















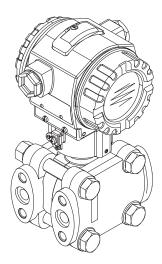


Brief Operating Instructions

Deltabar S PMD70, PMD75, FMD76, FMD77, FMD78

Differential pressure measurement





These are Brief Operating Instructions.

For more detailed information, please refer to the Operating Instructions and the additional documentation on the CD-ROM provided.

These Brief Operating Instructions are not intended to replace the Operating Instructions provided in the scope of supply.

The complete device documentation consists of:

- lacktriangle these Brief Operating Instructions
- a CD-ROM with:
 - the Operating Instructions
 - Technical Information

KA01024P/00/EN/13.11 71139772



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1 Safety instructions

1.1 Designated use

The Deltabar S is a differential pressure transmitter for measuring differential pressure, level and flow.

The manufacturer accepts no liability for damages resulting from incorrect use or use other than that designated.

1.2 Installation, commissioning and operation

- The device must only be installed, connected, commissioned and maintained by qualified and authorized specialists (e.g. electrical technicians) in full compliance with the instructions in this manual, the applicable norms, legal regulations and certificates (depending on the application).
- The specialist must have read and understood this manual and must follow the instructions it contains. If you are unclear on anything in these Brief Operating Instructions, you must read the Operating Instructions (on the CD-ROM). The Operating Instructions provide detailed information on the device/measuring system.
- The device may only be modified or repaired if such work is expressly permitted in the Operating Instructions (→ see CD-ROM).
- If faults cannot be rectified, the device must be taken out of service and secured against unintentional commissioning.
- Do not operate damaged devices. Mark them as defective.

1.3 Operational safety and process safety

- Alternative monitoring measures must be taken to ensure operational safety and process safety during configuration, testing and maintenance work on the device.
- The device is safely built and tested according to state-of-the-art technology and has left the factory in perfect condition as regards technical safety. The applicable regulations and European standards have been taken into account.
- Pay particular attention to the technical data on the nameplate.
- Devices for use in hazardous areas are fitted with an additional nameplate. If the device is to be installed in an explosion hazardous area, then the specifications in the certificate as well as all national and local regulations must be observed. The device is accompanied by separate "Ex documentation", which is an integral part of this Operating Instructions. The installation regulations, connection values and Safety Instructions listed in this Ex document must be observed. The documentation number of the related Safety Instructions is also indicated on the additional nameplate.

1.4 Return

Follow the instructions on returning the device as outlined in the Operating Instructions on the CD-ROM provided.

1.5 Safety icons

Symbol	Meaning		
Warning! A warning highlights actions or procedures which, if not performed correctly, will lead to p a safety hazard or destruction of the instrument.			
d	Caution! Caution highlights actions or procedures which, if not performed correctly, may lead to personal injury or incorrect functioning of the instrument.		
	Note! A note highlights actions or procedures which, if not performed correctly, may indirectly affect operation or may lead to an instrument response which is not planned.		

2 Installation

2.1 General installation instructions



Warning!

The seal is not allowed to press on the process isolating diaphragm as this could affect the measurement result.



Note!

- Due to the orientation of the Deltabar S, there may be a shift in the measured value, i.e. when the container is empty, the measured value does not display zero. You can correct this zero point shift either via the "zero" key on the electronic insert, or on the outside of the device or via the on-site display. → See Page 13, Kap. 4.2.1 "Position of operating elements", Page 14, Kap. 4.2.2 "Function of the operating elements on-site display not connected" and Page 23, Kap. 5.3 "Position adjustment".
- For FMD77 and FMD78, please refer to Kap. 2.3 "Installation instructions for devices with diaphragm seals (FMD78)", Page 6.
- The FMD77 must only be insulated up to a certain height.
- General recommendations for routing the impulse piping can be found in DIN 19210
 "Methods for measurement of fluid flow; differential piping for flow measurement devices" or the corresponding national or international standards.
- Using a three-valve or five-valve manifold allows for easy commissioning, installation and maintenance without interrupting the process.
- When routing the impulse piping outdoors, ensure that sufficient anti-freeze protection is used, e.g. by using pipe heat tracing.
- Install the impulse piping with a monotonic gradient of at least 10%.
- Do not clean or touch diaphragm seals with hard or pointed objects.
- To ensure optimal readability of the on-site display, it is possible to rotate the housing up to 380°.

- The on-site display can be rotated in 90° stages.
- Endress+Hauser offers a mounting bracket for installing on pipes or walls.

2.2 Measuring arrangement

2.2.1 Pressure measurement

- The PMD70, PMD75 and FMD78 are best suited for differential pressure measurement.
- Measuring arrangement for gases: Mount device above the measuring point.
- Measuring arrangement for liquids and steams: Mount device below tapping point.
- For differential pressure measurement in vapour, mount the condensate traps at the same level as the same the tapping point and at the same distance from Deltabar S.

2.2.2 Level measurement

- All Deltabar S devices are best suited for level measurement in closed tanks.
- PMD70, PMD75, FMD76 and FMD77 are suitable to level measurement in open tanks.

Measuring arrangement level measurement in closed tanks and closed tanks with superimposed vapour

- PMD70, PMD75: Mount device below the lower measuring connection. Always connect the negative side above the maximum level via an impulse piping.
- FMD76, FMD77: Mount device direct on the tank. Always connect the negative side above the maximum level via an impulse piping.
- FMD78 $\rightarrow \stackrel{\triangle}{=} 6$, Chap. 2.3 and Chap. 2.4.
- In the case of level measurement in closed tanks with superimposed vapour, a condensate trap ensures pressure which remains constant on the minus side.

Measuring arrangement level measurement in open tanks

- PMD70, PMD75: Mount device below the lower measuring connection. The negative side is open to atmosphere pressure.
- FMD76, FMD77: Mount device direct on the tank. The negative side is open to atmosphere pressure.

2.2.3 Flow measurement

- The PMD70 and PMD75 are best suited for flow measurement.
- Measuring arrangement for gases: Mount device above the measuring point.
- Measuring arrangement for liquids and vapours: Mount device below tapping point.
- For flow measurement in vapours, mount the condensate traps at the same level as the same the tapping point and at the same distance from Deltabar S.

2.3 Installation instructions for devices with diaphragm seals (FMD78)



Note!

- The diaphragm seal, together with the pressure transmitter, forms a closed, calibrated system, which is filled through openings in the diaphragm seal and in the measurement system of the pressure transmitter. These openings are sealed and must not be opened.
- Do not remove the protection of the process isolating diaphragm until shortly before installation.
- When using a mounting bracket, sufficient strain relief must be ensured for the capillaries in order to prevent the capillary bending down (bending radius ≥ 100 mm).
- Please note that the hydrostatic pressure of the liquid columns in the capillaries can cause zero point shift. You can correct this zero point shift either via the "zero" key on the electronic insert, or on the outside of the device or via the on-site display. → See Page 13, Kap. 4.2.1 "Position of operating elements", Page 14, Kap. 4.2.2 "Function of the operating elements on-site display not connected" and Page 23, Kap. 5.3 "Position adjustment".
- Please note the application limits of the diaphragm seal filling oil as detailed in the Technical Information for Deltabar S TI00382P, Section "Planning instructions for diaphragm seal systems" or at "www.endress.com/applicator".

In order to obtain more precise measurement results and to avoid a defect in the device, mount the capillaries as follows:

- vibration-free (in order to avoid additional pressure fluctuations)
- not in the vicinity of heating or cooling lines
- insulate if the ambient temperature is below ore above the reference temperature
- with a bending radius of ≥ 100 mm.
- The ambient temperature and length of both capillaries should be the same when using two-sided diaphragm seal systems.
- Two diaphragm seals which are the same (e.g. with regard to diameter, material, etc.) should always be used for the negative and positive side (standard delivery).

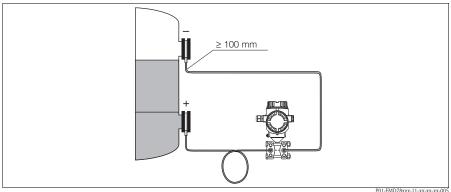
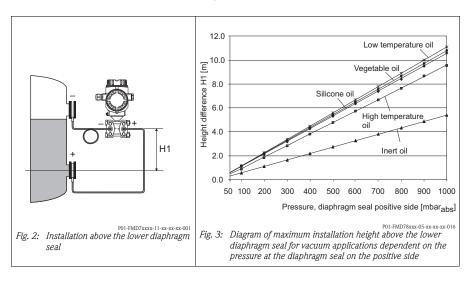


Fig. 1: Mounting Deltabar S, FMD78 with diaphragm seals and capillary, recommended mounting for vacuum applications: mount pressure transmitter below the lowest diaphragm seal!

2.3.1 Vacuum application (FMD78)

For applications under vacuum, Endress+Hauser recommends mounting the pressure transmitter underneath the lower diaphragm seal. A vacuum load of the diaphragm seal caused by the presence of filling oil in the capillaries is hereby prevented.

When the pressure transmitter is mounted above the lower diaphragm seal, the maximum height difference H1 in accordance with the illustration below on the left must not be exceeded. The maximum height difference is dependent on the density of the filling oil and the smallest ever pressure that is permitted to occur at the diaphragm seal on the positive side (empty container), see illustration below, on the right.



Assembling and mounting the "separate housing" version 2.4

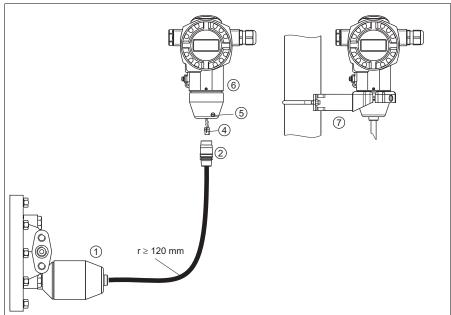


Fig. 4: "Separate housing" version

P01-xMD7xxxx-11-xx-xx-xx-011

- In the "separate housing" version, the sensor is supplied with process connection and cable fitted.
- 2 Cable with connection jack
- 4 5 Plug
- Locking screw
- 6 Housing fitted with housing adapter, included
- Mounting bracket suitable for wall and pipe mounting, included

Assembly and mounting

- Connect plug (item 4) into the corresponding connection jack of the cable (item 2). 1.
- 2. Plug the cable into the housing adapter (item 6).
- 3. Tighten the locking screw (item 5).
- 4. Mount the housing on a wall or pipe using the mounting bracket (item 7). When mounting on a pipe, tighten the nuts on the bracket uniformly with a torque of at least

Mount the cable with a bending radius $(r) \ge 120$ mm.

3 Wiring



Warning!

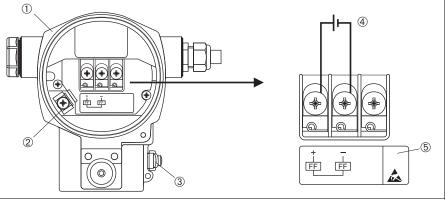
 When using the measuring device in hazardous areas, installation must comply with the corresponding national standards and regulations and the Safety Instructions or Installation or Control Drawings.

3.1 Connecting the device



Note!

- Devices with integrated overvoltage protection must be earthed.
- Protective circuits against reverse polarity, HF influences and overvoltage peaks are installed.
- The supply voltage must match the supply voltage on the nameplate.
- Switch off the supply voltage before connecting the device.
- Remove housing cover of the terminal compartment.
- Guide cable through the gland. Preferably use twisted, screened two-wire cable.
- Connect device in accordance with the following diagram.
- Screw down housing cover.
- Switch on supply voltage.



P01-xMx7xxxx-04-xx-xx-xx-008

Fig. 5: Electrical connection FOUNDATION Fieldbus → Observe also the following section. For devices with 7/8" plug see Operating Instructions.

- 1 Housing
- 2 Internal earth terminal
- 3 External earth terminal
- 4 Supply voltage, for version in non-hazardous area = 9...32 V DC
- 5 Devices with integrated overvoltage protection are labelled OVP (overvoltage protection) here.

3.2 Connecting the measuring unit



Note!

For further information on the network structure and earthing and for further bus system components such as bus cables, see the relevant documentation, e.g. Operating Instructions BA00013S "FOUNDATION Fieldbus Overview" and the FONDATION Fieldbus Guideline.

3.2.1 Supply voltage

■ Version for non-hazardous area: 9...32 V DC

3.2.2 Current consumption

15 mA ± 1 mA, switch-on current corresponds to IEC 61158-2, Clause 21.

3.2.3 Cable specification

- Use a twisted, screened two-wire cable, preferably cable type A.
- Terminals for wire cross-Sections: 0.5...2.5 mm²
- Outer cable diameter: 5...9 mm



Note!

For further information on the cable specifications, see Operating Instructions BA00013S "FOUNDATION Fieldbus Overview", FONDATION Fieldbus Guideline and IEC 61158-2 (MBP).

3.2.4 Earthing and screening

Deltabar S must be earthed, for example by means of the external earth terminal.

Different earthing and screening installation methods are available for FOUNDATION Fieldbus networks such as:

- Isolated installation (see also IEC 61158-2)
- Installation with multiple earthing
- Capacitive installation

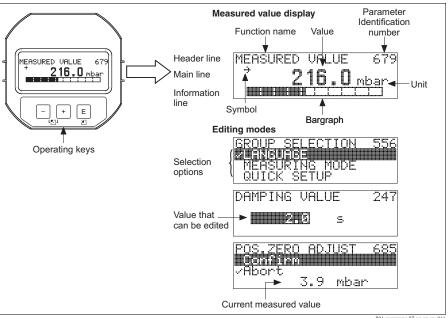
4 Operation

4.1 On-site display (optional)

A 4-line liquid crystal display (LCD) is used for display and operation. The on-site display shows measured values, dialog texts, fault messages and notice messages.

The display of the device can be turned in 90° steps.

Depending on the installation position of the device, this makes it easy to operate the device and read the measured values.



PU1-XXXXXXXX-U/-XX-XX-U1

The following table illustrates the symbols that can appear on the on-site display. Four symbols can occur at one time.

Symbol	Meaning
Ļ	Alarm symbol Symbol flashing: warning, device continues measuring. Symbol permanently lit: error, device does not continue measuring.
	<i>Note:</i> The alarm symbol may overlie the tendency symbol.
4	Lock symbol The operation of the device is locked. Unlock device, → see Page 19, Kap. 4.4.
\$	Communication symbol Data transfer via communication
*	Simulation symbol Simulation mode is activated. DIP switch 2 for simulation is set to "On". → See Page 13, Kap. 4.2.1 "Position of operating elements".
7	Tendency symbol (increasing) The primary value of the Transducer Block is increasing.
: :1	Tendency symbol (decreasing) The primary value of the Transducer Block is decreasing.
÷	Tendency symbol (constant) The primary value of the Transducer Block has remained constant over the past few minutes.

4.2 Operating elements

4.2.1 Position of operating elements

With regard to aluminium housings and stainless steel housing (T14/T15), the operating key is located either outside the device under the protection cap or inside on the electronic insert. In hygenic stainless housings (T17), the operating key is always located inside on the electronic insert. Additionally, three operating keys are located on the optional on–site display.

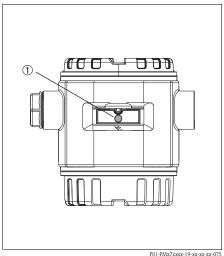


Fig. 6: Operating key, external under the protective flap

1 Operating key or position adjustment (zero point-correction) or total reset

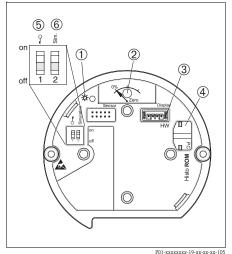


Fig. 7: Operating key and operating elements, internal

- 1 ig. 7. Operating key and operating elements, internal
- 1 Green LED to indicate value is accepted 2 Operating key for position adjustment (zero point-correction)
- 3 Slot for optional display
- 4 Slot for optional HistoROM®/M-DAT
- 5 DIP-switch for locking/unlocking measured-value-relevant parameters
- 6 DIP switch for simulation mode

4.2.2 Function of the operating elements – on-site display not connected

Operating key(s)	Meaning		
0%_Zero P02-xxxxxxx-19-xx-xx-107	 Position adjustment (zero point correction): Press key for at least 3 seconds. If the LED on the electronic insert lights up briefly, the pressure applied has been accepted for position adjustment. ⇒ See also Page 35 (Level measuring mode) or Page 39 (Pressure measuring mode). Total reset: Press key for at least 12 seconds. If the LED on the electronic insert lights up briefly, the reset is being carried out. 		
9 <u>E</u> on on 12 off. P01-XXXXXXXXXXX-19-XX-XX-108	 DIP-switch 1: for locking/unlocking measured-value-relevant parameters Factory setting: off (unlocked) DIP switch 2: for simulation mode Factory setting: off (simulation mode off) To carry out a simulation the DIP switch has to be set in the "on" position. → See also Operating Instructions BA00301P, Section "Simulation". 		

4.2.3 Function of the operating elements – on-site display connected

Operating key(s)	Meaning			
+	Navigate upwards in the picklist Edit the numerical values and characters within a function			
_	Navigate downwards in the picklist Edit the numerical values and characters within a function			
E	Confirm entry Jump to the next item			
+ and E	Contrast setting of on-site display: darker			
and E	Contrast setting of on-site display: brighter			
+ and -	ESC functions: Exit edit mode without saving the changed value. You are in a menu within a function group. The first time you press the keys simultaneously, you go back a parameter within the function group. Each time you press the keys simultaneously after that, you go up a level in the menu. You are in a menu at a selection level. Each time you press the keys simultaneously, you go up a level in the menu. Note: The terms function group, level and selection level are explained in Kap. 4.3.1,			
	Note: The terms function group, level and selection level are explained in Kap. 4.3.1, Page 15.			

4.3 On-site operation via on-site display

4.3.1 Structure of the operating menu

The menu is split into four levels. The three upper levels are used to navigate while you use the bottom level to enter numerical values, select options and save settings.

 \rightarrow For the entire menu see CD-ROM, Operating Instructions BA00301P.

The structure of the OPERATING MENU depends on the measuring mode selected, e.g. if the "Pressure" measuring mode is selected, only the functions necessary for this mode are displayed.

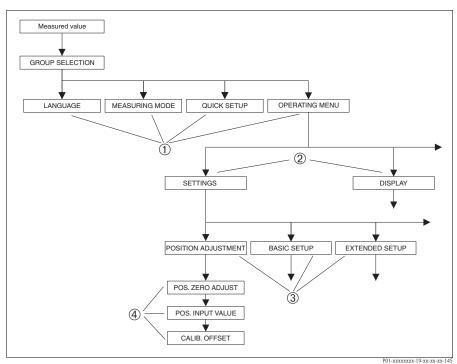
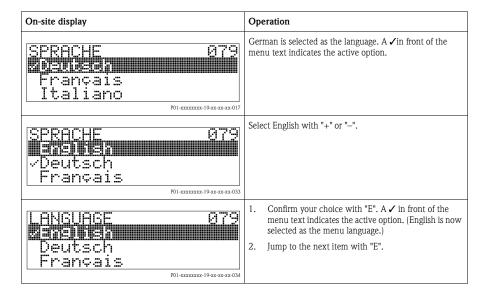


Fig. 8: Structure of the operating menu

- 1 1. Selection level
- 2 2. Selection level
- 3 Function groups
- 4 Parameter

4.3.2 Selecting an option

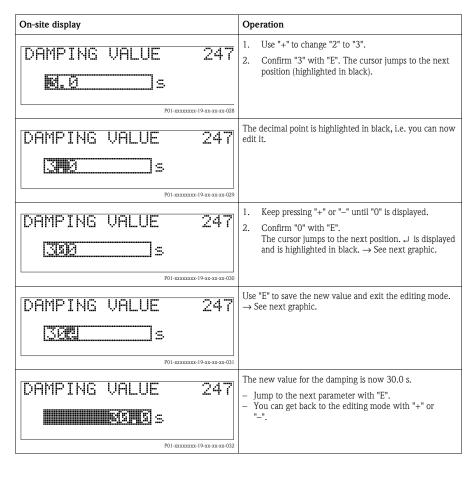
Example: select "English" as the language of the menu.



4.3.3 Editing a value

Example: adjusting DAMPING VALUE function from 2.0 s to 30.0 s. \rightarrow See also Page 14, Kap. 4.2.3 "Function of the operating elements – on-site display connected".

On-site display	Operation	
DAMPING VALUE 247	The on-site display shows the parameter to be changed. The value highlighted in black can be changed. The "s" unit is fixed and cannot be changed.	
DAMPING VALUE 247	Press "+" or "-" to get to the editing mode. The first digit is highlighted in black.	
P01-xxxxxx-19-xx-xx-xx-027	2. The first digit is highlighted in black.	



4.3.4 Taking pressure applied at device as value

Example: performing position adjustment.

On-site display	Operation
POS.ZERO ADJUST 685 ZEBont Confirm 3.9 mbar	The bottom line on the on-site display displays the pressure present, here 3.9 mbar.

On-site display Operation Use "+" or "-" to switch to the "Confirm" option. The active ZERO selection is highlighted in black. Confirm √Hbort 3.9 mbar P01-xxxxxxxx-19-xx-xx-159 Use "E" to assign the value (3.9 mbar) to the POS. ZERO ADJUST parameter. The device confirms the calibration Compensation accepted! and jumps back to the parameter, here POS. ZERO ADJUST (see next graphic). P01-xxxxxxxx-19-xx-xx-xx-037 Switch to the next parameter with "E". ZFR0 Confirm 0.0 mbar P01-xxxxxxxx-19-xx-xx-xx-160

4.4 Locking/unlocking operation

Once you have entered all the parameters, you can lock your entries against unauthorised and undesired access.

You have the following possibilities for locking/unlocking the operation:

- Via a DIP-switch on the electronic insert, locally on the display (\rightarrow see Page 13, Fig. 4).
- Via the on-site display (optional)
- Via digital communication.



Note!

• If operation is locked by means of the DIP-switch, you can only unlock operation again by means of the DIP-switch. If operation is locked by means of remote operation e.g. FieldCare, you can only unlock operation again by means of remote operation.

The table provides an overview of the locking functions:

Locking via	View/ read parameter	Modify/write via1)		Unlocking via		
		On-site display	Remote operation	DIP-Switch	On-site display	Remote operation
DIP-Switch	yes	no	no	yes	no	no
On-site display	yes	no	no	no	yes	yes
Remote operation	yes	no	no	no	yes	yes

 Parameters which refer to how the display appears, e.g. LANGUAGE and DISPLAY CONTRAST can still be altered.

	Locking/Unlocking operation via on-site display or remote operation		
Operation via Menu path: O		Operation via FF configuration program: select SWLOCK parameter in the Resource Block. Operation via FieldCare: select INSERT PIN No. parameter. Menu path: OPERATING MENU → OPERATION → INSERT PIN No. To lock operation, enter "0" for the parameter.	
Unlocking operation 1. Operation via FF configuration		Operation via FF configuration program; select SWLOCK parameter in the Resource Block.	
Operation via FieldCare: select INSERT		Operation via FieldCare: select INSERT PIN No. parameter.	
2. To unlock operation, enter "100" for the parameter.		To unlock operation, enter "100" for the parameter.	

5 Commissioning



Warning!

- If a pressure that is lower than the minimum permitted pressure is present at the device, messages "E120 sensor low pressure" and "E727 sensor pressure error overrange" are output in succession.
- If a pressure that is greater than the maximum permitted pressure is present at the device, messages "E115 sensor overpressure" and "E727 sensor pressure error overrange" are output in succession.
- The messages E727, E115 and E120 are "Error"-type messages and can be configured as a "Warning" or an "Alarm". The factory setting for these messages is "Warning". This setting prevents the BAD status from being transmitted in applications (e.g. cascade measurement) where the user is aware of the risk of the sensor range being overshot.
- $\,\blacksquare\,$ We recommend setting messages E727, E115 and E120 to "Alarm" in the following instances:
 - It is not necessary to violate the sensor range for the measuring application.
 - A position adjustment must be carried out that has to correct a large measured error as a result of the orientation of the device.

5.1 Commissioning via an FF configuration program



Note!

- The device is configured for the Pressure measuring mode as standard. The measuring range and the unit in which the measured value is transmitted, as well as the digital output value of the Analog Input Block OUT, correspond to the data on the nameplate. Following a reset with code 7864, the OUT parameter may have to be rescaled (→ see also Page 40, Section 5.7 "Scaling the OUT parameter").
- 1. Switch on the device.
- 2. Open the configuration program.
- Load Cff and device description files into the host system or the configuration program. Make sure you are using the right system files.
- Identify the device using the DEVICE_ID. Assign the desired tag name to the device by means of the PD_TAG parameter.

Configuring the Resource Block

- 1. Open the Resource Block.
- If necessary, disable the lock for device operation. → See Page 19, Section 4.4
 "Locking/unlocking operation". Operating is unlocked as standard.
- 3. If necessary, change the block name. Factory setting: RS_452B481009-xxxxxxxxxxx
- 4. If necessary, assign a description to the block by means of the TAG DESC parameter.
- 5. If necessary, change other parameters as per the requirements.

Configuring the Transducer Blocks

Deltabar S has the following Transducer Blocks:

- Pressure Transducer Block
- Service Transducer Block
- DP Flow Block
- Display Transducer Block
- Diagnostic Transducer Block

The explanation that follows is an example for the Pressure Transducer Block.

- 1. If necessary, change the block name. Factory setting: RS_452B481009-xxxxxxxxxxx
- 2. Set the block mode to OOS using the MODE_BLK parameter, TARGET element.
- 3. Configure the device in accordance with the measuring task. \rightarrow See also these Brief Operating Instructions Section 5.2 to Section 5.7.
- 4. Set the block mode to Auto using the MODE_BLK parameter, TARGET element.



Note!

The block mode must be set to "Auto" for the Pressure, Service and DP Flow Block for the measuring device to function correctly.

Configuring the Analog Input Blocks

Deltabar S has 3 Analog Input Blocks that can be assigned as required to the various process variables.

- 1. If necessary, change the block name. Factory setting: RS_452B481009-xxxxxxxxxxx
- 2. Set the block mode to OOS using the MODE_BLK parameter, TARGET element.
- 3. Use the CHANNEL parameter to select the process variable which should be used as the input value for the Analog Input Block. The following settings are possible:
 - CHANNEL = 1: Primary value, a pressure, level or flow value depending on the measuring mode selected
 - CHANNEL = 2: Secondary value, here the sensor temperature
 - CHANNEL = 6: Totalizer 1

Factory setting:

- Analog Input Block 1: CHANNEL = 1: Primary Value (pressure measured value)
- Analog Input Block 2: CHANNEL = 2: Secondary Value (sensor temperature)
- Analog Input Block 3: CHANNEL = 3: Totalizer 1

- 4. Use the XD_SCALE parameter to select the desired unit and the block input range for the process variable. → See also Page 40, Section 5.7 "Scaling the OUT parameter". Make sure that the unit selected suits the process variable selected. If the process variable does not suit the unit, the BLOCK_ERROR parameter reports "Block Configuration Error" and the block mode cannot be set to "Auto".
- 5. Use the L_TYPE parameter to select the type of linearization for the input variable (factory setting: Direct).
 Make sure that the settings for the XD_SCALE and OUT_SCALE parameters are the same for the "Direct" linearization type. If the process values and units do not match, the BLOCK_ERROR parameter reports "Block Configuration Error" and the block mode cannot be set to "Auto".
- 6. Enter the alarm and critical alarm messages by means of the HI_HI_LIM, HI_LIM, LO_LO_LIM and LO_LO_LIM parameters. The limit values entered have to be within the value range specified for the OUT_SCALE parameter.
- 7. Specify the alarm priorities by means of the HI_HI_PRI, HI_PRI, LO_LO_PRI and LO_PRI parameters. Reporting to the field host system only takes place with alarms with a priority greater than 2.
- 8. Set the block mode to Auto using the MODE_BLK parameter, TARGET element. For this purpose, the Resource Block must also be set to the "Auto" block mode.

Additional configuration

- Depending on the control or automation task, configure additional function blocks and output blocks. → See also Operating Instructions BA00303P "Description of Device Functions Cerabar S/Deltabar S/Deltapilot S".
- 2. Link the function blocks and output blocks.
- 3. After specifying the active LAS, download all the data and parameters to the field device.

5.2 Selecting the language and measuring mode

5.2.1 Local operation

The LANGUAGE and MEASURING MODE parameters are on the 1st selection level. \rightarrow See also Page 15, Section 4.3.1 "Structure of the operating menu".

The following languages are available:

- Deutsch
- English
- Français
- Español
- Chinese (CHS)
- Japanese (JPN)

The following measuring modes are available:

- Pressure
- Level

5.2.2 Selecting the language and measuring mode via FieldCare

In FieldCare, the MEASURING MODE parameter is displayed in the QUICK Setup menus and in the BASIC SETUP function group.

The following measuring modes are available:

- Pressure
- Level

The LANGUAGE parameter is arranged in the DISPLAY group.

- Use the LANGUAGE parameter to select the menu language for the onsite display.
- Select the menu language for FieldCare using the "Language Button" in the configuration window. Select the menu language for the FieldCare frame by means of the "Extra" menu → "Options" "Display" → "Language".

The following languages are available:

- Deutsch
- English
- Français
- Español
- Chinese
- Japanese

5.3 Position adjustment

Due to the orientation of the device, there may be a shift in the measured value, i.e. when the container is empty or partly filled, the measured value parameter does not display zero. There are three options to choose from when performing position adjustment.

- Onsite display menu path:
 - GROUP SELECTION \rightarrow OPERATING MENU \rightarrow SETTINGS \rightarrow POSITION ADJUSTMENT
- FieldCare menu path:
 - OPERATING MENU → SETTINGS → POSITION ADJUSTMENT

5.3.1 Performing position adjustment via the onsite display or FieldCare

The parameters listed in the following table can be found in the POSITION ADJUSTMENT group (menu path: OPERATING MENU \rightarrow SETTINGS \rightarrow POSITION ADJUSTMENT).

Parameter name	Description			
POS. ZERO ADJUST Entry	Position adjustment – the pressure difference between zero (set point) and the measured pressure need not be known.			
	Example: - MEASURED VALUE = 2.2 mbar - Correct the MEASURED VALUE via the POS. ZERO ADJUST parameter with the "Confirm" option. This means that you are assigning the value 0.0 to the pressure present. - MEASURED VALUE (after pos. zero adjust) = 0.0 mbar			
	The CALIB. OFFSET parameter displays the resulting pressure difference (offset) by which the MEASURED VALUE was corrected.			
	Factory setting: 0.0			
POS. INPUT VALUE Entry	Position adjustment – the pressure difference between zero (set point) and the measured pressure need not be known. To correct the pressure difference, you need a reference measurement value (e. g. from a reference device).			
	Example: - MEASURED VALUE = 0.5 mbar - For the POS. INPUT VALUE parameter, specify the desired set point for the MEASURED VALUE, e.g. 2 mbar. (The following applies: MEASURED VALUE _{new} = POS. INPUT VALUE) - MEASURED VALUE (after entry for POS. INPUT VALUE) = 2.0 mbar - The CALIB. OFFSET parameter displays the resulting pressure difference (offset) by which the MEASURED VALUE was corrected. The following applies: CALIB. OFFSET = MEASURED VALUE _{old} − POS. INPUT VALUE, here: CALIB. OFFSET = 0.5 mbar − 2.0 mbar = −1.5 mbar)			
	Factory setting: 0.0			
CALIB. OFFSET Entry	Position adjustment – the pressure difference between zero (set point) and the measured pressure is known. (A reference pressure is not present at the device.)			
	Example: - MEASURED VALUE = 2.2 mbar - Via the CALIB. OFFSET parameter, enter the value by which the MEASURED VALUE should be corrected. To correct the MEASURED VALUE to 0.0 mbar, you must enter the value 2.2 here. (The following applies: MEASURED VALUE new = MEASURED VALUE old - CALIB. OFFSET) - MEASURED VALUE (after entry for calib. offset) = 0.0 mbar			
	Factory setting: 0.0			

5.4 Flow measurement

5.4.1 Preparatory steps



Motel

- The Deltabar S PMD70 or PMD75 is usually used for flow measurement.
- lacktriangledown Before calibrating the Deltabar S, the impulse piping must be cleaned and filled with fluid. lacktriangledown See the following table.

	Valves	Meaning	Preferred installation
1	Close 3.		
2	Fill measuring system with flu	ıid.	6 7
	Open A, B, 2, 4.	Fluid flows in.	
3	Clean impulse piping if neces: – by blowing out with comp – by rinsing out in the case of	ressed air in the case of gases	+ -
	Close 2 and 4.	Block off device.	2X X4
	Open 1 and 5.1	Blow out/rinse out impulse piping.	+
	Close 1 and 5.1	Close valves after cleaning.	AX XB
4	Vent device.		
	Open 2 and 4.	Introduce fluid.	
	Close 4.	Close negative side.	
	Open 3.	Balance positive and negative side.	
	Open 6 and 7 briefly, then close them again.	Fill device completely with fluid and remove air.	X A B X
5		not met, then do not carry out l after step 6. \rightarrow See Page 27, 5.3. cked off.	+ 6 7 III - 3 - III -
6	Set measuring point in operat	ion.	X1 \\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\
	Close 3.	Shut off positive side from negative side.	POI-xMD7xxxx-11-xx-xx-xx-022
	Open 4.	Connect negative side.	Fig. 9: Above: preferred installation for gases Below: preferred installation for liquids
	Now - 1 ¹ , 3, 5 ¹ , 6 and 7 are close - 2 and 4 are open A and B open (if present).	d.	I Deltabar S, PMD70 or PMD75 II Three-valve manifold Separator 1, 5 Drain valves 2, 4 Inlet valves
7	Carry out pos. zero adjustment if the flow can be blocked off. In this case, step 5 is not applicable. → See Page 27, Kap. 5.4.3 and 23, Kap. 5.3.		3 Equalising valve 6, 7 Vent valves on Deltabar S A, B Shut-off valves
8	Carry out calibration. \rightarrow See	Page 26, Kap. 5.4.2.	

1) for arrangement with 5 valves

5.4.2 Information on flow measurement

In the "Flow" measuring mode, the device determines a volume or mass flow value from the differential pressure measured. The differential pressure is generated by means of primary devices such as pitot tubes or orifice plates and depends on the volume or mass flow. Four flow measuring modes are available: volume flow, norm volume flow (European norm conditions), standard volume flow (American standard conditions) and mass flow.

In addition, the Deltabar S software is equipped with two totalizers as standard. The totalizers add up the volume or the mass flow. The counting function and the unit can be set separately for both totalizers. The first totalizer (totalizer 1) can be reset to zero at any time while the second (totalizer 2) totalises the flow from commissioning onwards and cannot be reset.



Note!

- There is a Quick Setup menu for each of the measuring modes Pressure, Level and Flow which guides you through the most important basic functions. With the setting in the MEASURING MODE parameter, you specify which Quick Setup menu should be displayed. → See also Page 22, Kap. 5.2 "Selecting the language and measuring mode".
- For a detailed description of the parameters see the Operating Instructions BA00303P "Cerabar S/Deltabar S/Deltapilot S, Description of device functions"
 - FF, Table Pressure Transducer Block
 - FF, Table DP Flow Block
 - FieldCare, Table POSITION ADJUSTMENT
 - FieldCare, Table BASIC SETUP
 - FieldCare, Table EXTENDED SETUP
 - FieldCare, Table TOTALIZER SETUP

5.4.3 Quick Setup menu for the Flow measuring mode

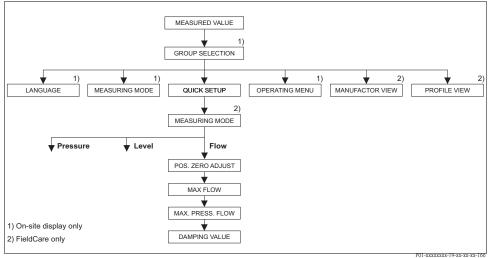


Fig. 10: Quick Setup menu for the Flow measuring mode

On-site operation

Measured value display

GROUP SELECTION

Select MEASURING MODE.

MEASURING MODE

Select "Flow" option.

GROUP SELECTION

Select QUICK SETUP menu.

POS. ZERO ADJUST

Due to orientation of the device, there may be a shift in the measured value. You correct the MEASURED VALUE via the POS. ZERO ADJUST parameter with the "Confirm" option, i. e. you assign the value 0.0 to the pressure present.

MAX. FLOW

Enter maximum flow of primary device. (\rightarrow See also layout sheet of primary device).

MAX. PRESS FLOW

Enter maximum pressure of primary device. $(\rightarrow \text{See} \text{ also layout sheet of primary device}).$

FieldCare

Measured value display

Select QUICK SETUP menu.

MEASURING MODE

Select "Flow" option.

POS. ZERO ADJUST

Due to orientation of the device, there may be a shift in the measured value. You correct the MEASURED VALUE via the POS. ZERO ADJUST parameter with the "Confirm" option, i. e. you assign the value 0.0 to the pressure present.

MAX. FLOW

Enter maximum flow of primary device. (\rightarrow See also layout sheet of primary device).

MAX. PRESS FLOW

Enter maximum pressure of primary device. $(\rightarrow$ See also layout sheet of primary device).

On-site operation

DAMPING TIME

Enter damping time (time constant τ). The damping affects the speed at which all subsequent elements, such as the on-site display, measured value and OUT value of the Analog Input Block react to a change in the pressure.

FieldCare

DAMPING TIME

Enter damping time (time constant τ). The damping affects the speed at which all subsequent elements, such as the on-site display, measured value and OUT value of the Analog Input Block react to a change in the pressure.



Note!

For on-site operation, see also Page 14, Kap. 4.2.3 "Function of the operating elements – on-site display connected" and Page 15, Kap. 4.3 "On-site operation via on-site display".

5.5 Level measurement

5.5.1 Preparatory steps

Open container



Note!

- The Deltabar S PMD70, PMD75, FMD76 and FMD77 are suitable for level measurement in an open container.
- FMD76 and FMD77: the device is ready for calibration immediately after opening the shut-off valves (may or may not be present).
- PMD70 and PMD75: before calibrating the device, the impulse piping must be cleaned and filled with fluid. \rightarrow See the following table.

	Valves	Meaning	Installation		
1	Fill container to a level above the lower tap.				
2	Fill measuring system with flu	ıid.			
	Open A.	Open shut-off valve.			
3	Vent device.	-1	+		
	Open 6 briefly, then close it again.	Fill device completely with fluid and remove air.			
4	Set measuring point in operat				
	Now - B and 6 are closed. - A is open.		B X + - p _{atr}		
5	Carry out calibration. → See	Page 32, Kap. 5.5.2.			
			P01-xMD7xxxx-11-xx-xx-xx-003 Fig. 11: Open container		
			I Deltabar S, PMD70 or PMD75 II Separator 6 Vent valves on Deltabar S A Shut-off valve B Drain valve		

Closed container



Note!

- All Deltabar S versions are suitable for level measurement in closed containers.
- FMD76 and FMD77: the device is ready for calibration immediately after opening the shut-off valves (may or may not be present).
- FMD78: the device is ready for calibration immediately.
- PMD70 and PMD75: before calibrating the device, the impulse piping must be cleaned and filled with fluid. → See the following table.

	Valves	Meaning	Installation		
1	Fill container to a level above the lower tap.				
2	Fill measuring system with fluid.				
	Close 3.	Shut off positive side from negative side.	- B		
	Open A and B.	Open shut-off valves.			
3	Vent positive side (empty negative side if necessary).		+ A		
	Open 2 and 4.	Introduce fluid on positive side.	6 7		
	Open 6 and 7 briefly, then close them again.	Fill positive side completely with fluid and remove air.	6 7		
4	Set measuring point in operation.				
	Now - 3, 6 and 7 are closed 2, 4, A and B are open.		3 2 34		
5	Carry out calibration. → See Page 32, Kap. 5.5.2.		Fig. 12: Closed container I Deltabar S, PMD70 and PMD75 II Three-valve manifold III Separator 1, 2 Drain valves 2, 4 Inlet valves 3 Equalising valve 6, 7 Vent valve on Deltabar S A, B Shut-off valve		

Closed containers with superimposed steam



Note!

- All Deltabar S versions are suitable for level measurement in containers with superimposed steam.
- FMD76 and FMD77: the device is ready for calibration immediately after opening a shut-off valve (may or may not be present).
- FMD78: the device is ready for calibration immediately.
- PMD70 and PMD75: before calibrating the device, the impulse piping must be cleaned and filled with fluid. → See the following table.

	Valves	Meaning	Installation
1	Fill container to a level above	the lower tap.	
2	Fill measuring system with fluid.		
	Open A and B.	Open shut-off valves.	
	Fill the negative impulse piping to the level of the condensate trap.		<u> </u> В
3	Vent device.		+ A
	Open 2 and 4.	Introduce fluid.	
	Close 4.	Close negative side.	6 7 日 日 日
	Open 3.	Balance positive and negative side.	
	Open 6 and 7 briefly, then close them again.	Fill device completely with fluid and remove air.	
4	Set measuring point in operation.		
	Close 3.	Shut off positive side from negative side.	\$\frac{1}{2} \frac{1}{2} \frac
	Open 4.	Connect negative side.	P01-xMD7xxxxx-11-xx-xx-xx-005
	Now - 3, 6 and 7 are closed 2, 4, A and B are open.		Fig. 13: Closed container with superimposed steam I Deltabar S, PMD70 and PMD75 II Three-valve manifold III Separator
5	Carry out calibration. \rightarrow See Page 32, Kap. 5.5.2.		11, 5 Drain valves 2, 4 Inlet valves 3 Equalising valve 6, 7 Vent valves on Deltabar S A, B Shut-off valves

5.5.2 Information on level measurement



Note!

- The Flow, Level and Pressure operating modes each have a quick setup menu which guides you through the most important basic functions. → See Page 35 for the "Level" quick setup menu.
- Furthermore, the three level modes "Level Easy Pressure", "Level Easy Height" and "Level Standard" are available to you for level measurement. You can select from the "Linear", "Pressure linearized" and "Height linearized" level types for the "Level Standard" level mode. The table in the "Overview of level measurement" section below provides an overview of the various measuring tasks.
 - In the "Level Easy Pressure" and "Level Easy Height" level modes, the values entered are not tested as extensively as in the "Level Standard" level mode. The values entered for EMPTY CALIB./FULL CALIB., EMPTY PRESSURE/FULL PRESSURE and EMPTY HEIGHT/FULL must have a minimum interval of 1% for the "Level Easy Pressure" and "Level Easy Height" level modes. The value will be rejected with a warning message if the values are too close together. Further limit values are not checked; i.e. the values entered must be appropriate for the sensor and the measuring task so that the measuring device can measure correctly.
 - The "Level Easy Pressure" and "Level Easy Height" level modes encompass fewer parameters than the "Level Standard" mode and are used for quick and easy configuration of a level application.
 - Customer-specific units of fill level, volume and mass or a linearization table may only be entered in the "Level Standard" level mode.
- See the Operating Instructions BA00303P "Cerabar S/Deltabar S/Deltapilot S, Description of device functions".

5.5.3 Overview of level measurement

Measuring task	LEVEL SELECTION/ LEVEL MODE	Measured variable options	Description	Comment	Measured value display
The measured variable is in direct proportion to the measured pressure. Calibration is performed by entering two pressure-level value pairs.	LEVEL SELECTION: Level Easy Pressure	Via OUTPUT UNIT parameter: %, level, volume or mass units.	Calibration with reference pressure – wet calibration, see Operating Instructions BA00303P. Calibration without reference pressure – dry calibration, see Operating Instructions BA00303P.	Incorrect entries are possible Customised units are not possible	The measured value display and the LEVEL BEFORE LIN parameter show the measured value.
The measured variable is in direct proportion to the measured pressure. Calibration is performed by entering the density and two height-level value pairs.	LEVEL SELECTION: Level Easy Height	Via OUTPUT UNIT parameter: %, level, volume or mass units.	Calibration with reference pressure – wet calibration, see Operating Instructions BA303P. Calibration without reference pressure – dry calibration, see Operating Instructions BA00303P.	Incorrect entries are possible Customised units are not possible	The measured value display and the LEVEL BEFORE LIN parameter show the measured value.
The measured variable is in direct proportion to the measured pressure.	LEVEL SELECTION: Level standard/ LEVEL MODE: Linear	Via LIN. MEASURAND parameter: - % (level) - Level - Volume - Mass	Calibration with reference pressure – wet calibration, see Operating Instructions BA00303P. Calibration without reference pressure – dry calibration, see Operating Instructions BA00303P.	Incorrect entries are rejected by the device Customised level, volume and mass units are possible	The measured value display and the LEVEL BEFORE LIN parameter show the measured value.

Measuring task	LEVEL SELECTION/ LEVEL MODE	Measured variable options	Description	Comment	Measured value display
The measured variable is not in direct proportion to the measured pressure as, for example, with containers with a conical outlet. A linearisation table must be entered for the calibration.	LEVEL SELECTION: Level standard/ LEVEL MODE: Pressure linearized	Via LINd. MEASURAND parameter: - Pressure + % - Pressure + volume - Pressure + mass	Calibration with reference pressure: semiautomatic entry of linearisation table, see Operating Instructions BA00303P. Calibration without reference pressure: manual entry of linearisation table, see Operating Instructions BA00303P.	Incorrect entries are rejected by the device Customised level, volume and mass units are possible	The measured value display and the TANK CONTENT parameter show the measured value.
- Two measured variables are required or - The container shape is given by value pairs, such as height and volume. The 1st measured variable %-height or height must be in direct proportion to the measured variable volume, mass or % must not be in direct proportion to the measured pressure. The 2nd measured variable wolume, mass or % must not be in direct proportion to the measured pressure. A linearisation table must be entered for the 2nd measured variable. The 2nd measured variable is assigned to the 1st measured variable by means of this table.	LEVEL SELECTION: Level standard/ LEVEL MODE: Height linearized	Via COMB. MEASURAND parameter: - Height + volume - Height + Msss - Height + W - %-Height + volume - %-Height + mass - %-Height + %	- Calibration with reference pressure: wet calibration and semiautomatic entry of linearisation table, see Operating Instructions BA00303P. - Calibration without reference pressure: dry calibration and manual entry of linearisation table, see Operating Instructions BA00303P.	Incorrect entries are rejected by the device Customised level, volume and mass units are possible	The measured value display and the TANK CONTENT parameter show the 2nd measured value (volume, mass or %). The LEVEL BEFORE LIN parameter displays the 1st measured value (%-height or height).

5.5.4 Quick Setup menu for the Level measuring mode



Note!

- Some parameters are only displayed if other parameters are appropriately configured. For example, the EMPTY CALIB. parameter is only displayed in the following cases:
 - LEVEL SELECTION "Level Easy Pressure" and CALIBRATION MODE "Wet"
 - LEVEL SELECTION "Level Standard", LEVEL MODE "Linear" and CALIBRATION MODE "WET"

You can find the LEVEL MODE parameter in the BASIC SETTINGS function group.

- The following parameters are set to the following values in the factory:
 - LEVEL SELETION: Level Easy Pressure
 - CALIBRATION MODE: Wet
 - OUTPUT UNIT or LIN. MEASURAND: %
 - EMPTY CALIB.: 0.0FULL CALIB.: 100.0
- The quick setup is suitable for simple and quick commissioning. If you wish to make more complex settings, e.g. change the unit from "%" to "m", you will have to calibrate using the BASIC SETTINGS group. → See Operating Instructions BA00303P.

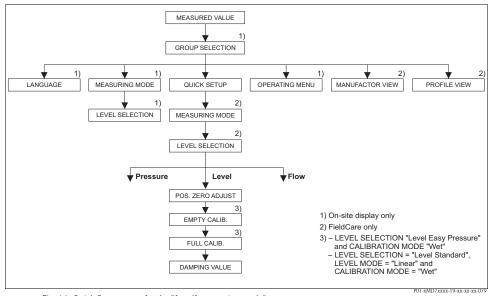


Fig. 14: Quick Setup menu for the "Level" measuring mode"

On-site operation

Measured value display

On-site display: Switch from the measured value display to GROUP SELECTION with \blacksquare .

FieldCare

Measured value display

Select QUICK SETUP menu.

On-site operation

GROUP SELECTION

Select MEASURING MODE.

MEASURING MODE

Select "Level" option.

LEVEL SELECTION

Select level mode. For an overview see Page 33.

GROUP SELECTION

Select QUICK SETUP menu.

POS. ZERO ADJUST

Due to orientation of the device, there may be a shift in the measured value. You correct the MEASURED VALUE via the POS. ZERO ADJUST parameter with the "Confirm" option, i. e. you assign the value 0.0 to the pressure present.

EMPTY CALIB. 1)

Enter level for the lower calibration point.

For this parameter, enter a level value which is assigned to the pressure present at the device.

FULL CALIB. 1

Enter level for the upper calibration point.

For this parameter, enter a level value which is assigned to the pressure present at the device.

DAMPING TIME

Enter damping time (time constant τ). The damping affects the speed at which all subsequent elements, such as the on-site display, measured value and OUT value of the Analog Input Block react to a change in the pressure.

FieldCare

MEASURING MODE

Select "Level" option.

LEVEL SELECTION

Select level mode. For an overview see Page 33.

POS. ZERO ADJUST

Due to orientation of the device, there may be a shift in the measured value. You correct the MEASURED VALUE via the POS. ZERO ADJUST parameter with the "Confirm" option, i. e. you assign the value 0.0 to the pressure present.

EMPTY CALIB. 1

Enter level for the lower calibration point.

For this parameter, enter a level value which is assigned to the pressure present at the device.

FULL CALIB. 1

Enter level for the upper calibration point.

For this parameter, enter a level value which is assigned to the pressure present at the device.

DAMPING TIME

Enter damping time (time constant τ). The damping affects the speed at which all subsequent elements, such as the on-site display, measured value and OUT value of the Analog Input Block react to a change in the pressure.

- LEVEL SELECTION "Level Easy Pressure" and CALIBRATION MODE "Wet"
 - LEVEL SELECTION "Level Standard", LEVEL MODE "Linear" and CALIBRATION MODE "Wet"



1)

Note!

For on-site operation, see also Page 14, Kap. 4.2.3 "Function of the operating elements – on-site display connected" and Page 15, Kap. 4.3 "On-site operation via on-site display".

5.6 Differential pressure measurement

5.6.1 Preparatory steps



Note!

- The Deltabar S PMD70, PMD75 and FMD78 are usually used for differential pressure measurement.
- FMD78: the device is ready for calibration immediately.
- PMD70 and PMD75: before calibrating the device, the impulse piping must be cleaned and filled with fluid. \rightarrow See the following table.

	Valves	Meaning	Preferred installation		
1	Close 3.				
2	Fill measuring system with fluid.		6 7		
	Open A, B, 2, 4.	Fluid flows in.			
3	Clean impulse piping if necessary: ¹⁾ - by blowing out with compressed air in the case of gases - by rinsing out in the case of liquids.		+ -		
	Close 2 and 4.	Block off device.			
	Open 1 and 5.1	Blow out/rinse out impulse piping.	+		
	Close 1 and 5.1	Close valves after cleaning.	T AX XB		
4	Vent device.				
	Open 2 and 4.	Introduce fluid.			
	Close 4.	Close negative side.			
	Open 3.	Balance positive and negative side.			
	Open 6 and 7 briefly, then close them again.	Fill device completely with fluid and remove air.	X A B X		
5	Set measuring point in operation.		6 7		
	Close 3.	Shut off positive side from negative side.	+ 		
	Open 4.	Connect negative side.			
4	Now 1 ¹ , 3, 5 ¹ , 6 and 7 are closed. 2 and 4 are open. A and B open (if present).		X1 2X X4 5X		
6	Carry out calibration if necessary. → See also Page 39, Kap. 5.6.2.		Fig. 15: Above: preferred installation for gases Below: preferred installation for liquids 1 Deltabar S. PMD70 or PMD75		
			II Three-valve manifold III Separator 1, 5 Drain valves 2, 4 Inlet valves 3 Equalising valve 6, 7 Vent valves on Deltabar S A, B Shut-off valve		

1) for arrangement with 5 valves

5.6.2 Information on differential pressure measurement



Note!

- There is a Quick Setup menu for each of the measuring modes Pressure, Level and Flow which guides you through the most important basic functions. With the setting in the MEASURING MODE parameter, you specify which Quick Setup menu should be displayed. → See also Page 22, Kap. 5.2 "Selecting the language and measuring mode".
- For a detailed description of the parameters see the Operating Instructions BA00303P
 "Cerabar S/Deltabar S/Deltapilot S, Description of device functions"
 - FieldCare, Table, POSITION ADJUSTMENT
 - FieldCare, Table, BASIC SETUP
 - FieldCare, Table, EXTENDED SETUP

5.6.3 Quick Setup menu for the Pressure measuring mode

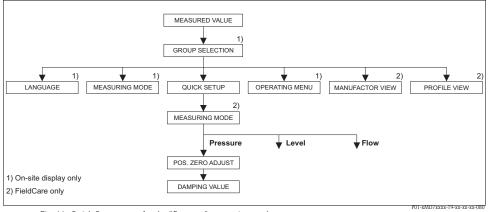


Fig. 16: Quick Setup menu for the "Pressure" measuring mode

On-site operation

Measured value display

On-site display: Switch from the measured value display to GROUP SELECTION with **E**.

GROUP SELECTION

Select MEASURING MODE.

MEASURING MODE

Select "Pressure" option.

GROUP SELECTION

Select QUICK SETUP menu.

POS. ZERO ADJUST

Due to orientation of the device, there may be a shift in the measured value. You correct the MEASURED VALUE via the POS. ZERO ADJUST parameter with the "Confirm" option, i. e. you assign the value 0.0 to the pressure present.

DAMPING TIME

Enter damping time (time constant τ). The damping affects the speed at which all subsequent elements, such as the on-site display, measured value and OUT value of the Analog Input Block react to a change in the pressure.

FieldCare

Measured value display

Select QUICK SETUP menu.

MEASURING MODE

Select "Pressure" option.

POS. ZERO ADJUST

Due to orientation of the device, there may be a shift in the measured value. You correct the MEASURED VALUE via the POS. ZERO ADJUST parameter with the "Confirm" option, i. e. you assign the value 0.0 to the pressure present.

DAMPING TIME

Enter damping time (time constant τ). The damping affects the speed at which all subsequent elements, such as the on-site display, measured value and OUT value of the Analog Input Block react to a change in the pressure.



Note!

For on-site operation, see also Page 14, Kap. 4.2.3 "Function of the operating elements – on-site display connected" and Page 15, Kap. 4.3 "On-site operation via on-site display".

5.7 Scaling the OUT parameter

In the Analog Input Block, the input value or input range can be scaled in accordance with the automation requirements.

Example:

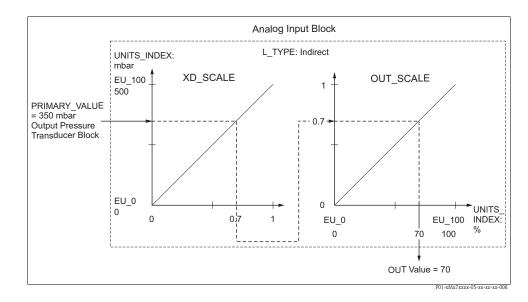
The measuring range 0 to 500 mbar should be rescaled to 0 to 100 %.

- Select XD_SCALE group.
 - For EU_0, enter "0".
 - For EU 100, enter "500".
 - For UNITS_INDEX, enter "mbar".
- Select OUT SCALE group.
 - For EU_0, enter "0".
 - For EU 100, enter "10000".
 - For UNITS_INDEX, select "%" for example.

The unit selected here does not have any effect on the scaling. This unit is not displayed on the onsite display or in the operating program such as FieldCare.

■ Result:

At a pressure of 350 mbar, the value 70 is output to a downstream block or to the PCS as the OUT value.



Note!

- If you have selected the "Direct" mode for the L_TYPE parameter, you cannot change the values and units for XD_SCALE and OUT_SCALE.
- The L_TYPE, XD_SCALE and OUT_SCALE parameters can only be changed in the OOS block mode.
- Make sure that the output scaling of the Pressure Transducer Block SCALE_OUT matches the input scaling of the Analog Input Block XD_SCALE.

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