-formatted blank document – just type your text into the fields

9. mail merge i. shows how the document will look in print

10. macro j. replaces words or phrases in a document with new text

B. Match the words with the examples.

1. Times 10 point

a. Jane stared at the screen

2. Times 24 point

3. bullet points

4. superscript

5. subscript

6. justified text

7. highlighted text

8. text wrap

b. Jane stared at the screen. The document had disappeared! She hadn't made a back-up copy. Hours



of work wasted!

c. Possible courses of action:

Re-type the entire document.

Get a computer engineer to find if the text could be retrieved.

Resign, and get another job.

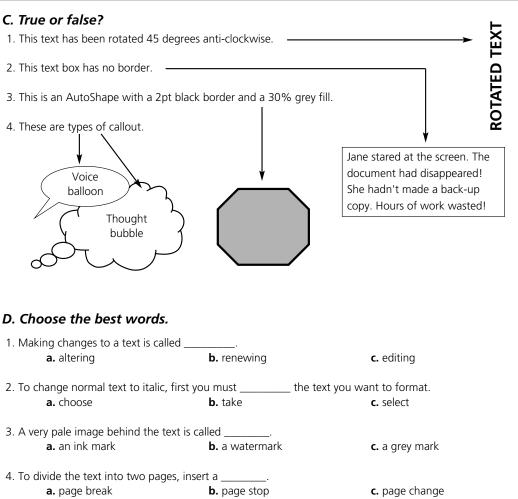
d. Jane stared at the screen.

e. Jane stared at the screen.

f. Jan. 24th

g. A₂

h. Jane stared at the screen. The document had disappeared! She hadn't made a back-up copy. Hours of work wasted!



3. A very p	ale image behind the text is cal	led	
a.	an ink mark	b. a watermark	
	e the text into two pages, insert page break	t a b. page stop	c. page change
u.	page break	b. page stop	c. page change
5. The num	nbers at the bottom of the page	e are	
a.	page numbers	b. sheet numbers	c. paper numbers
	, ,	e (usually in a smaller font size) is b. foot	called a c. footnote
		lphabetical order is to b. organise	c. order
8 Δ list of	contacts, addresses etc. is called	d	
		b. a list	c. a database
9. Produci	ng a document on your compu	ter and sending it direct to a print	ing press is
a.	computer publishing	b. desktop publishing	c. electronic publishing
10. Cut or	copied text is temporarily store	d in the	
		b. clip	c. clipart

2.9 Image editing

A. Match the word with the definition.

crop
 sharpen
 turn an image
 reverse an image

c. improve the appearance of an

image

4. zoom in
5. zoom out
6. flip
d. remove part of an image
e. copy part of an image to
another point in that image

7. rotate
f. view part of the image in more detail
g. view more of the image in less detail

8. touch up

h. convert a vector image to a bitmap image (see B5 below)

9. clonei. make the image less blurred10. rasterizej. make the image more blurred



B. True or false?

- 1. Greyscale images take up more disk space than colour images.
- **2.** It's often preferable to scan **line drawings** as **black and white images** rather than greyscale images. This takes up less disk space, and produces sharper lines. This type of image is also known as **lineart**.
- **3.** On most computers, you can view photos as a **slideshow** each photo is shown for a few seconds.
- **4.** You can also view photos as **fingernails** small versions of the photos, with lots shown on the screen at the same time.
- **5.** A **vector image** (for example, a **clipart** image) can be expanded to any size without loss of **resolution**. A **bitmap image** (for example, a photo) is made of **pixels**, so it loses resolution when it is expanded.



greyscale



black and white



high contrast



high brightness

2.10 Graphic design

Choose the best words from each pair in **bold**.

1. It's usually possible to ¹ **import** / **introduce** Adobe PageMaker files into Adobe InDesign. The majority of graphic design applications can ² **export** / **send off** documents as PDF files, or as HTML web pages.



2. This box has a black ³ **frame / outside**, also known as a "stroke". Inside the frame, the fill is a ⁴ **fade / gradient** from dark grey to light grey.

The difference between the two versions of "wave", is that ⁵ **curling / kerning** has been applied to the top version.

- 3. A frame, graphic or block of text is known as ⁶ an object / a thing. These are arranged in ⁷ levels / layers the top layer ⁸ overlaps / overruns the layer below.
- 4. This image is 9 blurred / soft at the edges (see unit 1.6 for the original). This 10 result / effect is also known as 11 feathering / birding.
- 5. ¹² **Full bleed / total bleed** means that the page is printed right up to the edges there are no white margins. The ¹³ **snail / slug** area is the area outside the area to be printed where instructions for the printer are written.
- 6. This image has been ¹⁴ **pulled** / **stretched** (see unit 2.8 for the original).



- 7. Before a document goes ¹⁵ to press / for printing, it's essential to check the ¹⁶ examples / proofs for errors.
- 8. Like desktop printers, most colour printing ¹⁷ **machines / presses** print in four colours: cyan (light blue), magenta (dark pink), yellow and black. Before printing, a document must be divided into the four colours. this process is called colour ¹⁸ **separation / division**. These separations are then turned into ¹⁹ **plates / stamps** one for each of the inks that will be used.
- 9. Prior to colour separation, coloured images, graphics and text have to be ²⁰ **transformed / converted** from RGB (Red Green Blue), the colour format of computer displays, to CMYK (Cyan Magenta Yellow Black) the colour format of printing presses.
- 10. The process of preparing documents from a graphic designer for the printing press is called ²¹ **reprographics** / **reproduction**.

2.11 Spreadsheets

	Α	В	С	D	E	F	G
1							
2							
3							
4							
5							
6							

A. Choose the best word.

1. A ba	asic spreadsheet is a c		e laddau
	a. grid	b. cage	c. ladder
2. A sp	readsheet consists of columns and	d	
	a. lengths	b. lines	c. rows
3. A sp	readsheet grid is called a workshe	eet. A file containing one or more	worksheets is called a
	a. workout	b. work	c. workbook
4. In th	ne worksheet above, the	cell is in column B, row 3.	
	a. important	b. active	c. focus
5. Use	the mouse pointer to select a sing	ale cell or of cells.	
3. 330	a. bunch	b. group	c. block
6 111	e Product		
6. It's 6	easy to adjust the column a. size	 b. width	c. space
	u. 3120	b. Width	c. space
7. Spre	adsheets can perform mathemati		
	a. calculations	b. deductions	c. jobs
8. To g	et a worksheet to perform a math	nematical calculation, you have to	enter a
	a format	b. form	c. formula
0 4 2	umbar in a spreadsheat call is ofto	n called a	
9. A III	umber in a spreadsheet cell is ofte a. digit	b. numeral	c. value
	.		
10. To	remove the contents of a cell is to		
	a. clean	b. wash	c. clear
11. To	remove a complete row is to	that row.	
	a. wipe	b. delete	c. erase
12 Ch	anging the fonts, colours etc. of a	a spreadsheet is called	
12. (11	a. formatting	b. forming	c. reforming

B. Add the arithmetic operator symbols to the table below.

* / ^ - +

symbol	verb	noun	everyday speech
	add	addition	"five plus three equals eight"
	subtract	subtraction	"five minus three equals two"
	multiply	multiplication	"five multiplied by three equals fifteen" "five times three equals fifteen"
	divide	division	"fifteen divided by three equals five"
	raise to the power of		"ten to the power of five is 100,000"

C. Answer true or false.

 $\textbf{0.75} \ \rightarrow \textbf{7.5}$

1. The decimal point has been shifted one place to the right.

TRUE / FALSE

188

102

65

12

2. The four numbers above have been sorted in ascending order.

TRUE / FALSE

0.005

0.05

5,000 5,055.5

3. The four numbers above have been sorted in descending order.

TRUE / FALSE

apples bananas

pears

pineapples

4. The four words above have been sorted in alphabetical order.

TRUE / FALSE

D. Choose the best words from each pair in grey type.

Three useful features in Microsoft Excel:

- Cells can contain ¹ text / language, numerical ² values / details and formulas. It's also possible
 to add pop-up comment ³ boxes / squares containing additional information (choose Comment
 from the Insert menu).
- The **Fill** and **Autofill** commands can be used for making multiple copies of the contents of a cell. Autofill can also be used to automatically create a ⁴ list / series of months, numbers etc.
- You can improve the ⁵ looks / appearance of a spreadsheet very quickly by using the AutoFormat feature.

2.12 Presentation software

1. In Microsoft PowerPoint, when crea	ating a new presentation, you can o	choose between a blank
presentation, a design template and t	he AutoContent	
a. witch	b . wizard	c. bogeyman
2. PowerPoint can be used to create p	presentation	
a. slideshows	b. picture shows	c. exhibitions
3. You can choose a to mo	ove from one slide to another.	
a. changing effect	b. moving effect	c. transition effect
4. You can include moving pictures in	your presentation. These are called	d
a. films	b . movies	c. animations
5. You can choose a for y	our presentation.	
a. colour pattern	b. colour arrangement	c. colour scheme
6. You can give your presentation ove	r the internet as an	
a. online broadcast	b. online show	c. online spectacle
7. It's usually clearer to present statist	ics in the form of a table or	·
a. chart	b. figure	c. track
8. If you wish, the software will help y	ou of your presentation	on.
a. practice the times	b. rehearse the timing	c. try out the times
9. You can choose to record the	on your computer	
a. narration	b. speaking	c. voice
10rather than giving it		
a. in real life	b. for real	c. live



2.13 Problems with software

Choose the correct preposition. Then match the problem with the solution.

1. The operating system in / on my computer doesn't support the latest version of / from this application.	a. You can download one for free to / from the internet.
2. These files are too big.	b. Perhaps you could get an older version – or buy a new computer!
3. My computer says it hasn't got enough memory for / to run this program.	c. What about uninstalling the driver for your old printer?
4. I can't understand this program. It's too complicated.	d. Have you checked to see if there are any updates available in / on the internet?
5. I think there's a bug in / inside this software.	e. Why don't you close off / down all those other applications you've got open?
6. There doesn't seem to be an icon for the program in / on the desktop.	f. You can get a manual. I've seen one in the local bookshop.
7. I can't use this program. It's all in / with French!	g. How about compressing them with / by WinZip?
8. I can't get the driver for my new printer to / at work.	h. Go to / on the "start" menu, and click at / on "All Programs".
9. I haven't got a media player in / on my computer.	i. Change the language setting.
1 2 3 4 5	6 7 8 9

2.14 Which program?

Match the operations with the application types.

	word processor	spreadsheet	image editor	media player
1. select text	х	х		
2. save as JPEG				
3. insert table				
4. play				
5. touch up				
6. import photo				
7. exit				
8. copy from CD				
9. check internet for updates				
10. copy a block of cells				
11. insert text box				
12. page set-up				
13. optimise for internet				
14. uninstall				
15. add border				
16. insert bullet points				
17. convert to MP3				
18. paste into new document				
19. check spelling				
20. change text direction				
21. flip, crop and rotate				
22. sort				
23. alter formula values				
24. create playlist				
25. print				
26. clear all cells				
27. maximise window				
28. insert column break				
29. convert to greyscale				
30. open				

2.15 Revision Quiz

- 1. Can you name three operating systems?
- 2. Where do deleted documents go?
- 3. What's another word for the desktop background? (It begins with W.)
- 4. Where do you go to customise the appearance and other settings of your computer?
- 5. What type of application can be used to touch up photos?
- 6. What type of application can be used to store and play music?
- 7. What do you call software that can be used by anybody without a licence?
- 8. How would you describe this text?

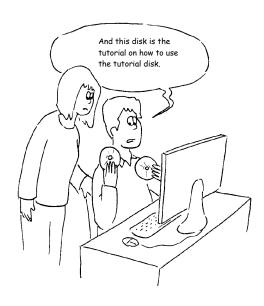
REVISION QUIZ

- 9. Which will fit more text onto a page, Arial 9 point double spaced, or Arial 36 point single spaced?
- 10. What do you call a pre-formatted blank document?
- 11. Where is a section of cut or copied text (or image) temporarily stored?
- 12. How is a flipped image different to the original?
- 13. What's the opposite of sharpening an image?
- 14. What do you call very small versions of images?
- 15. What word means to put in alphabetical or numerical order?
- 16. What do you call one box in a table or spreadsheet?
- 17. What word beginning with S means a series of displays in a presentation?
- 18. What do you call a small technical problem in a piece of software?
- 19. What does WinZip do? (Clue: is the file too big?)
- 20. What kind of software operates printers, scanners etc?
- 21. Tables and spreadsheet grids are made up of _____ (vertical) and _____ (horizontal).
- 22 to 30. Can you name these symbols?
- 22. **\$** 23. **&** 24. ***** 25. **#** 26. **()** 27. **/** 28. **** 29. **?** 30. **+**

2.16 Your software

Can you answer these questions in English?

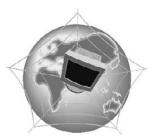
1. Which application do you use most often? Why?
2. How does it help you in your work?
3. Which features do you find most useful?
4. Does it have any limitations which annoy you? What are they?
5. Is there an application you'd like to learn to use? What would you use it for?



Section 3: The Internet

3.1 The internet: the basics

A. Choose the best word from each pair in grey type.



What's the difference between the Web and the internet?

Some people think that the internet and the Web are the same thing, but in fact they are different. The internet (often called simply "the net") is a global 1 network / net of interconnected computers. These computers communicate with each other ² over / through existing telecommunications networks - principally, the telephone system. The Word Wide Web (usually known as just "the Web") is the billions of web pages that are stored on large computers called web ³ servers / services.

To 4 see / access the web, you need a computer and a modem. You then connect over your telephone line to an internet service 5 port / provider (ISP), which sends your request to view a particular web page to the correct web server.

Websites are not the only service available on the internet. It is also used for many other functions, including sending and receiving email, and connecting to newsgroups and 6 discussion / talking groups.

You could say that the internet is a system of roads, and web pages and emails are types of traffic that travel on those roads.

B. Put these operations in the order that you do them (variations are possible).

close down your browser
connect to your ISP
disconnect from the internet
enter a web address (also known as a URL*) into the address field
launch your browser (for example, Internet Explorer, Netscape Navigator or Mozilla Firefox)
perhaps wait for a few seconds while the web-page downloads
view the page

Web addresses

Web address / URL: http://www.acblack.co.uk domain name www.acblack.co.uk host: acblack http://

protocol:

type of site: .co.uk country code: .uk

^{*} URL stands for Uniform Resource Locator, but the full term is almost never used

C. Choose the best words.		
1. ADSL* is more commonly known as	5	
a. longband	b. broadband	c. wideband
2. Broadband internet connection is m	uch faster than	
a. dial-in	b. dial-through	c. dial-up
3. Before you can connect to the inter an ISP.	net for the first time, you have to	o an account with
a. set	b. set up	c. set in
4. Each time you want to connect to y	our ISP's system, you have to en	ter a log-in name and a
a. security word	b. safe word	c. password
5. You can set your computer to each time.	your log-in details, so you	u don't have to type them in
a. store	b. remember	c. recall
6. With a broadband connection, you	usually have to pay a	
	b. fixed monthly fee	c. fixed monthly cost
7. With dial-up, you can usually choos	e a tariff.	
a. pay-as-you-go	b. pay-what-you-want	c. pay-if-you-like
8. Some broadband contracts limit the a. pages	amount of you can b. traffic	have each month. c. use
9. Looking at web pages can be called	"navigating the Web" but is mo	ore commonly called
a. "surfing the net"	b. "skiing the net"	c. "swimming the net"
10. You can often find the answer to	a question by on the ir	nternet.
a. looking at it	b. looking for it	c. looking it up
11. When your computer is not conne	cted to the internet, it is	<u>_</u> .
a. out of line	b. offline	c. off the line
12. Internet banking is also called		
a. online banking	b. on the line banking	c. inline banking
13. An unexpected disconnection fron	n the internet is called a	
a. lost connection	b. missed connection	c. dropped connection
14. A file which is copied from the inte	ernet onto your computer is calle	ed
a. an upload	b. a download	c. a load
15. Downloading files from the interne	et can your computer v	with a virus.
a. infect	b. contaminate	c. dirty
*ADSL stands for asymmetric digital subsc	riber line, but the full term is almost	never used.

3.2 Internet browsers

A. Match the browser toolbar button with the function.

1. Back **a.** Shows a list of the websites you have visited recently.

2. Forward **b.** Opens the media bar, accessing internet radio, music, video etc.

3. Stop **c.** Displays the page you were on before.

4. Refresh¹ / Reload² **d.** Shows the latest version of the page.

5. Home **e.** Opens the search panel.

6. Search **f.** Displays the page you were on before using the Back button.

7. Favourites¹ / Bookmarks² **g.** Displays the page you have set as your home page.

8. Media **h.** Prints the current page.

9. History **i.** Stops a page from downloading.

10. Mail **j.** Displays the web addresses you have chosen as your favourites.

11. Print **k.** Shows email options.

Quiz

Do you know the answers to these technical questions about browsers? Answer true or false for each one.

- 1. All browsers (Internet Explorer, Mozilla Firefox etc) have exactly the same functions.
- 2. Cookies are data sent by an internet server to a browser. They identify the user, and track the user's access to the server.
- 3. You can get your browser to delete the cookies it has stored. (In Internet Explorer go to **Tools**, then to **Internet Options**, then to **Delete Cookies**.)
- 4. Pages you have viewed are stored in the Temporary Internet Files folder. These cannot be deleted.
- 5. You can tell your browser how long to store web addresses in the History.
- 6. You can set your browser to block pop-up windows.
- 7. All pop-ups are advertisements.
- 8. You can add extra toolbars to your browser window, for example a toolbar from Google.

¹ Microsoft Internet Explorer; ² Netscape Navigator / Mozilla Firefox

3.3 Search engines

What's the difference between a web directory and a search engine?

Web directories (for example, Excite, Lycos) list categories and sub-categories with links to websites. Search engines (for example, Google, Altavista) search the Web for web pages according to the instructions that you give them.

A. Using a search engine

Put the	words into the space	es.		
	click on	criteria	database	hyperlinks
	keywords	matches	media	refine
	returns	sponsored	view	
Stage	1: Enter one or more			
Stage	2: The search engine loo	ks for	in all the web pages o	on their
Stage pages.		the ma	atches (or "hits") with	to the web
	4: The search engine mannies who have paid the s			are links to the websites of
Stage	5: You th	ne hyperlink to	the web page	t.
			ur search by using advanc you are looking fo	
B. Logi	ical operators			
	nn refine your sear tions with the match		ogical operators. M	latch the search engine
1. "E	English vocabulary"	a. Pages	where both words appea	r.
2. Er	nglish + vocabulary	b. Pages	containing the phrase Eng	glish vocabulary.
3. En	nglish NEAR vocabulary	c. Pages	containing one of the wo	rds, but not both.
4. En	nglish OR vocabulary	d. Pages	where the two words app	pear close together.
5. En	nglish NOT vocabulary		ges that contain <i>English</i> e. vocabulary.	xcept the ones which also

3.4 Things on the net

A. Match the activities with the internet features.

1. Keep a public diary of your journey through South America **a.** webmail

2. Lose lots of money **b.** online music store

3. Find out about the First World War c. instant messaging

4. Download songs **d.** online radio

5. Listen to music in real time **e.** portal

6. Check your email from any computer **f.** blog

7. Find links to other websites g. online encyclopedia

8. Exchange messages in real time with friends or colleagues **h.** currency converter

9. Check the latest exchange rates i. e-zine

10. Read new articles about a subject that interests you j. online casino

B. Can you match these activities with the internet features? (It's not easy – the terms are sometimes confused with each other.)

1. Exchange messages in real time about anything you like with strangers.

a. newsgroup

2. Post messages about your favourite pop group, and maybe reply to other fans' messages.

b. forum

3. Exchange information and messages about saving a local wood from development with anybody who wants to join in.

c. discussion group

4. Exchange information and views about the economy of Australia with other Australian economists.

d. bulletin board / noticeboard

5. Post / download photos, video clips and messages among a group of friends.

e. chatroom

3.5 Internet terms

Choose the best words to complete the sentences.

1. "The website gets a thousand hits	a week" means the website has a	a thousand a week.
a. sales	b. visits	c. search engine matches
2. The words, images and other mat	erial that make up a website are ca	alled
a. the contents	b. the content	c. the filling
3. Designs and drawings in websites	are usually called	
a. web pictures	b. web graphics	c. web illustrations
4. Moving pictures in websites are us	sually called	
a. cartoons	b. movies	c. animations
5. Websites with sounds and/or video	o clips and/or animations have	content.
a. multimedia	b. many-media	c. mixed-media
6. A space in a website where you en	nter information (address, passwor	d etc.) is called a
a. box	b. strip	c. field
7. A hyperlink (see 3.3) is often called	d just	
a. a link	b. a hyper	c. an HL
8. In real time (see 3.4) means		
a. during working hours	b. instantly	c. in British Standard Time
9. A place with computers for public even if they don't serve coffee.	internet use is usually called an inf	ternet café or
a. web café	b. computer café	c. cyber café
10. Internet cafés offer internet		
a. connection	b. availability	c. access
11. A program that adds functions to	o a browser (eg Shockwave) is calle	ed a
a. plug	b. plugged-in	c. plug-in
12. Temporary internet files are store	ed in the	
a. cash	b. cache	c. cashe
13. Colours which all browsers can o	lisplay without problems are called	colours.
a. browser safe	b. browser acceptable	

3.6 E-commerce

Shopping on the net

account

A. Fill the gaps, then put these stages in order (number them 1 to 8).

add

	confirm	delivery	details	invoice
		shopping basket	sign in	
	You usually hav	ve to allow at least two wo	orking days for ¹	·
	Choose an item	n, and ² it	to your ³	
	Click ⁴ "	". Now it's too la	ate to change your mind!	
	When you have	e finished shopping, click "	proceed to 5	".
	Usually, you wi	ll receive an ⁶	by email.	
	Enter your nam	e, address and card ⁷		
1		start shopping, you usuall ave an ⁹ , <u>y</u>		_ to the site. (If you
	10	_ the website, and decide	what you want to buy.	

browse

checkout

B. Put the words into the spaces.

bid	down	encrypted	online	
outbid	padlock	secure server	system	
,		·		
,	so the data you se	end is		
A: "Have you ever bo	ought anything on	an auction site like eBa	y?"	
B: "No. Once I made	a	on something, but	l was	a few
seconds before the au	uction closed."			
The	symbol means	s that a web-page is secu	ure.	
	-		ne's	
Wa	as	·		> /
	A: "Have you ever book in the Line of the authors and the seconds before the authors are seconds.	outbid padlock Sites that ask for your credit card numb, so the data you se A: "Have you ever bought anything on B: "No. Once I made a seconds before the auction closed." The symbol means I couldn't book my flight	outbid padlock secure server Sites that ask for your credit card number or other personal info, so the data you send is A: "Have you ever bought anything on an auction site like eBay B: "No. Once I made a on something, but seconds before the auction closed." The symbol means that a web-page is seconds."	outbid padlock secure server system Sites that ask for your credit card number or other personal information should use a

Booking a hotel online



C. Choose the best words.

You can often make a hotel reservation ¹ by /over the internet, but you may have to pay a deposit. The deposit will usually be returned ² to / for you if you cancel your reservation a week or more ³ in / with advance.

You will usually receive notification ⁴ about / of the booking ⁵ by / from email. When you check ⁶ in / into the hotel, your details will probably already be ⁷ on / inside the hotel system. When you check ⁸ out / out of, you will usually be given a receipt.

Filling in an e-form

D. Write the information into the fields.

27/03/1965	Name
	Title Forename(s) Surname
213 Wood Street	Billing address
4044 5055 6066 7077	Line 1
	Line 2
Anne Mary	Line 3
amj999@hotmail.com	Town / City
Apartment 17	State ¹ / Province / County ²
, parametr	Zip Code¹ / Postcode²
Bellevue Apartments	Country
Chicago	Date of birth dd/mm/yyyy
Illinois	Delivery address
Jones	If different to billing address, click here
Ms	Card type
USA	Card number
UJA	Daytime telephone number +
Visa Debit	(inc. country code)
IL 60611	email address
IL OOOT I	confirm email address
1 888 999 0000	Commin email address

¹ USA ² United Kingdom

E. How is a credit card different to a debit card? Do you have one or both or neither?

3. 7 internet security

A. Choose the best words to go into each of the spaces. 1. A person who illegally accesses somebody else's computer over the internet is called a a. pirate **b.** hack 2. A website which (in theory) cannot be accessed by a hacker is ______ a. strong **b.** secure 3. A website which can only be viewed by authorised people has _____ **a.** reduced **b.** small c. restricted 4. Unwanted advertising emails are popularly known as _____ a. meatloaf **b.** spam c. sausages 5. Software which blocks attempts by others to access your computer over the internet is called a a. firewall **b.** fire blanket **c.** fire engine 6. It's essential to ______ your anti-virus protection regularly. **b.** date a. up-to-date c. update 7. Anti-virus software can ______ your computer for viruses. **a.** detect **b.** review c. scan 8. Anti-virus software can also _____ ___ viruses on removable media, such as floppy disks. **a.** detect **b.** control 9. When your anti-virus software subscription _____ a. ends **b.** stops c. expires 10. ... it's a good idea to ______ it immediately. a. renew **b.** renovate c. replace B. Match the malware with the damage. (It's not easy, and the terms are sometimes confused with each other.) 1. virus a. collects and sends private information from the infected computer to a third party b. an undesirable program which can replicate itself across a 2. spyware c. allows a hacker to access private information when he/she 3. trojan horse d. a program which adds itself to an executable file, and can 4. keystroke logger or keylogger

cause considerable damage to the data on the infected computer

e. records characters that are typed into a computer

5. worm

anna@goodmail.com	
bernard@ciaociao.it	
carol@freemail.co.uk	
dave@norsemail.no	
arriving in Rome	
I'll be arriving in Rome just after midday tomorrow (Friday). You don't need to pick me up at the airport – I can get a taxi to the city centre.	
See you soon!	
Anna	

A. Look at the email and answer the questions true or false.

- 1. The recipient is Anna.
- 2. The sender is Anna.
- 3. Bernard knows that Carol knows when Anna will be arriving in Rome.
- 4. Bernard knows that Dave knows when Anna will be arriving in Rome.
- 5. You can say that Anna Cc-ed her email to Carol.
- 6. You can say that Anna Bcc-ed her email to Dave.
- 7. The subject line is empty.
- 8. The style of the email is formal.
- 9. Cc stands for carbon copy and Bcc stands for blind carbon copy, but the full terms are almost never used
- 10. Carbon copies were a method of making copies of documents typed on typewriters.

Sending an attachment

B. Put the words in the spaces.

attach	browse		field	inboxes
	open	send	size	
You can send almost any	file as an attachmer	nt. 1	through	the folders on your computer
until you find the file yo	ou want to attach.	Click on "2_		". The file will appear in the
attachments ³	Then click "	14	", and wa	it while the file uploads. Add
more files if you wish. Wh	ien you have finished	d adding files,	click "5	".
Some email ⁶	will only rec	eive attachme	ents up to a certa	in ⁷ with one
email, for example 10MB	. If you need to sen	d a lot of ver	y big attachmen	ts, it's sometimes necessary to
spread them over a numb	er of separate email	S.		

3.9 Email comprehension 1

Hi Tony

Thanks for sending through that a/w so quickly. Just one problem – I couldn't open the attachment. I'm not sure why. My inbox is virtually empty, so there's plenty of room, and the attachment limit is 20MB, so there's no problem there. Perhaps there was a glitch somewhere. Anyway, rather than trying to figure out what went wrong, could you just send it again?

Did we discuss file format? I don't know much about TIFFs, JPEGs etc, but I meant to tell you that if you have any queries on this, you could get in touch with Steve, our designer. His email address is steve@stevegreendesign.co.uk.

One other thing. When you resend me the a/w, could you cc it to Angela? I've asked her to have a quick look at it before we put it in the brochure.

I'm looking forward very much to seeing those pics – fingers crossed that they'll come through OK this time. However, if I still can't download them, I'll ask you to put them on a disk and mail them.

All the best

Jenny

A. Are these statements true or false?

- 1. Jenny didn't receive the a/w because her inbox is too small.
- 2. The attached files came to less than 20MB in total.
- 3. Jenny has resolved a technical problem, and the attachment will come through without any problems next time.
- 4. Tony will have to resend the a/w.
- 5. Jenny is a graphic design expert
- 6. Tony is also going to put the files onto a disk and mail them.
- 7. Angela has already seen the a/w.
- 8. The style is too informal business emails should always be more formal than this.

B. Find words or expressions in the email which mean the same as the phrases below.

3.10 Email comprehension 2

Dear Jenny

As requested, I'm attaching the a/w files again.

The technical problems you've been experiencing may be due to your email provider. I have to say, I've never heard of Whoopydudu.com. You might be better off switching to one of the big names, such as Gmail or Yahoo.

Regarding file formats, TIFFs should be OK. If necessary, your designer will be able to reformat them very easily, but in my experience most designers have no problem working with TIFFs.

As the file sizes are quite large, and I understand that Angela only has a dial-up connection, I've sent her low-res versions to look at. I hope that will be OK. They should be clear enough.

I'm just about to go on holiday, so if you need me to send these files on disk, please let me know by Friday afternoon. I probably won't get the opportunity to check my email while I'm away, but if

anything arises that won't keep, my assistant Trevor may be able to deal with it.

Best regards

Tony

A. Are these statements true or false?

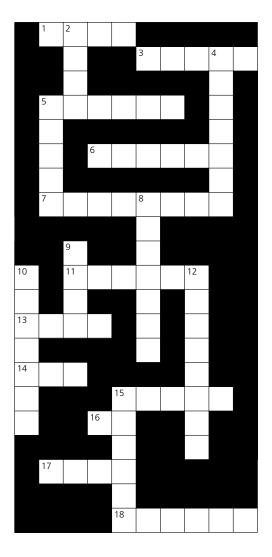
- 1. Tony thinks Jenny should change her email provider.
- 2. The designer will need to reformat the files.
- 3. Angela doesn't have broadband.
- 4. Tony is sending resized versions of the a/w files to Angela.
- 5. These versions will look the same as the original versions.
- 6. Tony is going on holiday on Friday morning.
- 7. Trevor may be able to help with any problems that come up while Tony is away.
- 8. The style is neutral neither formal nor informal.

B. Find words or expressions in the email which mean the same as the phrases below.

3.11 Useful verbs crossword

Complete the sentences with the missing verbs, and write them into the crossword puzzle. Words in brackets mean the same as the missing verbs.

1 web (display)	your holiday photos on the
2window	_ the attachment in a new
3	_ pop-ups (stop)
4	_ to the internet
5 → (turn on)	your wireless connection
5 ↓ (type in)	your credit card details
6	your anti-virus protection
7	the photo as a JPEG
8	a technical problem (sort out)
9	on your firewall (enable)
10(turn off)	your wireless connection
11server	your webpage to a web
12internet	some clipart from the
13	an attachment with an email
14	for something on eBay
15 →	pop-ups (permit)



15. ↓	the internet (use)
16 the team (send a	the email to everybody else on copy of)
17	a bid for something on eBay
18	to a different ISP (change)

3.12 Revision wordsearch

There are 33 words connected with internet in this grid. Can you find them all? (Look down and across.)

b	q	q	t	S	У	Z	b	х	d	0	m	a	i	n	у	k	n	I	р
r	V	i	r	u	S	u	I	i	i	Z	х	S	е	C	u	r	е	0	h
0	а	r	S	r	р	0	0	C	S	a	t	Χ	е	r	t	у	W	i	у
w	t	е	d	f	h	W	g	I	С	S	0	С	m	С	j	у	S	u	p
S	d	f	b	g	f	j	g	k	0	S	0	V	а	h	k	t	g	f	е
е	n	С	r	у	р	t	i	0	n	е	I	j	i	a	h	u	r	i	r
r	S	а	0	V	b	V	g	b	n	h	b	b	-1	t	i	r	0	r	I
z	C	х	a	n	h	а	С	k	е	r	а	u	р	r	0	I	u	е	i
m	u	р	d	а	t	е	Х	C	C	b	r	n	n	0	m	е	р	W	n
u	f	d	b	S	a	Z	h	i	t	S	n	n	b	0	W	q	q	a	k
I	g	р	a	S	S	W	0	r	d	٧	W	е	b	m	а	i	I	I	d
t	h	j	n	е	W	q	f	b	٧	С	С	Х	Z	а	S	h	g	I	f
i	C	I	d	r	u	i	f	n	S	p	у	W	a	r	е	j	k	I	p
m	0	р	0	t	У	q	I	m	I	0	i	0	р	а	d	I	0	C	k
е	0	i	n	b	0	X	i	b	n	r	m	W	i	е	W	е	r	u	у
d	k	q	r	W	Х	C	n	٧	а	t	t	а	С	h	m	е	n	t	q
i	i	у	t	е	Z	r	е	I	0	а	d	b	i	0	r	p	h	k	I
а	е	i	u	а	g	f	d	S	n	I	u	W	е	b	S	i	t	е	j
р	S	0	k	е	у	W	0	r	d	Х	у	С	٧	t	f	е	W	g	q
j	ļ	S	р	a	m	h	h	m	Z	а	S	S	d	I	a	u	n	С	h

<u>email</u>		
		
		
		

3.13 Your internet

1. Who is your current ISP?

2. Have you had any problems with them? If so, what?

3. What type of internet connection do you have?

4. Is it fast enough for your requirements? If not, how would a faster connection be useful to you?

5. From where do you usually access the internet?

6. On average, how many hours a week do you spend online?

- 7. Have you ever done these things?
 - a. sent and received emails
 - b. chatted in real time
 - c. booked a flight online
 - d. used your credit or debit card to pay for something over the internet
 - e. had a virus on your computer
 - f. had a problem with identity theft
 - g. downloaded a photo from a bulletin board
 - h. connected to the internet over a wireless connection
 - i. set up a wireless network in your own home or office

